Exercise 3: Cache Coherency

Exercise 3.1: Memory Overhead

Cache Size of each Processor: 30 MB = 30.000.000 Byte

Cache Line Size: 64 Byte

Cache Lines per Cache: 30.000.000/64 = 468.750

As we want to use the MESI-protocol we have to assign, two additional bits to each cache line to present the four states "Modified", "Exclusive", "Shared" or "Invalid".

468.750 * 2 Bits = 937.500 Bits = 117.187,5 Byte = 117,1875 KB

So about 118 KB additional memory needed for each processor, which is about 0,3% more memory needed than without the MESI-protocol.

Exercise 3.2: Valid State Combinations

The valid state combinations are as follows:

	M	Е	S	ı
M	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid	Valid
Е	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid	Valid
S	Invalid	Invalid	Valid	Valid
I	Valid	Valid	Valid	Valid

M: Modified, E: Exclusive, S: Shared, I: Invalid

Exercise 3.3: Sequence of Operations and States

Step	Op(Processor)	CO	C1	C2	С3	Comments
0		I	I	ı	I	
1	Read(P0)	Ε	ı	I	ı	Invalid cache line in PO has to be fetched and is
						now exclusive available in P0
2	Write(P0)	M	ı	ı	ı	PO writes at CO, now CO differs from cache line in
						main memory, cache line in PO was modified
3	Read(P1)	M	E	ı	1	Invalid cache line in P1 has to be fetched and is
						now exclusive available in P1 (P0 was modified)
4	Write(P2)	M	E	М	1	P2 writes to an invalid cache line, this cache line
						is now "dirty" and so it's also modified
5	Read(P2)	M	E	М	1	P2 reads the "dirty" cache line at C2, which is
						already marked as modified → no changes
6	Read(P3)	M	S	М	S	Invalid cache line in P3 has to be fetched. As this
						cache line is also loaded to P1, it's marked as S
7	Write(P0)	M	S	M	S	PO overwrites the already modified cache line >

						no change of status bits needed
8	Write(P1)	M	М	М	E	P1 modifies C1 → cache line C1 is now "dirty" and so C3 is the exclusiv Cache which holds the cache line
9	Read(P0)	M	М	М	E	PO reads the "dirty" cache line at CO, which is already marked as modified → no changes