```
import arff
In [1]:
          import random
          import csv
          import pandas as pd
          import scipy as sc
          import numpy as np
          import copy
          import numpy as np
          import math
          import sklearn
         from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
In [2]:
         from mlp import *
In [3]:
         linsep raw = arff.load(open('linsep2nonorigin.arff'))
         linsep_raw
Out[3]: {'description': '',
          'relation': 'linSep2nonorigin',
          'attributes': [('a1', 'REAL'), ('a2', 'REAL'), ('class', ['0', '1'])],
          'data': [[-0.4, 0.3, '1'],
           [-0.3, 0.8, '1'],
           [-0.2, 0.3, '1'],
           [-0.1, 0.9, '1'],
           [-0.1, 0.1, '0'],
           [0.0, -0.2, '0'],
[0.1, 0.2, '0'],
           [0.2, -0.2, '0']]}
In [4]:
         linsep_values = []
         linsep_labels = []
         for entry in linsep raw['data']:
              linsep_values.append(entry[0:-1])
              linsep_labels.append((entry[-1]))
         print(linsep_labels)
         linsep values
         ['1', '1', '1', '1', '0', '0', '0', '0']
Out[4]: [[-0.4, 0.3],
          [-0.3, 0.8],
          [-0.2, 0.3],
          [-0.1, 0.9],
          [-0.1, 0.1],
          [0.0, -0.2],
          [0.1, 0.2],
          [0.2, -0.2]]
         linsep_MLP = MLP(hidden_nodes=7, no_improvement_break=50, max_iterations=500)
In [5]:
         linsep MLP.fit(linsep values, linsep labels)
In [6]:
         linsep_MLP.rmse[-1]
Out[6]: 0.3251689042154294
         linsep_MLP.training_rmse[-1]
In [7]:
Out[7]: 0.17929620072301924
```

```
linsep_MLP.best_rmse
 In [8]:
 Out[8]: 0.32421871148249015
         It looks like the training RMSE is about half of the rmse on the test set
          output_classes = linsep_MLP.predict(linsep_values)
 In [9]:
          from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
In [10]:
          print(classification report(linsep labels, output classes))
In [11]:
                                     recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                         support
                     0
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                               4
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                               4
             accuracy
                                                 1.00
                                                               8
            macro avg
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                               8
         weighted avg
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                               8
          print(confusion_matrix(linsep_labels, output_classes))
In [12]:
          [[4 0]
          [0 4]]
          linsep_MLP.best_weights
In [13]:
Out[13]: [array([[ 0.11148551, 2.13100393, 1.5143493 , 1.90857385, 0.67508502,
                   -1.4871642 , -0.8652406 ],
                  [\ 1.82942441,\ -1.76130441,\ -1.23038736,\ -1.30935416,\ 0.69211759,
                    2.74994393, 2.3877805 ],
                  [0.09855578, 0.72663742, 0.49069241, 0.5793337, 0.57347255,
                   -0.84282389, -0.57307099]]),
          array([[-0.96458417, 1.06325498],
                  [ 1.97896554, -2.07503459],
                  [ 1.33870275, -1.54011628],
                  [ 1.75495498, -1.49122819],
                  [ 0.10190068, 0.11472172],
                  [-2.35977586, 2.43908526],
                  [-1.52428792, 2.17427577],
                  0.34928714, -0.93793717]])]
         Well, I guess when you only have 4 in each of 2 classes, it is pretty easy to get them correct
          # now I am going to do this again with the specifications given in the homework
In [14]:
          # except I didn't update the learning rate. I need to do that.
          # I also didn't make it possible to use all zeros for starting weights
          linsep_MLP = MLP(hidden_nodes=4, no_improvement_break=100, max_iterations=10, step_size
          linsep_MLP.fit(linsep_values, linsep_labels) #or just values instead of scaled_values
          linsep MLP.weight matrices
In [15]:
Out[15]: [array([[ 9.25998130e-05, 9.25998130e-05, 9.25998130e-05,
                   9.25998130e-05],
                  [-5.66370570e-04, -5.66370570e-04, -5.66370570e-04,
                   -5.66370570e-04],
                  [-2.03710193e-03, -2.03710193e-03, -2.03710193e-03,
                   -2.03710193e-03]]),
```

```
array([[-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.0041204 , 0.0041204 ]])]
In [16]:
          # this is what was recorded in the homeworks
          [1.050641719962177451e-02,\ 1.050641719962177451e-02,\ 1.050641719962177451e-02,\ 1.050641719962177451e-02]
           [2.148777913098560283e-02, -1.050641719962178491e-02, -1.050641719962178491e-02, -1.050
           [-1.050641719962178491e-02, -2.148777913098558895e-02, -1.814943182760951840e-04, 1.574
           [-7.882184463621048215e-03, -1.814943182760951840e-04]
           [1.574684975438346004e-03, -7.882184463621048215e-03]
           [-1.814943182760951840e-04, 1.574684975438346004e-03]
           [-7.882184463621048215e-03, -1.814943182760951840e-04]
           [1.574684975438346004e-03, -7.882184463621048215e-03]
Out[16]: [0.001574684975438346, -0.007882184463621048]
         Mine always splits the input so that it can use part of it for training and the other part for test, but
         my results don't look anything like the what the homework has
          linsep MLP.best weights
In [17]:
Out[17]: [array([[ 9.25998130e-05,
                                      9.25998130e-05, 9.25998130e-05,
                    9.25998130e-05],
                  [-5.66370570e-04, -5.66370570e-04, -5.66370570e-04,
                   -5.66370570e-04],
                  [-2.03710193e-03, -2.03710193e-03, -2.03710193e-03,
                   -2.03710193e-03]]),
           array([[-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.00202777, 0.00202777],
                  [-0.0041204 , 0.0041204 ]])]
          linsep_MLP.best_epoch
In [18]:
Out[18]: 10
In [19]:
          linsep_MLP.rmse
Out[19]: [0.5000092474847885,
           0.5000082721464579,
           0.5000074458146871,
           0.5000067433474011,
           0.5000061441546593,
           0.5000056313332366,
           0.5000051909708021,
           0.5000048115858652,
           0.5000044836764735,
           0.5000041993560841]
         Well, not starting with all zeros appears to have changed this a whole ton. Oh well.
In [20]:
          # Now I want to try out the sklearn and see what I get
          from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin
          from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
           import numpy as np
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
clf = MLPClassifier(shuffle=False, hidden_layer_sizes=(4), activation='logistic', max_i
In [25]:
         /home/dsant/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer per
         ceptron.py:582: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (1) reached
         and the optimization hasn't converged yet.
           warnings.warn(
          clf.predict(linsep_values)
In [26]:
Out[26]: array(['0', '0', '0', '0', '0', '0', '0'], dtype='<U1')
In [27]:
          clf.best loss
Out[27]: 0.7050818323670163
In [28]:
          clf.coefs
Out[28]: [array([[ 0.63565085, 0.53380833, -0.57033358, 0.35316601],
                  [-0.61215549, 0.25486784, 0.55987672, -0.37600693]]),
          array([[-0.21660287],
                  [-0.12942012],
                  [ 0.28889482],
                  [-0.23126928]])]
        It looks like this didn't start with initial weights of zero. Nor sure how to make it do that. Oh well.
 In [ ]:
          banknote_raw = arff.load(open('data_banknote_authentication.arff'))
In [61]:
          #banknote raw
          banknote values = []
In [60]:
          banknote labels = []
          for entry in banknote_raw['data']:
              banknote values.append(entry[0:-1])
              banknote_labels.append((entry[-1]))
          #print(banknote labels)
          #banknote values
          banknote_MLP = MLP(hidden_nodes=4, no_improvement_break=50, max_iterations=10, step_siz
In [31]:
          banknote_MLP.fit(banknote_values, banknote_labels) #or just values instead of scaled_v
          banknote MLP.best weights
In [32]:
Out[32]: [array([[ 1.72646327, 1.25672837, 2.04746753, 1.9100961 ],
                  [ 1.12489484, 0.83004856, 1.38612976, 1.07766463],
                  [ 1.17194602, 0.79095454, 1.83396084, 1.12893832],
                  [ 0.23330998, 0.25591873, -0.10774083, 0.19011937],
                  [-1.93360367, -1.03700479, -2.17480297, -1.57100632]]),
          array([[ 2.35785354, -1.88345969],
                  [ 1.24299337, -1.04846519],
                  [ 2.28540574, -2.78842378],
                  [ 1.92960427, -2.11313382],
                  [-4.13140164, 4.24973826]])]
```

I don't have any notes on what these weights are supposed to be, but I would be willing to bet mine are way off because I started with random weights instead of zeros.

I am curious as to how well this one did.

```
banknote_MLP.weight_matrices
In [33]:
Out[33]: [array([[ 1.72646327, 1.25672837,
                                              2.04746753, 1.9100961 ],
                   1.12489484, 0.83004856, 1.38612976, 1.07766463],
                  [ 1.17194602, 0.79095454, 1.83396084, 1.12893832],
                  [0.23330998, 0.25591873, -0.10774083, 0.19011937],
                  [-1.93360367, -1.03700479, -2.17480297, -1.57100632]])
           array([[ 2.35785354, -1.88345969],
                  [ 1.24299337, -1.04846519],
                   2.28540574, -2.78842378],
                   1.92960427, -2.11313382],
                  [-4.13140164, 4.24973826]])]
          banknote_MLP.best_epoch
In [34]:
Out[34]: 10
           banknote outputs = banknote MLP.predict(banknote values)
In [35]:
          print(classification report(banknote labels, banknote outputs))
In [36]:
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                         support
                                       0.99
                                                  0.99
                     0
                             1.00
                                                             762
                     1
                                                  0.99
                             0.98
                                       1.00
                                                             610
                                                  0.99
                                                            1372
              accuracy
                             0.99
                                       0.99
                                                  0.99
             macro avg
                                                            1372
                             0.99
                                       0.99
                                                  0.99
         weighted avg
                                                            1372
          print(confusion matrix(banknote labels, banknote outputs))
In [37]:
          [[752 10]
           [ 3 607]]
         Well, the accuracy is certainly something I can live with. I am surprised it was so good after only 10
         epochs.
In [38]:
          banknote_MLP.rmse
Out[38]: [0.2015709651590803,
           0.1487187706655097,
           0.12812643120483908,
           0.1181637506482045,
           0.11405614033061764,
           0.11265910408811221,
           0.11243695962545622,
           0.11209806351498572,
           0.11086833946901156,
           0.10792504366226126]
In [39]:
          banknote_MLP.training_rmse
Out[39]: [0.2002780340525674,
           0.1364135692111928,
           0.11201568009142907,
           0.10072341124852455,
           0.09543612027109746,
           0.0928873083802931,
```

```
0.09166827647492065,
           0.09076187798654597,
           0.08943985007168123,
           0.08717173350403289]
In [59]:
          #banknote MLP.confidence scores(banknote values)
In [58]:
          #banknote MLP.output z values
          for i, thing in enumerate(banknote MLP.output z values):
In [42]:
               if max(thing) < 0.7 or min(thing) > 0.3:
                   print(i)
                   print(thing)
         911
          [0.4862065884679286, 0.5709976802928265]
         925
          [0.5115268408943882, 0.5372699812592264]
         979
          [0.3879438977448633, 0.6567297401854217]
          [0.37373977379386925, 0.6675184319197549]
          [0.4915269362985097, 0.5674091794454563]
          [0.6863859093547825, 0.35329374907131644]
          1345
          [0.6229707863213976, 0.42652391709135573]
         This can tell me which ones I have very little confidence in their scores
         Now I want to see how well the scikitlearn one does. I suspect the accuracy should be similar
         (possibly better)
          clf = MLPClassifier(shuffle=False, hidden layer sizes=(4), activation='logistic', max i
In [43]:
          /home/dsant/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/_multilayer_per
          ceptron.py:582: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (10) reache
          d and the optimization hasn't converged yet.
           warnings.warn(
          banknote outputs = clf.predict(banknote values)
In [44]:
           print(classification report(banknote labels, banknote outputs))
          print()
           print(confusion_matrix(banknote_labels, banknote_outputs))
                                      recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                         support
                     0
                             0.99
                                        0.99
                                                  0.99
                                                             762
                     1
                             0.98
                                        0.99
                                                  0.99
                                                             610
                                                  0.99
                                                            1372
              accuracy
                             0.99
                                       0.99
                                                  0.99
                                                            1372
             macro avg
                             0.99
                                       0.99
                                                  0.99
          weighted avg
                                                            1372
          [[752 10]
           [ 7 603]]
```

It is slightly worse, actually. I wonder if I made it have a slower learning rate somehow.

Now I want to look at how these perform on the iris dataset.

```
iris raw = arff.load(open('iris.arff'))
In [45]:
          #iris raw
In [57]:
          values = []
          labels = []
          for entry in iris_raw['data']:
              values.append(entry[0:-1])
              labels.append((entry[-1]))
          #print(labels)
          #values
          irisMLP = MLP(hidden nodes=15, no improvement break=50, max iterations=1500, porportion
In [47]:
          irisMLP.fit(values, labels)
In [48]:
          print(irisMLP.best epoch)
          print(irisMLP.best_rmse)
         234
         0.14519523443795226
In [49]:
          irisMLP.training_rmse[234]
Out[49]: 0.10361827673328458
In [50]:
          irisClf = MLPClassifier(shuffle=False, hidden layer sizes=(15), activation='logistic',
          irisClf.best loss # well, that appears tons better than mine
In [51]:
Out[51]: 0.04695283763545288
In [52]:
          irisMLP.best weights
Out[52]: [array([[ 0.08461092,
                                            0.18617144, -0.94202542,
                                                                      0.55899757,
                               0.6029573 ,
                   0.78528109, -3.4057539 , 0.17853381, 0.35099107, 0.89162626,
                   1.05252572, 0.7717855 , -3.70957732, 0.40892237, 0.39288989],
                 [ 0.81964395, 0.30641933, 0.99668975, -1.52618591, 0.57302524,
                   0.69273804, -3.9985131, 0.77344162, 0.42065574, 0.65181752,
                   0.15344702, 0.03565185, -3.1156933, 0.50520184, 0.78645097],
                 [ 0.81365611, 0.47584711, 0.82323195, 3.19581097,
                                                                      0.91427732,
                                                         0.5212013 ,
                   0.95511316,
                               6.05720997, 0.93695447,
                                                                      0.2029875
                                                         0.48857071,
                   0.24733885, 0.8554517, 5.93962894,
                                                                      0.44129393],
                 [ 0.45982762, 0.87524267, 0.85492237, 1.84332699, 0.37208984,
                   0.9750989 , 4.12346505, 0.13197064, 0.0400179 , 0.41206517,
                   0.95140962, 0.08580854,
                                            4.04676201, 0.05338121, 0.3010534],
                 [ 0.52864568, 0.84685627,
                                            0.33252961, -0.22372295,
                                                                      0.40027809,
                   0.13902317, -3.54995485,
                                            0.85494306, 0.61193944, 0.47726747,
                               0.85914191, -3.54019461,
                   0.05577181,
                                                         0.78885171,
                                                                      0.60568935]]),
          array([[ 0.38051326, 0.14552746, -0.58648086],
                   0.22418111, -0.3707056, -0.0793547],
                 [ 0.56496386, 0.25807171, -0.92326771],
                 [-6.60803308, 6.86995235, 2.66639766],
                 [0.26235187, -0.30335884, -0.87546644],
                 [ 0.26613943, -0.39336442, -0.3230594 ],
                 [-1.1633202, -3.56296122, 4.24363177],
                   0.24785626, -0.10817446, -0.87789961],
                   0.02286978, -0.23829292, -0.49607114],
                 [-0.14779748, -0.61277719, -0.07117618],
                 [ 0.76918358, -0.5334122 , -0.50847697],
                 [ 0.04484307, -0.20347597, -0.7231961 ],
```

```
[-0.57859243, -3.56089679, 3.92529944],
                 [ 0.3361223 , -0.09310822, -0.26152798],
                   0.42114203, -0.29484396, -0.82761875],
                 [-0.11590082, -0.34413682, -0.5171558 ]])]
In [53]:
          irisClf.coefs
Out[53]: [array([[-7.42716513e-02, -1.13514233e+00, 1.03188516e+00,
                   1.21822319e-03, -7.12803793e-01, 6.06808089e-01,
                  -6.21928282e-01, 5.71348293e-01, -7.24097095e-01,
                  -8.47410629e-01, -7.30794358e-01, -1.76539842e-01,
                  -5.38739601e-01, 3.69701099e-01, -1.03503796e-01],
                 [-1.03521733e+00, -8.37645344e-01, 9.37905596e-01,
                  -1.80960828e+00, -8.00864079e-01, 1.43947271e+00,
                  -1.05139012e+00, 1.45984998e+00, -9.51563510e-01,
                  -1.04508658e+00, -1.03416897e+00, -1.45053167e+00,
                  -5.75247665e-01, 1.38547477e+00, 7.78199058e-01],
                 [ 3.55493787e-01, -2.98735257e-01, -1.61321515e+00,
                   1.66165360e+00, -5.16626276e-01, -1.45540278e+00,
                   1.37173906e+00, -1.48759921e+00, -4.80140199e-01,
                   1.46580991e+00, -3.42826524e-01, 1.64468358e+00,
                   1.01840075e+00, -2.08008272e+00, -1.30068569e+00],
                 [-3.18744898e-01, 1.55368347e-02, -2.70527422e+00,
                   2.24821294e+00, -1.74521426e-01, -2.11584245e+00,
                   1.75256523e+00, -1.99444460e+00, -5.24034802e-01,
                   2.54351404e+00, 2.13776025e-02, 1.79119045e+00,
                   1.96286382e+00, -1.95711640e+00, -1.42311398e+00]]),
          array([[ 7.37708281e-04, 1.36553268e+00, -5.28393611e-01],
                  -1.49652963e-01, -1.98410816e-01, 1.21010898e-01],
                   2.17939364e+00, 3.00892707e+00, -3.62779717e+00],
                 [-2.00929025e+00, 1.18012887e+00, 5.64155904e-01],
                 [-6.69425572e-01, -1.63010842e-01, 2.87575592e-01],
                 [ 2.27675730e+00, 1.44566779e+00, -3.23368225e+00],
                 [-2.59687588e+00, -1.64648038e-01, 3.00078897e+00],
                  [ 2.11484816e+00, 9.36680875e-01, -3.03986470e+00],
                 [-2.32943024e-01, 1.42753149e-01, 3.66500751e-01],
                  [-1.10110165e+00, -1.21171525e+00, 2.27330992e+00],
                   3.07251337e-01, -1.02734510e-01, -4.92729469e-01],
                 [-1.73079250e+00, 7.44767892e-01, 1.10760537e+00],
                 [-1.01112585e+00, -9.31502200e-01, 1.39284301e+00],
                 [ 3.27179712e+00, -3.06953658e+00, -1.84954861e+00],
                 [ 4.26460244e-01, 1.87835319e-01, -2.49146579e-01]])]
          len(irisClf.loss curve ) # this tells me how many epochs it ran
In [54]:
Out[54]: 121
          iris predict MLP = irisMLP.predict(values)
In [55]:
          print(classification_report(iris_predict_MLP, labels))
          print(confusion matrix(iris predict MLP, labels))
                                       recall f1-score
                          precision
                                                           support
             Iris-setosa
                               1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    1.00
                                                                50
                                                    0.98
         Iris-versicolor
                               0.96
                                         1.00
                                                                48
          Iris-virginica
                               1.00
                                         0.96
                                                   0.98
                                                                52
                accuracy
                                                    0.99
                                                               150
               macro avg
                               0.99
                                         0.99
                                                   0.99
                                                               150
            weighted avg
                               0.99
                                         0.99
                                                   0.99
                                                               150
         [[50 0 0]
          [ 0 48 0]
          [ 0 2 50]]
```

```
iris_predict_clf = irisClf.predict(values)
In [56]:
          print(classification_report(iris_predict_clf, labels))
          print(confusion_matrix(iris_predict_clf, labels))
```

| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Iris-setosa | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 50 |
| Iris-versicolor | 0.96 | 0.98 | 0.97 | 49 |
| Iris-virginica | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 51 |
| accuracy | | | 0.98 | 150 |
| macro avg | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 150 |
| weighted avg | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 150 |
| [[50 0 0] [0 48 1] [0 2 49]] | | | | |

Their model did slightly worse than mine, despite the significantly better loss. Not sure why. I still trust theirs better because they have better engineers.

In []: