### TRANSITIONS. TRANSFORMS, & ANIMATIONS with CSS3

COMP 126: Practical Web Design & Development for Everyone

#### transitions

allow property changes in CSS values to occur smoothly over a specified duration

#### animations



you can combine transitions and transforms to animate elements

#### transforms

allow elements styled with CSS to be moved or changed in two-dimensional or three-dimensional space

#### transitions -

#### simple nav transition

<u>//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/RdOmMq/?height=265&theme-id=0&default-tab=css,result</u>

## anatomy of a transition

- transition-property: the property you want to transition.
   Note: not every property can be transitioned.
- transition-duration: in seconds or milliseconds: 4s or 4000ms (250-300ms is considered the "sweet spot").
- transition-timing-function: "cushioning" for the transition, defaults to ease; optional.
- transition-delay: the number of milli/seconds to delay the transition before firing it; optional.

#### Shorthand syntax:

```
transition: [property] [duration] [timing-
function][delay];
```

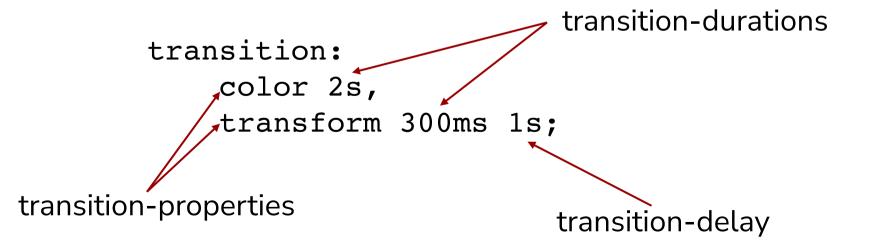
#### simple hover transition

<u>//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/xQGZzK/?height=265&theme-id=0&default-</u> <u>tab=css,result</u>

#### transitioning multiple

```
transition-property: color, transform;
transition-duration: 2s, 300ms;
transition-delay: 0, 1s;
```

#### or, in shorthand:



#### transforms —

#### transforms

...allow you to change the *shape and positioning of an element* without interfering with the document flow (the other elements on the page); can be coupled with transitions for an animation-style effect

translate (move)
rotate/scale (size)
skew
(distortion/squish)

#### 2D transforms

- horizontal (x-axis)
- vertical (y-axis)

#### 3D transforms

- horizontal (x-axis)
- vertical (y-axis)
- depth (z-axis)

#### simple transform

<u>//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/aQONVB/?height=265&theme-id=0&default-</u> <u>tab=css,result</u>

## more transitions & transforms

<u>//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/MzwaEo/?height=265&theme-id=0&default-</u> <u>tab=css,result</u>

### transform-origin

changes the position of the origin of transformation from its default origin (i.e., its own center and/or the boundaries of the parent element); values, examples, and more demos <u>here</u>

//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/RqrpYN/?height=265&theme-id=0&defaulttab=css,resultundefined&editable=true

#### transform-origin

Just a cool little CSSTricks demo to show you how different transform-origin values affect transformations

//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/mQVWxy/?height=265&theme-id=0&defaulttab=css,resultundefined&editable=true

#### animations -

# animation property + @keyframes block

```
.animated-div {
    animation: black-to-white 1s linear 1;
}

@keyframes black-to-white {
    0% { background: black; }
    100% { background: white; }
}
```

the animation property binds a named animation to an element and specifies its duration the @keyframes block names the animation and specifies what its properties are animating "from" (at 0%) and "to" (at 100%)

### animation property/values

```
.animated-div {
    animation: black-to-white 1s linear 2s 2;
}
```

- animation-name: The name of the keyframe block you want to use. Can be anything.
- animation-duration: How long the animation takes to proceed from 0% complete to 100% complete.
- animation-timing-function: Just like transition-timing-function; defaults to ease.
- animation-delay: The number of seconds to delay the start of the animation from its trigger; optional.
- animation-iteration-count: The number of times you want the animation to proceed from 0% to 100%; "infinite" if you don't want to it stop. Defaults to 1; optional.

#### the @keyframes block

...allows you to define a group of properties and values to animate, rather than simply changing one or two values (as in transitions)

```
start (0%): white text on black the name I chose for this animation
                                            (black-to-white)
          Okeyframes black-to-white {
            0% /* or from */ {
                                                you can control the
              background: black;
              color: white;
                                              animation in stages with
                                                multiple percentages
             100% /* or to */ {
              background: white;
              color: black;
                                      @keyframes black-to-white
                                        0% { color: black; }
   end (100%):
                                        50% { color: grey; }
                                        100% { color: white; }
```

black text on white

## animation timing functions

linear, ease, ease-in, ease-out, ease-in-out

- linear: The animation has the same speed from start to end.
- ease: Default value. The animation has a slow start, then fast, before it ends slowly.
- ease-in: The animation has a slow start.
- ease-out: The animation has a slow end.
- ease-in-out: The animation has both a slow start and a slow end.

## black-to-white animation

//codepen.io/tkjn/embed/pQgRvX/?height=265&theme-id=0&defaulttab=css,result

### animation timing function

<u>https://codepen.io/tkjn/embed/ExyyKEm?height=265&theme-</u> <u>id=light&default-tab=css,result</u>

### why animations?

https://codepen.io/tkjn/embed/eYzzdzb?height=265&themeid=dark&default-tab=css,result

https://codepen.io/yohaanchokhany/embed/wvGNzmw? height=265&theme-id=dark&default-tab=js,result

### gradient animation

https://codepen.io/tkjn/embed/yLobbay?default-tab=html%2Cresult