# **Course Introduction**

SWEN 304
Database System Engineering
Trimester 2, 2017

Coordinator: Dr Hui Ma

Lecturer: Dr Pavle Mogin

**Engineering and Computer Science** 





- Lecturer and course coordinator:
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- Lecturer:
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- Lecturer:
  - TBA



- Tutors:
  - Alexandre Sawczuk da Silva
  - Chen Wang
  - Qurrat Ul Ain
  - Mansour Javaher
- School office: CO358, Ph. 463 5341
- Class representative: please nominate



Three lectures per week (2 lectures + 1 tutorial)

Day	Time	Where
Monday	15:10 16:00	HU LT323
Tuesday	15:10 16:00	HU LT323
Thursday	15:10 16:00	HU LT323

- Slides will be posted on the course website
- Expected workload: 10 12 hours a week



# **Tutorials and Help Desks**

- Lectures and tutorials will not be strictly divided
- In principle, Thursday time slot will be for tutorials
- What:
  - Stuff from lectures,
  - Extending stuff from lectures,
  - Assignments, and
  - Projects
- Help desks will be offered from week 3 in the labs (CO238 or CO219) to help you with your assignments and projects
  - Details will be posted on the course website and announced in the lectures



#### Assessment:

Assignment 1: 5%
Assignment 2: 5%
Assignment 3: 5%
Assignment 4: 5%
Project 1: 10%
Project 2: 10%
Final examination 60%



#### To Pass the Course

- Mandatory Requirements:
  - at least 40% of all marks for projects and assignments.
- To pass the course
  - meet the mandatory requirements
  - at least a **D** grade for the final exam
  - at least a C- grade overall



 Slides and other information will be posted on the course website:

https://ecs.victoria.ac.nz/Courses/SWEN304 2017T2/

Discussion Forum:

http://ecs.victoria.ac.nz/cgi-bin/yabb/YaBB.pl?board=SWEN304 2017T2

# **Assignments and Projects**

- Helpful Links:
  - PostgreSQL documentation,
  - Java Tutorial Manual



#### **General Information**

Prerequisite:
 COMP 261 (or SWEN 221),
 ENGR 123 (or MATH 161)

#### Textbook:

ElMasri, Navathe: **Fundamentals of Database Systems,** Sixth Edition, Addison Wesley

 An ebook is available on the Internet (google it), e.g.,

http://www.cvauni.edu.vn/imgupload\_dinhkem/file/CSDL/Funda mentals\_of\_Database\_Systems,\_6th\_Edition.pdf



#### Why Learn Database Systems?

- Databases and database systems are essential components of everyday life
  - Traditional database applications: student records, census data, bank accounts, etc.
  - Multimedia databases: images, audio, video streams
  - Geographic information systems (GIS): maps, weather data, satellite images
  - Data warehouses and online analytical processing (OLAP)
  - Real-time and Active Databases
  - Cloud Databases and NoSQL databases like Cassandra and MongoDB (SWEN 432)
  - Many other applications



# Why Learn Database Systems?

- Databases play a critical role in almost all areas where computes are used, e.g. business, e-commerce, engineering, medicine, government, education
- Efficiency of an application depends on the quality of (logical and physical) data organization
- Databases is a matured area with a sound theoretical foundation and great practical knowledge
- We need to understand fundamentals of database technology
- This course is an introduction to database systems and database system engineering



# An Example

- UNIVERSITY database
  - Information concerning students, courses, and grades in a university environment

#### Data records

- STUDENT
- COURSE
- GRADES
- Specify structure of records of each file by specifying data type for each data element
  - String of alphabetic characters
  - Integer, etc.



- Construct UNIVERSITY database
  - Store data to represent each student, course, and grade report as a record in appropriate file
- Relationships among the records
- We can query and update the database



# An Example (cont'd.)

# • Examples of queries:

- Retrieve the transcript
- List the names of students who took the 'SWEN304' course and their grades
- List the prerequisites of the 'SWEN304' course

# • Examples of updates:

- Change the major of 'Smith' to 'SWEN'
- Create a new course 'WISE'
- Enter a grade of 'A' for 'Smith' in the 'SWEN304'



# An Example (cont'd.)

- Phases for designing a database:
  - Requirements specification and analysis
  - Conceptual design
  - Logical design
  - Physical design



# An Example (cont'd.)

STUDENT				
ld	Lname	Fname	Major	
300111	Smith	Susan	COMP	
300121	Bond	James	MATH	
300132	Smith	Susan	COMP	

Course				
Course_id	Cname	Points	Dept	
SWEN304	DB sys	15	Engineering	
COMP301	softEng	20	Engineering	
MATH214	DisMat	15	Mathematics	

GRADES				
ld	Course_id	Grade		
300111	SWEN304	A+		
300111	COMP301	A		
300111	MATH214	Α		
300121	COMP301	В		
300132	COMP301	С		
300121	SWEN304	B+		
300132	SWEN304	C+		



#### Actors on the Scene

- Database administrators (DBA) are responsible for:
  - Authorizing access to the database
  - Coordinating and monitoring its use
  - Acquiring software and hardware resources
- Database designers are responsible for:
  - Identifying the data to be stored
  - Choosing appropriate structures to represent and store this data
- End users: people whose jobs require access to the database
  - e.g., Casual users, Naïve or parametric users, sophisticated users, standalone users



#### Actors on the Scene (cont'd.)

#### System analysts

Determine requirements of end users

#### Application programmers

Implement these specifications as programs



#### Workers behind the Scene

#### DBMS system designers and implementers

 Design and implement the DBMS modules and interfaces as a software package

#### Tool developers

Design and implement tools

#### Operators and maintenance personnel

 Responsible for running and maintenance of hardware and software environment for database systems

# Victoria UNIVESTIVO PRELINGUO TE WHATE Winangu o to Eu Dook oo te lina a Maia TOPICS

- Introduction to Database Systems (basic terms and concepts),
- Relational data model (RDM) and database management system (DBMS),
- Structured Query Language (SQL),
- Query optimization
- Stored procedures, Triggers, and User Defined Functions



- Database Design
  - ER Data Model
  - Update Anomalies
  - Lossless Join
  - Functional Dependencies
  - Normal Forms and Normalization
- Transaction processing, concurrency control, and recovery



#### Plan for next lecture

- Databases (DB) and data
- Database management systems (DBMS)
- Database systems (DBS)

- Reading:
  - Chapter 1 of the textbook