Task rt

July 3, 2025

## 1 Task rt

#### 1.1 Task description

Each student is assigned a task consisting of two parts: - Part A: Real-Time ECG Signal Processing — simulate and process ECG signal in real-time-like fashion. - Part B: Kalman-Bucy Filtering — implement and simulate a Kalman-Bucy filter for a continuous stochastic system.

Students are expected to: - Analyze and comment on system behavior and filter performance. - Submit source code, plots, and a brief written interpretation.

Variant 6: - ECG sampling rate = 250 Hz, duration = 12 s, block = 125 samples. - Kalman-Bucy:  $\dot{x} = -1.2x + w$ , y = x + v, Q = 0.3, R = 1.2

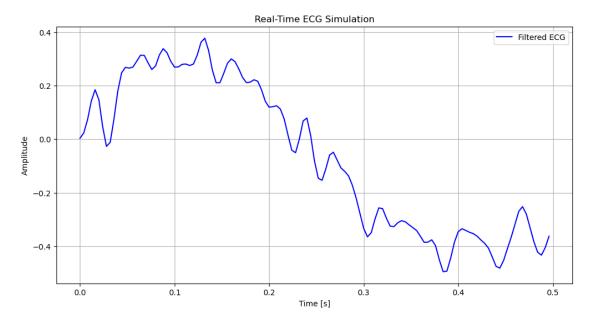
## 1.2 Python code

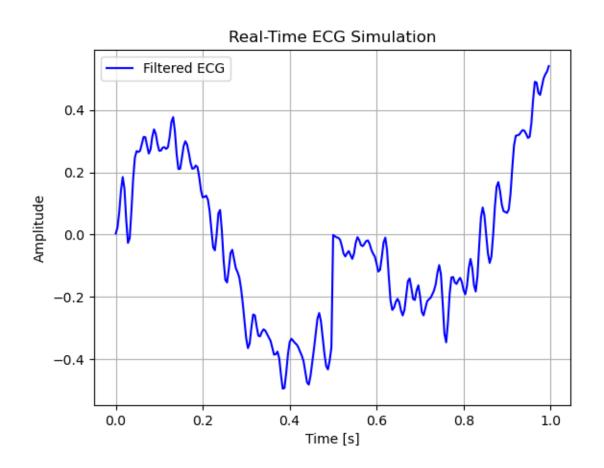
#### 1.2.1 Part A: Real-Time ECG Signal Processing

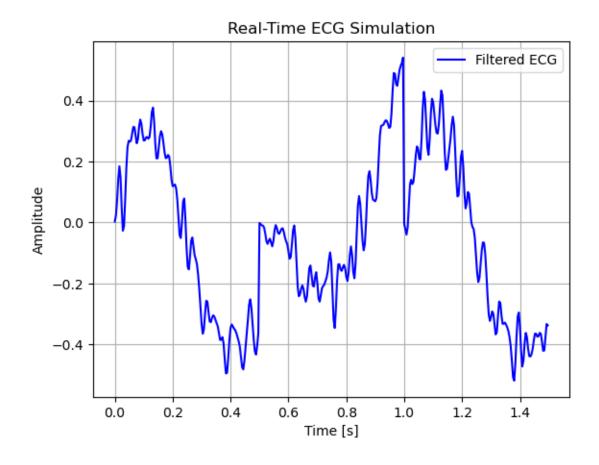
```
[2]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import time
     from scipy.signal import butter, lfilter
     # Generate synthetic ECG signal
     def synthetic_ecg(fs, duration, heart_rate=60):
         t = np.linspace(0, duration, int(fs * duration))
         ecg = 0.6 * np.sin(2 * np.pi * heart_rate/60 * t) 
                + 0.2 * np.sin(2 * np.pi * 2 * heart_rate/60 * t) \
                + 0.1 * np.random.randn(len(t)) # Add noise
         return t, ecg
     # Bandpass filter (0.5-40 Hz)
     def bandpass_filter(signal, fs, lowcut=0.5, highcut=40.0, order=4):
         nyq = 0.5 * fs
         low = lowcut / nyq
         high = highcut / nyq
         b, a = butter(order, [low, high], btype='band')
         return lfilter(b, a, signal)
     # Simulate real-time processing
```

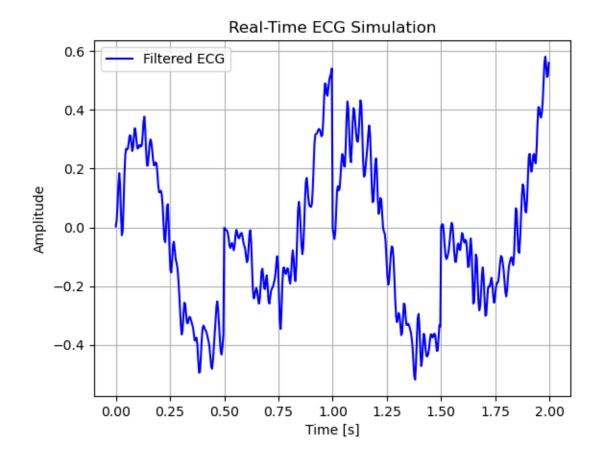
```
def simulate_real_time_processing(ecg_signal, fs, block_size=125):
   total_samples = len(ecg_signal)
   num_blocks = total_samples // block_size
   delay = block_size / fs # Time per block
   processed_signal = []
   t_axis = []
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
   print("Simulating real-time ECG filtering...")
   for i in range(num_blocks):
       block = ecg_signal[i*block_size:(i+1)*block_size]
       filtered = bandpass_filter(block, fs)
       processed_signal.extend(filtered)
       t_axis.extend(np.arange(i*block_size, (i+1)*block_size) / fs)
        # Dynamic plot update (optional)
       plt.clf()
       plt.plot(t_axis, processed_signal, 'b-', label="Filtered ECG")
       plt.title("Real-Time ECG Simulation")
       plt.xlabel("Time [s]")
       plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
       plt.grid(True)
       plt.legend()
       plt.pause(0.001)
       time.sleep(delay) # Simulate processing delay
   plt.show()
   return np.array(t_axis), np.array(processed_signal)
# Main execution
fs = 250 \# Sampling rate (Hz)
duration = 12 # Duration (s)
t, ecg = synthetic_ecg(fs, duration)
t_axis, processed_ecg = simulate_real_time_processing(ecg, fs, block_size=125)
# Plot final results
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(t, ecg, 'r-', alpha=0.5, label="Raw ECG")
plt.plot(t_axis, processed_ecg, 'b-', label="Filtered ECG")
plt.title("ECG Signal Processing Results")
plt.xlabel("Time [s]")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

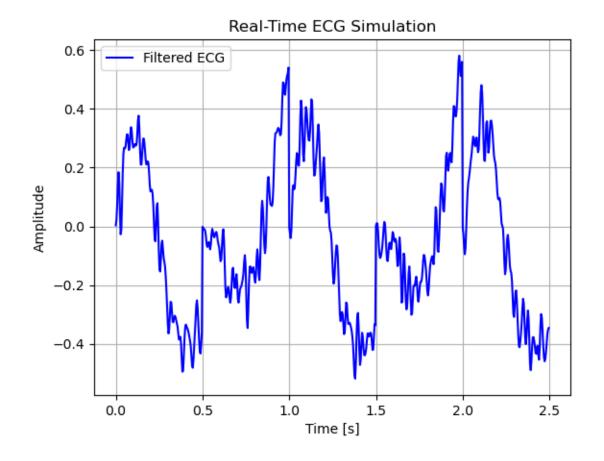
# Simulating real-time ECG filtering...

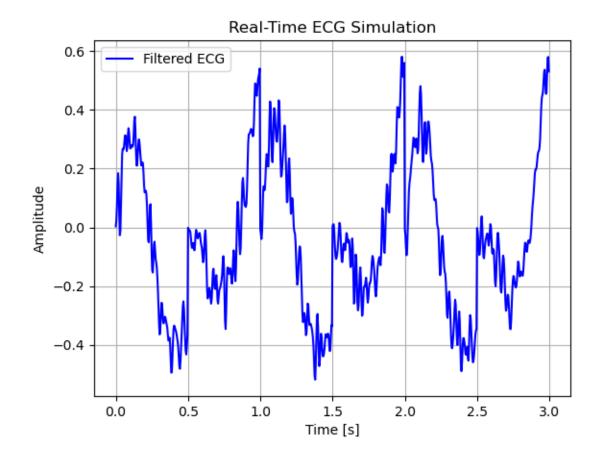


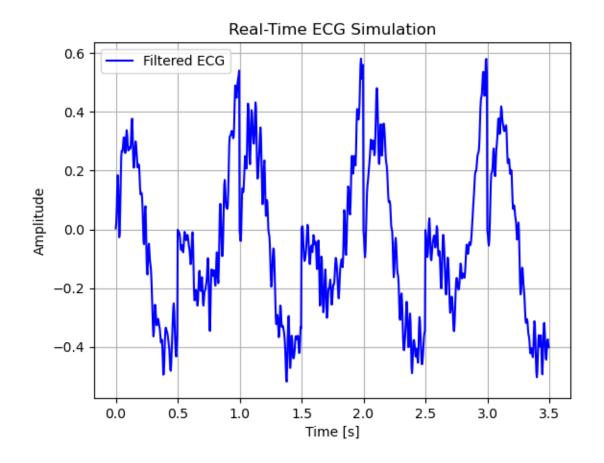


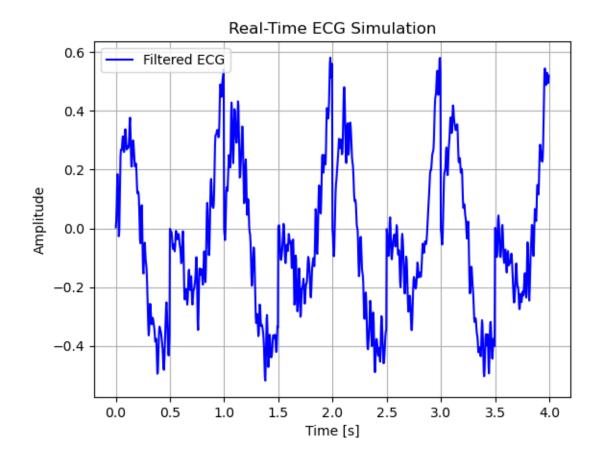


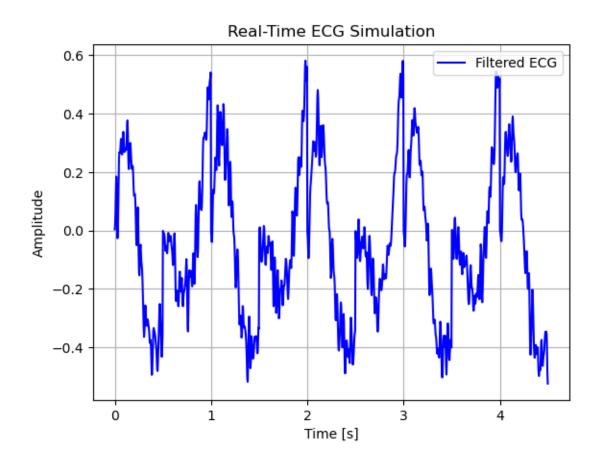


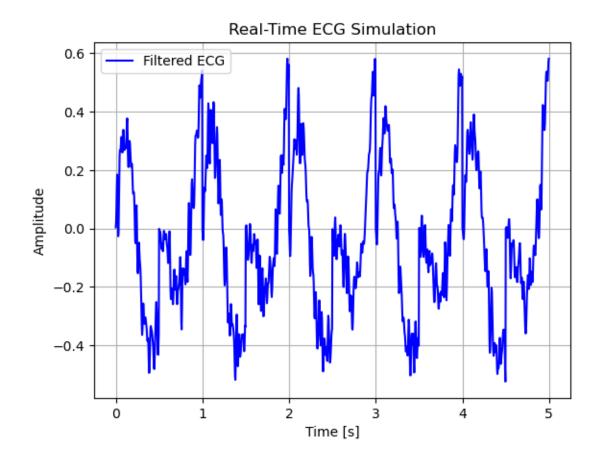


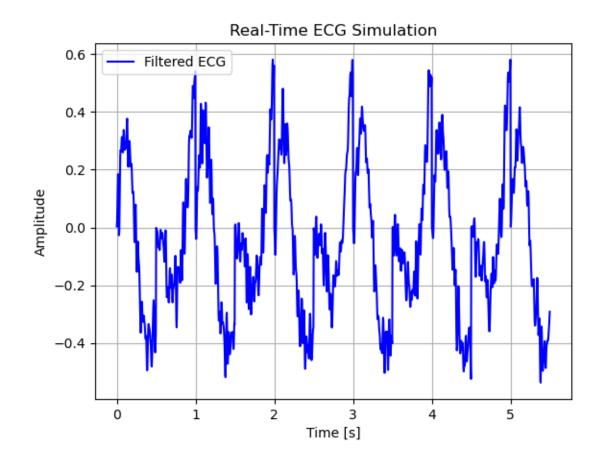


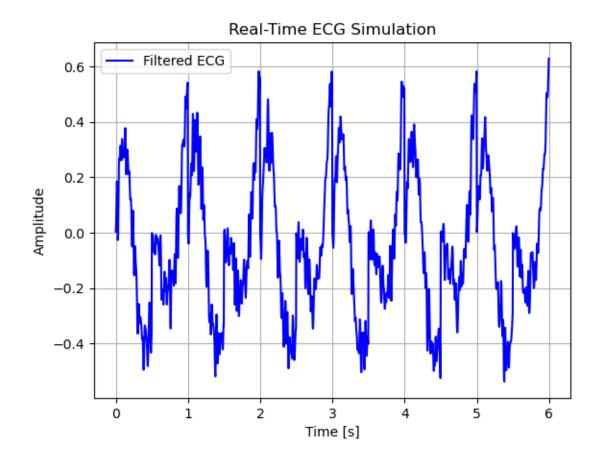


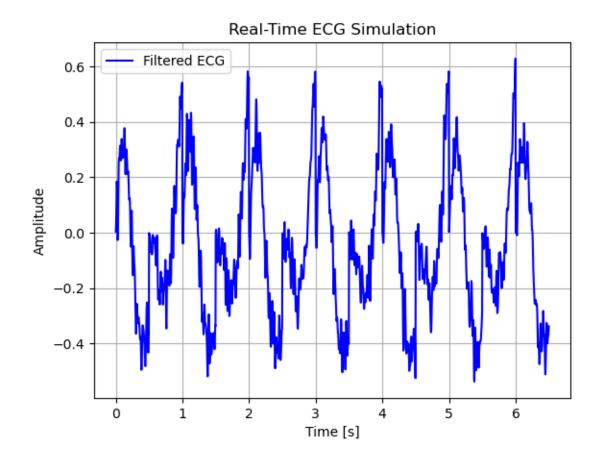


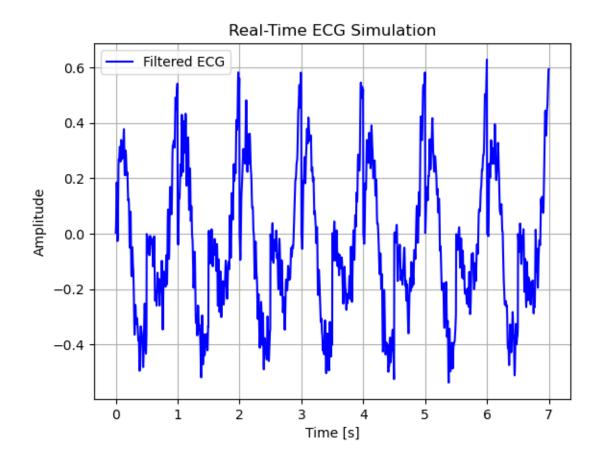


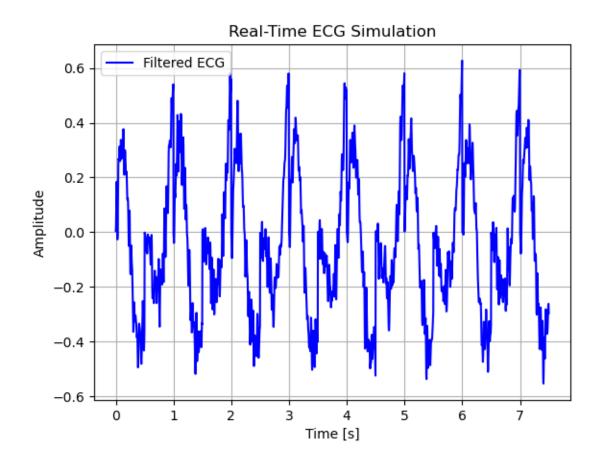


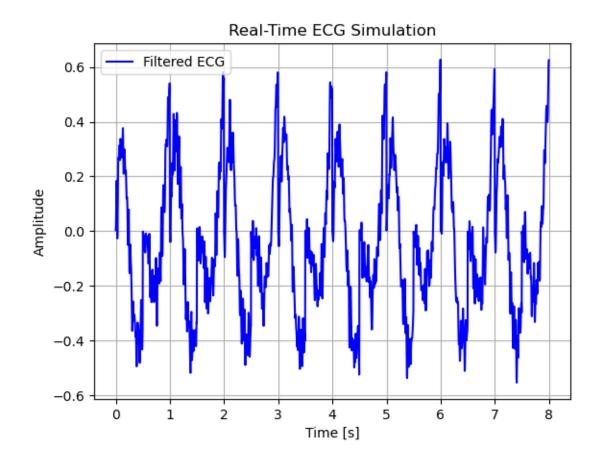


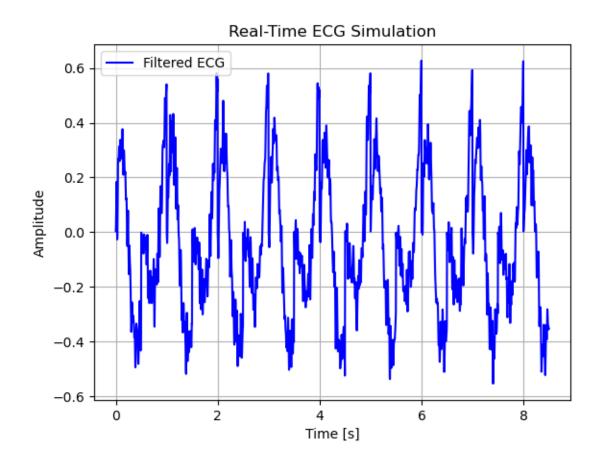


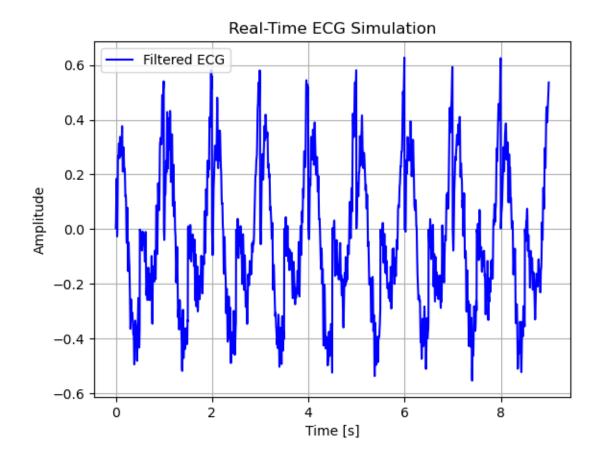


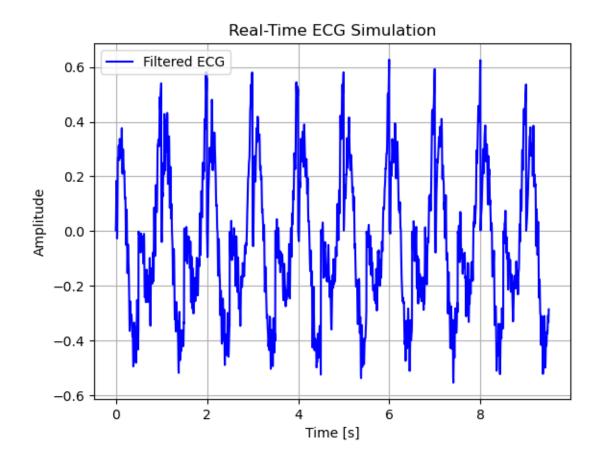


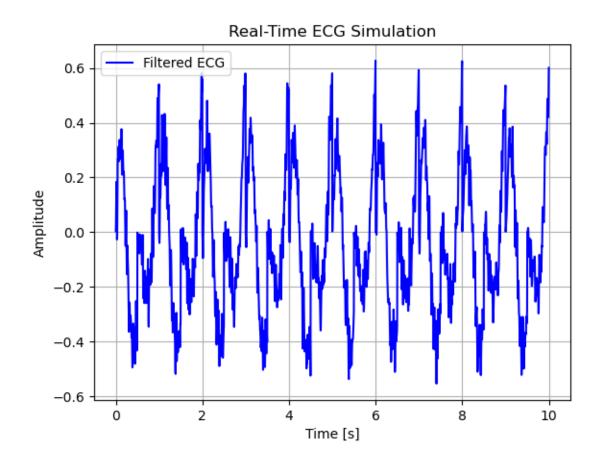


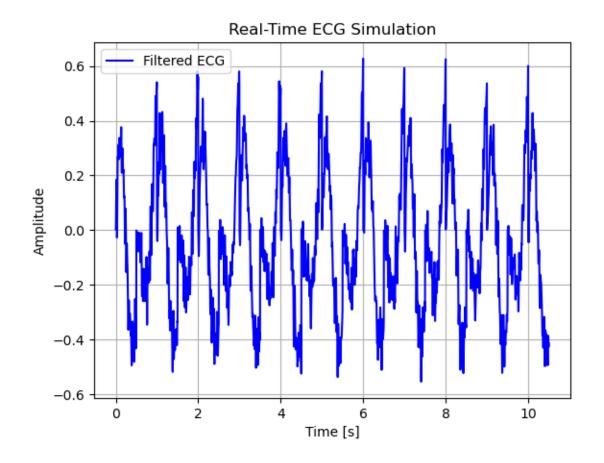


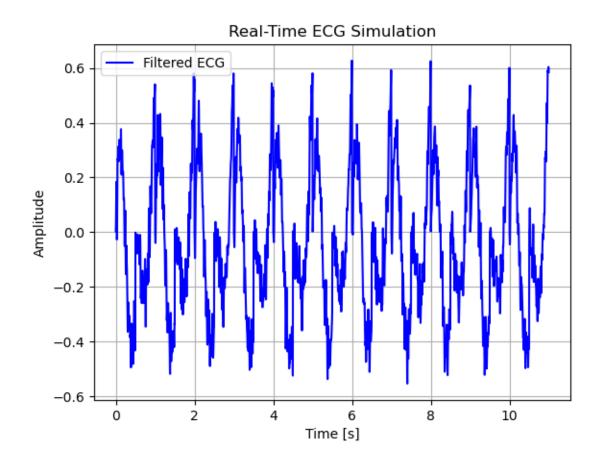


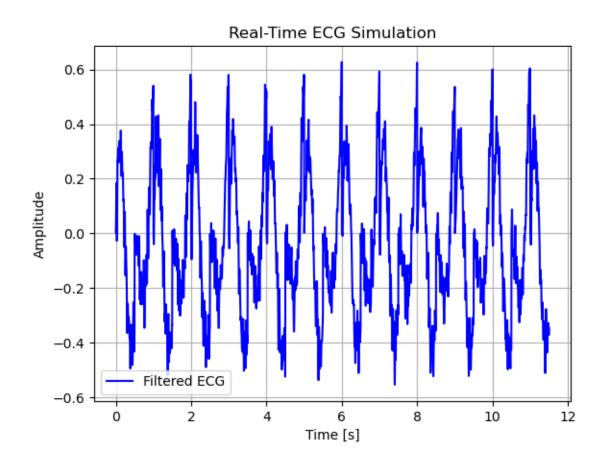


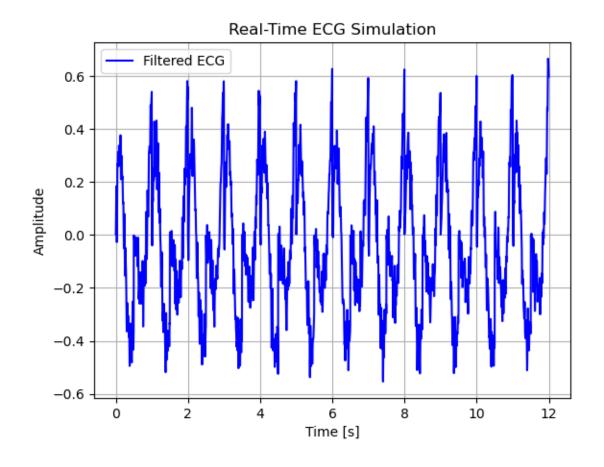


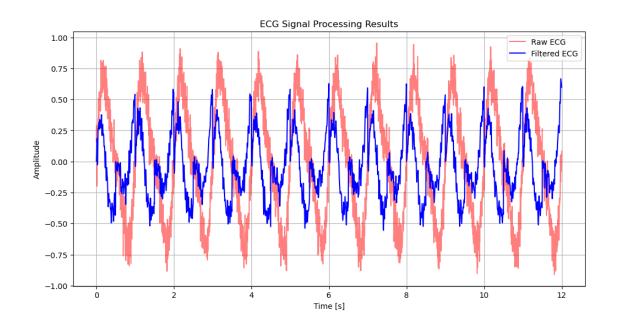












### 1.2.2 Part B: Kalman-Bucy Filtering

```
[4]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Kalman-Bucy filter simulation
     def kalman_bucy_simulation(T=12, dt=0.01, A=-1.2, C=1, Q=0.3, R=1.2):
         n_{steps} = int(T / dt)
         x true = 0.0 # Initial true state
         x_hat = 0.0  # Initial state estimate
         P = 1.0
                    # Initial error covariance
         # History arrays
         t_vals = np.arange(0, T, dt)
         x_history = np.zeros(n_steps)
         xhat_history = np.zeros(n_steps)
         p_history = np.zeros(n_steps)
         for k in range(n_steps):
             # True system dynamics
             w = np.random.normal(0, np.sqrt(Q * dt))
             x_{true} = x_{true} + dt * (A * x_{true}) + w
             # Generate measurement
             v = np.random.normal(0, np.sqrt(R))
             y = C * x_true + v
             # Kalman-Bucy update
             K = P * C / R # Kalman qain
             x_hat = x_hat + dt * (A * x_hat + K * (y - C * x_hat))
             P = P + dt * (2 * A * P + Q - K * C * P)
             # Store results
             x_history[k] = x_true
             xhat_history[k] = x_hat
             p_history[k] = P
         return t_vals, x_history, xhat_history, p_history
     # Execute simulation
     t, x_true, x_hat, P = kalman_bucy_simulation(T=12)
     # Plot results
     plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
     plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
     plt.plot(t, x_true, 'r-', label="True State")
    plt.plot(t, x_hat, 'b--', label="Estimated State")
```

```
plt.title("Kalman-Bucy Filter: State Estimation")
plt.xlabel("Time [s]")
plt.ylabel("State Value")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend()

plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
plt.plot(t, P, 'g-')
plt.title("Error Covariance Evolution")
plt.xlabel("Time [s]")
plt.ylabel("Covariance $P(t)$")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

