```
In [1]:
        # This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics libraries ins
        talled
        # It is defined by the kaggle/python Docker image: https://github.com/kaggl
        e/docker-python
        # For example, here's several helpful packages to load
        import numpy as np # linear algebra
        import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)
        # Input data files are available in the read-only "../input/" directory
        # For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter) will
         list all files under the input directory
        import os
        for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'):
            for filename in filenames:
                print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
        # You can write up to 20GB to the current directory (/kaggle/working/) that
        gets preserved as output when you create a version using "Save & Run All"
        # You can also write temporary files to /kaggle/temp/, but they won't be sa
        ved outside of the current session
```

```
/kaggle/input/nlp-getting-started/sample_submission.csv
/kaggle/input/nlp-getting-started/train.csv
/kaggle/input/nlp-getting-started/test.csv
```

## **Brief Description of Problem**

This is an introductory competition on Kaggle to learn Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques. We are given tweets and have to determine if they are actually announcing disaster or not. This is a simple binary classification (only 2 categories).

#### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

#### **Load Dataset**

```
In [2]:
        train = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/nlp-getting-started/train.csv')
        test = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/nlp-getting-started/test.csv')
```

```
In [3]:
        train.head()
```

Out[3]:

	id	keyword	location	text	target
0	1	NaN	NaN	Our Deeds are the Reason of this #earthquake M	1
1	4	NaN	NaN	Forest fire near La Ronge Sask. Canada	1
2	5	NaN	NaN	All residents asked to 'shelter in place' are	1
3	6	NaN	NaN	13,000 people receive #wildfires evacuation or	1
4	7	NaN	NaN	Just got sent this photo from Ruby #Alaska as	1

```
In [4]:
        test.head()
```

Out[4]:

	id	keyword	location	text
0	0	NaN	NaN	Just happened a terrible car crash
1	2	NaN	NaN	Heard about #earthquake is different cities, s
2	3	NaN	NaN	there is a forest fire at spot pond, geese are
3	9	NaN	NaN	Apocalypse lighting. #Spokane #wildfires
4	11	NaN	NaN	Typhoon Soudelor kills 28 in China and Taiwan

```
In [5]:
         len(test)
```

Out[5]:

3263

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Since we only want to train on the text, I will remove the columns 'id', 'keyword', and 'location'. The target column will be our labels.

```
In [6]:
        train = train.drop(['id', 'keyword', 'location'], axis=1)
        test = test.drop(['id', 'keyword', 'location'], axis=1)
In [7]:
        print(train.shape)
        print(test.shape)
        (7613, 2)
        (3263, 1)
In [8]:
        train['target'].value_counts()
Out[8]:
        0
             4342
             3271
        1
        Name: target, dtype: int64
```

## **Preprocessing Data**

We see the training dataset is somewhat imbalanced. I will further clean the training data before handling this imbalance.

I want to look at more entries to see what characters/cleaning may be necessary. I will select 50 random entries from the target set.

\_\_notebook\_\_

In [9]:

```
import random
rand_idx = random.sample(list(train.index),50)
for idx in rand_idx:
    print(train.iloc[idx,0])
```

Still blazing ????

Investigators rule catastrophic structural failure resulted in 2014 ... http://t.co/AdZ8kbuRt7

Look for my Policy Matters Ohio report on #CLE and Cuyahoga County bli ght and greening vacant lands soon! https://t.co/if62SdXVp7 Whirlwind Head Scissor on @alexhammerstone @kttape ktfounder #RemyMarc el #FroFroFro Û\_ https://t.co/B19z8Vi3td

Fear and panic in the air

I want to be free

From desolation and despair

And I feel like everything I sow ? http://t.co/iXW2cUTk1C Gunshot wound #9 is in the bicep. The only one of the ten wounds that is not in the chest/torso area. #KerrickTrial #JonathanFerrell I rated Catastrophe (2015) 8/10 #IMDb - hilarious! http://t.co/cjrSSR Y1RT

#Earthquake #Sismo M 1.9 - 15km E of Anchorage Alaska: Time2015-08-06 00:11:16 UTC2015-08-05 16:11:16 -08:00 ... http://t.co/Z0VeR1hVM9 Best believe all the wrong decisions are being made out here in these Memphis streets during this here rainstorm lol my folk doe oh yeah my ipod almost exploded last night i was using it while chargi ng and shit was sparking akxbskdn almost died Watching 'The Desolation of Smaug' in Spanish is a hell of a drug I hope they fall off a cliff.

Dramatic Video Shows Plane Landing During Violent Storm http://t.co/rJ 9qkJKJJn

And please don't flood poor @RobertBEnglund's mentions. He's put in hi s work!

I can't believe @myfriendmina photo bombed a screenshot Why weren't they taken back to Africa once rescued? #c4news STAR WARS POWER OF THE JEDI COLLECTION 1 BATTLE DROID HASBRO - Full re ad by eBay http://t.co/xFguklrlTf http://t.co/FeGu8hWMc4 just got engulfed in a car-induced tidal wave on my run... I thought t his only happened in the movies ????

My brains going to explode i need to leave this house. Ill be out smok ing packs if you need me

daviesmutia: Breaking news! Unconfirmed! I just heard a loud bang near by. in what appears to be a blast of wind from my neighbour's ass.

I understand why broke ppl be mad or always hav an attitude now this s ht ain't no fun i won't be desolate for long

@jamienye u can't blame it all on coaching management penalties defenc

e or injuries. Cursed is probably a good way to put it! #riders Gut Deutsch musik! The old and rotten the monarchy has collapsed. The new may live. Long live the German Republic! https://t.co/RJjU70rHyu Emergency units simulate a chemical explosion at NU: Suppose a student in the research labs at Northwestern Û\_ http://t.co/ExitLxgIsJ Watching a man electrocuted on the roof of #mumbailocals is definitely a lesson.. People please learn!! #lessonforlife #marinelines #mumbai Obama Declares Disaster for Typhoon-Devastated Saipan: Obama signs dis aster declaration for Northern Marians a... http://t.co/XDt4VHFn7B @ThomasHCrown My grandfather was set to be in the first groups of Mari nes to hit Japan in Operation Olympic. 95% casualty rate predictions 'I tried to save Mido Macia': One of the murder accused has testified he tried to save Mido Macia Ûas life. http://t.co/vxVfAEEY0q #PFT Barkevious Mingo missed Browns practice with a mystery injury htt p://t.co/D7m9KGMPJI

I liked a @YouTube video from @jeromekem http://t.co/Ng89drydbU DJ Haz ard - Death Sport

Permits for bear hunting in danger of outnumbering actual bears: The 1 icenses for Florida's fir... http://t.co/FP64Y0SJwx #st petersburg @\_itsmegss\_ I think it is. well it's bloody barking now My emotions are a train wreck. My body is a train wreck. I'm a wreck and I thought my surgical wounds were healed!!! this weather ain't hel ping either ):

Dr. Bengston on #wildfire management: ÛÏnumbers and size of fires are as affected and costs of fighting them all show upward trend.  $\hat{\sf U}$  #smem @laevantine Fortunately I reworked the plumbing on my emergency chemic al shower to draw from the glitter pipe for just such an occasion I tell my cousins I don't wanna hang out and they text me saying 'we'r e coming over' honestly do you have a death wish

13,000 people receive #wildfires evacuation orders in California I had to grill for a school function. One of the grills we had going w as pretty much either off or forest fire. No inbetween! Made it work @Hurricane\_Dolce no prob

What the fuck is going on at Trent Bridge?! Reminds me of England's c ollapse out in the Caribbean back in the 90s...

Storm batters Auckland and Northland: A violent overnight storm has ba ttered Auckland and Northland uprooting... http://t.co/enrPGRgtTs @bre\_morrow neither of them even smoke so I dk what was going on lol VIDEO: 'We're picking up bodies from water': Rescuers are searching fo r hundreds of migrants in ... http://t.co/bS6PjT09Tc #Africa #News @mockingpanems @cuddlesforjen what if he slammed her against the wall

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ttp://t.co/8L4RFFZD0P

for the wrong reason but then he came out of hijack mode and it Worlds Collide When an American Family Takes Over Britain's Isle of Ma n in New TLC Show Suddenly Royal http://t.co/OmB3oS54tN via @People Watch This Airport Get Swallowed Up By A Sandstorm In Under A Minute h ttp://t.co/mkWyvM3i8r Posted a new song: 'Earthquake' http://t.co/RfTyyZ4GwJ http://t.co/lau 0Ay7ahV kotolily\_: Breaking news! Unconfirmed! I just heard a loud bang nearb y. in what appears to be a blast of wind from my neighbour's ass. Watch This Airport Get Swallowed Up By A Sandstorm In Under A Minute h

So, we see there are a lot of links (http://...) and tweets directed at certain users. Removing html links and strings that begin with @ will be the initial set for cleaning.

```
In [10]:
         import re
In [11]:
         def remove_links(sentence):
             link = re.compile(r'https?://\S+')
             return link.sub(r'', sentence)
         def remove_targeted_tweets(sentence):
             tgt_twt = re.compile(r'@\S+')
             return tgt_twt.sub(r'', sentence)
         def clean_data(data):
             data['text'] = data['text'].apply(lambda x : remove_links(x))
             data['text'] = data['text'].apply(lambda x : remove_targeted_tweets(x
         ))
             return data
```

```
In [12]:
         train_cleaned = clean_data(train)
         test_cleaned = clean_data(test)
```

\_\_notebook\_\_

Now I will look at the same subset again

\_\_notebook\_\_

In [13]:

for idx in rand\_idx: print(train\_cleaned.iloc[idx,0]) Still blazing ????

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Emergency units simulate a chemical explosion at NU: Suppose a student

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in the research labs at Northwestern Û\_

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what if he slammed her against the wall for the wrong reason but the n he came out of hijack mode and it

Worlds Collide When an American Family Takes Over Britain's Isle of Ma n in New TLC Show Suddenly Royal via

Watch This Airport Get Swallowed Up By A Sandstorm In Under A Minute Posted a new song: 'Earthquake'

kotolily\_: Breaking news! Unconfirmed! I just heard a loud bang nearb

5/26/22, 2:55 PM notebook

y. in what appears to be a blast of wind from my neighbour's ass. Watch This Airport Get Swallowed Up By A Sandstorm In Under A Minute

So, we see the links and targets of tweets have been removed, leaving just the information from the "body" of the tweet.

Next, I will check for duplicates and attempt to remove them as well.

```
In [14]:
    train_cleaned = train_cleaned.drop_duplicates(subset='text', keep="first"
)

In [15]:
    print(train_cleaned.shape)
    print(test_cleaned.shape)

    (6958, 2)
    (3263, 1)
```

Ok, so we have removed duplicate entries and now we can check the class balances again. If they are imbalanced, I will undersample the majority class.

```
In [16]:
    train_cleaned['target'].value_counts()

Out[16]:
    0    4104
    1   2854
    Name: target, dtype: int64

In [17]:
    #Undersmaple majority class
    class0 = train_cleaned[train_cleaned['target']==0]
    class1 = train_cleaned[train_cleaned['target']==1]

    class0_sample = class0.sample(n=class1.shape[0])
```

```
In [18]:
         train_cleaned_balanced = pd.concat([class0_sample,class1]).sample(frac=1,
         random_state=12345).reset_index(drop=True)
         train_cleaned_balanced.head()
```

Out[18]:

	text	target
0	Fire in Pisgah National Forest grows to 375 ac	1
1	RIZZO IS ON ???????? THAT BALL WAS OBLITERATED	0
2	Do you want to play a game?\n\nlts a GoogleMap	0
3	Remaining Sections Of Greystone Psychiatric Ho	0
4	as in dropping the No-Sports show? I don't t	0

```
In [19]:
         train_cleaned_balanced['target'].value_counts()
Out[19]:
              2854
         1
              2854
         0
         Name: target, dtype: int64
```

Next I will look to remove "stop words". These are the words in the english language that typically provide little information (such as a, an, the, etc.).

```
In [20]:
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         def remove_stop_words(sentence):
             SENTENCE = sentence.split()
             WORDS = [word for word in SENTENCE if word not in stopwords.words('en
         glish')]
             return ' '.join(WORDS)
         def clean_stop_words(data):
             data['text'] = data['text'].apply(lambda x : remove_stop_words(x))
             return data
```

```
In [21]:
         train_cleaned_balanced = clean_data(train_cleaned_balanced)
         test_cleaned = clean_data(test_cleaned)
```

```
In [22]:
         train_cleaned_balanced.head()
```

Out[22]:

	text	target
0	Fire in Pisgah National Forest grows to 375 ac	1
1	RIZZO IS ON ???????? THAT BALL WAS OBLITERATED	0
2	Do you want to play a game?\n\nlts a GoogleMap	0
3	Remaining Sections Of Greystone Psychiatric Ho	0
4	as in dropping the No-Sports show? I don't t	0

The final step in preprocessing the data will be to convert the text into a format the model will be able to understand. This is called tokenization. I have included both the training and test sets in the corpus of text in order to make sure all words are included in both sets. In a real world example, where we do not have the test set in advance, I would only be able to classify words previously seen. Padding extends the observations with blank spaces at the end of the sentence in order for all observations to be the same length.

I used the built in keras tokenizer instead of other formats. There were pros and cons to this decision, with the primary pro being I am able to learn a bit more about tensorflow and tensors which is something I want to learn more about as I study deep learning. The major con and something that likely is affecting the results is the lack of n-grams in this tokenizer. "n-grams" are combinations of words which together may be more informative than when found apart. For instance, the bigram "Hurricane Warning" may immediately indicate a pending disaster while "That restaurants Hurricane cocktail should have come with a warning" does not, but it uses both the words hurricane and warning.

In hindsight I probably should have used bigrams and trigrams, but for this assignment I really wanted to focus on understanding the model architecture rather than trying to perfect my score.

```
In [23]:
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.python.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
         from tensorflow.python.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
         text_corpus = pd.concat([train_cleaned_balanced['text'], test_cleaned['tex
         t']])
         tokenizer = tf.keras.preprocessing.text.Tokenizer()
         tokenizer.fit_on_texts(text_corpus)
```

```
In [24]:
         max_len = max(len(x.split()) for x in text_corpus)
         max_len
Out[24]:
```

31

```
In [25]:
         train_features = train_cleaned_balanced.iloc[:,0]
         train_labels = train_cleaned_balanced.iloc[:,1]
         test_features = test_cleaned.iloc[:,0]
```

```
In [26]:
         train_token = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(train_features)
         test_token = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(test_features)
         train_pad = pad_sequences(train_token, maxlen=max_len, padding='post')
         test_pad = pad_sequences(test_token, maxlen=max_len, padding='post')
```

```
In [27]:
         train_labels = np.array(train_labels)
```

#### **Model Architecture**

I will be be using LSTM, one of the more advanced architectures from the RNN family. The LSTMs let the model remember inputs over longer periods of time. I felt this was useful since most on twitter do not write in full sentences but rather snippets. By remembering how to treat these smaller snippets and improper grammar the model may be able to perform a bit better. I will follow these up by some dense/fully connected layers as I find those generally aid with classification.

```
In [28]:
         import keras
         from keras.layers import LSTM
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, Bidirectional, Dropout
         from keras import optimizers
```

```
In [29]:
         all_words = len(tokenizer.word_index)+1
         embedding\_units = 100
         hidden_units = 64
         model0 = Sequential()
         model0.add(Embedding(all_words, embedding_units, input_length = max_len))
         model0.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(hidden_units)))
         model0.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
         model0.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
         model0.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
         model0.summary()
```

2022-05-26 16:56:25.946155: I tensorflow/core/common\_runtime/process\_u til.cc:146] Creating new thread pool with default inter op setting: 2. Tune using inter\_op\_parallelism\_threads for best performance.

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
embedding (Embedding)	(None,	31, 100)	1806000
bidirectional (Bidirectional	(None,	128)	84480
dense (Dense)	(None,	,	16512
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,		8256
dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	1)	65 ======
Total params: 1,915,313 Trainable params: 1,915,313 Non-trainable params: 0			

```
In [30]:
         model0.compile( loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(0.00001),
             metrics=['accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall'])
```

```
In [31]:
         #added a callback for early stopping if it appears to be overfitting based
          on val_loss
         call_backs = [tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patien
         ce=5, verbose=1)]
```

\_\_notebook\_\_

In [32]:

history0 = model0.fit(train\_pad, train\_labels,epochs=50,validation\_split= 0.2, callbacks = call\_backs)

2022-05-26 16:56:55.375305: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir\_graph\_opti mization\_pass.cc:185] None of the MLIR Optimization Passes are enabled (registered 2)

```
Epoch 1/50
0 - accuracy: 0.4991 - precision: 0.4471 - recall: 0.0167 - val_loss:
0.6927 - val_accuracy: 0.4939 - val_precision: 0.4750 - val_recall: 0.
0330
Epoch 2/50
- accuracy: 0.5239 - precision: 0.6361 - recall: 0.1067 - val_loss: 0.
6921 - val_accuracy: 0.5219 - val_precision: 0.6103 - val_recall: 0.14
41
Epoch 3/50
- accuracy: 0.5769 - precision: 0.6765 - recall: 0.2910 - val_loss: 0.
6913 - val_accuracy: 0.5841 - val_precision: 0.6613 - val_recall: 0.35
94
Epoch 4/50
- accuracy: 0.6251 - precision: 0.6724 - recall: 0.4846 - val_loss: 0.
6901 - val_accuracy: 0.6095 - val_precision: 0.6836 - val_recall: 0.42
01
Epoch 5/50
- accuracy: 0.6202 - precision: 0.7605 - recall: 0.3486 - val_loss: 0.
6885 - val_accuracy: 0.6384 - val_precision: 0.7022 - val_recall: 0.49
13
Epoch 6/50
- accuracy: 0.6710 - precision: 0.7389 - recall: 0.5268 - val_loss: 0.
6859 - val_accuracy: 0.6629 - val_precision: 0.6969 - val_recall: 0.58
68
Epoch 7/50
- accuracy: 0.6995 - precision: 0.7354 - recall: 0.6212 - val_loss: 0.
6817 - val_accuracy: 0.6778 - val_precision: 0.7023 - val_recall: 0.62
67
Epoch 8/50
- accuracy: 0.7100 - precision: 0.7671 - recall: 0.6014 - val_loss: 0.
6747 - val_accuracy: 0.6821 - val_precision: 0.7036 - val_recall: 0.63
89
```

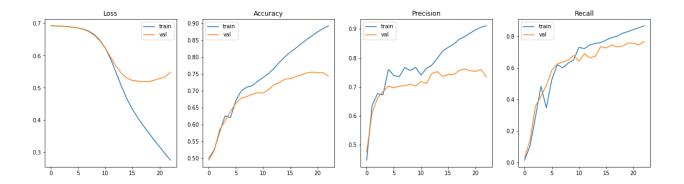
```
Epoch 9/50
- accuracy: 0.7146 - precision: 0.7564 - recall: 0.6313 - val_loss: 0.
6635 - val_accuracy: 0.6891 - val_precision: 0.7097 - val_recall: 0.64
93
Epoch 10/50
- accuracy: 0.7276 - precision: 0.7673 - recall: 0.6514 - val_loss: 0.
6468 - val_accuracy: 0.6935 - val_precision: 0.7025 - val_recall: 0.68
06
Epoch 11/50
- accuracy: 0.7387 - precision: 0.7410 - recall: 0.7322 - val_loss: 0.
6238 - val_accuracy: 0.6926 - val_precision: 0.7184 - val_recall: 0.64
24
Epoch 12/50
- accuracy: 0.7503 - precision: 0.7637 - recall: 0.7234 - val_loss: 0.
5952 - val_accuracy: 0.7032 - val_precision: 0.7120 - val_recall: 0.69
10
Epoch 13/50
- accuracy: 0.7659 - precision: 0.7754 - recall: 0.7471 - val_loss: 0.
5678 - val_accuracy: 0.7172 - val_precision: 0.7466 - val_recall: 0.66
49
Epoch 14/50
- accuracy: 0.7838 - precision: 0.7993 - recall: 0.7568 - val_loss: 0.
5444 - val_accuracy: 0.7242 - val_precision: 0.7524 - val_recall: 0.67
53
Epoch 15/50
- accuracy: 0.8003 - precision: 0.8243 - recall: 0.7621 - val_loss: 0.
5300 - val_accuracy: 0.7338 - val_precision: 0.7361 - val_recall: 0.73
61
Epoch 16/50
- accuracy: 0.8136 - precision: 0.8367 - recall: 0.7783 - val_loss: 0.
5227 - val_accuracy: 0.7356 - val_precision: 0.7429 - val_recall: 0.72
74
Epoch 17/50
```

```
- accuracy: 0.8259 - precision: 0.8476 - recall: 0.7937 - val_loss: 0.
5209 - val_accuracy: 0.7417 - val_precision: 0.7427 - val_recall: 0.74
65
Epoch 18/50
- accuracy: 0.8386 - precision: 0.8643 - recall: 0.8025 - val_loss: 0.
5188 - val_accuracy: 0.7469 - val_precision: 0.7567 - val_recall: 0.73
44
Epoch 19/50
- accuracy: 0.8513 - precision: 0.8734 - recall: 0.8209 - val_loss: 0.
5194 - val_accuracy: 0.7522 - val_precision: 0.7621 - val_recall: 0.73
96
Epoch 20/50
- accuracy: 0.8622 - precision: 0.8855 - recall: 0.8314 - val_loss: 0.
5235 - val_accuracy: 0.7548 - val_precision: 0.7561 - val_recall: 0.75
87
Epoch 21/50
- accuracy: 0.8739 - precision: 0.8966 - recall: 0.8446 - val_loss: 0.
5286 - val_accuracy: 0.7531 - val_precision: 0.7534 - val_recall: 0.75
87
Epoch 22/50
2 - accuracy: 0.8835 - precision: 0.9057 - recall: 0.8556 - val_loss:
0.5336 - val_accuracy: 0.7531 - val_precision: 0.7597 - val_recall: 0.
7465
Epoch 23/50
2 - accuracy: 0.8922 - precision: 0.9111 - recall: 0.8687 - val_loss:
0.5484 - val_accuracy: 0.7434 - val_precision: 0.7347 - val_recall: 0.
7691
Epoch 00023: early stopping
```

```
In [33]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 4, figsize=(20, 5))
         axs[0].set_title('Loss')
         axs[0].plot(history0.history['loss'], label='train')
         axs[0].plot(history0.history['val_loss'], label='val')
         axs[0].legend()
         axs[1].set_title('Accuracy')
         axs[1].plot(history0.history['accuracy'], label='train')
         axs[1].plot(history0.history['val_accuracy'], label='val')
         axs[1].legend()
         axs[2].set_title('Precision')
         axs[2].plot(history0.history['precision'], label='train')
         axs[2].plot(history0.history['val_precision'], label='val')
         axs[2].legend()
         axs[3].set_title('Recall')
         axs[3].plot(history0.history['recall'], label='train')
         axs[3].plot(history0.history['val_recall'], label='val')
         axs[3].legend()
```

# Out[33]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f192cdb48d0>



This model did not utilize any dropout for generalization and we can see that there appears to be some overfitting around the 15th epoch and the model stopped before 25 epochs were even completed based on the early stopping callbacks set up. I will next attempt to add some dropout for generalization.

```
In [34]:
         model1 = Sequential()
        model1.add(Embedding(all_words, embedding_units, input_length = max_len))
        model1.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(hidden_units)))
        model1.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model1.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
         model1.add(Dropout(0.2))
        model1.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
        model1.add(Dropout(0.2))
        model1.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
        model1.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_1"			
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	 Param #
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None,	31, 100)	1806000
bidirectional_1 (Bidirection	(None,	128)	84480
dropout (Dropout)	` .	•	0
	(None,	128)	16512
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
	(None,	64)	8256
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None,	64)	0
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,	1) ========	65 =======
Total params: 1,915,313 Trainable params: 1,915,313 Non-trainable params: 0			

```
In [35]:
        model1.compile( loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(0.00001),
             metrics=['accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall'])
```

In [36]: history1 = model1.fit(train\_pad, train\_labels,epochs=50,validation\_split= 0.2, callbacks = call\_backs)

\_\_notebook\_\_

```
Epoch 1/50
8 - accuracy: 0.5131 - precision: 0.5290 - recall: 0.2199 - val_loss:
0.6929 - val_accuracy: 0.4982 - val_precision: 0.5517 - val_recall: 0.
0278
Epoch 2/50
- accuracy: 0.5171 - precision: 0.5331 - recall: 0.2581 - val_loss: 0.
6924 - val_accuracy: 0.5158 - val_precision: 0.6075 - val_recall: 0.11
28
Epoch 3/50
- accuracy: 0.5414 - precision: 0.5771 - recall: 0.3025 - val_loss: 0.
6918 - val_accuracy: 0.5280 - val_precision: 0.6350 - val_recall: 0.15
10
Epoch 4/50
- accuracy: 0.5598 - precision: 0.5929 - recall: 0.3753 - val_loss: 0.
6911 - val_accuracy: 0.5578 - val_precision: 0.6381 - val_recall: 0.28
47
Epoch 5/50
- accuracy: 0.5710 - precision: 0.6087 - recall: 0.3920 - val_loss: 0.
6901 - val_accuracy: 0.5884 - val_precision: 0.6688 - val_recall: 0.36
46
Epoch 6/50
- accuracy: 0.6102 - precision: 0.6604 - recall: 0.4500 - val_loss: 0.
6889 - val_accuracy: 0.6060 - val_precision: 0.6831 - val_recall: 0.40
80
Epoch 7/50
- accuracy: 0.6286 - precision: 0.6734 - recall: 0.4960 - val_loss: 0.
6872 - val_accuracy: 0.6200 - val_precision: 0.6830 - val_recall: 0.46
01
Epoch 8/50
- accuracy: 0.6445 - precision: 0.6779 - recall: 0.5478 - val_loss: 0.
6846 - val_accuracy: 0.6349 - val_precision: 0.6853 - val_recall: 0.51
04
```

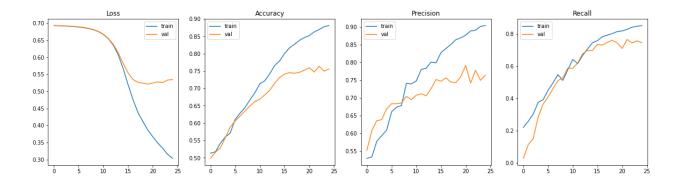
```
Epoch 9/50
- accuracy: 0.6669 - precision: 0.7406 - recall: 0.5114 - val_loss: 0.
6811 - val_accuracy: 0.6497 - val_precision: 0.7037 - val_recall: 0.52
78
Epoch 10/50
- accuracy: 0.6875 - precision: 0.7389 - recall: 0.5777 - val_loss: 0.
6757 - val_accuracy: 0.6620 - val_precision: 0.6947 - val_recall: 0.58
85
Epoch 11/50
- accuracy: 0.7131 - precision: 0.7474 - recall: 0.6418 - val_loss: 0.
6674 - val_accuracy: 0.6690 - val_precision: 0.7071 - val_recall: 0.58
68
Epoch 12/50
- accuracy: 0.7216 - precision: 0.7799 - recall: 0.6159 - val_loss: 0.
6553 - val_accuracy: 0.6813 - val_precision: 0.7112 - val_recall: 0.61
98
Epoch 13/50
- accuracy: 0.7416 - precision: 0.7833 - recall: 0.6664 - val_loss: 0.
6378 - val_accuracy: 0.6944 - val_precision: 0.7052 - val_recall: 0.67
71
Epoch 14/50
- accuracy: 0.7659 - precision: 0.8006 - recall: 0.7068 - val_loss: 0.
6130 - val_accuracy: 0.7145 - val_precision: 0.7256 - val_recall: 0.69
79
Epoch 15/50
- accuracy: 0.7790 - precision: 0.7983 - recall: 0.7454 - val_loss: 0.
5825 - val_accuracy: 0.7312 - val_precision: 0.7514 - val_recall: 0.69
79
Epoch 16/50
- accuracy: 0.8003 - precision: 0.8271 - recall: 0.7581 - val_loss: 0.
5537 - val_accuracy: 0.7408 - val_precision: 0.7465 - val_recall: 0.73
61
Epoch 17/50
```

```
- accuracy: 0.8167 - precision: 0.8387 - recall: 0.7831 - val_loss: 0.
5346 - val_accuracy: 0.7452 - val_precision: 0.7558 - val_recall: 0.73
09
Epoch 18/50
- accuracy: 0.8268 - precision: 0.8502 - recall: 0.7924 - val_loss: 0.
5263 - val_accuracy: 0.7434 - val_precision: 0.7444 - val_recall: 0.74
83
Epoch 19/50
- accuracy: 0.8382 - precision: 0.8635 - recall: 0.8025 - val_loss: 0.
5240 - val_accuracy: 0.7461 - val_precision: 0.7424 - val_recall: 0.76
04
Epoch 20/50
- accuracy: 0.8463 - precision: 0.8689 - recall: 0.8147 - val_loss: 0.
5212 - val_accuracy: 0.7522 - val_precision: 0.7593 - val_recall: 0.74
48
Epoch 21/50
- accuracy: 0.8519 - precision: 0.8764 - recall: 0.8187 - val_loss: 0.
5242 - val_accuracy: 0.7592 - val_precision: 0.7911 - val_recall: 0.71
01
Epoch 22/50
8 - accuracy: 0.8625 - precision: 0.8884 - recall: 0.8284 - val_loss:
0.5277 - val_accuracy: 0.7469 - val_precision: 0.7412 - val_recall: 0.
7656
Epoch 23/50
- accuracy: 0.8695 - precision: 0.8904 - recall: 0.8420 - val_loss: 0.
5259 - val_accuracy: 0.7636 - val_precision: 0.7772 - val_recall: 0.74
48
Epoch 24/50
- accuracy: 0.8774 - precision: 0.9010 - recall: 0.8472 - val_loss: 0.
5332 - val_accuracy: 0.7496 - val_precision: 0.7491 - val_recall: 0.75
69
Epoch 25/50
```

- accuracy: 0.8811 - precision: 0.9037 - recall: 0.8525 - val\_loss: 0. 5344 - val\_accuracy: 0.7557 - val\_precision: 0.7638 - val\_recall: 0.74 65

Epoch 00025: early stopping

```
In [37]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 4, figsize=(20, 5))
         axs[0].set_title('Loss')
         axs[0].plot(history1.history['loss'], label='train')
         axs[0].plot(history1.history['val_loss'], label='val')
         axs[0].legend()
         axs[1].set_title('Accuracy')
         axs[1].plot(history1.history['accuracy'], label='train')
         axs[1].plot(history1.history['val_accuracy'], label='val')
         axs[1].legend()
         axs[2].set_title('Precision')
         axs[2].plot(history1.history['precision'], label='train')
         axs[2].plot(history1.history['val_precision'], label='val')
         axs[2].legend()
         axs[3].set_title('Recall')
         axs[3].plot(history1.history['recall'], label='train')
         axs[3].plot(history1.history['val_recall'], label='val')
         axs[3].legend()
```



We see adding some generalization techniques helped the model learn a bit better as the loss wasnt so clearly overfitting to the training set and the accuracy on the validation set did improve some as well. In fact, all of the metrics graphed above are better than the first model. Next, I will change the activation from 'tanh' to 'relu' and see if adjusting that hyperparameter further improves the model.

```
In [38]:
         model2 = Sequential()
        model2.add(Embedding(all_words, embedding_units, input_length = max_len))
        model2.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(hidden_units)))
        model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model2.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
        model2.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
        model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
        model2.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
        model2.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_2"			
Layer (type)	Output		Param #
embedding_2 (Embedding)			
bidirectional_2 (Bidirection	(None,	128)	84480
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	•	128)	16512
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
	(None,	64)	8256
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,		0
		1)	65 ======
Total params: 1,915,313 Trainable params: 1,915,313 Non-trainable params: 0			

```
In [39]:
        model2.compile( loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(0.00001),
             metrics=['accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall'])
```

\_\_notebook\_\_

In [40]:

history2 = model2.fit(train\_pad, train\_labels,epochs=50,validation\_split= 0.2, callbacks = call\_backs)

```
Epoch 1/50
8 - accuracy: 0.5184 - precision: 0.5230 - recall: 0.3951 - val_loss:
0.6930 - val_accuracy: 0.5236 - val_precision: 0.5356 - val_recall: 0.
4184
Epoch 2/50
- accuracy: 0.5208 - precision: 0.5244 - recall: 0.4254 - val_loss: 0.
6928 - val_accuracy: 0.5587 - val_precision: 0.5756 - val_recall: 0.47
57
Epoch 3/50
- accuracy: 0.5353 - precision: 0.5378 - recall: 0.4868 - val_loss: 0.
6925 - val_accuracy: 0.5718 - val_precision: 0.5589 - val_recall: 0.71
70
Epoch 4/50
- accuracy: 0.5515 - precision: 0.5492 - recall: 0.5632 - val_loss: 0.
6921 - val_accuracy: 0.5954 - val_precision: 0.5792 - val_recall: 0.72
40
Epoch 5/50
- accuracy: 0.5631 - precision: 0.5635 - recall: 0.5509 - val_loss: 0.
6916 - val_accuracy: 0.6182 - val_precision: 0.6087 - val_recall: 0.68
06
Epoch 6/50
- accuracy: 0.5764 - precision: 0.5788 - recall: 0.5549 - val_loss: 0.
6908 - val_accuracy: 0.6270 - val_precision: 0.6147 - val_recall: 0.69
79
Epoch 7/50
- accuracy: 0.5777 - precision: 0.5868 - recall: 0.5193 - val_loss: 0.
6899 - val_accuracy: 0.6357 - val_precision: 0.6418 - val_recall: 0.62
85
Epoch 8/50
- accuracy: 0.6130 - precision: 0.6240 - recall: 0.5645 - val_loss: 0.
6885 - val_accuracy: 0.6515 - val_precision: 0.6545 - val_recall: 0.65
45
```

```
Epoch 9/50
- accuracy: 0.6283 - precision: 0.6503 - recall: 0.5518 - val_loss: 0.
6866 - val_accuracy: 0.6629 - val_precision: 0.6690 - val_recall: 0.65
62
Epoch 10/50
- accuracy: 0.6614 - precision: 0.7056 - recall: 0.5514 - val_loss: 0.
6839 - val_accuracy: 0.6751 - val_precision: 0.6909 - val_recall: 0.64
41
Epoch 11/50
- accuracy: 0.6684 - precision: 0.7000 - recall: 0.5869 - val_loss: 0.
6803 - val_accuracy: 0.6786 - val_precision: 0.7164 - val_recall: 0.60
07
Epoch 12/50
- accuracy: 0.7037 - precision: 0.7368 - recall: 0.6317 - val_loss: 0.
6752 - val_accuracy: 0.6848 - val_precision: 0.7278 - val_recall: 0.59
90
Epoch 13/50
- accuracy: 0.7017 - precision: 0.7465 - recall: 0.6089 - val_loss: 0.
6682 - val_accuracy: 0.7014 - val_precision: 0.7345 - val_recall: 0.63
89
Epoch 14/50
- accuracy: 0.7297 - precision: 0.7574 - recall: 0.6743 - val_loss: 0.
6584 - val_accuracy: 0.7084 - val_precision: 0.7485 - val_recall: 0.63
54
Epoch 15/50
- accuracy: 0.7451 - precision: 0.7771 - recall: 0.6857 - val_loss: 0.
6450 - val_accuracy: 0.7180 - val_precision: 0.7550 - val_recall: 0.65
28
Epoch 16/50
- accuracy: 0.7560 - precision: 0.7939 - recall: 0.6901 - val_loss: 0.
6272 - val_accuracy: 0.7303 - val_precision: 0.7463 - val_recall: 0.70
49
Epoch 17/50
```

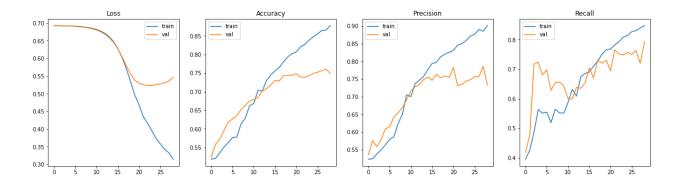
```
- accuracy: 0.7650 - precision: 0.7969 - recall: 0.7098 - val_loss: 0.
6046 - val_accuracy: 0.7285 - val_precision: 0.7628 - val_recall: 0.67
01
Epoch 18/50
- accuracy: 0.7806 - precision: 0.8127 - recall: 0.7278 - val_loss: 0.
5791 - val_accuracy: 0.7434 - val_precision: 0.7531 - val_recall: 0.73
09
Epoch 19/50
- accuracy: 0.7935 - precision: 0.8201 - recall: 0.7507 - val_loss: 0.
5558 - val_accuracy: 0.7434 - val_precision: 0.7587 - val_recall: 0.72
05
Epoch 20/50
- accuracy: 0.8022 - precision: 0.8254 - recall: 0.7656 - val_loss: 0.
5383 - val_accuracy: 0.7443 - val_precision: 0.7545 - val_recall: 0.73
09
Epoch 21/50
- accuracy: 0.8066 - precision: 0.8314 - recall: 0.7682 - val_loss: 0.
5300 - val_accuracy: 0.7487 - val_precision: 0.7828 - val_recall: 0.69
44
Epoch 22/50
- accuracy: 0.8204 - precision: 0.8458 - recall: 0.7827 - val_loss: 0.
5258 - val_accuracy: 0.7399 - val_precision: 0.7313 - val_recall: 0.76
56
Epoch 23/50
- accuracy: 0.8270 - precision: 0.8500 - recall: 0.7932 - val_loss: 0.
5235 - val_accuracy: 0.7382 - val_precision: 0.7351 - val_recall: 0.75
17
Epoch 24/50
- accuracy: 0.8384 - precision: 0.8591 - recall: 0.8086 - val_loss: 0.
5231 - val_accuracy: 0.7434 - val_precision: 0.7444 - val_recall: 0.74
83
Epoch 25/50
```

```
- accuracy: 0.8474 - precision: 0.8713 - recall: 0.8143 - val_loss: 0.
5265 - val_accuracy: 0.7487 - val_precision: 0.7479 - val_recall: 0.75
69
Epoch 26/50
- accuracy: 0.8555 - precision: 0.8763 - recall: 0.8270 - val_loss: 0.
5279 - val_accuracy: 0.7522 - val_precision: 0.7566 - val_recall: 0.75
00
Epoch 27/50
- accuracy: 0.8644 - precision: 0.8900 - recall: 0.8310 - val_loss: 0.
5316 - val_accuracy: 0.7566 - val_precision: 0.7560 - val_recall: 0.76
39
Epoch 28/50
- accuracy: 0.8657 - precision: 0.8852 - recall: 0.8398 - val_loss: 0.
5359 - val_accuracy: 0.7601 - val_precision: 0.7860 - val_recall: 0.72
05
Epoch 29/50
- accuracy: 0.8776 - precision: 0.9011 - recall: 0.8477 - val_loss: 0.
5470 - val_accuracy: 0.7496 - val_precision: 0.7324 - val_recall: 0.79
34
Epoch 00029: early stopping
```

```
In [41]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 4, figsize=(20, 5))
         axs[0].set_title('Loss')
         axs[0].plot(history2.history['loss'], label='train')
         axs[0].plot(history2.history['val_loss'], label='val')
         axs[0].legend()
         axs[1].set_title('Accuracy')
         axs[1].plot(history2.history['accuracy'], label='train')
         axs[1].plot(history2.history['val_accuracy'], label='val')
         axs[1].legend()
         axs[2].set_title('Precision')
         axs[2].plot(history2.history['precision'], label='train')
         axs[2].plot(history2.history['val_precision'], label='val')
         axs[2].legend()
         axs[3].set_title('Recall')
         axs[3].plot(history2.history['recall'], label='train')
         axs[3].plot(history2.history['val_recall'], label='val')
         axs[3].legend()
```

### Out[41]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f190423dc90>



\_\_notebook\_\_

So, we see the Relu activations didnt really change the performance at all. Finally, looking to see how performance improves with more layers of LSTMs, I will add a couple more and compare the results there.

```
In [50]:
         model3 = Sequential()
         model3.add(Embedding(all_words, embedding_units, input_length = max_len))
         model3.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(hidden_units, return_sequences=True)))
         model3.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(hidden_units, return_sequences=True)))
         model3.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(hidden_units)))
         model3.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model3.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model3.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model3.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model3.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model3.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
         model3.summary()
```

```
Model: "sequential_5"
Layer (type)
                Output Shape
______
embedding_5 (Embedding) (None, 31, 100)
_____
bidirectional_8 (Bidirection (None, 31, 128)
bidirectional_9 (Bidirection (None, 31, 128)
bidirectional_10 (Bidirectio (None, 128)
                               98816
_____
dropout_12 (Dropout)
                (None, 128)
_____
dense_15 (Dense)
                (None, 128)
dropout_13 (Dropout)
                (None, 128)
-----
                (None, 64)
dense_16 (Dense)
._____
dropout_14 (Dropout)
                (None, 64)
dense_17 (Dense)
               (None, 1)
                               65
______
Total params: 2,112,945
Trainable params: 2,112,945
Non-trainable params: 0
```

```
In [51]:
         model3.compile( loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(0.00001),
             metrics=['accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall'])
```

\_\_notebook\_\_

In [52]:

history3 = model3.fit(train\_pad, train\_labels,epochs=50,validation\_split= 0.2, callbacks = call\_backs)

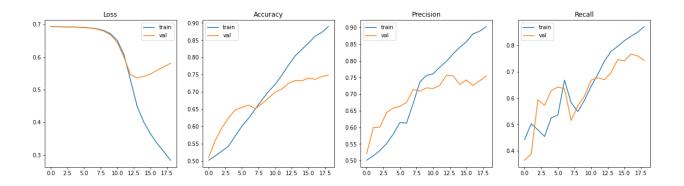
```
Epoch 1/50
33 - accuracy: 0.4991 - precision: 0.4990 - recall: 0.9794 - val_loss:
0.6931 - val_accuracy: 0.5053 - val_precision: 0.5048 - val_recall: 1.
0000
Epoch 2/50
32 - accuracy: 0.5002 - precision: 0.4995 - recall: 0.9363 - val_loss:
0.6929 - val_accuracy: 0.5044 - val_precision: 0.5044 - val_recall: 0.
9965
Epoch 3/50
29 - accuracy: 0.5072 - precision: 0.5032 - recall: 0.9596 - val_loss:
0.6927 - val_accuracy: 0.5044 - val_precision: 0.5044 - val_recall: 0.
9983
Epoch 4/50
28 - accuracy: 0.5186 - precision: 0.5098 - recall: 0.9153 - val_loss:
0.6924 - val_accuracy: 0.5464 - val_precision: 0.5282 - val_recall: 0.
9427
Epoch 5/50
26 - accuracy: 0.5420 - precision: 0.5279 - recall: 0.7774 - val_loss:
0.6919 - val_accuracy: 0.5797 - val_precision: 0.5558 - val_recall: 0.
8299
Epoch 6/50
18 - accuracy: 0.5813 - precision: 0.5561 - recall: 0.7959 - val_loss:
0.6911 - val_accuracy: 0.6305 - val_precision: 0.6250 - val_recall: 0.
6684
Epoch 7/50
09 - accuracy: 0.6128 - precision: 0.6052 - recall: 0.6440 - val_loss:
0.6897 - val_accuracy: 0.6559 - val_precision: 0.6464 - val_recall: 0.
7014
Epoch 8/50
85 - accuracy: 0.6529 - precision: 0.6449 - recall: 0.6769 - val_loss:
0.6865 - val_accuracy: 0.6725 - val_precision: 0.6843 - val_recall: 0.
6510
```

```
Epoch 9/50
31 - accuracy: 0.6875 - precision: 0.6864 - recall: 0.6879 - val_loss:
0.6784 - val_accuracy: 0.6891 - val_precision: 0.7429 - val_recall: 0.
5868
Epoch 10/50
49 - accuracy: 0.7326 - precision: 0.7501 - recall: 0.6958 - val_loss:
0.6508 - val_accuracy: 0.7058 - val_precision: 0.7166 - val_recall: 0.
6892
Epoch 11/50
70 - accuracy: 0.7685 - precision: 0.7914 - recall: 0.7278 - val_loss:
0.5658 - val_accuracy: 0.7224 - val_precision: 0.7367 - val_recall: 0.
6997
Epoch 12/50
73 - accuracy: 0.7970 - precision: 0.8200 - recall: 0.7599 - val_loss:
0.5536 - val_accuracy: 0.7259 - val_precision: 0.7635 - val_recall: 0.
6615
Epoch 13/50
55 - accuracy: 0.8296 - precision: 0.8609 - recall: 0.7853 - val_loss:
0.5605 - val_accuracy: 0.7312 - val_precision: 0.7582 - val_recall: 0.
6858
Epoch 14/50
40 - accuracy: 0.8489 - precision: 0.8785 - recall: 0.8090 - val_loss:
0.5650 - val_accuracy: 0.7382 - val_precision: 0.7551 - val_recall: 0.
7118
Epoch 15/50
84 - accuracy: 0.8640 - precision: 0.8928 - recall: 0.8266 - val_loss:
0.5896 - val_accuracy: 0.7312 - val_precision: 0.7245 - val_recall: 0.
7535
Epoch 16/50
29 - accuracy: 0.8813 - precision: 0.9118 - recall: 0.8437 - val_loss:
0.5851 - val_accuracy: 0.7513 - val_precision: 0.7664 - val_recall: 0.
7292
Epoch 17/50
```

```
In [49]:
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 4, figsize=(20, 5))
         axs[0].set_title('Loss')
         axs[0].plot(history3.history['loss'], label='train')
         axs[0].plot(history3.history['val_loss'], label='val')
         axs[0].legend()
         axs[1].set_title('Accuracy')
         axs[1].plot(history3.history['accuracy'], label='train')
         axs[1].plot(history3.history['val_accuracy'], label='val')
         axs[1].legend()
         axs[2].set_title('Precision')
         axs[2].plot(history3.history['precision'], label='train')
         axs[2].plot(history3.history['val_precision'], label='val')
         axs[2].legend()
         axs[3].set_title('Recall')
         axs[3].plot(history3.history['recall'], label='train')
         axs[3].plot(history3.history['val_recall'], label='val')
         axs[3].legend()
```

Out[49]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f18d1097950>



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We see adding extra layers of LSTMs does not actually improve the results and appears to make them less consistent on the validation set.

# **Results and Analysis**

We observed similar results across different architectures and hyperparameters. I will use model2 above as the final model for submission as it was arguably the best of the models I compared.

```
In [53]:
         preds = model2.predict(test_pad)
In [54]:
         len(preds)
Out[54]:
         3263
In [55]:
         predictions = []
         for pred in preds:
             if pred >= 0.5:
                 predictions.append(1)
             else:
                  predictions.append(0)
         predictions[:10]
Out[55]:
         [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

```
In [56]:
         submission = pd.read_csv("../input/nlp-getting-started/sample_submission.
         csv")
         submission
```

## Out[56]:

	id	target
0	0	0
1	2	0
2	3	0
3	9	0
4	11	0
	•••	
3258	10861	0
3259	10865	0
3260	10868	0
3261	10874	0
3262	10875	0

3263 rows × 2 columns

```
In [57]:
         submission['target']=predictions
         submission
```

Out[57]:

	id	target
0	0	1
1	2	1
2	3	1
3	9	1
4	11	1
•••		•••
3258	10861	1
3259	10865	1
3260	10868	1
3261	10874	1
3262	10875	1

3263 rows × 2 columns

```
In [58]:
         submission.to_csv("submission.csv", index=False)
```

# Conclusion

So, I see that over all of the different architectures and parameters my accuracy hovered around 75%. I do think using different methods for cleaning and pre-processing the data may help improve that as well as further analysis study and a better understanding of how best to improve the architecture of the neural network.

### References

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Along with the documentation for tensorflow, keras, and numpy, I also used these resources found on kaggle:

https://www.kaggle.com/code/msondkar/disaster-tweets-classification-with-an-rnn/notebook (https://www.kaggle.com/code/msondkar/disaster-tweets-classification-with-an-rnn/notebook)

https://www.kaggle.com/code/mattbast/rnn-and-nlp-detect-a-disaster-in-tweets/notebook#Encodesentences (https://www.kaggle.com/code/mattbast/rnn-and-nlp-detect-a-disaster-intweets/notebook#Encode-sentences)