Tweet Sentiment Classification

Phase 4 Project by David Boyd

Business Problem/Use Case

90% of data is in unstructured formats, such as text. By being able to analyse sentiment analysis across social media channels brands can better understand whether they need to invest in **brand marketing** or what **pain points** customers might have about their products.

This information is pivotal to maintain companies **CAC** and reducing the chances of **customers churning** due to poor sentiment in either a brand/product.

Data

There are **9,082** records in the dataset

There are 3 different features which are listed below

- tweet_text The column contains the contents of the tweet that was captured
- emotion_in_tweet_is_directed_at This column identifies whether
 the tweet was targeted to a brand or a specific product. There are a lot
 of NULL values in this column, so it's not super helpful initially
- is_there_an_emotion_directed_at_a_brand_or_product This column helps to identify the sentiment of the tweet

Methodology

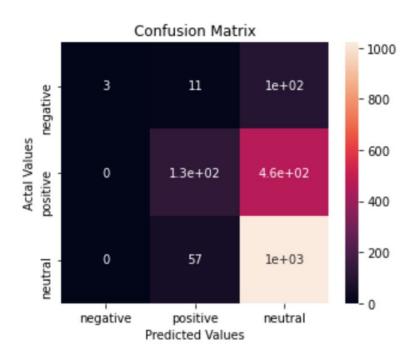
- Did a range of data cleaning to improve the accuracy of model performance
- Created a classification model to predict sentiment classification
 - First started out as a binary classification model then moved to multi-classification model
- Trialled out several different models to assess performance

Metric used to assess performance was called **Recall** - This is because we want to limit our false negatives as labelling negative sentiment tweets as positive as it reduces the size of the problem companies might be facing when it comes to brand sentiment.

Model Performance

The final model performance drove the following metrics:

- **Recall** - 65%



Future Improvements

The main issue faced when performing this classification project was:

Imbalanced dataset when it came to negative sentiment tweets, which meant that the importance was understated in all models, with most optimising towards neutral tweets, then positive and performing poorly to identify negative sentiment tweets.

Other improvements can be to look at re-building the model using more advanced neural network techniques once the data imbalance problem has been resolved. Some options are LSTM, LDA, GRU, CNN

How can you use this at your business

Below are a few suggestions on how this can be implemented into your company to add value, once the accuracy & recall score is above a specifically defined threshold

- Set up a monitoring system that flags when negative sentiment social comments are made for a customer support team to reach out to better understand potential bug issues, these should then be picked up in a bi-monthly report to Product/Tech teams
- Add in a new column into your user base to identify whether they are a
 positive/negative customer to perform analysis on impact against other
 key business metrics.

Any Questions?