

Pluggable Storage in PostgreSQL

Andres Freund

PostgreSQL Developer & Committer

Email: andres@anarazel.de

Email: andres.freund@enterprisedb.com

Twitter: @AndresFreundTec

anarazel.de/talks/2018-10-25-pgconfeu-pluggable-storage/pluggable.pdf

Pluggable Storage

CREATE TABLE ...(...) USING heap;

Work by:

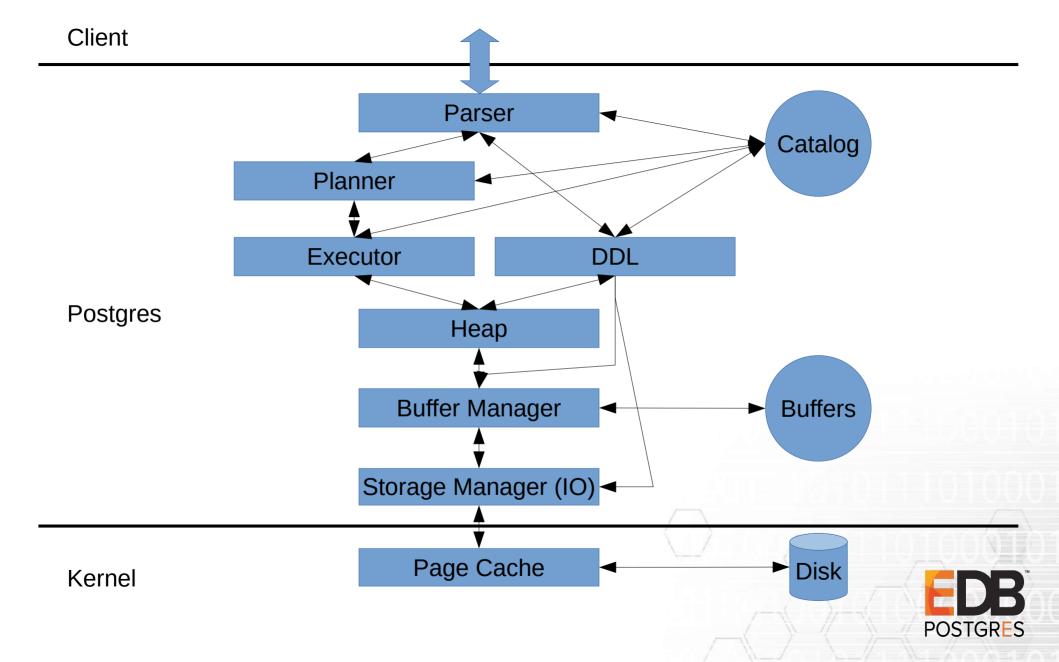
- Haribabu Kommi
- Alvaro Herrera
- Alexander Korotkov
- Ashutosh Bapat
- Amit Khandekar



What do you mean: storage

- Contents of a TABLE / MATERIALIZED VIEW
- NOT contents of indexes
- Not purely a change of IO layer
- => Code name: 'tableam' table access method





What do you mean: pluggable

```
CREATE EXTENSION magic_storage;
CREATE TABLE something (...) USING magic_storage;
SET default_table_access_method = 'magic_storage';
CREATE TABLE else (...); -- still uses magic_storage
```



Why?

- ZHeap UNDO based storage, address bloat and write amplification problems
- Columnar Storage
- Experiments



Why not?

- Proliferation of half-baked storage engines, rather than one good one
- Proliferation of closed & commercial storage engines
- Architectural impact



What?

- Multiple table AMs should be able to exist at compile time
- new table AMs can be added at runtime (i.e. CREATE EXTENSION new_am;)
- Indexes: Should work across different table AMs
- Planner: Should work largely unmodified against different AMs
- NOT: non-heap catalog tables
- NOT: Fully extensible WAL logging
- NOT: Executor/Planner magic to make every storage method superfast



Contrast to Foreign Data Wrapper API

- FDWs basically hook in at the planner level
- FDWs not intended to locally store data
- DDL not really supported
- Foreign Keys not supported (and it doesn't really make sense to support)
- Different goals, but some overlap exists



TupleTableSlots

- historic name, "Tuple Holder" more accurate
- Holds various forms of tuples, makes accesses to columns cheap(er)
- Made extensible:

```
typedef struct TupleTableSlotOps
    size t
                base slot size;
    void
                 (*init)(TupleTableSlot *slot);
                 (*getsomeattrs)(TupleTableSlot *slot, int natts);
    void
                 (*copy heap tuple)(TupleTableSlot *slot);
    HeapTuple
struct TupleTableSlot
    NodeTag
                type;
    uint16
                tts_flags;
    AttrNumber
                tts_nvalid;
    const TupleTableSlotOps *const tts_cb;
               *tts_values; /* current per-attribute values */
    Datum
               *tts_isnull; /* current per-attribute isnull flags */
    bool
```

Table AM Handlers

postgres[28850][1]=# SELECT * FROM pg_am WHERE amtype = 't';

amname	amhandler	amtype
heap	heap_tableam_handler	t

(1 row)

Schema	Name	Result data type	Argument data types	Туре
pg_catalog	heap_tableam_handler	table_am_handler	internal	func

(1 row)



Table AM Handlers

```
Datum
heap_tableam_handler(PG_FUNCTION_ARGS)
{
    PG_RETURN_POINTER(&heapam_methods);
}
static const TableAmRoutine heapam_methods = {
    .type = T_TableAmRoutine,
    .slot_callbacks = heapam_slot_callbacks,
...
};
```



TupleTableSlots #2



Table AM API – DML & DDL

```
* API struct for a table AM. Note instances of this this must be
 * allocated in a server-lifetime manner, typically as a static const struct.
typedef struct TableAmRoutine
    TupleInsert_function tuple_insert;
    TupleInsertSpeculative_function tuple_insert_speculative;
    TupleCompleteSpeculative_function tuple_complete_speculative;
    TupleUpdate_function tuple_update;
    TupleDelete_function tuple_delete;
    MultiInsert_function multi_insert;
    TupleLock function tuple lock;
    RelationVacuum_function relation_vacuum;
    RelationScanAnalyzeNextBlock_function scan_analyze_next_block;
    RelationScanAnalyzeNextTuple_function scan_analyze_next_tuple;
    RelationCopyForCluster_function relation_copy_for_cluster;
    RelationSync_function relation_sync;
    IndexBuildRangeScan_function index_build_range_scan;
    IndexValidateScan function index validate scan;
            TableAmRoutine;
```

Table AM API – Scans

```
typedef struct TableAmRoutine
    ScanBegin_function scan_begin;
    ScanRescan_function scan_rescan;
    ScanEnd function scan end;
    ScanGetnextSlot_function scan_getnextslot;
    BeginIndexFetchTable_function begin_index_fetch;
    EndIndexFetchTable_function reset_index_fetch;
    EndIndexFetchTable_function end_index_fetch;
    TupleFetchFollow_function tuple_fetch_follow;
    BitmapPagescan_function scan_bitmap_pagescan;
    BitmapPagescanNext_function scan_bitmap_pagescan_next;
             TableAmRoutine;
```



Infrastructure Changes

- Lots of rote changes to using slots & new scan APIs
 - DDL
 - Many executor nodes
- More complex slot changes:
 - Triggers
 - EvalPlanQual
 - Fix discrepancies between "declared" type of slot, and actually returned slot types
 - Analyze
 - COPY
- More complex executor changes:
 - Bitmap Scan
 - Sample Scan
- Other changes
 - error checks in extensions like pageinspect



Problems

- Indexes only have space for 6byte tuple-identifier
 - good enough for now, probably needs to be generalized
- Planner / Executor improvements needed for efficiency for some storage types (columnar)
 - can be addressed via planner hooks + custom executor nodes
- Unnecessary conversions to/from HeapTuple
- WAL logging not as extensible as desirable

