

HW 11.

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I.

$$1. p \rightarrow q$$

$$2. p \rightarrow r$$

Prove: $p \rightarrow q \wedge r$

$$3. \neg p \vee q \quad 1, \text{cond.}$$

$$4. \neg p \vee r \quad 2, \text{cond.}$$

$$5. (\neg p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee r) \quad 3, 4, \text{conj.}$$

$$6. \neg p \vee (q \wedge r) \quad 5, \text{distributive}$$

$$7. p \rightarrow (q \wedge r) \quad 6, \text{cond.}$$

$$1. p \rightarrow q \vee r$$

$$2. p \rightarrow q \vee \bar{r}$$

Prove $p \rightarrow q$

$$3. \neg p \vee (q \vee r) \quad 1, \text{cond}$$

$$4. \neg p \vee (q \vee \bar{r}) \quad 2, \text{cond}$$

$$5. (\neg p \vee (q \vee r)) \wedge (\neg p \vee (q \vee \bar{r})) \quad 3, 4, \text{conj.}$$

$$6. \neg p \vee ((q \vee r) \wedge (q \vee \bar{r})) \quad 5, \text{dist.}$$

$$7. \neg p \vee (q \vee (r \wedge \bar{r})) \quad 6, \text{dist.}$$

$$8. \neg p \vee (q \vee F) \quad 7, \text{negation}$$

$$9. \neg p \vee q \quad 8, \text{identity}$$

$$10. p \rightarrow q \quad 9, \text{cond.}$$

II.

p	q	r	$q \wedge r$	$p \rightarrow (q \wedge r)$
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

III. 1. $(p \wedge q \wedge r) \rightarrow (p \vee q)$

p	q	r	$p \wedge q \wedge r$	$p \vee q$	all	TAUTOLOGY
0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	1	0	0	1	
0	1	0	0	1	1	
1	0	0	0	1	1	
0	1	1	0	1	1	
1	0	1	0	1	1	
1	1	0	0	1	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	

2.

p	q	r	$p \rightarrow q$	$q \rightarrow r$	$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$	$p \rightarrow r$	all	TAUTOLOGY
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

3.

p	q	$p \rightarrow q$	$(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p$	SATISFIABLE
0	0	1	0	
0	1	1	0	
1	0	0	1	
1	1	1	1	

$$4. (p \vee q \vee r) \wedge (\bar{p} \vee \bar{q} \vee \bar{r}) \wedge (p \vee \bar{q}) \wedge (q \vee \bar{r}) \vee (r \vee \bar{p})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} p & q & r \\ * & * & 1 \\ * & 0 & * \end{array} \}$$

0 1 0 \leftarrow does not satisfy

SATISFIABLE

$$IV. p \vee (q \wedge (\overline{r \wedge (s \rightarrow t)}))$$

$$\overline{r \wedge (\bar{s} \vee t)}$$

$$\bar{r} \vee \overline{\bar{s} \vee t}$$

$$\bar{r} \vee (s \wedge \bar{t})$$

$$p \vee (q \wedge (\bar{r} \vee (s \wedge \bar{t})))$$

$$p \vee ((q \wedge \bar{r}) \vee (q \wedge (s \wedge \bar{t})))$$

$$q \vee ((q \wedge \bar{r}) \vee (q \wedge s \wedge \bar{t}))$$

$$\boxed{q \vee (q \wedge \bar{r}) \vee (q \wedge s \wedge \bar{t})}$$

V. Yes. If q is true, the formula is already true.

I used a short certificate b/c I only needed to check the very first part of the formula to find an answer that satisfies the formula.