EPAM University

Programs DevOps L1 course Database Administration TASK DB1 PART 1

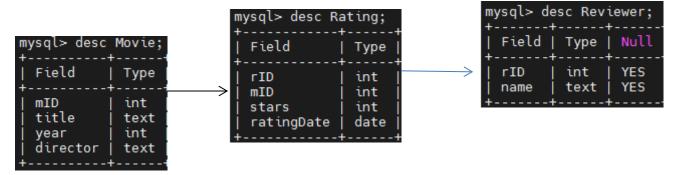
- 1. Download MySQL server for your OS on VM.
- Install repo for MySql Percona and check availability

```
yum install https://repo.percona.com/yum/percona-release-latest.noarch.rpm
sudo percona-release setup ps80
yum list | grep percona | grep server
```

2. Install MySQL server on VM.

```
# yum install percona-server-server
```

3. Select a subject area and describe the database schema, (minimum 3 tables)



4. Create a database on the server through the console.

```
mysql> create database rating;
```

5. Fill in tables.

```
insert into Movie values(101, 'Gone with the Wind', 1939,
insert into Movie Values(101, 'Gone With the Wind', 1939, Victor Fleming insert into Movie values(102, 'Star Wars', 1977, 'George Lucas'); insert into Movie values(103, 'The Sound of Music', 1965, 'Robert Wise'); insert into Movie values(104, 'E.T.', 1982, 'Steven Spielberg'); insert into Movie values(106, 'Spay White', 1997, 'James Cameron'); insert into Movie values(106, 'Spay White', 1037, pull).
insert into Movie values(106, 'Snow White', 1937, null);
insert into Movie values(107, 'Avatar', 2009, 'James Cameron');
insert into Movie values(108, 'Raiders of the Lost Ark', 1981, 'Steven Spielberg');
insert into Reviewer values(201, 'Sarah Martinez');
insert into Reviewer values(202, 'Daniel Lewis');
insert into Reviewer values(203, 'Brittany Harris');
insert into Reviewer values(204, 'Mike Anderson');
insert into Reviewer values(205, 'Chris Jackson');
insert into Reviewer values(206, 'Elizabeth Thomas');
insert into Reviewer values(207, 'James Cameron');
insert into Reviewer values(208, 'Ashley White');
insert into Rating values(201, 101, 2, '2011-01-22'); insert into Rating values(201, 101, 4, '2011-01-27'); insert into Rating values(202, 106, 4, null);
insert into Rating values(203, 103, 2,
                                                                                      '2011-01-20');
insert into Rating values(203, 108, 4, '2011-01-12'
insert into Rating values(203, 108, 4, 2011-01-30'); insert into Rating values(203, 108, 2, '2011-01-30'); insert into Rating values(204, 101, 3, '2011-01-09'); insert into Rating values(205, 103, 3, '2011-01-27'); insert into Rating values(205, 104, 2, '2011-01-22'); insert into Rating values(205, 108, 4, null);
insert into Rating values(206, 107, 3, '2011-01-15');
insert into Rating values(206, 106, 5, '2011-01-19');
insert into Rating values(207, 107, 5, '2011-01-20');
insert into Rating values(208, 104, 3, '2011-01-02');
```

6. Construct and execute SELECT operator with WHERE, GROUP BY and ORDER BY.

```
mysql> select * from Movie where year-(select year from Movie where title='Star Wars');

| mID | title | year | director |
| 105 | Titanic | 2022 | James Cameron |
| 207 | Avatar | 2034 | James Cameron |
| 208 | Avatar | 2084 | James Cameron |
| 208 | White | S |
| 109 | Movie Name | Rating |
| 100 | Gone with the Wind | S |
| 100 | Rating of the Lost Ark | S |
| 100 | Titanic | Tita
```

7. Execute other different SQL queries:

DDL,

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE accounts ALTER COLUMN email varchar (300); DML,
```

mysql> INSERT INTO Persons VALUES (4, 'Nilsen', 'Johan', 'Bakken 2', 'Stavanger'); DCL.

```
mysql> REVOKE DELETE, UPDATE ON voice.* FROM 'neyasity'@'localhost';
```

8. Create a database of new users with different privileges. Connect to the database as a new user and verify that the privileges allow or deny certain actions.

```
mysql> CREATE USER 'some_user'@'localhost' identified by 'password';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> GRANT SELECT, UPDATE ON rating.* TO 'some_user'@'localhost';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (2.16 sec)
mysql> show grants for 'some_user'@'localhost';
  Grants for some_user@localhost
  GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `some_user`@`localhost`
GRANT SELECT, UPDATE ON `rating`.* TO `some_user`@`localhost`
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> exit
Bye
[davig@oracle mysql]$ mysql -u some_user -p rating
Enter password:
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 18
Server version: 8.0.29-21 Percona Server (GPL), Release 21, Revision c59f87d2854
Copyright (c) 2009-2022 Percona LLC and/or its affiliates
Copyright (c) 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql>
```

9. Make a selection from the main table DB MySQL.

PART 2

10. Make backup of your database.

```
[davig@oracle mysql]$ mysqldump -u root -p --databases rating >rating_dump.sql
Enter password:
[davig@oracle mysql]$ ■
```

11. Delete the table and/or part of the data in the table.

12. Restore your database.

```
mysql> source rating_dump.sql;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

13. Transfer your local database to RDS AWS.



14. Connect to your database.

```
[davig@oracle mysql]$ mysql -u admin -p -h rating.cj6owco845jc.eu-central-1.rds.amazonaws.com
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 21
Server version: 8.0.28 Source distribution
Copyright (c) 2009-2022 Percona LLC and/or its affiliates Copyright (c) 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> show databases;
l Database
  information_schema
  mysql
  performance_schema
4 rows in set (0.04 sec)
mysql> source rating_dump.sql;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

15. Execute SELECT operator similar step 6.

16.Create the dump of your database.

PART 3 - MongoDB

17. Create a database. Use the use command to connect to a new database (If it doesn't exist, Mongo will create it when you write to it).

```
> use rating
switched to db rating
> db
ra<u>t</u>ing
```

18. Create a collection. Use db.createCollection to create a collection. I'll leave the subject up to you. Run show dbs and show collections to view your database and collections.

```
> db.createCollection('movies')
{ "ok" : 1 }
> show dbs
admin  0.000GB
config  0.000GB
local  0.000GB
rating  0.000GB
> show collections
movies
> ■
```

19. Create some documents. Insert a couple of documents into your collection. I'll leave the subject matter up to you, perhaps cars or hats.

```
> db.createCollection('movies')
{ "ok" : 1 }
> show dbs
admin    0.000GB
config    0.000GB
local    0.000GB
rating    0.000GB
> show collections
movies
> db.movies.insert({name: "Avatar"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.movies.insert({name: "Terminator"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.movies.insert({name: "Terminator"})
```

20. Use find() to list documents out.

```
> db.movies.find()
{ "_id" : ObjectId("634ad782aebfa0831fdb08f6"), "name" : "Avatar" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("634ad793aebfa0831fdb08f7"), "name" : "Terminator" }
> ■
```