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# **SQL Cheat Sheet: JOIN statements**



#### **Joins**

Topic	Syntax	Description	Example
Cross Join	<pre>SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 CROSS JOIN table2;</pre>	The CROSS JOIN is used to generate a paired combination of each row of the first table with each row of the second table.	SELECT DEPT_ID_DEP, LOCT_ID FROM DEPARTMENTS CROSS JOIN LOCATIONS;
Inner Join	<pre>SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 INNER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name; WHERE condition;</pre>	You can use an inner join in a SELECT statement to retrieve only the rows that satisfy the join conditions on every specified table.	JH.START_DATE from EMPLOYEES as E
Left Outer Join	<pre>SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;</pre>	return all records from the left side table and the	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Right Outer Join	<pre>SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;</pre>	The RIGHT OUTER JOIN returns all records from the right table, and the matching records from the left table.	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Full Outer Join	<pre>SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 FULL OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;</pre>	The FULL OUTER JOIN clause results in the inclusion of rows from two tables. If a value is missing when rows are joined, that value is null in the result table.	select E.F_NAME,E.L_NAME,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E FULL OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Self Join	<pre>SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 T1, table1 T2 WHERE condition;</pre>		

### Joins in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

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> SELECT column\_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column\_name = table2.column\_name WHERE

condition

Full Outer UNION

Join

SELECT column\_name(s)

FROM table1

RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column\_name = table2.column name WHERE condition

select

E.F\_NAME, E.L\_NAME, D.DEP\_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP\_ID=D.DEPT\_ID\_DEP

The UNION operator is used to combine the result-set of two or UNION more SELECT statements.

select

E.F\_NAME, E.L\_NAME, D.DEP\_NAME

from EMPLOYEES AS E

RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS

AS D ON

E.DEP\_ID=D.DEPT\_ID\_DEP

# Author(s)

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## Changelog

#### **Version Changed by Change Description** Date 2023-05-04 1.1 Benny Li Formatting changes D.M.Naidu Initial Version 2022-10-04 1.0

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