meteocontrol Import Interface

Data import specification
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1 Document revision

Date	Rev.	Changes	Author
2015/04/24	2.0.0	init	E. Heinrich
2015/08/12	2.0.1	Tracker added	E. Heinrich
2015/10/27	2.0.2	Extract abbreviations to Excel sheets	P. Haggenmüller
2016/10/11	2.0.5	Power management events	E. Heinrich
2016/10/12	2.0.8	FTP as new transfer method added	E. Heinrich
2018/05/08	2.0.9	Genset device	E. Heinrich
2018/12/11	2.0.10	Layout and structural changes	P. Wegner
		Standard interval of 300 added	
		Changed min transmission interval to 5min	
		Changed prefered transfer method to HTTPS	
		Added missing HTTP error codes (404, 408)	
		Updated fetch and import frequency to 5min	



2 Introduction

The meteocontrol portal mainly processes data of PV-systems. Locally installed data loggers send measurement and event data to the portal. Data is usually transferred with files in XML format. In addition, error messages of the local monitoring system can also be sent directly to the server. They will be displayed in the error log of the appropriate system.

This document describes the import interface.

Main criteria are:

- General requirements
- Transfer format
- Transfer method

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3 Terms

3.1 Data logger identification

For each data logger a globally unique identifier is needed. This could be a manually configured customer id or a serial number, in conjunction with the vendor of the data logger. With this identifier we assign the incoming data to the configured system in the portal. Also, if data is transferred from different sources, they all must contain the same serial number.

3.2 Devices

The device is a local component, such as a meter, inverter or stringbox, whose monitored data points are collected periodically by a data logger and transmitted to a host for long term storage and processing.

Supported devices

- Inverter
- meter
- meteo (weather station)
- stringbox
- battery
- tracker
- power management device
- genset

3.3 Interval for measurement data

- Standard interval for measurement data is 300 or 900 seconds. Allowed intervals are 300, 600, 900, and 3600 seconds.
- Transferred measurement values are expected as interval values. Particularly the portal needs energy values as interval values. Cumulative values are only optional.
- Changes of the measuring interval are not recommended.
- A transmission interval of less than 5 minutes is not allowed.
- **Note**: The measuring interval is not the same as the transmission interval. You can log your data with a measuring interval of 900s and transfer the data 3600s (hourly) or 86400s (daily).

3.4 Interval for event data

Events have no intervals. Data loggers record the values to the second exactly.

3.5 Timestamp

The data points must have normalized timestamps. Timestamps shall be formatted as a subset of IETF RFC 3339. All timestamps shall be based on UTC/Universal time and include the "Z" marker.

Example: "2015-01-14T10:00:00Z" or "2015-01-14T10:00:00+00:00".



4 General

- It is possible to transfer the same data again. Existing data will be overwritten
- It is possible to transfer the data of one single device, which is part of a system (not preferred). Preferred is one file with the data of all devices.
- To avoid redundant data import and to reduce the amount of transferred data, the data is expected as a "delta transmission". Only logged data since the last transmission should be transferred. Example: If you plan an hourly transmission, the transferred data at 11:00 contains the data from 10:00 to 11:00. The transferred data at 12:00 contains the data from 11:00 to 12:00.

5 XML file format

5.1 Requirements

The expected data format to transmit measurement values and events is XML. The example used in this chapter contains data for a single inverter for one single timestamp. Only monitored data should be transferred. Every XML must contain a configuration node which uniquely identifies a datalogger, and describes its configuration and attached devices. The base for every XML must look like this:

```
<p
```

Additionally, data points and or events are expected to be part of the transferred XML.

5.2 Configuration

5.2.1 <configuration ...> node example

```
<configuration xmlns="http://api.sspcdn.com/mii/datalogger/configuration">
1
      <uuid>
2
3
        <vendor>meteocontrol</vendor>
4
        <serial>123-456-789</serial>
      </uuid>
5
      <name>Sample Logger</name>
6
      <firmware>1.1.3 (Build 152.721.528d)</firmware>
7
      <next-scheduled-transfer>2016-10-22T15:15:00Z/next-scheduled-transfer>
8
      <devices>
9
        <device type="inverter" id="inverter-1">
10
          <uid>INV216d6340</uid>
11
          <name>INVERTER-1-1</name>
12
          <address>192.168.77.10</address>
13
          <serial>XMA123456
14
          <vendor>xma</vendor>
15
          <model>x3000</model>
16
          <firmware>v.1.0.34</firmware>
17
        </device>
18
      </devices>
19
    </configuration>
20
```

5.2.2 Explanation

Line	Required	Explanation
1	Yes	Configuration node which describes the datalogger
2	Yes	Node containing vendor and serial to uniquely identify a datalogger
_		
3	Yes	Datalogger vendor name
4	Yes	Datalogger serial
6	No	Name of the datalogger
7	No	On the datalogger installed firmware version
8	No	RFC 3339 timestamp describing the datalogger's next scheduled transfer datetime
9	Yes	Collection of 1-n devices attached to the datalogger
10	Yes	Every device has a type and within the XML a unique device ID which is later used to
		connect transferred data points to devices within the XML
11	Yes	Unique id of the device attached to the datalogger
12	No	Device name
13	No	Device address
14	No	Device serial
15	No	Device vendor
16	No	Device Model
17	No	Device firmware

5.3 Data points

5.3.1 <datapoints...> node example

```
<datapoints xmlns="http://api.sspcdn.com/mii/datalogger/datapoints">
1
     <datapoint interval="900" timestamp="2015-10-22T15:00:00Z">
2
3
        <device id="inverter-1">
          <mv t="E_INT" v="0.0767"/>
4
          <mv t="COS_PHI" v="56"/>
5
          <mv t="COS_PHI_LOAD" v="765"/>
6
        </device>
7
     </datapoint>
8
   </datapoints>
```

5.3.2 Explanation

Line	Required	Explanation
1	Yes	Collection of 1-n data points
2	Yes	Data point containing the measurement interval and a RFC3339 UTC timestamp
3	Yes	Device with an ID which matches a before declared device in the configuration block
4-6	Yes	1-n tags describing the measurement and its value

5.4 Events

If the XML has an events block at least one event must be defined.

5.4.1 <events ...> node example

```
1
   <events xmlns="http://api.sspcdn.com/mii/datalogger/events">
      <alert timestamp="2018-12-06T06:55:34Z" device-id="inverter-1">
2
        <uid>1544079335564</uid>
3
        <state>on</state>
4
        <severity>critical</severity>
5
        <code>05310</code>
6
7
        <short-description>
          I EVENT AC VOLTAGE HIGH, S/N: 27244482
        </short-description>
8
        <long-description>
          I EVENT AC VOLTAGE HIGH, S/N: 27244482 (Inv-22)
        </long-description>
      </alert>
9
      <powermanagement timestamp="2015-01-14T10:11:22Z" device-id="pm-1">
10
        <p-set-perc>78.84</p-set-perc>
11
12
        <p-set-gridop-perc>70.34</p-set-gridop-perc>
        <p-set-rpc-perc>78.84</p-set-rpc-perc>
13
14
      </powermanagement>
15 </events>
```

5.4.2 Events explanation

	I	
Line	Required	Explanation
1	Yes	Collection of 1-n events
2	No	Alert event type containing a timestamp and a device-id from the configuration block
3	Yes	Unique ID of the event for that device and datalogger
4	Yes	State on or off which denotes the start or the end of the event
5	Yes	Severity of the event

6	Yes	Event error code	
7	Yes	Short description of the event	
8	Yes	Long description of the event	
10	No	Power management event type containing a timestamp and a device-id from the configuration block; Only devices of type powermanagement may use this tag.	
11	Yes	Actual used set point active power	
		Percentage float value between 0 and 100	
12	Yes	Set point active power by grid operator	
		Percentage float value between 0 and 100	
13	Yes	Set point active power by RPC interface	
		(used by Direct Marketer Reseller in Germany)	
		Percentage float value between 0 and 100	

5.5 Measurement values

Descriptions of all supported device types and their measurement values are located in a separate overview as described below.

5.5.1 Inverter data

For details please refer to: devices/inverter.xlsx

5.5.2 Meteorological data (meteo)

For details please refer to: devices/meteo.xlsx

5.5.3 Meter data

For details please refer to: devices/meter.xlsx

5.5.4 Stringbox data

For details please refer to: devices/stringbox.xlsx

5.5.5 Battery data

For details please refer to: devices/battery.xlsx

5.5.6 Tracker data

For details please refer to: devices/tracker.xlsx

5.5.7 Genset data

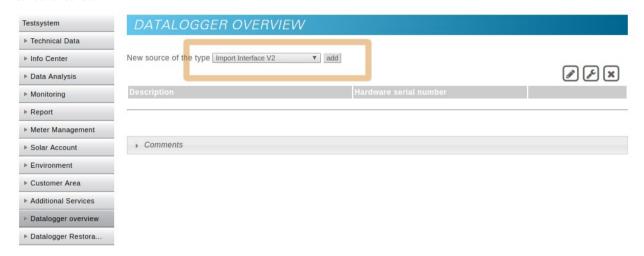
For details please refer to: devices/genset.xlsx



6 System integration (shortened)

In the portal it is necessary to at least configure the system identification.

During the system configuration, the data logger type has to be defined and the system identification has to be entered.



After the type is selected, the data logger can be registered. This is done by entering the identification of the data logger. This can be for example a (unique) serial number.

Here you can also select how the data should be transferred, FTP or HTTP.





7 Data Transfer

The data should be transferred with the following method

- HTTPS
- FTP

HTTPS is the preferred transfer method.

7.1 HTTPS – Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

Simple one-way API to deliver the data files specified in this document. Currently the only supported file type is XML. To use the simple HTTPS API an API-key is required. This key is provided by meteocontrol during implementation.

Note: The transmission interval must not be less than 5 minutes.

Resources:

https://mii.meteocontrol.de/v2/?apiKey=xyz

Validation:

https://mii.meteocontrol.de/v2-validation/

Data format:

The data is expected as a POST-Request

content-type: application/xml

• encoding: UTF-8

• HTTP-Protocol: HTTP 1.1

• API-Key: [api-key provided by meteocontrol]

Return values:

The expected Result Status Code is 202.

Status	HTTP Status Code	Summary/Reason
ACCEPTED	202	The request has been accepted for processing,
		but the processing has not been completed
INVALID_MESSAGE	400	Message is either badly formed or has invalid
		content or content-type
LIMIT_EXCEEDED	400	Upload limit of 2 MByte reached
INVALID_CREDENTIALS	401	Access to system denied
NOT_FOUND	404	Requested page does not exist
TIMEOUT	408	Request timed out
UNEXPECTED_EXCEPTION	500	Error occurred during processing
SYSTEM_MAINTENANCE	503	System is currently unavailable



7.2 FTP – File Transfer Protocol

There is an individual account for each data logger, no general ftp-access. The logger transfers their data in the root directory. Do not use subdirectories.

Currently the only supported file type is XML. The XML files can also be compressed as gz, zlib or bz2 format. The name of the data file must be unique.

File name example:

20160525_121500_3412240043.xml 20160525_121500_3412240043.xml.gz 20160525_121500_3412240043.xml.zlib 20160525_121500_3412240043.xml.bz2

The files are fetched and imported from the server every 5 minutes. The system deletes the data files automatically when the data import was successful.

The ftp credentials are provided in the portal after the registration of the new data logger and the choice of transmission as FTP.

