

Transmission Lines and Antennas, 2012-1 Exercises on physical transmission lines and waveguides

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1 Wave propagation below cutoff

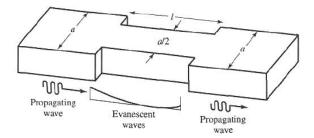
Consider propagation inside a waveguide in a non-TEM mode below cutoff. Compute the normalized cutoff k_c/k such that a wave suffers an attenuation of 30dB per meter in such a waveguide as it propagates.

2 Pozar, 3.4

Compute the TE₁₀ mode attenuation, in dB/m, for a K-band rectangular waveguide operating at f=20 GHz (see physical characteristics in the appencious below). The waveguide is made from brass, and is filled with a dielectric material having $\epsilon_r = 2.2$ and $\tan \delta = 0.002$.

3 Pozar, 3.5

An attenuator can be made using a section of waveguide operating below cutoff, as shown below. If a = 2.286cm and the operating frequency is 12 GHz, determine the required length of the below-cutoff section of waveguide to achieve an attenuation of 100 dB between the input and output guides. Ignore the effect of reflections at the step discontinuities.



4 Pozar, 3.6

Using the fact hat $\mathbf{J} = \hat{n} \times \mathbf{H}$, find expressions for the electric surface current density on the walls of a rectangular waveguide for a TE_{10} mode. Why can a narrow slot be cut along the centerline of the broad wall of a rectangular waveguide without perturbing the operation of the guide? (Such a slot is often used in a slotted line for a probe to sample the standing wave field inside the guide.)

5 Pozar example 2.7, exercises 2.28 & 3.28

This exercise deals with a circular coaxial line with radii a and b (internal and external respectively) operating in the TEM mode.

1. Show that attenuation constant due to finite conductivity is given by:

$$\alpha_c = \frac{R_s}{2n\ln(b/a)} \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}\right)$$

2. Compute the ratio of the radii that minimizes the above constant and compute the corresponding transmission line impedance for air filling.

3. Considering the fundamental (TEM) mode, show that the maximum power that can be handled by the guide, if the electric field intensity can be at most E_d to avoid dielectric breakdown of the filling material, is:

$$P_{max} = \frac{\pi a^2 E_d^2}{\eta} \ln \frac{b}{a}$$

4. Compute the ratio of the radii that maximizes the power handling capability and the corresponding transmission line impedance for air filling.

6 Pozar 3.20

Design a microstrip transmission line for a 100 Ω characteristic impedance. The substrate thickness is 0.158 cm, with $\epsilon_r = 2.20$. What is the guided wavelength on this transmission line if the frequency is 4.0 GHz?

7 Pozar 3.21

A 100Ω microstrip line is printed on a substrate of thickness 0.0762cm, with a dielectric constant of 2.2. Ignoring losses and fringing fields, find the shortest length of this line that appears at its input as a capacitor of 5 pF at 2.5 GHz. Repeat for an inductance of 5 nH. Using a microwave CAD package with a physical model for the microstrip line, compute the actual input impedance seen when losses are included (assume copper conductors and $\tan \delta = 0.001$).

8 Pozar 3.22

A microwave antenna feed network operating at 5 GHz requires a 50 Ω printed transmission line that is 16 λ long. Possible choices are (1) copper microstrip, with d=0.16cm, $\epsilon_r=2.20$ and $\tan\delta=0.001$, or (2) copper stripline, with b=0.32 cm, $\epsilon_r=2.20$, t=0.01 mm, and $\tan\delta=0.001$. Which line should be used, if attenuation is to be minimized?



Appendices

Appendix A: Prefixes

Appendix B: Vector Analysis

Appendix C: Bessel Functions Appendix D: Other Mathematical Results

Appendix E: Physical Constants

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Appendix H: Properties of Some Microwave Ferrite Materials
Appendix I: Standard Rectangular Waveguide Data

Appendix J: Standard Coaxial Cable Data

Appendix B Vector Analysis 681

APPENDIX A PREFIXES

Multiplying Factor	Prefix	Symbo
1012	tera	T
109	giga	G
106	mega	M
103	kilo	k
10^{2}	hecto	h
10 ¹	deka	da
10^{-1}	deci	d
10^{-2}	centi	c
10^{-3}	milli	m
10^{-6}	micro	μ
10-9	nano	n
10-12	pico	p
10^{-15}	femto	f

APPENDIX B VECTOR ANALYSIS

Coordinate Transformations

Rectangular to cylindrical:

	â	ŷ	2
ê	$\cos \phi$	$\sin \phi$	(
$\hat{\phi}$	$-\sin\phi$	$\cos \phi$	(
2	0	0	1

Rectangular to spherical:

	Ŷ	ŷ	â
î	$\sin\theta\cos\phi$	$\sin\theta\sin\phi$	$\cos \theta$
$\hat{\theta}$	$\cos\theta\cos\phi$	$\cos\theta\sin\phi$	$-\sin\theta$
â	$-\sin\phi$	cosφ	0

Cylindrical to spherical:

	ê	$\hat{\phi}$	ĝ
î	$\sin \theta$	0	cos 6
$\hat{\theta}$	$\cos \theta$	0	$-\sin\theta$
$\hat{\phi}$	0	1	0

These tables can be used to transform unit vectors as well as vector components; e.g.,

$$\hat{\rho} = \hat{x}\cos\phi + \hat{y}\sin\phi$$

$$A_{\rho} = A_{x}\cos\phi + A_{y}\sin\phi$$

Vector Differential Operators

Rectangular coordinates:

$$\begin{split} \nabla f &= \hat{x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + \hat{y} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + \hat{z} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \\ \nabla \cdot \bar{A} &= \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} \\ \nabla \times \bar{A} &= \hat{x} \left(\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial z} \right) + \hat{y} \left(\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial x} \right) + \hat{z} \left(\frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y} \right) \\ \nabla^2 f &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} \\ \nabla^2 \bar{A} &= \hat{x} \nabla^2 A_x + \hat{y} \nabla^2 A_y + \hat{z} \nabla^2 A_z \end{split}$$

Cylindrical coordinates

$$\begin{split} \nabla f &= \hat{\rho} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} + \hat{\phi} \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} + \hat{z} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \\ \nabla \cdot \bar{A} &= \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} (\rho A_{\rho}) + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial A_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial A_{z}}{\partial z} \\ \nabla \times \bar{A} &= \hat{\rho} \left(\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial A_{z}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial A_{\phi}}{\partial z} \right) + \hat{\phi} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rho}}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_{z}}{\partial \rho} \right) + \hat{z} \frac{1}{\rho} \left[\frac{\partial (\rho A_{\phi})}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\partial A_{\rho}}{\partial \phi} \right] \\ \nabla^{2} f &= \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\rho \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} \right) + \frac{1}{\rho^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \phi^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial z^{2}} \\ \nabla^{2} \bar{A} &= \nabla (\nabla \cdot \bar{A}) - \nabla \times \nabla \times \bar{A} \end{split}$$

Spherical coordinates

$$\begin{split} \nabla f &= \hat{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} + \hat{\theta} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{\phi}}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \\ \nabla \cdot \bar{A} &= \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 A_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta A_\theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi} \\ \nabla \times \bar{A} &= \frac{\hat{r}}{r \sin \theta} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (A_\phi \sin \theta) - \frac{\partial A_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right] + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_\phi) \right] \\ &+ \frac{\hat{\phi}}{r} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_\theta) - \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \theta} \right] \\ \nabla^2 f &= \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \\ \nabla^2 \bar{A} &= \nabla \nabla \cdot \bar{A} - \nabla \times \nabla \times \bar{A} \end{split}$$

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Vector identities:

$$\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} = |A||B|\cos\theta$$
, where θ is the angle between \bar{A} and \bar{B} (B.1)

$$|\bar{A} \times \bar{B}| = |A||B|\sin\theta$$
, where θ is the angle between \bar{A} and \bar{B} . (B.2)

$$\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \times \bar{C} = \bar{A} \times \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} = \bar{C} \times \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \tag{B.3}$$

$$\bar{A} \times \bar{B} = -\bar{B} \times \bar{A} \tag{B.4}$$

$$\bar{A} \times (\bar{B} \times \bar{C}) = (\bar{A} \cdot \bar{C})\bar{B} - (\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B})\bar{C}$$
 (B.5)

$$\nabla(fg) = g\nabla f + f\nabla g \tag{B.6}$$

$$\nabla \cdot (f\bar{A}) = \bar{A} \cdot \nabla f + f \nabla \cdot \bar{A} \tag{B.7}$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) = (\nabla \times \bar{A}) \cdot \bar{B} - (\nabla \times \bar{B}) \cdot \bar{A}$$
 (B.8)

$$\nabla \times (f\bar{A}) = (\nabla f) \times \bar{A} + f \nabla \times \bar{A}$$
(B.9)

$$\nabla \times (\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) = \bar{A} \nabla \cdot \bar{B} - \bar{B} \nabla \cdot \bar{A} + (\bar{B} \cdot \nabla) \bar{A} - (\bar{A} \cdot \nabla) \bar{B}$$
(B.10)

$$\nabla \cdot (\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B}) = (\bar{A} \cdot \nabla)\bar{B} + (\bar{B} \cdot \nabla)\bar{A} + A \times (\nabla \times \bar{B}) + \bar{B} \times (\nabla \times \bar{A})$$
 (B.11)

$$\nabla \cdot \nabla \times \tilde{A} = 0 \tag{B.12}$$

$$\nabla \times (\nabla f) = 0 \tag{B.13}$$

$$\nabla \times \nabla \times \bar{A} = \nabla \nabla \cdot \bar{A} - \nabla^2 \bar{A} \tag{B.14}$$

Note: the term $\nabla^2 \bar{A}$ has meaning only for rectangular components of \bar{A} .

$$\int_{V} \nabla \cdot \bar{A} \, dv = \oint_{S} \bar{A} \cdot d\bar{s} \qquad \text{(divergence theorem)} \tag{B.15}$$

$$\int_{S} (\nabla \times \bar{A}) \cdot d\bar{s} = \oint_{C} \bar{A} \cdot d\bar{\ell} \qquad \text{(Stokes' theorem)}$$
 (B.16)

APPENDIX C BESSEL FUNCTIONS

Bessel functions are solutions to the differential equation,

$$\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{d}{d\rho} \left(\rho \frac{df}{d\rho} \right) + \left(k^2 - \frac{n^2}{\rho^2} \right) f = 0 \tag{C.1}$$

where k^2 is real and n is an integer. The two independent solutions to this equation are called ordinary Bessel functions of the first and second kind, written as $J_n(k\rho)$ and $Y_n(k\rho)$, and so the general solution to (C.1) is

$$f(\rho) = AJ_n(k\rho) + BY_n(k\rho)$$
 (C.2)

where A and B are arbitrary constants to be determined from boundary conditions.

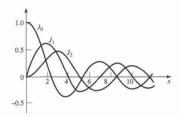
These functions can be written in series form as

$$J_n(x) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m (x/2)^{n+2m}}{m!(n+m)!}$$
 (C.3)

$$Y_n(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\gamma + \ln \frac{x}{2} \right) J_n(x) - \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{n-1} \frac{(n-m-1)!}{m!} \left(\frac{2}{x} \right)^{n-2m} - \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m (x/2)^{n+2m}}{m! (n+m)!}$$

$$\times \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{m} + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n+m}\right)$$
 (C.4)

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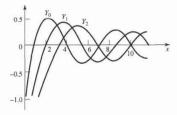


FIGURE C.1 Bessel functions of the first and second kind.

where $\gamma = 0.5772...$ is Euler's constant, and $x = k\rho$. Note that Y_n becomes infinite at x = 0, due to the ln term. From these series expressions, small argument formulas can be obtained as

$$J_n(x) \sim \frac{1}{n!} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^n \tag{C.5}$$

$$Y_0(x) \sim \frac{2}{\pi} \ln x \tag{C.6}$$

$$Y_n(x) \sim \frac{-1}{\pi} (n-1)! \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^n, \qquad n > 0$$
 (C.7)

Large argument formulas can be derived as

$$J_n(x) \sim \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cos \left(x - \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$
 (C.8)

$$Y_n(x) \sim \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \tag{C.9}$$

Figure C.1 shows graphs of a few of the lowest order Bessel functions of each type. Recurrence formulas relate Bessel functions of different orders:

$$Z_{n+1}(x) = \frac{2n}{x} Z_n(x) - Z_{n-1}(x)$$
 (C.10)

$$Z'_n(x) = \frac{-n}{r} Z_n(x) + Z_{n-1}(x)$$
 (C.11)

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$$Z'_n(x) = \frac{n}{x} Z_n(x) - Z_{n+1}(x)$$
 (C.12)

$$Z'_{n}(x) = \frac{1}{2} [Z_{n-1}(x) - Z_{n+1}(x)]$$
 (C.13)

where $Z_n = J_n$ or Y_n . The following integral relations involving Bessel functions are useful:

$$\int_{0}^{x} Z_{n}^{2}(kx)x \, dx = \frac{x^{2}}{2} \left[Z_{n}^{2}(kx) + \left(1 - \frac{n^{2}}{k^{2}x^{2}} \right) Z_{n}^{2}(kx) \right] \tag{C.14}$$

$$\int_{0}^{x} Z_{n}(kx) Z_{n}(\ell x) x \, dx = \frac{x}{k^{2} - \ell^{2}} [k Z_{n}(\ell x) Z_{n+1}(kx) - \ell Z_{n}(kx) Z_{n+1}(\ell x)] \quad (C.15)$$

$$\int_{0}^{p_{nn}} \left[J_{n}^{'2}(x) + \frac{n^{2}}{x^{2}} J_{n}^{2}(x) \right] x dx = \frac{p_{nm}^{2}}{2} J_{n}^{'2}(p_{nm})$$
(C.16)

$$\int_{0}^{p'_{nm}} \left[J_{n}^{'2}(x) + \frac{n^{2}}{x^{2}} J_{n}^{2}(x) \right] x \, dx = \frac{(p'_{nm})^{2}}{2} \left(1 - \frac{n^{2}}{(p'_{nm})^{2}} \right) J_{n}^{2}(p'_{nm}) \quad (C.17)$$

where $J_n(p_{nm}) = 0$, and $J_n'(p_{nm}') = 0$. The zeros of $J_n(x)$ and $J_n'(x)$ are on the following two pages.

Zeros of Bessel Functions of First Kind: $J_a(x) = 0$ for 0 < x < 12

n	1	2	3	4
0	2.4048	5.5200	8.6537	11.7951
1	3.8317	7.0155	10.1743	
2	5.1356	8.4172	11.6198	
3	6.3801	9.7610		
4	7.5883	11.0647		
5	8.7714			
6	9.9361			
7	11.0863			

Extrema of Bessel Functions of First Kind: $dJ_n(x)/dx = 0$ for 0 < x < 12

n	1	2	3	4
0	3.8317	7.0156	10.1735	13.3237
1	1.8412	5.3314	8.5363	11.7060
2	3.0542	6.7061	9.9695	
3	4.2012	8.0152	11.3459	
4	5.3175	9.2824		
5	6.4156	10.5199		
6	7.5013	11.7349		
7	8.5778			
8	9.6474			
9	10.7114			
10	11.7709			

APPENDIX D OTHER MATHEMATICAL RESULTS

Useful Integrals

$$\int_0^a \cos^2 \frac{n\pi x}{a} dx = \int_0^a \sin^2 \frac{n\pi x}{a} dx = \frac{a}{2}, \qquad \text{for } n \ge 1 \quad \text{(D.1)}$$

$$\int_0^a \cos \frac{m\pi x}{a} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{a} dx = \int_0^a \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} dx = 0, \quad \text{for } m \neq n \quad \text{(D.2)}$$

$$\int_0^a \cos \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} dx = 0 \tag{D.3}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin^3 \theta \, d\theta = \frac{4}{3} \tag{D.4}$$

Taylor Series

$$f(x) = f(x_0) + (x - x_0) \frac{df}{dx}\Big|_{x = x_0} + \frac{(x - x_0)^2}{2!} \frac{d^2f}{dx^2}\Big|_{x = x_0} + \cdots$$
 (D.5)

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \cdots$$
 (D.6)

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots, \qquad \text{for } |x| < 1$$
 (D.7)

$$\sqrt{1+x} = 1 + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^2}{8} + \cdots,$$
 for $|x| < 1$ (D.8)

$$\ln x = 2\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right) + \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)^3 + \cdots, \quad \text{for } x > 0$$
 (D.9)

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots {(D.10)}$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots {(D.11)}$$

APPENDIX E PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

- Permittivity of free-space = $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}$ F/m
- Permeability of free-space = $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ H/m
- Impedance of free-space = $\eta_0 = 376.7 \Omega$
- Velocity of light in free-space = $c = 2.998 \times 10^8$ m/s

- Charge of electron = $q = 1.602 \times 10^{-19}$ C Mass of electron = $m = 9.107 \times 10^{-31}$ kg Boltzmann's constant = $k = 1.380 \times 10^{-23}$ J/°K
- Planck's constant = $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$ J-sec
- Gyromagnetic ratio = $\gamma = 1.759 \times 10^{11}$ C/Kg

Appendix G Dielectric Constants and Loss Tangents for Some Materials 687

APPENDIX F CONDUCTIVITIES FOR SOME MATERIALS

Material	Conductivity S/m (20°C)	Material	Conductivity S/m (20°C)
Aluminum	3.816×10^{7}	Nichrome	1.0×10^{6}
Brass	2.564×10^{7}	Nickel	1.449×10^{7}
Bronze	1.00×10^{7}	Platinum	9.52×10^{6}
Chromium	3.846×10^{7}	Sea water	3-5
Copper	5.813×10^{7}	Silicon	4.4×10^{-4}
Distilled water	2×10^{-4}	Silver	6.173×10^{7}
Germanium	2.2×10^{6}	Steel (silicon)	2×10^{6}
Gold	4.098×10^{7}	Steel (stainless)	1.1×10^{6}
Graphite	7.0×10^{4}	Solder	7.0×10^{6}
Iron	1.03×10^{7}	Tungsten	1.825×10^{7}
Mercury	1.04×10^{6}	Zinc	1.67×10^{7}
Lead	4.56×10^{6}		

${\color{red} \underline{\mathsf{APPENDIX}}} \; {\color{blue} \mathbf{G}} \; {\color{blue} \mathsf{DIELECTRIC}} \; {\color{blue} \mathsf{CONSTANTS}} \; {\color{blue} \mathsf{AND}} \; {\color{blue} \mathsf{LOSS}} \; {\color{blue} \mathsf{TANGENTS}} \;$ FOR SOME MATERIALS

Material	Frequency	ϵ_r	tan δ (25°C)
Alumina (99.5%)	10 GHz	9.5–10.	0.0003
Barium tetratitanate	6 GHz	$37 \pm 5\%$	0.0005
Beeswax	10 GHz	2.35	0.005
Beryllia	10 GHz	6.4	0.0003
Ceramic (A-35)	3 GHz	5.60	0.0041
Fused quartz	10 GHz	3.78	0.0001
Gallium arsenide	10 GHz	13.	0.006
Glass (pyrex)	3 GHz	4.82	0.0054
Glazed ceramic	10 GHz	7.2	0.008
Lucite	10 GHz	2.56	0.005
Nylon (610)	3 GHz	2.84	0.012
Parafin	10 GHz	2.24	0.0002
Plexiglass	3 GHz	2.60	0.0057
Polyethylene	10 GHz	2.25	0.0004
Polystyrene	10 GHz	2.54	0.00033
Porcelain (dry process)	100 MHz	5.04	0.0078
Rexolite (1422)	3 GHz	2.54	0.00048
Silicon	10 GHz	11.9	0.004
Styrofoam (103.7)	3 GHz	1.03	0.0001
Teflon	10 GHz	2.08	0.0004
Titania (D-100)	6 GHz	$96 \pm 5\%$	0.001
Vaseline	10 GHz	2.16	0.001
Water (distilled)	3 GHz	76.7	0.157

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APPENDIX H PROPERTIES OF SOME MICROWAVE FERRITE MATERIALS

	Trans-Tech	$4\pi Ms$	ΔH			T_c	$4\pi Mr$
Material	Number	G	Oe	Er	tan δ	°C	G
Magnesium ferrite	TT1-105	1750	225	12.2	0.00025	225	1220
Magnesium ferrite	TT1-390	2150	540	12.7	0.00025	320	1288
Magnesium ferrite	TT1-3000	3000	190	12.9	0.0005	240	2000
Nickel ferrite	TT2-101	3000	350	12.8	0.0025	585	1853
Nickel ferrite	TT2-113	500	150	9.0	0.0008	120	140
Nickel ferrite	TT2-125	2100	460	12.6	0.001	560	1426
Lithium ferrite	TT73-1700	1700	<400	16.1	0.0025	460	1139
Lithium ferrite	TT73-2200	2200	<450	15.8	0.0025	520	1474
Yttrium garnet	G-113	1780	45	15.0	0.0002	280	1277
Aluminum garnet	G-610	680	40	14.5	0.0002	185	515

$\underline{\mathsf{APPENDIX}\, \boldsymbol{\mathsf{I}}}_{\mathsf{STANDARD}} \,\, \mathsf{STANDARD} \,\, \mathsf{RECTANGULAR} \,\, \mathsf{WAVEGUIDE} \,\, \mathsf{DATA}$

Band*	Recommended Frequency Range (GHz)	TE ₁₀ Cutoff Frequency (GHz)	EIA Designation WR-XX	Inside Dimensions Inches (cm)	Outside Dimensions Inches (cm)
L	1.12-1.70	0.908	WR-650	6.500 × 3.250	6.660 × 3.410
				(16.51×8.255)	(16.916×8.661)
R	1.70-2.60	1.372	WR-430	4.300×2.150	4.460×2.310
				(10.922×5.461)	(11.328×5.867)
S	2.60-3.95	2.078	WR-284	2.840×1.340	3.000×1.500
				(7.214×3.404)	(7.620×3.810)
H (G)	3.95-5.85	3.152	WR-187	1.872×0.872	2.000×1.000
				(4.755×2.215)	(5.080×2.540)
C (J)	5.85-8.20	4.301	WR-137	1.372×0.622	1.500×0.750
				(3.485×1.580)	(3.810×1.905)
W (H)	7.05-10.0	5.259	WR-112	1.122×0.497	1.250×0.625
				(2.850×1.262)	(3.175×1.587)
X	8.20-12.4	6.557	WR-90	0.900×0.400	1.000×0.500
				(2.286×1.016)	(2.540×1.270)
Ku (P)	12.4-18.0	9.486	WR-62	0.622×0.311	0.702×0.391
				(1.580×0.790)	(1.783×0.993)
K	18.0-26.5	14.047	WR-42	0.420×0.170	0.500×0.250
				(1.07×0.43)	(1.27×0.635)
Ka (R)	26.5-40.0	21.081	WR-28	0.280×0.140	0.360×0.220
				(0.711×0.356)	(0.914×0.559)
Q	33.0-50.5	26.342	WR-22	0.224×0.112	0.304×0.192
				(0.57×0.28)	(0.772×0.488)
U	40.0-60.0	31.357	WR-19	0.188×0.094	0.268×0.174
				(0.48×0.24)	(0.681×0.442)
V	50.0-75.0	39.863	WR-15	0.148×0.074	0.228×0.154
				(0.38×0.19)	(0.579×0.391)
E	60.0-90.0	48.350	WR-12	0.122×0.061	0.202×0.141
				(0.31×0.015)	(0.513×0.356)
W	75.0-110.0	59.010	WR-10	0.100×0.050	0.180×0.130
				(0.254×0.127)	(0.458×0.330)
F	90.0-140.0	73.840	WR-8	0.080×0.040	0.160×0.120
				(0.203×0.102)	(0.406×0.305)
D	110.0-170.0	90.854	WR-6	0.065×0.0325	0.145×0.1125
				(0.170×0.083)	(0.368×0.2858)
G	140.0-220.0	115.750	WR-5	0.051×0.0255	0.131×0.1055
				(0.130×0.0648)	$(0.333 \times .2680)$

^{*} Letters in parentheses denote alternative designations.

APPENDIX J STANDARD COAXIAL CABLE DATA

(Ω) diam. (ln.) material diam. (ln.) type diam. (ln.) 52 0.0855 P 0.285 braided 0.405 54 0.0855 P 0.280 braided 0.420 55 0.0830 P 0.116 braided 0.200 1 55 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.195 10 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.195 10 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.195 10 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.195 11 50 0.0189 P 0.040 braided 0.195 12 0.0120 T 0.016 braided 0.100 13 0.0120 T 0.016 braided 0.100 14 55 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 15 0.0120 T 0.053 braided 0.100 16 50 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 17 0.063 braided 0.105 18 0.0201 T 0.020 braided 0.105 20 0.0350 P 0.0285 braided 0.105 20 0.0350 P 0.0285 braided 0.105 20 0.0350 P 0.0285 braided 0.105 20 0.0350 T 0.066 braided 0.105 20 0.0350 T 0.066 braided 0.105 20 0.0350 T 0.0060 braided 0.105 20 0.0060 T 0.0060 braided 0.105	RG/U	Impedance	Inner cond.	Dielectric	Dielectric	Cable	Overall	Capacitance	Max. Oper.	Loss at 1 GHz
52 0.0855 P 0.285 braided 0.405 54 0.0320 P 0.16 braided 0.420 54 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.200 55 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.195 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.196 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.197 50 0.0120 T 0.16 0.195 0.195 50 0.0120 T 0.04 0.105 0.105 75 0.0120 T 0.06 braided 0.105 75 0.0120 T 0.06 braided 0.105 75 0.0120 T 0.06 braided 0.105 75 0.0201 T 0.06 braided 0.105 80 0.0388 P 0.28 braided 0.105 80 0.0389 P<	type	(0)	diam. (In.)	material	diam. (In.)	type	diam. (In.)	(pF/ft)	voltage	(dB/100 ft)
50 0.0855 P 0.280 braided 0.420 54 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.200 54 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.195 75 0.0320 T 0.116 braided 0.195 80 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.190 80 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.190 80 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.100 95 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.100 17 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 18 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 19 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.145 10 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.145 10 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.145 20 0.0380	RG-8A/U	52	0.0855	Ь	0.285	braided	0.405	29.5	2000	0.6
54 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.200 54 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.195 75 0.0330 T 0.146 braided 0.195 50 0.0339 T 0.116 braided 0.190 50 0.0189 T 0.016 braided 0.105 50 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 75 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.106 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 70 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.105 80 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.105 80 0.0380	RG-9B/U	50	0.0855	Д	0.280	braided	0.420	30.8	2000	0.6
54 0.0320 P 0.116 braided 0.195 75 0.0230 T 0.146 braided 0.242 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.190 50 0.0189 P 0.060 braided 0.105 50 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.105 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 70 0.020 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0380 P 0.166 braided 0.105 80 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.105 80 0.0380	RG-55B/U	54	0.0320	Ь	0.116	braided	0.200	28.5	1900	16.5
75 0.0230 P 0.146 braided 0.242 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.190 50 0.0380 T 0.116 braided 0.195 50 0.0120 T 0.034 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0320 T 0.105 braided 0.105 80 0.0388 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.115 80 0.0380 P 0.166 braided 0.105 80 0.0380 P 0.16 braided 0.105 80 0.0300	RG-58B/U	54	0.0320	Ь	0.116	braided	0.195	28.5	1900	17.5
50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.190 50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.195 50 0.0129 T 0.060 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.105 80 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.105 80 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.102 80 0.0201	RG-59B/U	75	0.0230	Ь	0.146	braided	0.242	20.6	2300	11.5
50 0.0390 T 0.116 braided 0.195 50 0.0189 P 0.060 braided 0.100 50 0.0120 T 0.034 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.140 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.145 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.145 80 0.0380 P 0.165 braided 0.215 80 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.215 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 80 0.0204 T 0.16 braided 0.102 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 80 0.0204	RG-141A/U	50	0.0390	T	0.116	braided	0.190	29.4	1900	13.0
50 0.0189 P 0.060 braided 0.100 50 0.0120 T 0.034 braided 0.072 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.100 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0288 P 0.185 braided 0.145 50 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.405 50 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.215 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.215 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0201	RG-142A/U	50	0.0390	Т	0.116	braided	0.195	29.4	1900	13.0
50 0.0120 T 0.034 braided 0.072 75 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 95 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.140 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.445 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.425 50 0.0350 P 0.186 braided 0.415 50 0.0388 P 0.285 braided 0.425 50 0.0380 P 0.16 braided 0.415 50 0.0350 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0364 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0360 T 0.066 braided 0.102 50 0.0360	RG-174/U	20	0.0189	Ь	0.060	braided	0.100	30.8	1500	31.0
75 0.0120 T 0.063 braided 0.100 95 0.0120 T 0.102 braided 0.140 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0220 T 0.028 braided 0.145 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.405 50 0.0380 P 0.285 braided 0.415 50 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0381 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0391 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0364 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.121 50 0.0360 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0301 </td <td>RG-178B/U</td> <td>50</td> <td>0.0120</td> <td>T</td> <td>0.034</td> <td>braided</td> <td>0.072</td> <td>29.4</td> <td>1000</td> <td>45.0</td>	RG-178B/U	50	0.0120	T	0.034	braided	0.072	29.4	1000	45.0
95 0.0120 T 0.102 braided 0.140 75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0120 T 0.102 braided 0.145 80 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.405 80 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.211 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.211 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.211 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 80 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 80 0.0204 T 0.110 semi-rigid 0.121 80 0.0204 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141 80 0.0201 </td <td>RG-179B/U</td> <td>75</td> <td>0.0120</td> <td>T</td> <td>0.063</td> <td>braided</td> <td>0.100</td> <td>19.5</td> <td>1200</td> <td>25.0</td>	RG-179B/U	75	0.0120	T	0.063	braided	0.100	19.5	1200	25.0
75 0.0120 T 0.060 braided 0.105 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0120 T 0.102 braided 0.145 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.405 50 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.215 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0245 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.102 50 0.0360 T 0.116 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0360 T 0.119 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.045	RG-180B/U	95	0.0120	Т	0.102	braided	0.140	15.4	1500	16.5
50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.105 95 0.0120 T 0.102 braided 0.145 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.405 50 0.0380 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0045 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.102 50 0.0360 T 0.119 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141	RG-187/U	75	0.0120	H	0.060	braided	0.105	19.5	1200	25.0
95 0.0120 T 0.102 braided 0.145 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.405 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.425 50 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0645 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0851	RG-188/U	20	0.0201	H	0.060	braided	0.105	29.4	1200	30.0
50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.405 50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.425 50 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0645 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.250 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-195/U	95	0.0120	H	0.102	braided	0.145	15.4	1500	16.5
50 0.0888 P 0.285 braided 0.425 50 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0645 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.250 50 0.0360 T 0.19 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-213/U	50	0.0888	Ь	0.285	braided	0.405	30.8	2000	0.6
50 0.0350 P 0.116 braided 0.211 50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0645 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.250 50 0.0360 T 0.119 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-214/U	50	0.0888	Ь	0.285	braided	0.425	30.8	2000	0.6
50 0.0201 T 0.060 braided 0.102 50 0.0645 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.250 50 0.0360 T 0.119 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-223/U	50	0.0350	Ь	0.116	braided	0.211	30.8	1900	16.5
50 0.0645 T 0.215 semi-rigid 0.250 50 0.0360 T 0.119 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-316/U	50	0.0201	T	0.060	braided	0.102	29.4	1200	30.0
50 0.0360 T 0.119 semi-rigid 0.141 50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-401/U	50	0.0645	T	0.215	semi-rigid	0.250	29.3	3000	1
50 0.0201 T 0.066 semi-rigid 0.0865	RG-402/U	50	0.0360	Т	0.119	semi-rigid	0.141	29.3	2500	13.0
20000	RG-405/U	50	0.0201	Т	990.0	semi-rigid	0.0865	29.4	1500	I

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