## Supplement For Lesson 6

Objectives inspired by, vocabulary transcribed from, and sentences and story by Bill Vicars.

Handshape photos by Adam Frost.

No endorsement implied nor given by either.

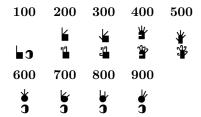
#### **Objectives**

- I have completed the objectives for this lesson.
- I am able to read the numbers 100–999.
- I am able to show the meaning and form of the symbol groups in the body category in order.
- I know which base symbols are in Symbol Groups contact and finger.
- I am able to draw the flat palmshape in all forms.
- I am able to draw and demonstrate what fill five means.
- I am able to read, write, and sign the ASL handshapes in symbol group four.
- I am able to recognize the vocabulary for this lesson.
- I am able to read the practice sentences for this lesson.
- I am able to read the practice story for this lesson.

## The Numbers 100 Through 999

In SignWriting you will also see this simply as a vertical list of the digits for zero through nine for page numbers and similar contexts. In fact, you are more likely to see these written that way because adjusting several dozen page numbers to make the two digit numbers look good is a viable amount of work, but doing that for hundreds of pages is not.

Regardless of those uses, you should be using the correct signs in speaking and in writing for these lessons.



#### The Body Category

The official name for this category also happens to be "Body" and it has only two base symbols in it.

Symbol			$\mathbf{Symbol}$		
Group	Name	Example	Group	Name	Example
27	Trunk		28	Limbs	×

## The Symbol Groups Contact and Finger

In prior lessons we have only talked the types of symbols that are in these groups, primarily because we are and will be covering each of them in detail throughout these supplements. From this point on, we will instead be all of the base symbols in order to see how these symbols are organized. The order will be important in things like dictionaries (touch single, then multiple, then between, then grasp single) but honestly the goal from this point is more about generally knowing which symbols are where, what they mean, and a general feel for which order they are in.

The eleventh Symbol Group we informally call contact, and it's official name also happens to be contact. Symbol Group Contact has all the different ways that touch happens while moving.

Base Symbol	Example	Base Symbol	Example
Touch Single	*	Touch Multiple	**
Touch Between	*	Grasp Single	+
Grasp Multiple	++	Grasp Between	+
Strike Single	#	Strike Multiple	##
Strike Between	#	Brush Single	0
Brush Multiple	00	Brush Between	O
Rub Single	@	Rub Multiple	@@
Rub Between	l@l	Surface Symbols	۵
Surface Between	0		

Each of the "Between" versions also has a "Multiple Between" version as an additional fill.

The twelfth Symbol Group we informally call finger, though it's official name is "Finger Movement". Symbol Group Finger Movement (Finger) has all ways the fingers can move.

The directional movement forms, you may notice, have either one or two tails. The reasons for this will be explored in future lessons.

Base Symbol	Example	Base Symbol
Squeeze Large Single	•	Squeeze Small Single
Squeeze Large Multiple	••	Squeeze Small Multiple
Squeeze Sequential	5	Flick Large Single
Flick Small Single	0	Flick Large Multiple
Flick Small Multiple	00	Flick Sequential
Squeeze Flick Alternating	o <sup>•</sup> o•o	Hinge Movement, Up Down Large
Hinge Movement, Up Down Small	^	Hinge Movement, Up Sequential
Hinge Movement, Down Sequential	<b>}</b>	Hinge Movement, Up Down Alternating Large
Hinge Movement, Up Down Alternating Small	*	Hinge Movement, Side to Side Scissors
Finger Contact Movement, Wall Plane	<b>↑</b>	Finger Contact Movement, Floor Plane

Examp

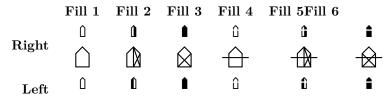
Before you can consider this lesson complete, you need to be able to list off the symbol groups as: "one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, thumb;" "contact, finger."

One thing I want to point out that may have been missed is that there is now a semicolon (instead of a comma) after thumb. The thirty base symbols are most often thought of as being in three groups of ten, and you should take full advantage of that as you learn the names of the base symbols in order. The requirement is that you can list off the symbol groups, not that you can list off the symbol groups in less that x seconds!

The first ten are handshapes — which should have proven fairly easy for you. The second ten are movements — which will required a bit more work but we have some additional helps in the next lesson. The third ten are categories three through seven — you still remember those right?

More helps to come.

## The Flat Palmshape



#### The Fifth Fill

#### Hand Symbols

Any handshape symbol drawn in the fifth fill means that the signer's thumb is facing up. For all the hand symbols, the empty portion represents the signer's palm and the filled portion represents the back of the hand. So for fill five you would see your thumb — leaving fill five half filled in.

#### **Everything Else**

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The fills for other categories tend to be a bit more variable. Here we have the right eyebrow raised by itself.

## ASL Handshapes From Symbol Group Four

The four handshapes in Symbol Group Four used by ASL in order are: Four Fingers Spread; Four Fingers Spread; Four Fingers Unit; and Four Fingers Unit Bent;

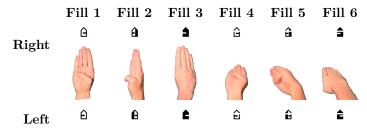
## The Four Fingers Spread Handshape



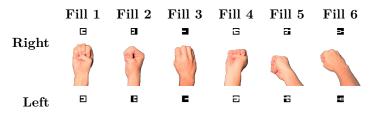
#### The Four Fingers Spread Bent Handshape



## The Four Fingers Unit Handshape

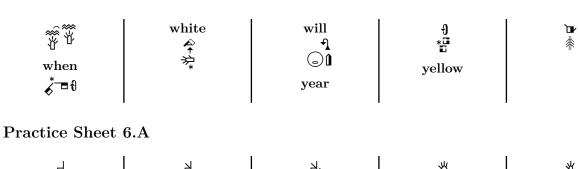


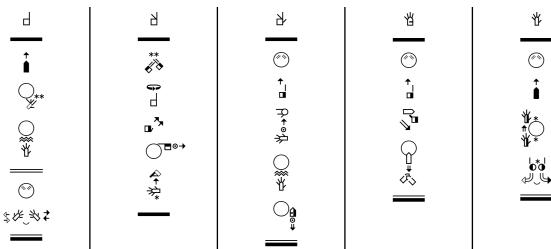
## The Four Fingers Unit Bent Handshape



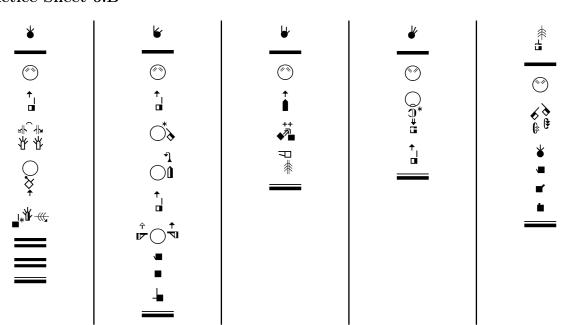
# Vocabulary

100 200 200 300 400 400 400 400 500 700 500 800 900 600	annual  tt  before  black  blue  color  current  daily  dictionary	every day  every day  far in the future  finish  finish  future  last year  last year  later  long	long ago look up look up next year  old orange page page paper	past  present  previously  red  self  today  tomorrow  wait
3	<b>←</b> ⊙ <mark>.</mark>		paper	wait





# Practice Sheet 6.B



Practice Sheet 6.C

## Practice Sheet 6.D

