

Unbound Knapsack (Dynamic Programming): Max profit with weight capacity with **any item used unbound times**. Let  $c$  be a weight capacity,  $n$  be a length of profits and weights,  $p$  be an array of profits and  $w$  be an array of weights

$$\begin{aligned} f(c, n, p, w) &= 0 & c &= 0 \\ &= \max(p_i + f(c - w_i, n, p, w)) & c &\geq w_i \end{aligned}$$

Make Change (Dynamic Programming): Min coins for amount. Let  $c$  be an array of coins and  $a$  be an amount

$$\begin{aligned} f(c, a) &= 0 & a &= 0 \\ &= \min(1 + f(c, a - c_i)) & a &\geq c_i \end{aligned}$$

Cut Rod (Dynamic Programming): Max profit for cuts. Let  $n$  be a rod length and  $p$  be an array of rod length profits

$$\begin{aligned} f(n, p) &= 0 & n &= 0 \\ &= \max(p_{i-1} + f(n - i, p)) & n &\geq i \end{aligned}$$

Staircase (Dynamic Programming): Start at step 0 or 1, each step take 1 or 2 steps, find least cost. Let  $s$  be an array of steps with cost,  $n$  be a length of steps and  $i$  be an array index

$$\begin{aligned} f(s, n, i) &= 0 & i &\geq n - 1 \\ &= \min(s_i + f(s, n, i + 1), s_{i+1} + f(s, n, i + 2)) & \text{else} \end{aligned}$$

Combination Sum (Backtracking): Given an ordered list of numbers  $n$  and a number  $x$ , find the sublists which sum is  $x$ . Let  $n$  be a list of numbers,  $r$  be a remainder,  $s$  be a start index,  $b$  be a cache of solutions and  $t$  be a temporary solution

$$\begin{aligned} f(n, r, s, b, t) &= b.push(copy(t)) & r &= 0 \\ &= t.push(n_i) & r &\geq n_i \\ & & & f(n, r - n_i, i, t, b) \\ & & & t.pop() \end{aligned}$$

0/1 Knapsack (Dynamic Programming): Max profit with weight for capacity with **any item used at most once**. Let  $c$  be a weight capacity,  $n$  be a length of profits and weights,  $p$  be an array of profits,  $w$  be an array of weights and  $i$  be an array index

$$\begin{aligned}
f(c, n, p, w, i) &= 0 & i &= n \\
&= \max(p_i + f(c - w_i, n, p, w, i + 1), f(c, n, p, w, i + 1)) & c &\geq w_i \\
&= f(c, n, p, w, i + 1) & c &< w_i
\end{aligned}$$

Longest Common Subsequence (Dynamic Programming): Longest common subsequence of (non-)contiguous characters. Let  $s1$  be string one,  $s2$  be string two,  $i$  be an index of  $s1$  and  $j$  be an index of  $s2$

$$\begin{aligned}
f(s1, s2, i, j) &= 0 & i &= \text{len}(s1) \text{ or } j = \text{len}(s2) \\
&= 1 + f(s1, s2, i + 1, j + 1) & s1_i &= s2_j \\
&= \max(f(s1, s2, i + 1, j), f(s1, s2, i, j + 1)) & &\text{else}
\end{aligned}$$

Powerset (Backtracking): Powerset for a set. Let  $s$  be an array,  $n$  be an array length,  $i$  be an array index,  $b$  be a cache of solutions and  $t$  be a temporary solution

$$\begin{aligned}
f(s, n, i, b, t) &= b.push(\text{copy}(t)) & i &= n \\
&= t.push(n_i) & &\text{else} \\
&\quad f(s, n, i + 1, b, t) \\
&\quad t.pop() \\
&\quad f(s, n, i + 1, b, t)
\end{aligned}$$

Activity Selection (non-Greedy): Max activities given start and end times. Let  $s$  be an array of start times,  $e$  be an array of end times,  $n$  be a length of start and end times,  $i$  be an array index and  $c$  be a current end time

$$\begin{aligned}
f(s, e, n, i, c) &= 0 & i &= n \\
&= \max(1 + f(s, e, n, i + 1, e_i), f(s, e, n, i + 1, c)) & c &\leq s_i \\
&= f(s, e, n, i + 1, c) & &\text{else}
\end{aligned}$$