Regarding Cybercrime

Andy Davis, Oct 2022 Session

Presentation Outline

- Different types of cybercrime
- ♦ Reasons GE might be a victim
- Why it is difficult to prevent cybercrime
- Examples of cybercrime
- ♦ How to protect against cybercrime
- Resources

Different types of Cybercrime

- Phishing Scam
 - ♦ Fake emails to get personal information
- Website Spoofing
 - ♦ Fake websites that look like real login pages
- Ransomware
 - ♦ Steals services, asks for money in return to get access again
- ♦ Malware
 - ♦ Malicious software, or viruses
- Social engineering
 - ♦ More of person-to-person type of crime than cyber

Reasons GE might be a victim

- Rising company means bigger profits
 - ♦ Potential for Ransomware
- More employees means more data
 - Potential for Phishing Scams, Social Engineering
- Expansion might bring unsolicited emails for new products
 - Potential for Phishing Scams, Website Spoofing, Malware

Why it is difficult to prevent cybercrime

- Evolving technology invites evolving techniques for crime
- ♦ Software / Hardware become out of date faster than ever before
- ♦ 91% of cybercrime is due to Phishing Scams
 - ♦ Hard to tell fake emails on mobile devices
 - Customized fonts can hide typos
 - ♦ Lowercase L vs Uppercase i :: l vs l

♦ Twitch.tv 2021

- ♦ 125 GB file was posted online, containing the following
 - ♦ The complete repository of Twitch.tv along with commit history
 - ♦ The source code for Twitch mobile, desktop, and gaming console apps
 - ♦ Twitch creators' earning details over three years
 - ♦ Twitch's internal security details and tools
 - ♦ Sensitive data on IGDB and CurseFrog, other software products owned by Twitch's parent company
 - The existence of an unreleased software by Amazon Game Studios for competing with Valve's Steam, titled Amazon Vapor
 - ♦ Twitch proprietary SDK code and internal AWS service data

- ♦ Twitch.tv, 2021
 - ♦ 125GB file was said to be one of many
 - ♦ Other files never got released, but potentially had account information
 - ♦ Resulted from obsolete code or dependencies
 - ♦ Top 10 threat of 2021

♦ (Kiuwan.com, 2021)

- ♦ Uber, 2022
 - ♦ Uncertain what the hack got access to, but was certain they had access to:
 - ♦ Slack messages
 - Dashboard for security bugs and vulnerabilities
 - ♦ Financial tools
 - ♦ Potentially user accounts and bank information
 - ♦ Some say intent was to sell, others say intent was to embarrass

- ♦ Uber, 2022
 - ♦ Type of Social Engineering: Exhaustion attack
 - ♦ Repeated messages to an employee email or phone
 - ♦ Eventually calls to say there is an issue and need access to account to resolve
 - ♦ Not a super technical hack, but super common
 - More so with people becoming remote or using other devices besides desktops/laptops as primary sources of access
 - ♦ (Schneier, 2022), (Zetlin, 2022)

How to prevent against cybercrime

- ♦ Yearly, mandatory training
 - Included with other yearly trainings
 - ♦ Kept up to date on cybercrime trends
- Company emails should only be accessed on company hardware
 - ♦ Company computers and phones can be restricted and have protections installed
 - ♦ Similarly, access should only be allowed on a Private Network or VPN
- Have a way to report scam emails
 - ♦ IT Department to handle abuse

Resources

- SlueVoyant. (n.d.). What is Cybercrime? Types and Prevention. [online] Available at: https://www.bluevoyant.com/blog/cybercrime-types-and-prevention.
- ♦ Gannon, B (2022). Topic 9 Lecture 3: Malware, cybercrime, and computer misuse. [online] University of London. Available at: https://learn.london.ac.uk/mod/page/view.php?id=98439
- ♦ Kiuwan.com. (2021). The Full Extent Of The Twitch Hack Kiuwan. [online] Available at: https://www.kiuwan.com/blog/the-full-extent-of-the-twitch-hack/.
- ♦ Schneier, B. (2022). Opinion | The Uber Hack Exposes More Than Failed Data Security. The New York Times. [online] 26 Sep. Available at: https://www.nytimes.com/2022/09/26/opinion/uber-hack-data.html.
- ♦ Zetlin, M. (2022). Uber was hacked using a simple technique that might work on your company, too. [online] Inc.com. Available at: https://www.inc.com/minda-zetlin/uber-hack-multi-factor-authentication-mfa-vulnerability-phishing-exhaustion-attacks.html.