Phil/LPS 31 Introduction to Inductive Logic Lecture 15

David Mwakima dmwakima@uci.edu Department of Logic and Philosophy of Science University of California, Irvine

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Topics

- Ordinal Utilities
- ► Strict Dominance Principle
- Cardinal Utilities
- ► Expected Utility and Risk
- Principles of Rational Choice

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- ► The relevant sense of "information" here is information about the probability distribution of states.
- ► The relevant sense of "uncertainty" here is that we don't know the probabilities with which the states will occur with certainty.

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- ▶ We write $A_i \sim A_j$ to mean Act i is preferred equally to Act j.

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- ▶ Here we see that 4 > 3 > 2. So this utility function respects the preference ordering of the acts. 4, 3 and 2 are ordinal utilities.

▶ Suppose now that the host serves chicken, S₂. You think that if the host serves chicken you'd much rather bring white wine than either red wine or rosé. Assume also that if you can't find white wine at Trader Joe's you'd much rather bring rosé than red wine.

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 - 3 Verify that your utility function respects your preference ordering.

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 - (4) Provide no information about the strength of preferences.

Making Decisions with Ordinal Utilities

From the previous exercises we obtain the following desirability table for acts based on our ordinal utility function.

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White	4	5
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- Strict Dominance: $A_i \succ A_j$ if and only if (1) $u(A_i|S_n) \ge u(A_j|S_n)$ for every state S_n (at least as good) and (2) there exists a state S_m such that $u(A_i|S_m) > u(A_j|S_m)$ (at least one better).

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► Exercise. Refer to the desirability table for the dinner party example to answer the following questions.

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White	3	4	1
Red	2	1	4
Rosé	3	4	4

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- Exercise. Refer to the desirability table for the dinner party example to answer the following questions.
 - $ightharpoonup A_1 \succeq A_3$?
 - ► $A_3 > A_1$?
 - $ightharpoonup A_3 \succeq A_2$?
 - Does the strong dominance principle imply the weak dominance principle?

Maximin Principle

Cardinal Utilities

Minimax: MINimize the MAXimum regret

Decision Problems Under Risk

Expected Utility and Risk

$$U(A_1) = u(A|S_1)P(S_1) + u(A|S_2)P(S_1) + \dots + u(A|S_n)P(S_n)$$

= $\sum_{i=1}^{n} u(A|S_i)P(S_i)$

Maximize Expected Utility