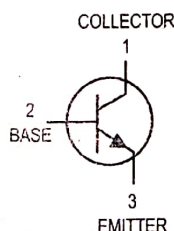


Amplifier Transistors NPN Silicon

BC546, B
BC547, A, B, C
BC548, A, B, C



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	BC 546	BC 547	BC 548	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	65	45	30	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	80	50	30	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	6.0			Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	I_C	100			mA dc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	625 5.0			mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	1.5 12			Watt mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 to +150			$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	200	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	83.3	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}, I_B = 0$)	BC546 BC547 BC548	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	65 45 30	— — —	— — —	V
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A dc}$)	BC546 BC547 BC548	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	80 50 30	— — —	— — —	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$)	BC546 BC547 BC548	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	6.0 6.0 6.0	— — —	— — —	V
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 70\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 50\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 35\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}, T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$)	BC546 BC547 BC548 BC546/547/548	I_{CES}	— — — —	0.2 0.2 0.2 —	15 15 15 4.0	nA μA

REV 1



CASE 29-04, STYLE 17
TO-92 (TO-226AA)

BC546, B BC547, A, B, C BC548, A, B, C
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) (Continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$)	h_{FE}	—	90	—	—
BC547A/548A		—	150	—	
BC546B/547B/548B		—	270	—	
BC548C		—	—	—	
($I_C = 2.0\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$)		110	—	450	
BC546		110	—	800	
BC547		110	—	800	
BC548		110	—	800	
BC547A/548A		110	180	220	
BC546B/547B/548B		200	290	450	
BC547C/BC548C		420	520	800	
($I_C = 100\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$)		—	120	—	
BC547A/548A		—	180	—	
BC546B/547B/548B		—	300	—	
BC548C		—	—	—	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$, $I_B = 0.5\ \text{mA}$)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.09	0.25	V
($I_C = 100\ \text{mA}$, $I_B = 5.0\ \text{mA}$)		—	0.2	0.6	
($I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$, $I_B = \text{See Note 1}$)		—	0.3	0.6	
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$, $I_B = 0.5\ \text{mA}$)	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	0.7	—	V
Base-Emitter On Voltage ($I_C = 2.0\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$)	$V_{BE(on)}$	0.55	—	0.7	V
($I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$)		—	—	0.77	

SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product ($I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$, $f = 100\ \text{MHz}$)	f_T	150	300	—	MHz
BC546		150	300	—	
BC547		150	300	—	
BC548		150	300	—	
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10\ \text{V}$, $I_C = 0$, $f = 1.0\ \text{MHz}$)	C_{obo}	—	1.7	4.5	pF
Input Capacitance ($V_{EB} = 0.5\ \text{V}$, $I_C = 0$, $f = 1.0\ \text{MHz}$)	C_{ibo}	—	10	—	pF
Small-Signal Current Gain ($I_C = 2.0\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$, $f = 1.0\ \text{kHz}$)	h_{fe}	125	—	500	—
BC546		125	—	900	
BC547/548		125	220	260	
BC547A/548A		240	330	500	
BC546B/547B/548B		450	600	900	
BC547C/548C		—	—	—	
Noise Figure ($I_C = 0.2\ \text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\ \text{V}$, $R_S = 2\ \text{k}\Omega$, $f = 1.0\ \text{kHz}$, $\Delta f = 200\ \text{Hz}$)	NF	—	2.0	10	dB
BC546		—	2.0	10	
BC547		—	2.0	10	
BC548		—	2.0	10	

 Note 1: I_B is value for which $I_C = 11\ \text{mA}$ at $V_{CE} = 1.0\ \text{V}$.

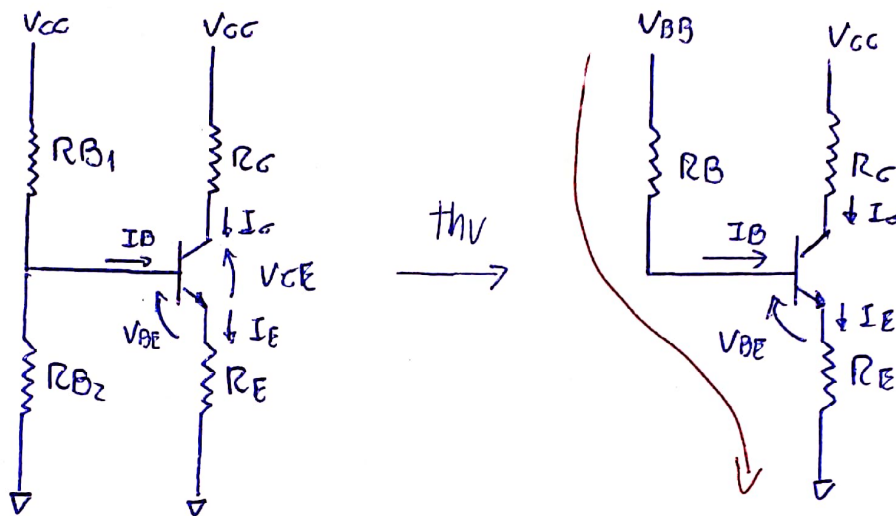
BC548B NPNBJ

$\beta: [200, 450]$ Típico 290

$V_{be} [0,55, 0,7]$

$V_{ce_{SA}} = 0,2$ typ

$V_{Early} = 63$ segun modelo LTSPIC



$$V_{BB} = V_{CC} \cdot \frac{R_{B2}}{R_{B1} + R_{B2}}$$

$$R_B = \frac{R_{B1} \cdot R_{B2}}{R_{B1} + R_{B2}}$$

$$I_C = \beta I_B$$

$$I_E = I_C + I_B$$

$$V_{BB} - I_E \cdot R_E - I_B \cdot R_B - V_{BE} = 0$$

$$V_{BB} - V_{BE} = (I_B + \beta I_B) R_E + I_B \cdot R_B$$

$$V_{BB} - V_{BE} = I_B \left(\underbrace{(1 + \beta)}_{\approx \beta} R_E + R_B \right)$$

$$V_{BB} - V_{BE} = \underbrace{I_B \beta}_{I_C} \left(R_E + \frac{R_B}{\beta} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_{BB} - V_{BE}}{R_E + \frac{R_B}{\beta}} = I_C$$

Defino $I_C \approx 5\text{mA}$

• $R_E = 470$

↳ LA necesito en señal para
aumentar r_{ib} pero afecta
ganancia \Rightarrow utilizo la más
chica

$$V_{BB} = I_C \left(\frac{R_B}{\beta} + R_E \right) + V_{BE}$$

• Si $R_{B1} = 820\text{K}$ y $R_{B2} = 100\text{K} \Rightarrow R_B = 89\text{K}$ X

$$V_{BB} = 4,6\text{V}$$

$$V_{CC} = V_{BB} \cdot \left(\frac{R_{B2} + R_{B1}}{R_{B2}} \right) = 42\text{V} \quad \text{X}$$

• Si $R_{B1} = 82\text{K}$ y $R_{B2} = 100\text{K} \Rightarrow R_B = 45\text{K}$ ✓

$$V_{BB} = 3,82\text{V}$$

$$V_{CC} = V_{BB} \cdot \left(\frac{R_{B2} + R_{B1}}{R_{B2}} \right) = 7\text{V}$$

↙ ↘
6V 9V

$V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$

$$V_{BB} = 6\text{V} \cdot \frac{100\text{K}}{82\text{K} + 100\text{K}} = 3,3\text{V}$$

$V_{CC} = 9\text{V}$

$$V_{BB} = 9\text{V} \cdot \frac{100\text{K}}{82\text{K} + 100\text{K}} = 5\text{V}$$

$R_B = 45\text{K}$

$$I_C = \frac{V_{BB} - V_{BE}}{\frac{R_B}{\beta} + R_E}$$

$$I_C = 4,2\text{m}$$

$$g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_{Th}} = 162\text{m}$$

$$r_{\pi} = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = 1800\Omega$$

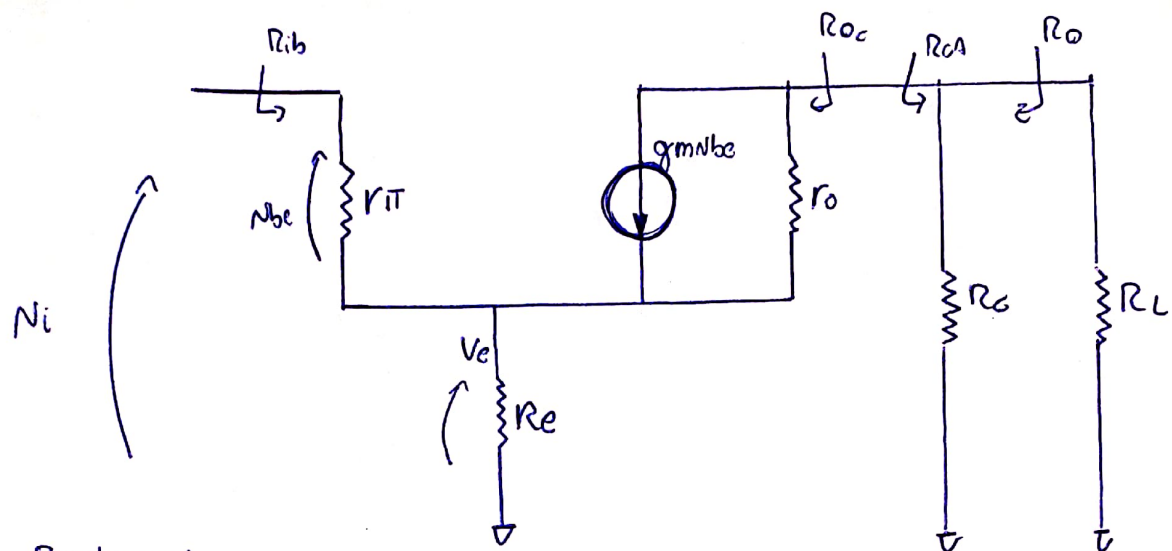
$$r_o \rightarrow \infty$$

$$I_C = 7\text{m}$$

$$g_m = 270\text{m}$$

$$r_{\pi} = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = 1074\Omega$$

$$r_o \rightarrow \infty$$



Reflejando LA \$R_e\$ A la entrada

$$r_o \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow i_c = g_m N_{be}$$

$$V_e = \left(g_m N_{be} + \frac{N_{be}}{r_{\pi}} \right) R_e = \left(N_{be} \cdot \left(g_m + \frac{g_m}{\beta} \right) R_e \right) =$$

$$V_e = R_e^* \cdot \underbrace{\frac{N_{be}}{r_{\pi}}}_{i_b}$$

$$R_e^* \frac{N_{be}}{r_{\pi}} = N_{be} \cdot \frac{g_m}{\beta} \cdot (\beta + 1) R_e$$

$$R_e^* = \frac{g_m}{\beta} \cdot (\beta + 1) R_e \cdot \frac{\beta}{g_m}$$

$$R_e^* = R_e (\beta + 1)$$

$$R_e^* \approx \beta R_e$$

Reflejando \$R_e\$ A la salida

$$r_o \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow i_c = g_m N_{be}$$

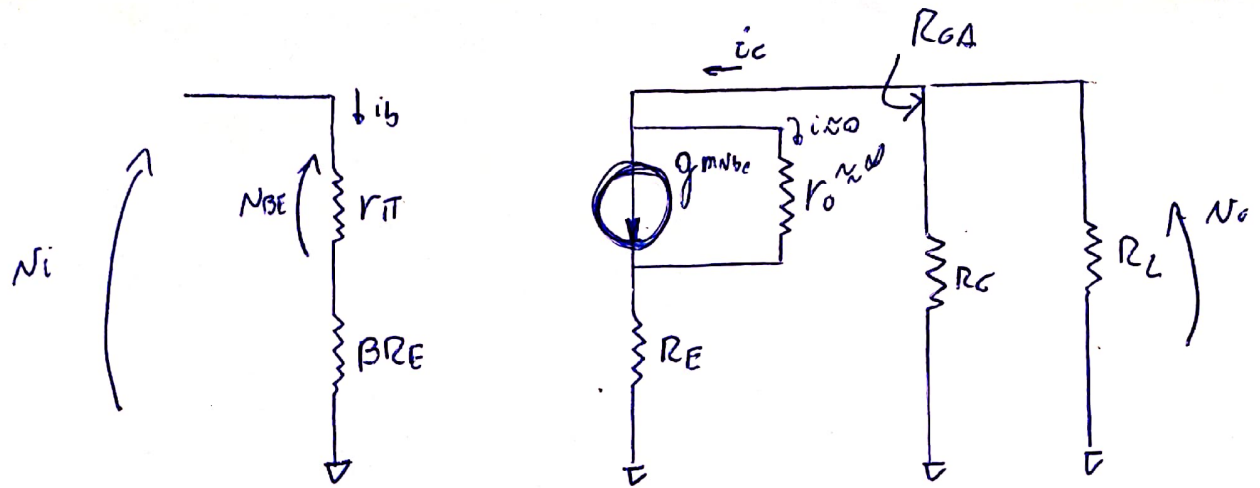
$$V_e = \left(g_m N_{be} + \frac{N_{be}}{r_{\pi}} \right) R_e =$$

$$V_e = R_e^{**} \cdot g_m N_{be}$$

$$R_e^{**} g_m N_{be} = \left(g_m N_{be} + \frac{N_{be} g_m}{\beta} \right) R_e$$

$$R_e^{**} = \left(1 + \frac{1}{\beta} \right) R_e \approx R_e$$

$$R_e^{**} = R_e$$



$$r_{ib} = r_{\pi} + \beta R_E$$

$$R_i = R_B // R_{ib}$$

$$A_v = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = - \frac{g_m \cdot \cancel{V_i} \cdot \frac{r_{\pi}}{\beta R_E + r_{\pi}} \cdot R_{CA}}{\cancel{V_i}} = - \frac{g_m \cdot \beta / g_m}{\beta R_E + r_{\pi}}$$

$$A_v = - \frac{\cancel{\beta}}{\cancel{\beta R_E} + \frac{\beta}{g_m}} R_{CA} = - \frac{R_{CA}}{R_E + \frac{1}{g_m}}$$

$$R_C = 1k \quad R_L = 10k \Rightarrow R_{CA} = 909 \Omega$$

$$V_{CC} = 6V$$

$$g_m = 162m$$

$$r_{\pi} = 1800 \Omega$$

$$R_{ib} = 138 K \Omega$$

$$A_v = -1,9$$

$$V_{CC} = 9V$$

$$g_m = 270m$$

$$r_{\pi} = 1074$$

$$R_{ib} = 137 K \Omega$$

$$A_v = -1,91$$