Exercises week 8: Multi-threading II - Revision

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February 12, 2018

Exercise 58

Become familiar with packaged_task

In the previous attempt, we had made 1hs, rhsT and fut global. Also, we didn't use the defined enums everywhere. Furthermore, we used our own function to compute an inner product and didn't return nonzero in the case of an exception. All these things are improved now.

main.cc

```
#include <iostream>
  #include <future>
  #include <thread>
   #include <iomanip>
   #include <numeric>
6
   using namespace std;
8
9
   enum
10
   {
       ROWS = 4,
11
       COLS = 6,
12
13
       COMMON = 5,
14
   };
15
   void computeElement(double *rowPtr, double *colPtr, size_t row,
16
                         size_t col, future < double > (*fut)[COLS])
17
```

```
18
  {
19
       packaged_task<double (double *, double *, double *, double)>
20
                         task(inner_product < double *, double *, double >);
21
        fut[row][col] = task.get_future();
22
        thread(move(task), rowPtr, rowPtr + COMMON, colPtr, 0).detach();
23
   }
24
25
   int main()
26
   {
27
       double lhs[ROWS][COMMON] =
28
       {
            {1, 2, 3, 4, 1},
29
            \{3, 4, 5, 7, 4\},\
30
            \{2, 4, 5, 9, 3\},\
31
32
            {21, 8, 9, 42, 4}
33
       };
34
       double rhsT[COLS][COMMON] =
35
36
37
            {1, 2, 3, 4, 2},
            \{3, 4, 5, 7, 2\},\
38
39
            \{2, 4, 5, 90, 3\},\
            {21, 8, 9, 42, 4},
40
            {1, 2, 3, 4, 8},
41
            {3, 4, 5, 7, 4}
42
       };
43
44
        future < double > fut [ROWS] [COLS];
45
46
       for (size_t row = 0; row != ROWS; ++row)
47
48
            for (size_t col = 0; col != COLS; ++col)
                 computeElement(lhs[row], rhsT[col], row, col, fut);
49
50
       for (size_t row = 0; row != ROWS; ++row)
51
52
            for (size_t col = 0; col != COLS; ++col)
53
54
            {
55
                try
56
                {
                     cout << setw(5) << fut[row][col].get();</pre>
57
                }
58
```

Exercise 60

Learn to implement a multi-threaded algorithm (2)

In the previous attempt, it was not guaranteed that the threads finish before the function returns. This is fixed now.

main.cc

```
#include <iostream>
  #include <algorithm>
   #include <future>
3
4
   using namespace std;
6
7
   void quickSort(int *beg, int *end)
8
9
       if (end - beg <= 1)
10
            return;
11
12
       int lhs = *beg;
       int *mid = partition(beg + 1, end,
13
            [&](int arg)
14
15
                return arg < lhs;
16
17
       );
18
19
20
       swap(*beg, *(mid - 1));
21
22
       future < void > fut1 = async(launch::async, quickSort, beg, mid);
       future < void > fut2 = async(launch::async, quickSort, mid, end);
23
24
25
       fut1.get(); // block current thread until nested threads are ready
26
       fut2.get();
   }
27
28
29
   int main()
30
   {
31
       int ia[] = {16, 2, 77, 40, 12071, 12, 3134, 42,
32
                    5, 2453, 45, 3456, 35, 6, 56, 546, 2};
```