

NOAO Observing Proposal
Date: October 1, 2018

Standard proposal

Panel: For office use.
Category: Galactic - Other

Probing Short Duration Stellar Variability with Star Trail Images of K2 Fields

Abstract of Scientific Justification (*will be made publicly available for accepted proposals*):

Thomas & Kahn (2018) demonstrated, using high fidelity ray-tracing simulations, that star trail images enable wide-field ground-based telescopes to resolve stellar variability down to a time scale of 10 milliseconds. We request half a night with the Dark Energy Camera on the Blanco 4-m telescope to take star trail images of four K2 fields to validate this method, characterize its performance, and detect new sources of stellar variability and events. The 270 square degree survey will be the first of its kind and will add a new dimension to our understanding of over 10,000 sources.

Summary of observing runs requested for this project

Run	Telescope	Instrument	No. Nights	Moon	Optimal months	Accept. months
1	CT-4m	DECam	0.5	grey	June	May - July
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						

Scheduling constraints and non-usable dates (*up to six lines*).

We have no scheduling constraints.

Investigators

List the name, status, and current affiliation for all investigators. The status code of “P” should be used for all investigators with a Ph.D. or equivalent degree. For graduate students, use “T” if this proposal is a significant part of their thesis project, otherwise use “G”.

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CoI: Steven M. Kahn **Status:** P **Affil.:** Stanford University
CoI: Krista Lynne Smith **Status:** P **Affil.:** Stanford University
CoI: Robert Blum **Status:** P **Affil.:** National Optical Astronomy Observatory
CoI: Zeljko Ivezic **Status:** P **Affil.:** University of Washington
CoI: Colin Burke **Status:** G **Affil.:** University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign

Scientific Justification

Be sure to include overall significance to astronomy. For standard proposals limit text to one page with figures, captions and references on no more than two additional pages.

Probing Short Duration Stellar Variability with Star Trails

Charge-Coupled Devices (CCDs), the detector of choice for optical astronomy, take around 10 seconds to read out. This limits the time resolution of conventional telescopes. Dedicated instruments using special frame transfer and electron multiplying CCDs have achieved time resolution in tens of milliseconds on a 5 arcsecond field of view (Dhillon et al. 2007, 2014, 2016; Harding et al. 2016). While these instruments are sufficient for studying individual sources of variability, they are not well-suited for large surveys or searching for new sources of variability. In Thomas & Kahn (2018), we present a technique that allows existing wide-field telescopes to achieve comparable time resolution. We propose using the Dark Energy Camera (DECam) on the Blanco 4-m telescope to validate this method and to provide sub-second photometry for four strategically chosen K2 fields.

The method is comprised of operational and image processing components. The operational component is to take star trail images. Howell & Jacoby realized that each trail serves as a light curve for its corresponding source and facilitates high time resolution photometry (Howell & Jacoby 1986). We process the noisy star trail images by training a deep neural network to identify stellar variability in simulated star trail images from the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope. The network detection efficiency on tophat-like flares is shown in Figure 2.

The Dark Energy Camera on the Blanco 4-m telescope is the best instrument to validate our method on because it has a wide field of view and superb resolution. The 2.2 degree field of view captures many sources simultaneously and allows us to survey the sky around 700 times faster than existing high time resolution instruments. The wide field is complemented by a 570 Megapixel camera and 0.26 arcsecond pixel scale which mean that a trailing source will spend approximately $17/\cos(\delta)$ milliseconds over each pixel, fostering excellent time resolution. After validating and further refining our method on DECam we hope to employ it during the commissioning of the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope.

The proposed survey is the first of its kind and will add a new dimension to our knowledge of the four chosen K2 fields. The analysis we will pursue is contingent on what we uncover. Detections of M-dwarf flares in open clusters would allow us to constrain their frequency, correlate them with cluster properties, and compare high time resolution photometry of the flare up with numerical simulations. Occultations from Trans-Neptunian Objects would allow us to detect new structures in the solar system. The small Kuiper Belt Objects that are of particular theoretical interest, would produce occultations lasting for tens of milliseconds. Finally, perhaps the most intriguing possibility is that we will discover new sources of variability.



Figure 1: Example DECam star trail image.

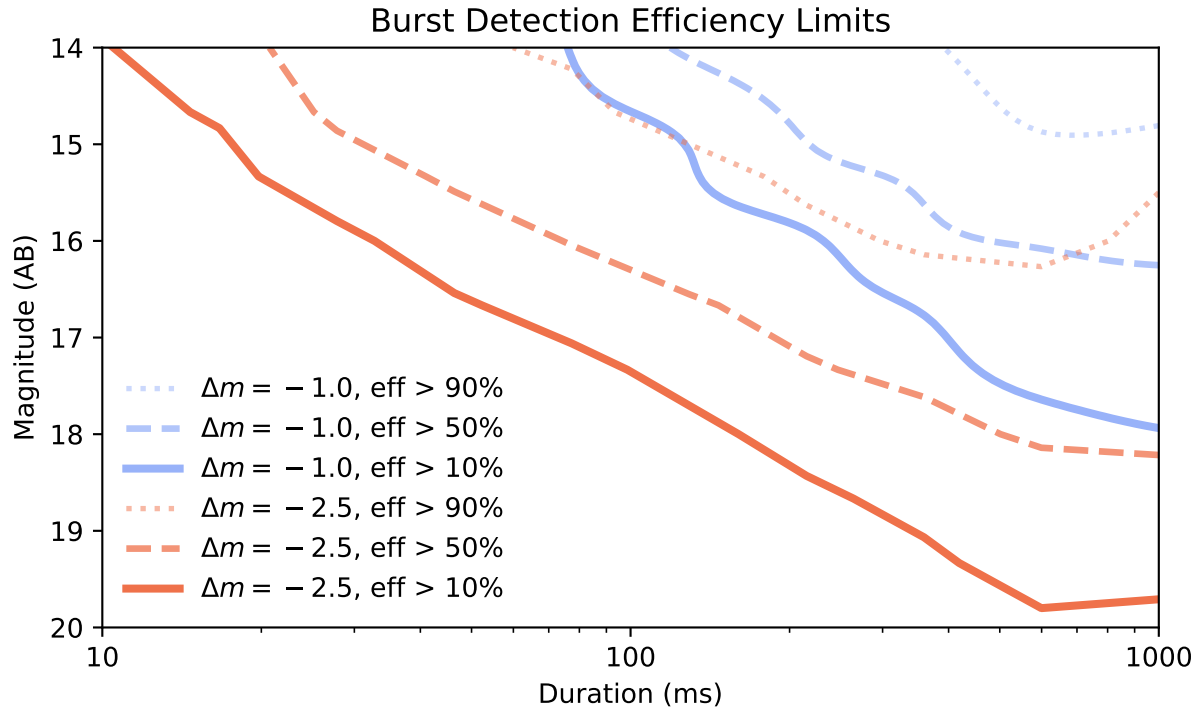


Figure 2: The contours show the probability the combined network will detect a burst with the given source magnitude and burst duration. The blue and red contours correspond to burst magnitude changes of -1.0 and -2.5 respectively. The dotted, dashed, and solid lines correspond to 90%, 50% and 10% detection efficiencies respectively.

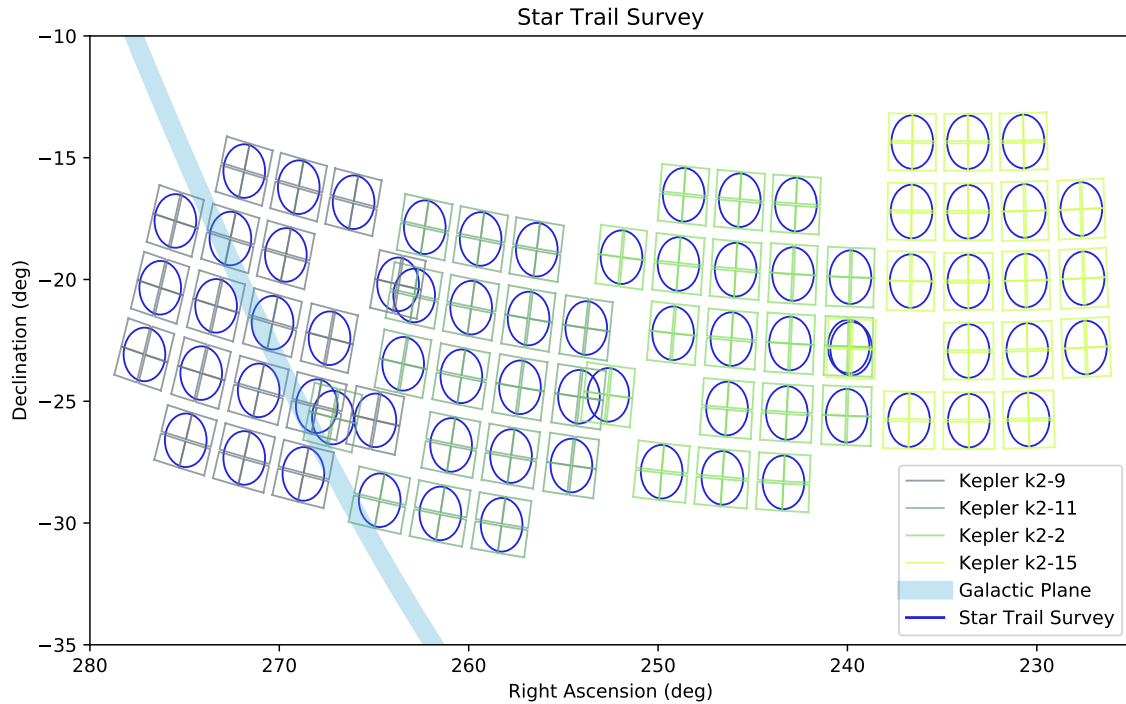


Figure 3: The planned survey.

Experimental Design *Describe your overall observational program. How will these observations contribute toward the accomplishment of the goals outlined in the science justification? If you've requested long-term status, justify why this is necessary for successful completion of the science. (limit text to one page)*

Observing Four Adjacent K2 Campaigns: 2,9,11,15

The Kepler K2 mission is a sequence of continuous 80-day observing campaigns of fields distributed around the ecliptic plane. Each field contains thousands of targets with well-characterized optical light curves, many with 2-minute cadence. This rich time-domain data makes these fields ideal for testing our method.

The survey we propose covers four K2 fields: 2,9,11,15. These adjacent fields extend from the galactic plane to 35 degrees above it, providing a wide range of source densities for our method. The fields in this suite also share good observing periods and can be surveyed in a single evening.

The DECam field of view almost perfectly inscribes a single Kepler Module of four CCDs. This allows us to efficiently cover the K2 fields by visiting the center locations of the modules. We tile each field 3 times in the 'r' band. The first is a static exposure for reference. The following two visits take 15 second star trail exposures. We discuss these choices further in the technical description.

Image Processing and Analysis

The image processing and analysis has three stages. First we generate simulated data and train the algorithm on it. We will use the Sherlock 2.0 high performance computing cluster at Stanford University to produce a suite of simulated DECam star trail images. CatSim will be used to seed realistic catalogs; PhoSim, which has already been used to study DECam, will be used for the image simulations. Then we will train networks to detect three variable signatures: bursts, occultations, and smooth trends on timescales of tens of milliseconds to minutes.

In the second stage we calibrate the performance of the algorithm. We will insert simulated variable star trails in the real DECam images and examine the algorithm's ability to uncover them. If we discover effects in the DECam images that are not captured in the simulations, then we can set aside a partition of the real data to use in the training, which will push the network to generalize. At the end of this stage we will have established consistent performance on simulated and real images and have measured the algorithm's performance limits on the signatures of interest.

The third stage will be scanning the real DECam data and communicating the results. The variable events we find will collectively support global statistical analysis and individually be candidates for custom, detailed follow-up analysis. We will combine the variable events with the performance limits to constrain the frequency of specific short duration phenomena in our galaxy.

Proprietary Period: 18 months

Use of Other Facilities or Resources *(1) Describe how the proposed observations complement data from non-NOAO facilities. For each of these other facilities, indicate the nature of the observations (yours or those of others), and describe the importance of the observations proposed here in the context of the entire program. (2) Do you currently have a grant that would provide resources to support the data processing, analysis, and publication of the observations proposed here?"*

This is LSST pathfinder. We work on LSST commissioning. We have computing resources.

Previous Use of NOAO Facilities
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List allocations of telescope time on facilities available through NOAO to the PI during the last 2 years for regular proposals, and at any time in the past for survey proposals (including participation of the PI as a Co-I on previous NOAO surveys), together with the current status of the data (cite publications where appropriate). Mark with an asterisk those allocations of time related to the current proposal. Please include original proposal semesters and ID numbers when available.

This will be the first time David Thomas uses NOAO facilities. He is supported by a team with ample observing and NOAO experience.

Observing Run Details for Run 1: CT-4m/DECam

Technical Description

Describe the observations to be made during this observing run. Justify the specific telescope, the number of nights, the instrument, and the lunar phase. List objects, coordinates, and magnitudes (or surface brightness, if appropriate) in the Target Tables section below (required for queue and Gemini runs).

The crux of our experiment is to resolve star trails and detect changes in individual trails. We use four metrics to assess how the exposure time impacts these goals: trail resolution SNR (S_{res}), trail change SNR (S_{change}), CCD trail-off fraction (c), and survey duty cycle (d). The trail resolution SNR compares the ratio of flux in the trail to the sky background, source Poisson, and readout noises. Contrary to conventional exposures, this ratio decreases with exposure time because once a trail passes over a pixel it stops providing signal, while the sky background continues to increase with time. Likewise, the trail change SNR compares the immediate change of flux a source to the sky background, source Poisson, and readout noises. The CCD trail ratio is the length of an equatorial star trail over the length of the diagonal of a 2048x4096 pixel DECam CCD. It provides a sense of the fraction of trails that trail off an individual CCD. The duty-cycle is the fraction of exposure time over the combined exposure-readout-slew-time. We use many variables from the *DECam User Guide* in our metrics code, including zero-points, filter transmissions, readout noise, sky brightness, and slew time as a function of angle.

We find that 15 second exposures in the ‘r’ band balances these competing metrics. Under these conditions, for trails with source magnitudes $m < 14$, the resolution is $S_{res} > 10$. We achieve $S_{change} > 5$ for $\Delta m = -0.2, m < 12.5$ or $\Delta m = -1.0, m < 15$. The DDC trail ratio is 0.19, which we interpret as greater than 80% of the trails are contained within the CCD. The average readout and slew time for our proposed targets is 31 seconds leading to an acceptable duty cycle of $d = 0.33$.

We take three exposures of each target. The first is a static 15 second exposure and serves as a reference image which will be valuable to our testing and analysis. The final two exposures are 15 second trail exposures. Progressing through the four K2 fields, including exposure, slew, and readout time, will take 3 hours and 8 minutes. We would like to keep the remainder of the half-night as a safety buffer. However, if we keep this schedule, then we will have time to do one more pass over the four K2 fields.

There are three periods between May and July that are particularly well suited for our survey. The first half of the night on July 18-31; the second half of the night May 1-13; the second of any night on May28-June5. Have at least 3 hours where each field are at airmass ≤ 1.5 and limited moonlight. Finally, we have confirmed that the listed targets are within the Blanco 4-m/DECam horizon limits.

Instrument Configuration

Filters: r
Grating/grism: -
Order: -
Cross disperser: -

Slit: -
Multislit: -
 λ_{start} : -
 λ_{end} : -

Fiber cable: -
Corrector: -
Collimator: -
Atmos. disp. corr.: -

RA (deg)	Dec (deg)	Filter	Tracking	Exposure Time (sec)	Comment
263.72779	-20.201175	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-1
264.9247	-25.784213	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-3
266.07655	-16.82745	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-4
267.34745	-22.412586	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-6
268.0217	-25.201351	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-7
268.72661	-27.984544	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-8
268.97252	-16.209388	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-9
269.65253	-18.992061	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-10
270.35534	-21.774739	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-11
271.08764	-24.552602	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-12
271.85166	-27.328437	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-13
271.8502	-15.549016	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-14
272.58167	-18.316964	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-15
273.33749	-21.082731	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-16
274.12191	-23.844644	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-17
274.93987	-26.602962	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-18
275.48614	-17.597012	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-19
276.2882	-20.33974	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-20
277.12054	-23.077546	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-21
263.72779	-20.201175	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-1
264.9247	-25.784213	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-3
266.07655	-16.82745	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-4
267.34745	-22.412586	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-6
268.0217	-25.201351	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-7
268.72661	-27.984544	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-8
268.97252	-16.209388	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-9
269.65253	-18.992061	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-10
270.35534	-21.774739	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-11
271.08764	-24.552602	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-12
271.85166	-27.328437	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-13
271.8502	-15.549016	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-14
272.58167	-18.316964	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-15
273.33749	-21.082731	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-16
274.12191	-23.844644	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-17
274.93987	-26.602962	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-18
275.48614	-17.597012	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-19
276.2882	-20.33974	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-20
277.12054	-23.077546	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-21
263.72779	-20.201175	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-1
264.9247	-25.784213	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-3
266.07655	-16.82745	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-4
267.34745	-22.412586	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-6
268.0217	-25.201351	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-7
268.72661	-27.984544	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-8
268.97252	-16.209388	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-9
269.65253	-18.992061	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-10
270.35534	-21.774739	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-11

271.08764	-24.552602	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-12
271.85166	-27.328437	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-13
271.8502	-15.549016	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-14
272.58167	-18.316964	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-15
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276.2882	-20.33974	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-20
277.12054	-23.077546	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-9, Module-21
267.17021	-25.669376	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-1
264.69931	-29.064482	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-4
263.45917	-23.462254	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-6
262.87765	-20.656998	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-7
262.31833	-17.852577	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-8
261.49601	-29.605946	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-9
260.92737	-26.79314	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-10
260.38681	-23.975597	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-11
259.86765	-21.157819	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-12
259.36942	-18.336932	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-13
258.25987	-30.072995	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-14
257.76264	-27.251584	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-15
257.28983	-24.428065	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-16
256.83751	-21.60315	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-17
256.40292	-18.776225	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-18
254.57518	-27.639373	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-19
254.17478	-24.816517	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-20
253.79079	-21.993558	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-21
267.17021	-25.669376	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-1
264.69931	-29.064482	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-4
263.45917	-23.462254	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-6
262.87765	-20.656998	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-7
262.31833	-17.852577	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-8
261.49601	-29.605946	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-9
260.92737	-26.79314	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-10
260.38681	-23.975597	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-11
259.86765	-21.157819	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-12
259.36942	-18.336932	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-13
258.25987	-30.072995	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-14
257.76264	-27.251584	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-15
257.28983	-24.428065	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-16
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253.79079	-21.993558	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-11, Module-21
252.62898	-24.737815	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-1
251.92999	-19.084268	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-3
249.8097	-27.893175	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-4
249.20516	-22.208053	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-6
248.92019	-19.36398	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-7
248.64576	-16.522263	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-8
246.60037	-28.147494	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-9
246.35669	-25.298709	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-10
246.125	-22.447025	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-11
245.90076	-19.596442	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-12
245.68598	-16.744145	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-13
243.37691	-28.329937	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-14
243.20141	-25.47929	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-15
243.03384	-22.627974	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-16
242.8729	-19.7765	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-17
242.71813	-16.924105	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-18
240.03962	-25.593367	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-19
239.93857	-22.749248	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-20
239.84013	-19.90586	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-21
252.62898	-24.737815	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-1
251.92999	-19.084268	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-3
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239.84013	-19.90586	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-2, Module-21
239.80112	-22.842778	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-1
236.74854	-25.77599	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-4
236.66006	-20.065128	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-6
236.61699	-17.208912	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-7
236.57571	-14.355501	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-8
233.58956	-25.795758	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-9
233.60258	-22.938687	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-10
233.61604	-20.079162	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-11
233.62703	-17.220917	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-12
233.63942	-14.361349	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-13
230.42998	-25.750422	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-14
230.50193	-22.89622	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-15
230.57069	-20.041484	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-16
230.63687	-17.186745	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-17
230.70161	-14.331263	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-18
227.40562	-22.794871	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-19
227.53054	-19.951623	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-20
227.64949	-17.108981	r	on	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-21
239.80112	-22.842778	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-1
236.74854	-25.77599	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-4
236.66006	-20.065128	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-6
236.61699	-17.208912	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-7
236.57571	-14.355501	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-8

233.58956	-25.795758	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-9
233.60258	-22.938687	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-10
233.61604	-20.079162	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-11
233.62703	-17.220917	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-12
233.63942	-14.361349	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-13
230.42998	-25.750422	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-14
230.50193	-22.89622	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-15
230.57069	-20.041484	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-16
230.63687	-17.186745	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-17
230.70161	-14.331263	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-18
227.40562	-22.794871	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-19
227.53054	-19.951623	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-20
227.64949	-17.108981	r	off	15	K2 Campasdign-15, Module-21
239.80112	-22.842778	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-1
236.74854	-25.77599	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-4
236.66006	-20.065128	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-6
236.61699	-17.208912	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-7
236.57571	-14.355501	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-8
233.58956	-25.795758	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-9
233.60258	-22.938687	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-10
233.61604	-20.079162	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-11
233.62703	-17.220917	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-12
233.63942	-14.361349	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-13
230.42998	-25.750422	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-14
230.50193	-22.89622	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-15
230.57069	-20.041484	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-16
230.63687	-17.186745	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-17
230.70161	-14.331263	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-18
227.40562	-22.794871	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-19
227.53054	-19.951623	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-20
227.64949	-17.108981	r	off	15	K2 Campaign-15, Module-21

R.A. range of principal targets (hours): X hours

Dec. range of principal targets (degrees): Y degrees

Special Instrument Requirements

Describe briefly any special or non-standard usage of instrumentation.

We have discussed using the Blanco telescope and DECam in non-tracking mode with the Blanco Instrument Scientist Dr. Alistair Walker. Dr. Walker believes the taking of trailed images can be automated through the DECam instrument control system, SISPI, which sends commands to the Blanco Telescope Control System. We will work with CTIO to develop and test this capability if our proposal is successful. Working with the telescope operator to manually toggle tracking/non-tracking will be our back up plan.

References