DAYVILLE FIRE COMPANY

STANDARD OPERATING GUIDELINES

Section: Incidents

Date Issued: 4-25-11

SOG: D-14

SUBJECT: FLAMMABLE LIQUID INCIDENTS

PURPOSE: To establish a guideline for responding to Flammable Liquid

Incident

DEFINITION:

Four primary areas of concern are:

- 1. Extinguishment of Flammable Liquid Fires
- 2. Spills without Fire
- 3. Disposal
- 4. Firefighter Safety

EXTINGUISHMENT:

The preferred agent for flammable liquid fire fighting is AFFF/Class B foam. Fire attack on any flammable liquid should be made with Class B foam or if the fuel is ethanol, or ethanol base, fire attack should utilize an Alcohol Resistant Film Forming Foam (AR-AFFF).

SPILLS:

Flammable liquid spills must be protected from all ignition sources. Position vehicles to prevent contact of vapor with running engines or exhaust. Cover spills with Class B foam to seal vapors. May need to reapply as the seal will break down in 10 to 15 minutes. DO NOT permit the flammable liquid to runoff into sewers, rivers, or drainage systems.

DISPOSAL:

Notify DEP thru QV dispatch of all spills. Small Spills may be absorbed with absorbent pads.

SAFETY:

A Hot Zone should be established and marked with Hazard tape. This area should include the spilled area downwind of the spill of sufficient distance to account for reasonable vapor travel.

A Warm Zone may be needed, that surrounds the Hot Zone, in which a lesser degree of risk exists.

All personal must wear full protective clothing, including SCBA.

Command must be established and a Safety Officer must be assigned.

This S.O.G. was last reviewed and/or updated on April 25, 2011.