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Kubernetes Secrets in GitOps Workflows

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About us



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kubectl create secret

Who?

When?

kubectl create secret

Why?

Who?

Tested?

When?

kubectl create secret

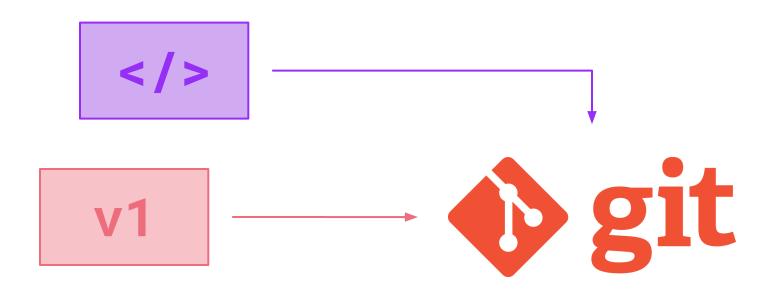
Rollback?

Why?

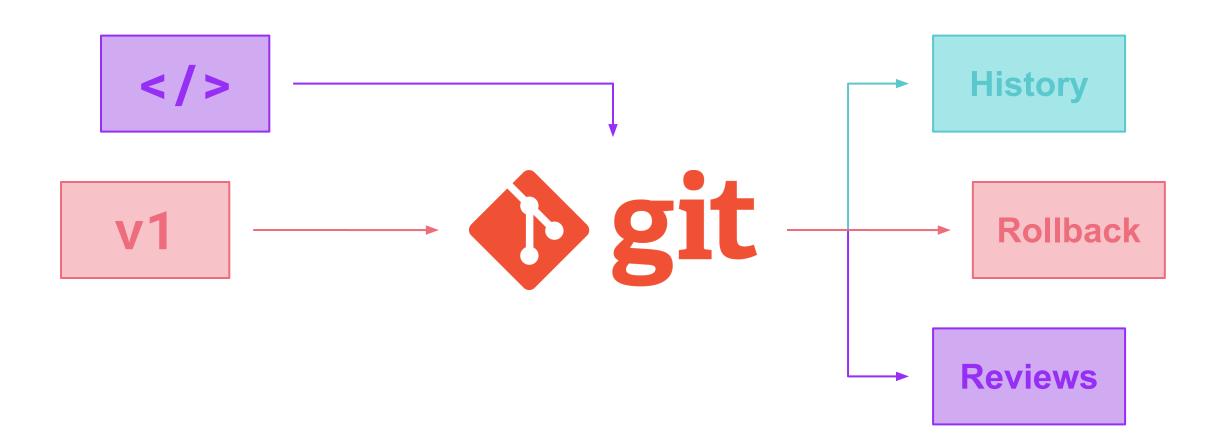
Truth?

kubectl create secret Truth?

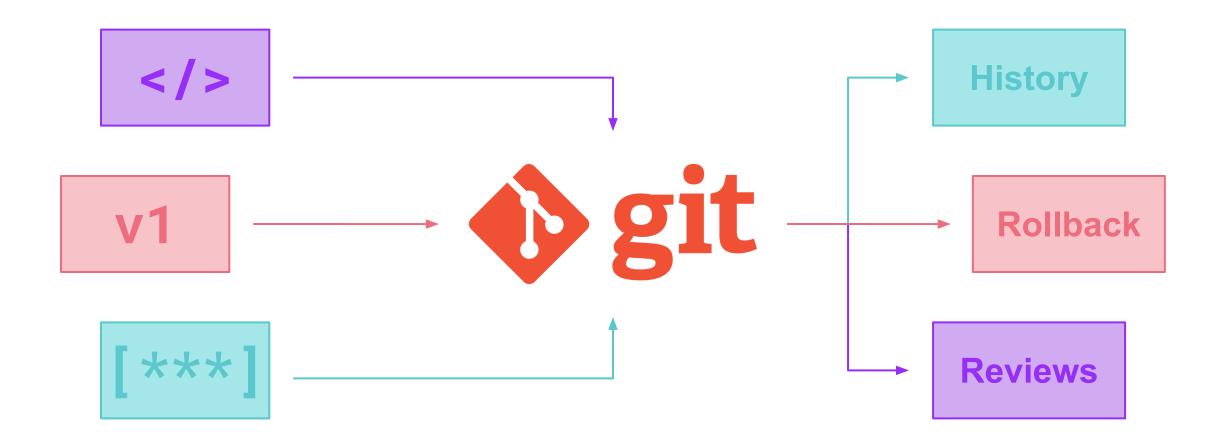
What about git?



What about git?



What about git?



Are you for real?

"I would never put plaintext secrets in my git repository - that's a privilege escalation just waiting to happen!"

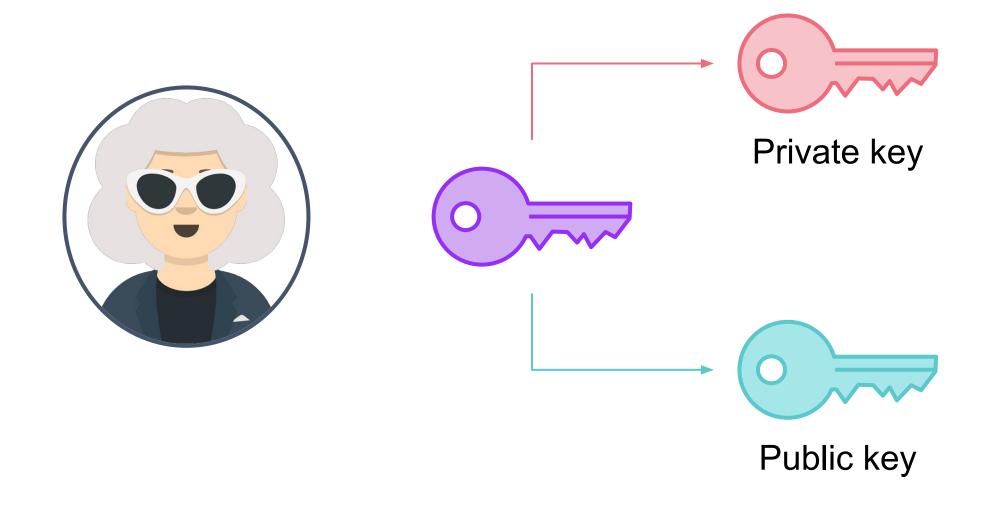
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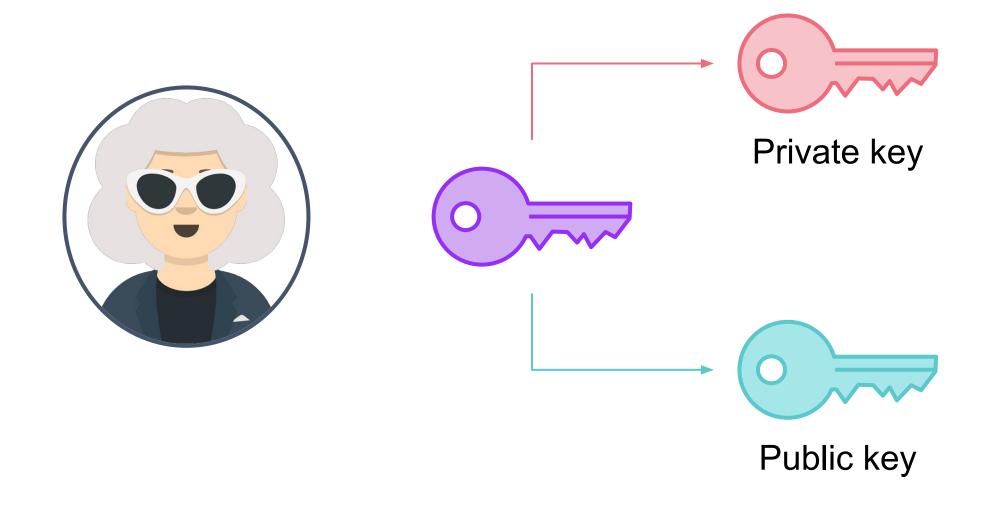
I'm not using git

That's okay - this pattern works for other source control systems too. We're just using git as an example.

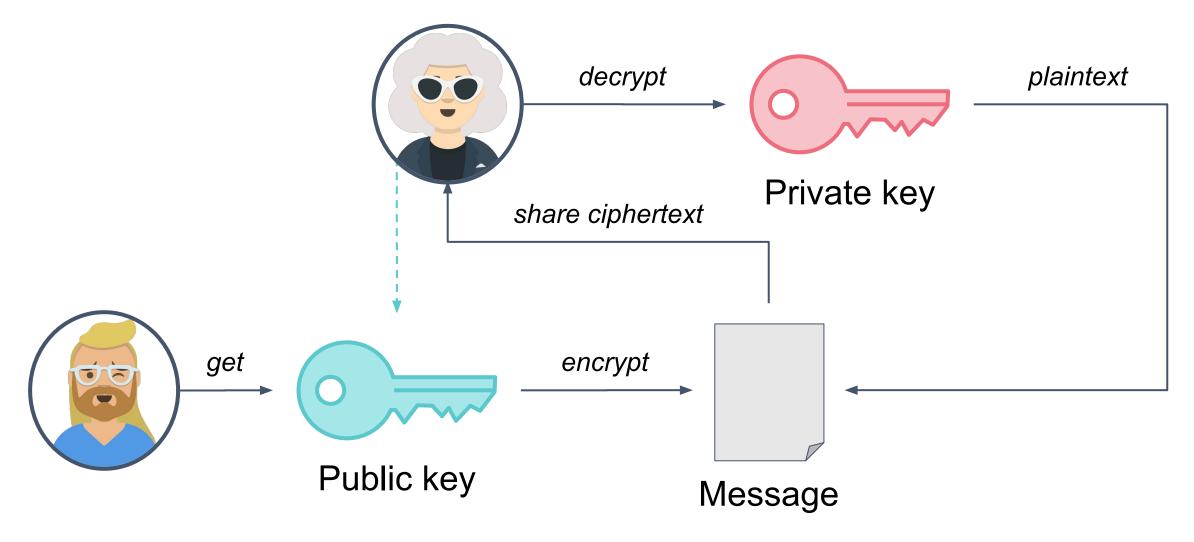
Asymmetric cryptography



Asymmetric cryptography



Asymmetric cryptography

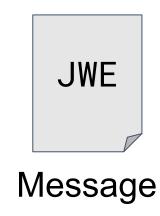


Message format

??? Message

JSON Web Encryption (JWE)

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7516



Why use an envelope?

Kubernetes secrets can be up to 1Mb, but most KMS systems are limited to 64Kb. The envelope gives us flexibility to encrypt larger payloads.

Giving the secret directly to a KMS exposes the secret to the KMS. Depending on your trust model, this might be unacceptable.



Key Admin



Key Admin



Secret Admin



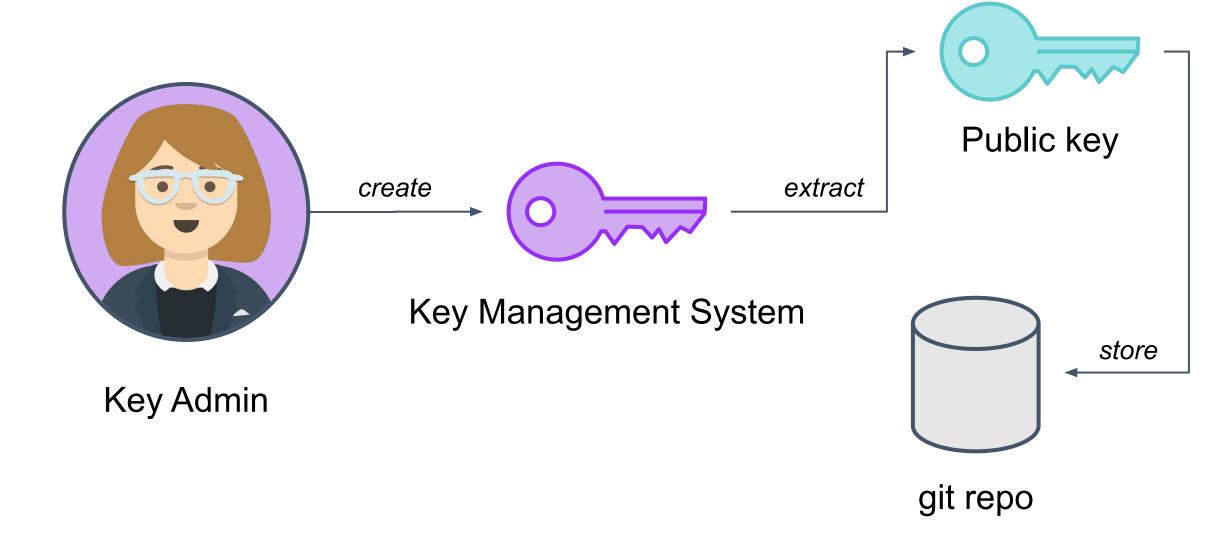
Key Admin

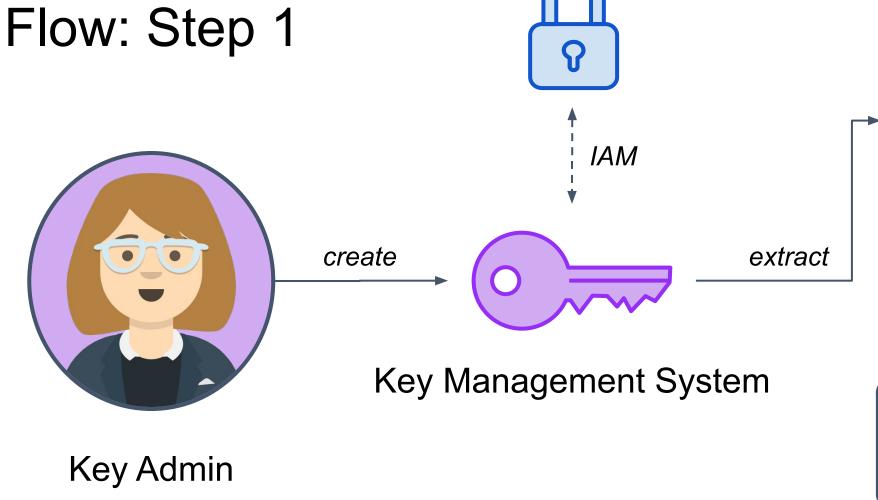


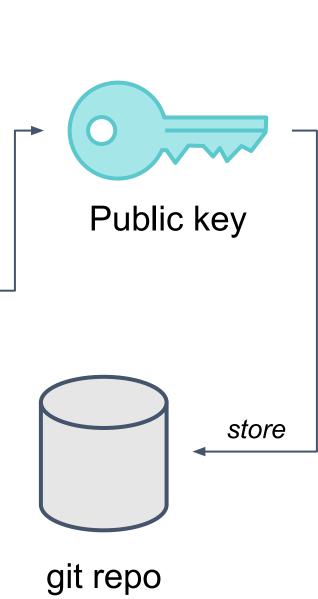
Secret Admin

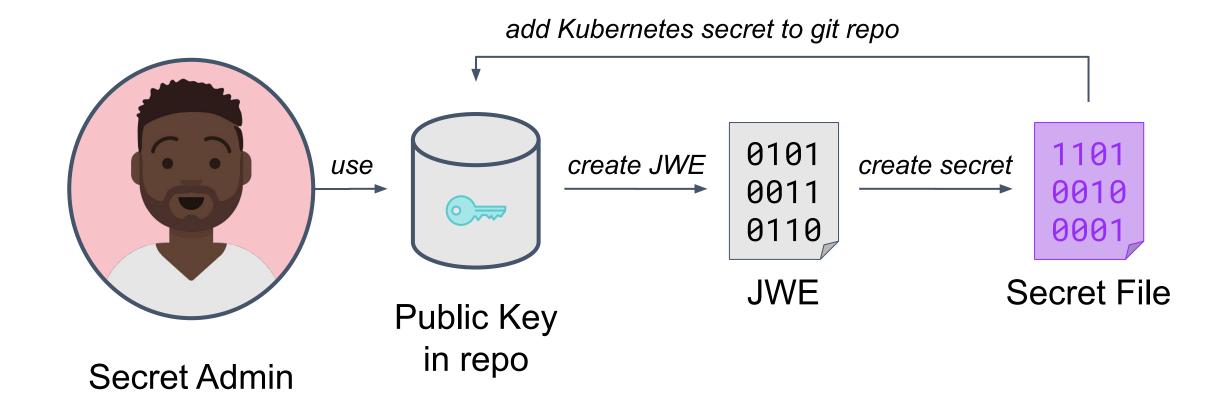


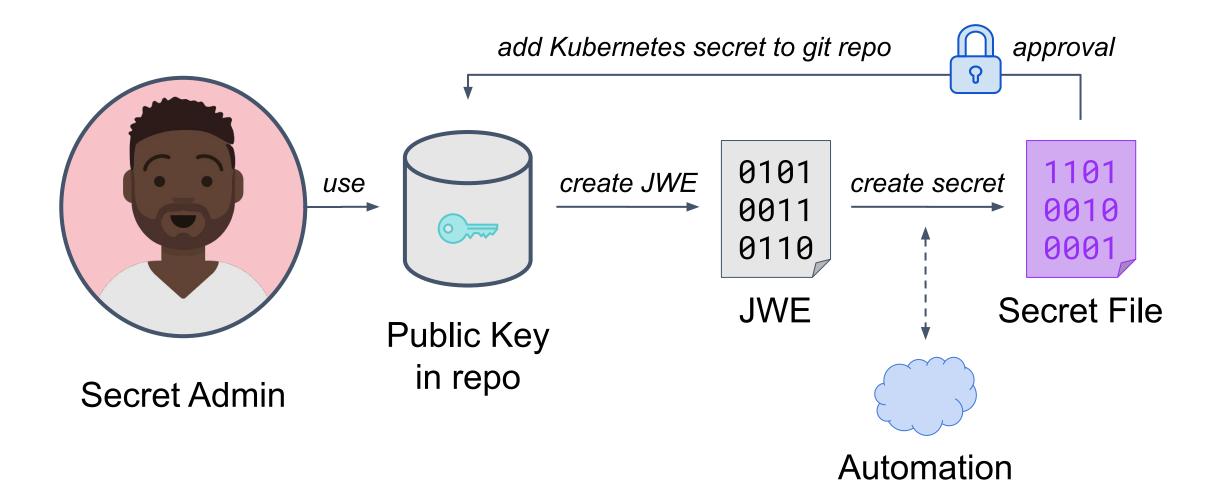
Cluster Admin



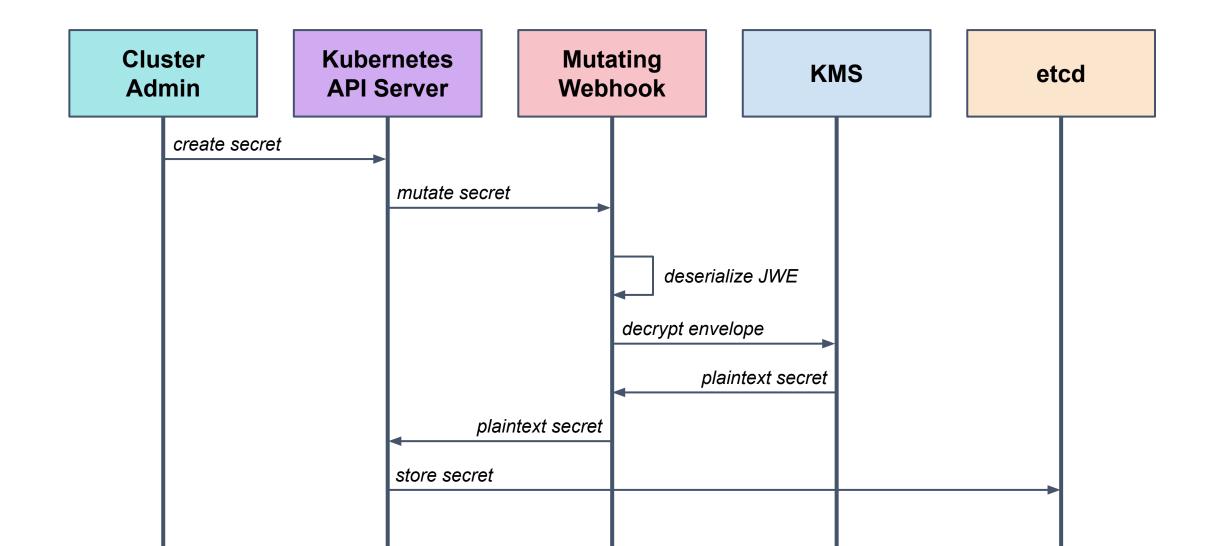


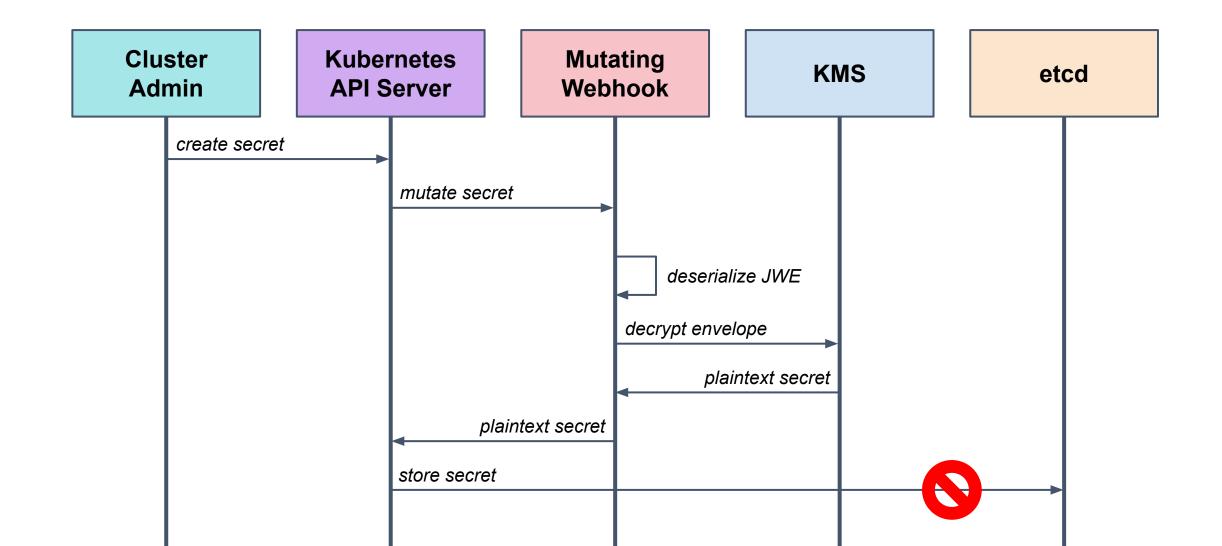






Flow: Step 3 invoke Mutating Webhook decrypt apply get 1101 0010 0001 Secret file Kubernetes in repo Cluster Admin etcd





Walkthrough

Environment

- Google Cloud KMS
- Google Compute Engine (GCE)



Key Admin



Secret Admin



Cluster Admin

Key Admin responsibilities

- Create an asymmetric key
- Export the public key and push it to git
- Apply access controls on the key

Create asymmetric key



```
gcloud kms keys create "my-key" \
   --location "us-east1" \
   --keyring "my-ring" \
   --purpose "asymmetric-encryption" \
   --default-algorithm "rsa-decrypt-oaep-4096-sha256"
```

Key standards



RSA

"alg" Param Value	Key Management Algorithm
RSA-OAEP	RSAES OAEP using default parameters
RSA-OAEP-256	RSA OAEP using SHA-256 and MGF1 with SHA-256

EC

Key standards



RSA

"alg" Param Value	Key Management Algorithm
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EC

Export the public key



```
gcloud kms keys versions get-public-key "1" \
    --location "us-east1" \
    --keyring "my-ring" \
    --key "my-key" \
    --output-file "/tmp/key.pub"
```

Grant decrypt privileges



```
gcloud kms keys add-iam-policy-binding "my-key" \
   --location "us-east1" \
   --keyring "my-ring" \
   --member "serviceAccount:${SA_EMAIL}" \
   --role "roles/cloudkms.cryptoKeyDecrypter"
```

Key Admin responsibilities

- Create an asymmetric key
- Export the public key and push it to git
- ✓ Apply access controls on the key

Secret Admin responsibilities



• Encrypt the Credential (e.g. password)

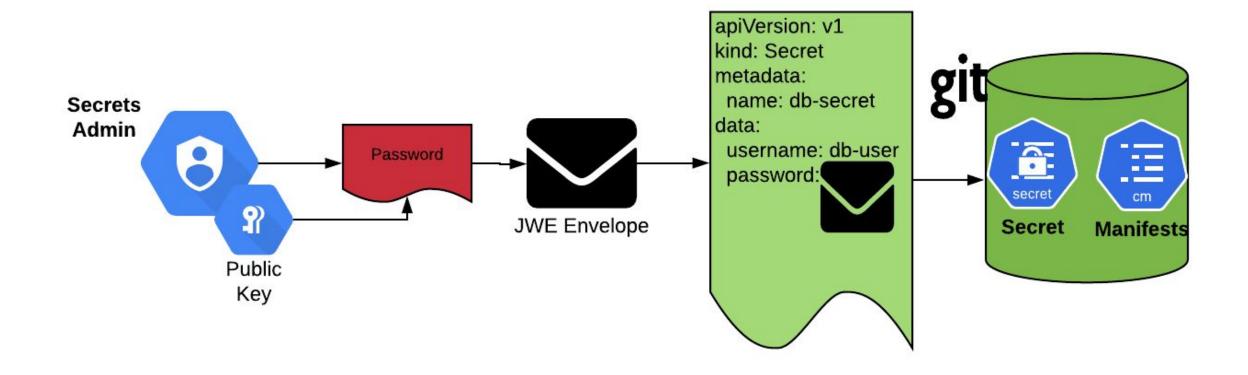
Create JWE Envelope



```
JWE=$(echo "P@ssw0rd" | jose-util encrypt --full \
  --key "/tmp/key.pub" --alg "RSA-OAEP-256"
  --enc "A128CBC-HS256")
cat > encrypted-secret-k8s.yaml <<EOF
kind: Secret
stringData:
  password: ${JWE}
EOF
```

Flow





Full secret



```
kind: Secret
stringData:
 password: |-
      "protected": "eyJhbGci0ij...",
      "encrypted_key": "W55XJrzI_rxTnBBtMK5Al...",
      "iv": "ZKD4DLUYJVhG9T8xnSnMEQ",
      "ciphertext": "JKLXYc7C9...",
      "tag": "iZnl_VDdjMPv6..."
```

Cluster Admin responsibilities



Setup JWE Mutating Webhook

Cluster Admin



```
gcloud compute instances create "my-webook" \
   --service-account "${SA_EMAIL}" \
   --scopes "cloud-platform"
```

Config for the Mutating Webhook

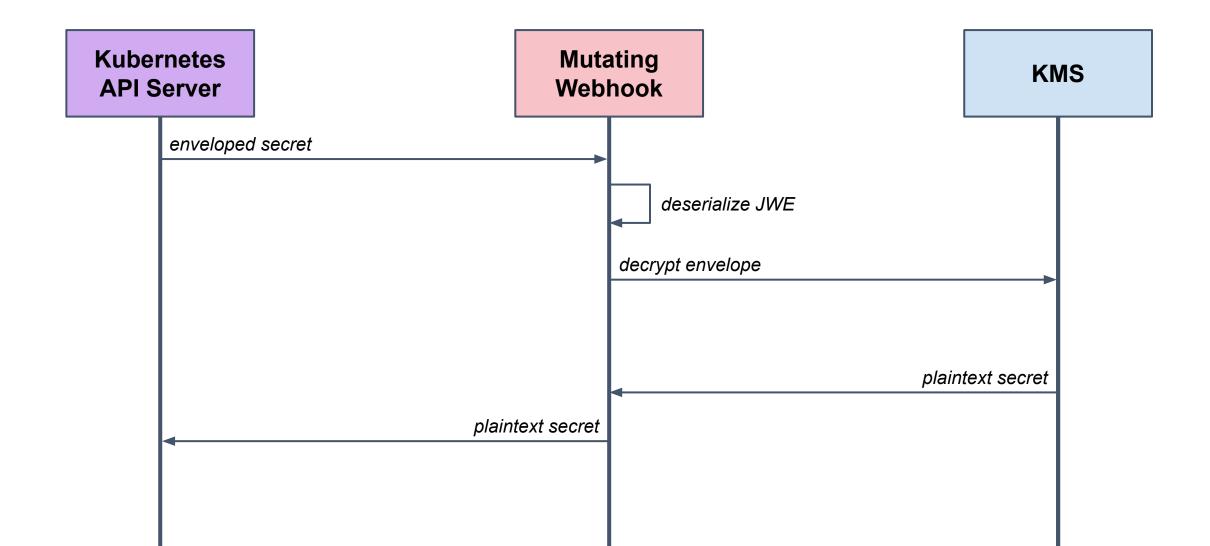
```
000
```

```
apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1
kind: MutatingWebhookConfiguration
webhooks:
- name: secrets-demo.kubecon-eu.info
  rules:
  - apiGroups: [""]
    apiVersions: ["v1"]
    operations: ["CREATE", "DELETE"]
    scope: "Namespaced"
  clientConfig:
    url: "https://jwe-webhook-farm.example.com/secrets"
    caBundle: Ls0tLs1CRUdJtiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURS0t...
```

Deployment

```
kubectl apply -f webhook.yaml
kubectl apply -f encrypted-secret-k8s.yaml
```

Deployment



Test

kubectl get secret db-secret

apiVersion: v1

kind: Secret

stringData:

password: UeBzc3cwcmQK # "P@ssw0rd" in base64

Thank you!

JSON Web Encryption (JWE)

tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7516

Mutating webhook source code

github.com/immutableT/k8s-secrets-and-gitops

Encrypting Kubernetes Secrets

youtube.com/watch?v=DNKcRUyz4Hw

Base64 is not encryption

youtube.com/watch?v=f4Ru6CPG1z4

