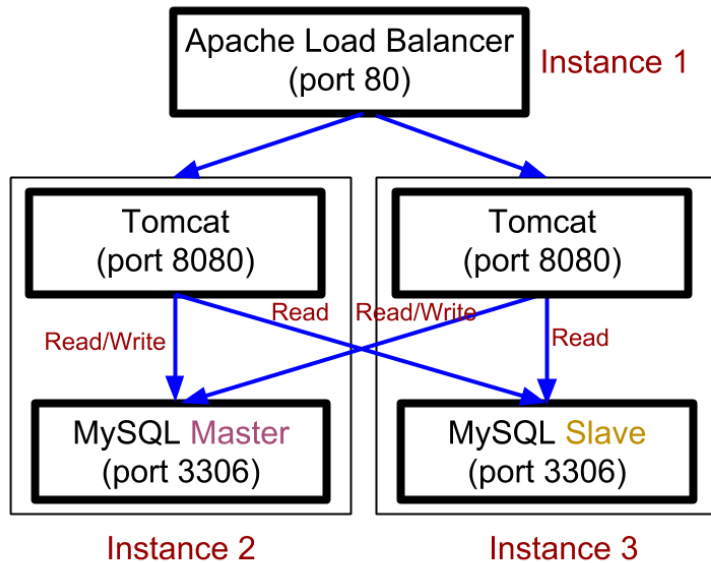


[Click the links to access the files in Github](#)

Refer to instance 1, 2, 3 as the following:



Task 1

- How did you use connection pooling?

We enable JDBC connection pooling for all Fabflix Servlet by add configuration in context.xml and web.xml. Besides, we also change corresponding code in all Servlet java files. Below are more details:

1. Copy the JDBC Driver's jar into \$CATALINA_HOME/lib(lib folder of Tomcat Server)
2. Add configuration in context.xml: Add a resource (type: DataSource) to the context which includes database username, password, jdbc mysql connection url, and pooling configuration.
3. Add configuration in web.xml: Add a reference to the DataBase just registered in context.xml.
4. Change corresponding code in all servlets: Obtain an environment context -> look up the DataSource just registered and referenced in configuration file -> Use the DataSource object to create a connection to the database.

- File name, line numbers as in Github
 - [context.xml](#) : line 13 - 16

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/WebContent/META-INF/context.xml)

- [web.xml](#) : line 12 - 17

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/WebContent/WEB-INF/web.xml)

- [AndroidLoginServlet.java](#) : line 62, 64, 69

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/AndroidLoginServlet.java)

- [CheckoutServlet.java](#) : line 57, 59, 64

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/CheckoutServlet.java)

- [DashboardServlet.java](#) : line 56, 58, 63

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/DashboardServlet.java)

- [DbServlet.java](#) : line 72, 74, 79

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/DbServlet.java)

- [IndexServlet.java](#) : line 34, 36, 41

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/IndexServlet.java)

- [LoginServlet.java](#) : line 58, 60, 66

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/LoginServlet.java)

- [StarServlet.java](#) : line 38, 40, 51

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/StarServlet.java)

- [autoCompleteServlet.java](#) : line 44, 46

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/autoCompleteServlet.java)

- Snapshots showing use in your code

context.xml:

```
13 <Resource name="jdbc/localDB" auth="Container" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
14     maxTotal="100" maxIdle="30" maxWaitMillis="10000" username="root"
15     password="mm941026" driverClassName="com.mysql.jdbc.ReplicationDriver"
16     url="jdbc:mysql:replication://172.31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/moviedb?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false&
17
18
r" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
tMillis="10000" username="root"
e="com.mysql.jdbc.ReplicationDriver"
31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/moviedb?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false&cachePrepStmts=true&roundRobinLoadBalance=true"/>
```

web.xml:

```
11     </welcome-file-list>
12     <resource-ref>
13         <description>MySQL DataSource example</description>
14         <res-ref-name>jdbc/localDB</res-ref-name>
15         <res-type>javax.sql.DataSource</res-type>
16         <res-auth>Container</res-auth>
17     </resource-ref>
```

AndroidLoginServlet.java:

```
58         try {
59             // the following few lines are for connection pooling
60             // Obtain our environment naming context
61
62             Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
63
64             Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
65             if (envCtx == null)
66                 System.out.println("envCtx is NULL");
67
68             // Look up our data source
69             DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
70
71             if (ds == null)
```

CheckoutServlet.java:

```

50         // Output stream to STDOUT
51         PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
52
53         try {
54             // the following few lines are for connection pooling
55             // Obtain our environment naming context
56
57             Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
58
59             Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
60             if (envCtx == null)
61                 out.println("envCtx is NULL");
62
63             // Look up our data source
64             DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
65
66             if (ds == null)
67                 System.out.println("ds is null.");
68
69             Connection dbcon = ds.getConnection();
70             dbcon.setReadOnly(true);
71             if (dbcon == null)
72                 System.out.println("dbcon is null ");

```

DashboardServlet.java:

```

48
49         // Output stream to STDOUT
50         PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
51         JSONArray jsonArray = new JSONArray();
52         try {
53             // the following few lines are for connection pooling
54             // Obtain our environment naming context
55
56             Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
57
58             Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
59             if (envCtx == null)
60                 out.println("envCtx is NULL");
61
62             // Look up our data source
63             DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
64
65             // the following commented lines are direct connections without pooling
66             //Class.forName("org.gjt.mm.mysql.Driver");
67             //Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver").newInstance();
68             //Connection dbcon = DriverManager.getConnection(loginUrl, loginUser, loginPasswd);
69
70             if (ds == null)
71                 System.out.println("ds is null.");

```

DbServlet.java:

```
65
66
67     // Output stream to STDOUT
68     PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
69
70     try {
71
72         Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
73
74         Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
75         if (envCtx == null)
76             out.println("envCtx is NULL");
77
78         // Look up our data source
79         DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
80
81         if (ds == null)
82             out.println("ds is null.");
83
84         Connection dbcon = ds.getConnection();
85         if (dbcon == null)
```

IndexServlet.java:

```
27     // Output stream to STDOUT
28     PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
29
30     try {
31         // the following few lines are for connection pooling
32         // Obtain our environment naming context
33
34         Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
35
36         Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
37         if (envCtx == null)
38             out.println("envCtx is NULL");
39
40         // Look up our data source
41         DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
42
43         if (ds == null)
44             System.out.println("ds is null.");
45
46         Connection dbcon = ds.getConnection();
```

LoginServlet.java:

```

52      / in the real project, you should talk to the database to verify username/password
53      */
54      try {
55          // the following few lines are for connection pooling
56          // Obtain our environment naming context
57
58          Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
59
60          Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
61          if (envCtx == null)
62              out.println("envCtx is NULL");
63
64          // Look up our data source
65          System.out.println("Start to look up database");
66          DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
67          System.out.println("Lookup successfully");
68
69          if (ds == null)

```

StarServlet.java:

```

31          // Output stream to STDOUT
32          PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
33
34          try {
35              // the following few lines are for connection pooling
36              // Obtain our environment naming context
37
38              Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
39
40              Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
41              if (envCtx == null)
42                  out.println("envCtx is NULL");
43
44              // Look up our data source
45              DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
46
47              if (ds == null)
48                  System.out.println("ds is null.");
49
50              Connection dbcon = ds.getConnection();

```

autoCompleteServlet.java:

```

34
35         // return the empty json array if query is null or empty
36         if (titleQuery == null || titleQuery.trim().isEmpty()) {
37             response.getWriter().write(jsonArray.toString());
38             return;
39         }
40
41         // the following few lines are for connection pooling
42         // Obtain our environment naming context
43
44         Context initCtx = new InitialContext();
45
46         Context envCtx = (Context) initCtx.lookup("java:comp/env");
47         if (envCtx == null)
48             System.out.println("envCtx is NULL");
49
50         // Look up our data source
51         DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
52
53
54         if (ds == null)
55             System.out.println("ds is null.");
56
57         Connection dbcon = ds.getConnection();
58         dbcon.setReadOnly(true);
59

```

- How did you use Prepared Statements?

We use Prepared Statement for all queries with different parameters in the file: [Root of the repository >> Fabflix-website >> src >> DbServlet.java](#). We put a placeholder ? in the Prepared Statement, so the Prepared Statement will just be compiled once. Then it can be repeatedly used by setting different parameters in the Prepared Statement. As a result, it improves the performance. When we combine connection pooling with Prepared Statement(associated with one connection, we set the JDBC MySQL URL(in context.xml file) to:

`url="jdbc:mysql:replication://172.31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/moviedb?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false&cachePrepStmts=true&roundRobinLoadBalance=true"/>`

This url is added with property: `cachePrepStmts=true`, when we use the Prepared Statement with connection pooling.

Example of use:

1. First import `java.sql.PreparedStatement`
2. Initiate a `PreparedStatement` instance by `SQL Connection` instance and a query:
`PreparedStatement ps = connection.prepareStatement(query);`
3. Set different by parameter to the Prepared Statement by calling `setInt()`, `setString()`, and more.
4. Execute the Prepared Statement:


```
ResultSet rs = preparedStatement.executeQuery();
```

- File name, line numbers as in Github
In [DbServlet.java](#) , the line number starts from line 92 ~ 385
 - Line 93
 - Line 100, 101
 - Line 115, 116, 117, 120
 - Line 126
 - Line 151, 152, 153
 - Line 157
 - Line 167
 - Line 184
 - Line 189, 190, 191, 192
 - Line 198, 199, 200, 201
 - Line 218, 219, 220, 221, 223, 224, 225, 228, 229
 - Line 236, 237, 238
 - Line 264, 265, 266
 - Line 270, 271, 272
 - Line 276, 277
 - Line 288
 - Line 318, 319
 - Line 323
 - Line 345, 346
 - Line 350
 - Line 371, 372
 - Line 383, 384
- Snapshots showing use in your code (from DbServlet)
 - Highlighted yellow parts are the prepared statement


```

91
92 dbcon.setReadOnly(true);
93 PreparedStatement preparedStatementCount;
94 String queryCount = "";
95
96 if (!genreQuery.equals("")) {
97     queryCount = "select count(*) as total from " +
98         "movies, genres, genres_in_movies where movies.id=genres_in_movies.movieId "
99         + "and genres_in_movies.genreId=genres.id and genres.name=?";
100     preparedStatementCount = dbcon.prepareStatement(queryCount);
101     preparedStatementCount.setString(1, genreQuery);
102 }
103 else if (!starQuery.equals("")) {
104     queryCount = "select count(*) as total " +
105     "from stars " +
106     "inner join stars_in_movies " +
107     "on stars.id=stars_in_movies.starId " +
108     "inner join movies " +
109     "on stars_in_movies.movieId=movies.id " +
110     "where lower(name) like ? AND " +
111     "lower(title) like ? AND " +
112     "lower(director) like ?" +
113     (yearQuery.equals("") ? ";" : (" AND year=?;")); // string format args
114
115     preparedStatementCount = dbcon.prepareStatement(queryCount);
116     preparedStatementCount.setString(1, starQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
117     preparedStatementCount.setString(2, titleQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
118     preparedStatementCount.setString(3, directorQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
119     if (!yearQuery.equals("")) {
120         preparedStatementCount.setInt(4, Integer.parseInt(yearQuery));
121     }
122 }
123
124 else if (titleQuery.equals("") && directorQuery.equals("") && yearQuery.equals("")){
125     queryCount = "select count(*) as total from movies;";
126     preparedStatementCount = dbcon.prepareStatement(queryCount);
127 }
128

```

```

125         queryCount = "select count(*) as total from movies;";
126         preparedStatementCount = dbcon.prepareStatement(queryCount);
127     }
128     else {
129         // int titleLength = titleQuery.length();
130         // int threshold = (int) Math.floor(titleLength * 0.4);
131
132         queryCount = "select count(*) as total from movies " +
133                     "where MATCH(title) against (? IN BOOLEAN MODE) AND " +
134                     "lower(director) like ?" +
135                     "(yearQuery.equals(\"\") ? \";\" : (\" AND year=?\"));
136         // fuzzy search query
137         // queryCount = "select count(*) as total from movies " +
138         //             "where (MATCH(title) against (? IN BOOLEAN MODE) or edth(lower(title), ?, ?))
139         //             "lower(director) like ?" +
140         //             "(yearQuery.equals(\"\") ? \";\" : (\" AND year=?\"));
141
142         String titleMatchPattern = "";
143         for (String token : tokenArray) {
144             titleMatchPattern += "+" + token.trim() + "* ";
145         }
146         titleMatchPattern = titleMatchPattern.trim();
147
148         // For test
149         System.out.println("title match pattern: " + titleMatchPattern);
150
151         preparedStatementCount = dbcon.prepareStatement(queryCount);
152         preparedStatementCount.setString(1, titleMatchPattern);
153         preparedStatementCount.setString(2, directorQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
154
155
156         if (!yearQuery.equals("")) {
157             preparedStatementCount.setInt(3, Integer.parseInt(yearQuery));
158         }
159     }
160

```

```

160
161 // For test
162 System.out.println("queryCount: " + queryCount);
163
164
165 long jdbcStartTime1 = System.nanoTime();
166 //*****
167 ResultSet rsCount = preparedStatementCount.executeQuery();
168 //*****
169 long jdbcEndTime1 = System.nanoTime();
170 jdbcSum += jdbcEndTime1 - jdbcStartTime1;
171
172
173 int counter = 0;
174 while (rsCount.next()) {
175     counter = rsCount.getInt("total");
176 }
177
178 if (!idQuery.equals(""))
179     counter = 1;
180
181 System.out.println("Counter: " + counter);
182
183 String query = "";
184 PreparedStatement preparedStatement;
185
186 if (!idQuery.equals("")) {
187     query = "select movies.id as movieId, title, year, director, rating from movies left join rating on movies.id=rating.movieId " +
188             "where movies.id=? order by rating desc limit ?, ?";
189     preparedStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(query);
190     preparedStatement.setString(1, idQuery);
191     preparedStatement.setInt(2, pageNumber);
192     preparedStatement.setInt(3, movieNumber);
193 }
194 else if (!genreQuery.equals("")){
195     query = String.format("select movies.id as movieId, title, year, director, rating from genres, " +
196             "where movies.id=genres_in_movies.movieId " +
197             "and genres_in_movies.genreId=genres.id and genres.name=? order by %s limit ?, ?");
198     preparedStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(query);
199     preparedStatement.setString(1, genreQuery);
200     preparedStatement.setInt(2, pageNumber);
201     preparedStatement.setInt(3, movieNumber);
202 }
203 else if (!starQuery.equals("")) {

```

```

203     else if (!starQuery.equals("")) {
204         query = String.format("select movies.id as movieId, title, year, director, rating " +
205 "from stars " +
206 "inner join stars_in_movies " +
207 "on stars.id=stars_in_movies.starId " +
208 "inner join movies " +
209 "on stars_in_movies.movieId=movies.id " +
210 "left join ratings " +
211 "on movies.id=ratings.movieId " +
212 "where lower(name) like ? AND " +
213 "lower(title) like ? AND " +
214 "lower(director) like ?" +
215 (yearQuery.equals("") ? "" : (" AND year=?" )) +
216 " order by %s limit ?, ?;", sortBy);
217 //      ("'" + starQuery + "%'", ("'" + titleQuery + "%'", ("'" + directorQuery + "%'", sortBy); // string f
218         preparedStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(query);
219         preparedStatement.setString(1, starQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
220         preparedStatement.setString(2, titleQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
221         preparedStatement.setString(3, directorQuery.toLowerCase() + "%");
222         if (!yearQuery.equals("")) {
223             preparedStatement.setInt(4, Integer.parseInt(yearQuery));
224             preparedStatement.setInt(5, pageNumber);
225             preparedStatement.setInt(6, movieNumber);
226         }
227         else {
228             preparedStatement.setInt(4, pageNumber);
229             preparedStatement.setInt(5, movieNumber);
230         }
231     }
232 }
233 else if (titleQuery.equals("") && directorQuery.equals("") && yearQuery.equals("")) {
234     query = String.format("select movies.id as movieId, title, year, director, rating from movies l
235 "order by %s limit ?, ?;", sortBy);
236     preparedStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(query);
237     preparedStatement.setInt(1, pageNumber);
238     preparedStatement.setInt(2, movieNumber);
239 }
240 else {
241     int titleLength = titleQuery.length();
242     int threshold = (int) Math.floor(titleLength * 0.4);
243

```

```

243
244         query = String.format("select movies.id as movieId, title, year, director, rating from movies
245                                \"where MATCH(title) against (? IN BOOLEAN MODE) AND \" +
246                                \"lower(director) like ?\" +
247                                (yearQuery.equals(\"\") ? \"\" : (\" AND year=?\" )) + \" order by %s limit ?, ?;\", s
248
249         // fuzzy search query
250         query = String.format("select movies.id as movieId, title, year, director, rating from movies
251                                \"where (MATCH(title) against (? IN BOOLEAN MODE) or edth(lower(title), ?, ?))
252                                \"lower(director) like ?\" +
253                                (yearQuery.equals(\"\") ? \"\" : (\" AND year=?\" )) + \" order by %s limit ?, ?;\", s
254
255         String titleMatchPattern = \"\";
256         for (String token : tokenArray) {
257             titleMatchPattern += \"+\" + token.trim() + \"* \";
258         }
259         titleMatchPattern = titleMatchPattern.trim();
260
261         // For test
262         System.out.println(\"title match pattern: \" + titleMatchPattern);
263
264         preparedStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(query);
265         preparedStatement.setString(1, titleMatchPattern);
266         preparedStatement.setString(2, directorQuery.toLowerCase() + \"%\");
267
268         if (!yearQuery.equals(\"\")) {
269             preparedStatement.setInt(3, Integer.parseInt(yearQuery));
270             preparedStatement.setInt(4, pageNumber);
271             preparedStatement.setInt(5, movieNumber);
272         }
273         else {
274             preparedStatement.setInt(3, pageNumber);
275             preparedStatement.setInt(4, movieNumber);
276         }
277     }
278 }
279
280 // For test
281 System.out.println(\"Acutal sent query: \" + query);
282
283

```

```

282         System.out.println(\"Acutal sent query: \" + query);
283
284
285         // Perform the query
286         long jdbcStartTime2 = System.nanoTime();
287         //*****
288         ResultSet rs = preparedStatement.executeQuery();
289         //*****
290         long jdbcEndTime2 = System.nanoTime();
291         jdbcSum += jdbcEndTime2 - jdbcStartTime2;
292
293         JSONArray jsonArray = new JSONArray();
294         // Iterate through each row of rs
295

```



```

314         jsonObject.addProperty("movieRating", movieRating);
315
316         String query_star = "select starId, name from stars, stars_in_movies where stars.id=stars_in_movies.starId";
317         "stars_in_movies.movieId=?";
318         PreparedStatement preparedStatementStar = dbcon.prepareStatement(query_star);
319         preparedStatementStar.setString(1, movieId);
320
321         long jdbcStartTime3 = System.nanoTime();
322         //*****
323         ResultSet resultSetStar = preparedStatementStar.executeQuery();
324         //*****
325         long jdbcEndTime3 = System.nanoTime();
326         jdbcSum += jdbcEndTime3 - jdbcStartTime3;
327
328         while (resultSetStar.next()) {
329             String starName = resultSetStar.getString("name");
330             String starId = resultSetStar.getString("starId");
331             if (! resultSetStar.isLast()) {
332                 listofIds += starId + ",";
333                 listofStars += starName + ",";
334             }
335         }

```

```

342
343 String query_genre = "select name from genres, genres_in_movies where genres.id=genres_in_movies.genre
344                        \"genres_in_movies.movieId=?\";
345 PreparedStatement preparedStatementGenre = dbcon.prepareStatement(query_genre);
346 preparedStatementGenre.setString(1, movieId);
347
348 long jdbcStartTime4 = System.nanoTime();
349 //*****
350 ResultSet resultSetGenre = preparedStatementGenre.executeQuery();
351 //*****
352 long jdbcEndTime4 = System.nanoTime();
353 jdbcSum += jdbcEndTime4 - jdbcStartTime4;
354
355 while (resultSetGenre.next()) {
356     String genreName = resultSetGenre.getString("name");
357     if (! resultSetGenre.isLast())
358         listOfGenres += genreName + ",";
359     else
360         listOfGenres += genreName;
361 }
362 jsonObject.addProperty("listofGenres", listOfGenres);
363
364 jsonArray.add(jsonObject);
365
366 if (rs.isLast())
367     ((JsonObject) jsonArray.get(0)).addProperty("totalFound", counter);
368
369 resultSetStar.close();
370 resultSetGenre.close();
371 preparedStatementStar.close();
372 preparedStatementGenre.close();
373 }
374
375 // write JSON string to output
376 out.write(jsonArray.toString());
377 // set response status to 200 (OK)
378 response.setStatus(200);
379
380 // Close open resources
381 rsCount.close();
382 rs.close();
383 preparedStatementCount.close();
384 preparedStatement.close();
385 dbcon.close();
386 } catch (Exception e) {
387     // write error message JSON object to output
388     JsonObject jsonObject = new JsonObject();
389     jsonObject.addProperty("errorMessage", e.getMessage());

```


- Snapshots showing use in [context.xml](#): (used when the Prepared Statement is used with connection pooling)
- Set cachePrepStmts property to true

Branch: dev ▾ [cs122b-spring18-team-3](#) / [Fabflix-website](#) / [WebContent](#) / [META-INF](#) / [context.xml](#) Find file Copy path

Dayue Bai Add report html file, log files, parser a5dc7be an hour ago

0 contributors

19 lines (15 sloc) | 879 Bytes Raw Blame History

```

localhost moviedb-->

driver"

/moviedb"/>

er" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
aitMillis="10000" username="root"
ame="com.mysql.jdbc.ReplicationDriver"
2.31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/moviedb?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false&cachePrepStmts=true&roundRobinLoadBalance=true"/>

```

Task 2

- Address of AWS and Google instances

Google Cloud Platform public IP: 104.198.4..5
 AWS Instance 1 public IP: 18.188.249.178
 AWS Instance 2 public IP: 13.59.209.92
 AWS Instance 3 public IP: 18.222.83.5

- Have you verified that they are accessible? Does Fablix site get opened both on Google's 80 port and AWS' 8080 port?

We have verified they are accessible. The Fabflix website get opened on both the Google' 80 port and the AWS's 8080 port.

- Explain how connection pooling works with two backend SQL (in your code)?
 We enable connection pooling to work with backend SQL by doing the following procedures.
 - Create two databases respectively on master and slave instance. Ensure data is synchronized.

- Install an apache2 server on AWS Instance. This server serves as an load balancer which allocates requests to both AWS Instance 2 and Instance 3. We add some configuration to 000-default.conf file. Add proxy and rules for our Fabflix website.
- **Enable sticky session configuration** for apache 2 server to **make the session persists** over requests of the same client.
- **For connection pooling**, we only add one resource tag to context.xml, because **we use JDBC Replication Driver** to control read and write operations (more details will be covered in next section: How read/write are routed). We register databases on both master and slave instance in the JDBC Replication Driver. In this way, after load balancer allocate request to the backend Tomcat server, write requests will only be sent to database of master instance, while read requests can be sent to one of the database on backend instances.

- File name, line numbers as in Github

- [context.xml](#) : line 13 - 16

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/WebContent/META-INF/context.xml)

- 000-default.conf in apache2 server in instance 1

- Snapshots

context.xml:

```

19 lines (15 sloc) | 879 Bytes
Raw Blame History
1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2
3  <Context>
4      <!-- Defines a Data Source Connecting to localhost moviedb-->
5      <Resource name="jdbc/moviedb"
6          auth="Container"
7          driverClassName="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"
8          type="javax.sql.DataSource"
9          username="root"
10         password="mm941026"
11         url="jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/moviedb"/>
12
13     <Resource name="jdbc/localDB" auth="Container" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
14         maxTotal="100" maxIdle="30" maxWaitMillis="10000" username="root"
15         password="mm941026" driverClassName="com.mysql.jdbc.ReplicationDriver"
16         url="jdbc:mysql:replication://172.31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/moviedb?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false&
17
18
19 </Context>

```

```
r" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
tMillis="10000" username="root"
e="com.mysql.jdbc.ReplicationDriver"
31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/movieDb?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false&cachePrepStmts=true&roundRobinLoadBalance=true"/>
```

000-default.conf in instance 1:

```
Header add Set-Cookie "ROUTEID=.%{BALANCER_WORKER_ROUTE}e; path=/" env=BALANCER_ROUTE_CHANGED
<Proxy "balancer://TomcatTest_balancer">
  BalancerMember "http://172.31.18.8:8080/TomcatTest/"
  BalancerMember "http://172.31.28.80:8080/TomcatTest/"
</Proxy>
<Proxy "balancer://Session_balancer">
  # BalancerMember "http://172.31.18.8:8080/Session" route=1
  # BalancerMember "http://172.31.28.80:8080/Session" route=2
  # ProxySet stickysession=ROUTEID
</Proxy>
<Proxy "balancer://Fabflix_balancer">
  BalancerMember "http://172.31.18.8:8080/Fabflix-website" route=1
  BalancerMember "http://172.31.28.80:8080/Fabflix-website" route=2
  ProxySet stickysession=ROUTEID
</Proxy>
<VirtualHost *:80>
  # Two new rules for Session example
  #ProxyPass /Session balancer://Session_balancer
  #ProxyPassReverse /Session balancer://Session_balancer

  # Two new rules for TomcatTest example
  ProxyPass /TomcatTest balancer://TomcatTest_balancer
  ProxyPassReverse /TomcatTest balancer://TomcatTest_balancer
  # Two new rules for Fabflix project
  ProxyPass /Fabflix-website balancer://Fabflix_balancer
  ProxyPassReverse /Fabflix-website balancer://Fabflix_balancer

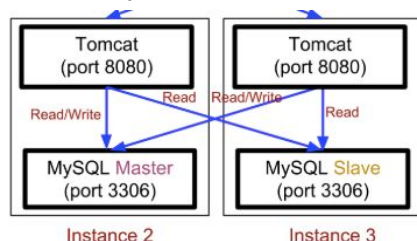
  # The ServerName directive sets the request scheme, hostname and port that
```

- How read/write requests were routed?

In context.xml, instead of adding two resource tags for databases on both master and slave instance, we just add one resource that use JDBC Replication Driver, in which we register master and slave database url and port. We set the Replication Driver connection url in this format: (set property: roundRobinLoadBalance = true)

`jdbc:mysql:replication://[master host][:port],[slave host 1][:port],[slave host 2][:port].../[database] »[?propertyName1=propertyValue1[&propertyName2=propertyValue2]...]`

We enable round-robin scheme for the connection, in which read requests(such as select) can be sent to one of the backend database, if we call `Connection.setReadOnly(true)` in Java servlet. ReplicationDriver will ensure write requests(update, insert, delete,...) will only be sent to the database on master instance (AWS Instance 2), if we call `Connection.setReadOnly(false)` in Java servlet. In this way, we can realize the replication of data on two backend databases in a proper way. The route shown below can be realized.



- File name, line numbers as in Github

[DbServlet.java](#) : line 92

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/DbServlet.java)

[CheckoutServlet.java](#) : line 110, 115

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/CheckoutServlet.java)

[LoginServlet.java](#) : line 79

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/LoginServlet.java)

[StarServlet.java](#) : line 51

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/src/StarServlet.java)

[Context.xml](#) : line 15, 16

(Path: cs122b-spring18-team-3/Fabflix-website/WebContent/META-INF/context.xml)

- Snapshots

DbServlet:

```
85         if (dbcon == null)
86             out.println("dbcon is null.");
87
88             // Get a connection from dataSource
89         //         Connection dbcon = dataSource.getConnection();
90
91
92         dbcon.setReadOnly(true);
93         PreparedStatement preparedStatementCount;
94         String queryCount = "";
95
96         if (!genreQuery.equals("")) {
97             queryCount = "select count(*) as total from " +
98                 "movies, genres, genres_in_movies where movies.id=genres_in_movies."
99                 + "and genres_in_movies.genreId=genres.id and genres.name=?";
100             preparedStatementCount = dbcon.prepareStatement(queryCount);
101             preparedStatementCount.setString(1, genreQuery);
102         }
103         else if (!starQuery.equals("")) {
```

CheckoutServlet.java

```
99      PreparedStatement preparedUpdateStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(updateQuery);
100      preparedUpdateStatement.setInt(1, Integer.parseInt(customerId));
101
102      for (String movieId : cartMap.keySet())
103      {
104          preparedUpdateStatement.setString(2, movieId);
105          int amount = ((User) session.getAttribute("user")).getItemAmount(movieId);
106
107          for (int counter = 0; counter < amount; ++counter) {
108
109              // Update sales table
110              dbcon.setReadOnly(false);
111              preparedUpdateStatement.executeUpdate();
112
113              // Get last inserted sale ID
114              Statement idQueryStatement = dbcon.createStatement();
115              dbcon.setReadOnly(true);
116              String idQuery = "select LAST_INSERT_ID() as id;";
117              ResultSet rs = idQueryStatement.executeQuery(idQuery);
118
119              while (rs.next()) {
120                  int saleId = rs.getInt("id");
121
122                  // Write the transaction to user purchase record, stored in User.java class
123                  ((User) session.getAttribute("user")).writePurchaseRecord(saleId, movieId);
124              }
```

LoginServlet.java

```
72      Connection dbCon = ds.getConnection();
73      if (dbCon == null)
74          System.out.println("dbcon is null.");
75
76      String username = "";
77      String password = "";
78      String query = "";
79      dbCon.setReadOnly(true);
80      PreparedStatement preparedStatement;
81
82      System.out.println("Starting to make prepareStatement");
83      // Generate a SQL query
84      if (request.getParameter("employee_email")==null && request.getParameter("email")!=null)
85          username = request.getParameter("email");
```

StarServlet.java

```
44         // Look up our data source
45         DataSource ds = (DataSource) envCtx.lookup("jdbc/localDB");
46
47         if (ds == null)
48             System.out.println("ds is null.");
49
50         Connection dbcon = ds.getConnection();
51         dbcon.setReadOnly(true);
52         if (dbcon == null)
53             System.out.println("dbcon is null.");
54
55         // Construct query
56         String query = "select id, name, birthYear from stars where id=?";
57         PreparedStatement preparedStatement = dbcon.prepareStatement(query);
58         preparedStatement.setString(1, starId);
59
60         // For test
```

context.xml:

```
6         auth="Container"
7         driverClassName="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"
8         type="javax.sql.DataSource"
9         username="root"
10        password="mm941026"
11        url="jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/moviedb"/>
12
13    <Resource name="jdbc/localDB" auth="Container" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
14        maxTotal="100" maxIdle="30" maxWaitMillis="10000" username="root"
15        password="mm941026" driverClassName="com.mysql.jdbc.ReplicationDriver"
16        url="jdbc:mysql:replication://172.31.18.8:3306,172.31.28.80:3306/moviedb?autc
17
18
19    </Context>
```

```
ue&useSSL=false&cachePrepStmts=true&roundRobinLoadBalance=true"/>
```

Task 3

- Have you uploaded the log files to Github? Where is it located?

Yes, we have uploaded the log files to Github.

It is located at: [/Fabflix-website/target/](#) . There are 9 log files in total and they are identified by the task shown in project 5 requirement. The names are followed the order shown in project requirement.

- Have you uploaded the HTML file (with all sections including analysis, written up) to Github? Where is it located?

Yes, we have uploaded the HTML(with all sections including analysis and written up) to Github.

It is located at: /Fabflix-website/[Project 5-Task 3-Report/](#) . The name is [jmeter_report.html](#).

- Have you uploaded the script to Github? Where is it located?

Yes, we have uploaded the script to Github(at the root of the WAR file)

Path of parser.py file: [Root of repository >> Fabflix-website >> target >> parser.py](#)

- Have you uploaded the WAR file and README to Github? Where is it located?

Yes, we have uploaded the WAR file and README to Github.

Path of Fabflix-website.war file:

[Root of repository >> Fabflix-website >> target >> Fabflix-website.war](#)

[README.md file](#) is located at the root of our Github repository