

XML Schema Design Patterns

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“Learning is fun!”**



Agenda

- Popular XML Schema Design Patterns
 - > Russian Doll
 - > Salami Slice
 - > Venetian Blind
 - > Garden of Eden
- NetBeans Support on XML Schema Design Patterns

Popular XML Schema Design Patterns

Popular XML Schema Design Patterns

- Russian Doll
- Salami Slice
- Venetian Blind
- Garden of Eden

Popular XML Schema Design Patterns

- The patterns vary according to the number of their global elements or types.
- You can conveniently classify the four most common patterns according to two criteria, namely:
 - > Ease of use for instance developers
 - > Ease of reuse for schema developers

Russian Doll

Russian Doll

- The Russian Doll design contains only one single global element.
- All the other elements are local.
- You nest element declarations within a single global declaration

Example: Russian Doll

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="http://schemas.sun.com/point/russiandoll"
  xmlns:tns="http://schemas.sun.com/point/russiandoll"
  elementFormDefault="qualified">

  <xsd:element name="Line">                                ← Global element
    <xsd:complexType>
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element name="PointA">
          <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:attribute name="x" type="xsd:integer"/>
            <xsd:attribute name="y" type="xsd:integer"/>
          </xsd:complexType>
        </xsd:element>
        <xsd:element name="PointB">
          <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:attribute name="x" type="xsd:integer"/>
            <xsd:attribute name="y" type="xsd:integer"/>
          </xsd:complexType>
        </xsd:element>
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:complexType>
  </xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>
```

Advantages & Disadvantages

- Advantages
 - > Contains only one valid root element.
 - > Could reduce the complexity of namespace
 - > Easy to use from instance developer's point of view
- Disadvantages
 - > Reuse of elements is limited – not easy to use from schema developer's point of view
 - > Supports single-file schema only

Usage

- Russian Doll is the simplest and easiest pattern to use by instance developers.
- However, if its elements or types are intended for reuse, Russian Doll is not suitable for schema developers.

Salami Slice

Salami Slice

- All the elements in the Salami Slice design are global.
- No nesting of element declarations is required and you can reuse the declarations throughout the schema.
- You must define all the elements within the global namespace.

Example: Salami Slice

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="http://schemas.sun.com/point/salami"
  xmlns:tns="http://schemas.sun.com/point/salami"
  xmlns="http://schemas.sun.com/point/salami"
  elementFormDefault="qualified">

  <xsd:element name="PointA"> ←
    <xsd:complexType>
      <xsd:attribute name="x" type="xsd:integer"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="y" type="xsd:integer"/>
    </xsd:complexType>
  </xsd:element>

  <xsd:element name="PointB"> ←
    <xsd:complexType>
      <xsd:attribute name="x" type="xsd:integer"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="y" type="xsd:integer"/>
    </xsd:complexType>
  </xsd:element>

  <xsd:element name="Line"> ←
    <xsd:complexType>
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="PointA"/>
        <xsd:element ref="PointB"/>
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:complexType>
  </xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>
```

Global elements

Advantages & Disadvantages

- Advantages
 - > Contains all reusable elements (from schema designer's standpoint)
 - > Supports reuse of elements from other documents.
- Disadvantages
 - > Exposes the complexity in namespace.

Venetian Blind

Venetian Blind

- The Venetian Blind design contains only one global element.
- All the other elements are local.
- You nest element declarations within a single global declaration by means of named complex types and element groups.
- You can reuse those types and groups throughout the schema and must define only the root element within the global namespace.

Example: Venetian Blind

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    targetNamespace="http://schemas.sun.com/point/venetianblind"
    xmlns:tns="http://schemas.sun.com/point/venetianblind"
    xmlns="http://schemas.sun.com/point/venetianblind"
    elementFormDefault="qualified">

    <xsd:complexType name="PointType">
        <xsd:attribute name="x" type="xsd:integer"/>
        <xsd:attribute name="y" type="xsd:integer"/>
    </xsd:complexType>

    <xsd:element name="Line">           ←————— Global element
        <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:sequence>
                <xsd:element name="PointA" type="PointType"/>
                <xsd:element name="PointB" type="PointType"/>
            </xsd:sequence>
        </xsd:complexType>
    </xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>
```

Advantages & Disadvantages

- Advantages
 - > Contains only one single root element.
 - > Allows reuse for all the types and the single global element.
 - > Allows multiple files
- Disadvantages
 - > Limits encapsulation by exposing types.

Usage

- Because it has only one single root element and all its types are reusable, Venetian Blind is suitable for use by both instance developers and schema developers.
 - > Venetian Blind is considered as an extension of Russian Doll, in which all the types are defined globally.

Garden of Eden

Garden of Eden

- You define all the elements and types in the global namespace and refer to the elements as required.

Example: Garden of Eden

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    targetNamespace="http://schemas.sun.com/point/gardenofeden"
    xmlns="http://schemas.sun.com/point/gardenofeden"
    elementFormDefault="qualified">

    <xsd:complexType name="PointType">
        <xsd:attribute name="x" type="xsd:integer"/>
        <xsd:attribute name="y" type="xsd:integer"/>
    </xsd:complexType>

    <xsd:complexType name="LineType">
        <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element ref="PointA"/>
            <xsd:element ref="PointB"/>
        </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:complexType>

    <xsd:element name="PointA" type="PointType"/>
    <xsd:element name="PointB" type="PointType"/>
    <xsd:element name="Line" type="LineType"/>
</xsd:schema>
```

The diagram illustrates the 'Garden of Eden' effect in XML Schema. It shows three global elements: `PointA`, `PointB`, and `Line`. Each element is represented by a black arrow pointing from its declaration in the XML code above to its respective declaration in the schema. The label **Global elements** is positioned to the right of the arrows.

Advantages & Disadvantages

- Advantages
 - > Allows reuse of both elements and types.
 - > Allows multiple files.
- Disadvantages
 - > Contains many potential root elements.
 - > Limits encapsulation by exposing types.
 - > Is difficult to read and understand.

NetBeans Support on XML Schema Design Patterns

NetBeans XML Schema Design Support

- Lets you choose a design pattern by letting you choose
 - > Scheme of Creating global element
 - > Scheme of Creating type
- Creating global element
 - > Create a single global element
 - > Create Multiple global elements
- Creating type
 - > Create Type(s)
 - > Do not Create Type(s)

NetBeans XML Schema Design Support

Apply Design Pattern

Steps

1. Select Design Pattern

Select Design Pattern

Global Element

Create a Single Global Element
 Create Multiple Global Elements

Type

Create Type(s)
 Do not Create Type(s)

Selected Design Pattern: Venetian Blind Current Design Pattern: Garden of Eden

In the Venetian Blind design, there is a single global element; all other elements are local. Element declarations are nested within a single global declaration, using named complex types and element groups. Complex types and element groups can be reused throughout the schema. Only the root element must be defined within the global

Example:

```
<schema>
    <complexType name="PointType">
        <simpleContent>
            <restriction base="xsd:date"/>
        </simpleContent>
    </complexType>
</schema>
```

⚠ Click Finish to apply the "Venetian Blind" design pattern and remove all existing global elements and types in the schema.

< Back Next > **Finish** Cancel Help

Thank you!

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