upper_confidence_bound

November 7, 2024

1 Upper Confidence Bound (UCB)

1.1 Importing the libraries

```
[]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

1.2 Importing the dataset

```
[]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Ads_CTR_Optimisation.csv')
```

1.3 Implementing UCB

```
[]: import math
     N = 10000
     d = 10
     ads selected = []
     numbers_of_selections = [0] * d
     sums_of_rewards = [0] * d
     total_reward = 0
     for n in range(0, N):
         ad = 0
         max_upper_bound = 0
         for i in range(0, d):
             if (numbers_of_selections[i] > 0):
                 average_reward = sums_of_rewards[i] / numbers_of_selections[i]
                 delta_i = math.sqrt(3/2 * math.log(n + 1) /_{\sqcup}
      →numbers_of_selections[i])
                 upper_bound = average_reward + delta_i
             else:
                 upper_bound = 1e400
             if upper_bound > max_upper_bound:
                 max_upper_bound = upper_bound
                 ad = i
         ads_selected.append(ad)
         numbers_of_selections[ad] = numbers_of_selections[ad] + 1
         reward = dataset.values[n, ad]
```

```
sums_of_rewards[ad] = sums_of_rewards[ad] + reward
total_reward = total_reward + reward
```

1.4 Visualising the results

```
[4]: plt.hist(ads_selected)
    plt.title('Histogram of ads selections')
    plt.xlabel('Ads')
    plt.ylabel('Number of times each ad was selected')
    plt.show()
```

