## Lecture-1

## September 2, 2020

# 1 Welcome to Data 602: Introduction to Data Analysis and Machine Learning!

## 1.1 Today's Agenda:

- Accessibillity
- Let's get to know each other more: Ice Breaker
- Set some ground rules especially for this new environment
- Assignments and homeworks

## 1.2 Accessibility

Remote setting might create challenges and barriers for some of you.
If this is the case reach out to me at mguner@umbc.edu
or SDC (Student Disability Center) from disAbility@umbc.edu or (410) 455-2459.

Some of the concerns might be but not limited to:

- Internet speed
- Not having available space
- If using video/audio is not available to you
- We will have in-class surveys, quizzes etc. if you need some accommodation
- In this class, I am planning to have some group work

#### 1.3 Ice Breaker:

- Introduce yourself and tell us a funny/interesting thing about yourself!
  - I go first:)

## 1.4 Let me know you more!

• Take the following survey:

Data Science Toolkit

## 1.5 Ground Rules for Remote Setting

- Be Kind
- Be Inclusive
- Be Constructive
- Be Active
- Be Professional

## 1.6 Course Logistics

- Lectures will be in two parts:
  - 4:30 5:30
  - Break 15 mins
  - 5:45 7:00

## 1.7 During the Lectures

- Please mute yourself if someone else is speaking!
- If you have a question please ask them when I get the questions.
- Please use the chat for only class-relevant discussions (i.e. Please don't write distracting side stories in the chat.)
- Lecture materials (slides, notebooks, recordings will be shared with you after the lectures)
- Let me know immediately if:
  - You cannot hear me,
  - You cannot see the screen I am sharing
  - Font size is too small to read.

## 1.8 Grading

Assignmen	t Percentage	
Attendance/Enga	gement	15%
Homework		30%
Midterm Project		30%
Final Project		30%

## 1.9 Attendance/Engagement

What counts as being present:

- You show up at most 15 mins after class started.

What counts as being engaged:

- Readings before class.

- Take quizzes and answer questions successfully.
- Answer questions, make comments, participate.

#### 1.10 Homework

- 3 Mini Projects. Due Dates Tentative topics:
  - Week-4: EDA with Python and Linear Regression.
  - Week-10: A project with supervised/unsupervised problems.
  - Week-13: A project with deep learning models.

#### 1.11 Homework - Deliverables

- Github repo:
  - Code (clean, modular, reproducible, etc.)
  - ReadMe (with clear details on project goals, tools and directions)
- Blogpost

## 1.12 Projects

- Think of them as bigger homework.
- You can build your projects on previous homework.
- 2 projects: 1 for midterm and 1 for final.
  - Project-I: Due Week-7
  - Project-II: Due the last week of the classes.

#### Projects - Deliverables

- Github: Code, ReadMe, Presentation, Technical Notebook
- Blogpost.

#### 1.13 Books

- ISLR
- Python Machine Learning
- Hands-on Machine Learning

## 1.14 Other Books Might be Helpful

- Deep Learning Book
- Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning
- Elements of Statistical Learning

#### **1.15** Tools

- umbcdatasci slack
- umbcdatasci #data602\_fall\_2020

- Jupyter Notebooks
- Github
- Anaconda Individual Edition
- Visual Studio

## 1.16 Any Questions?

#### 1.17 PART - II

#### 1.18 What is this course about?

- Machine Learning sklearn
- Deep Learning Tensorflow

## 1.19 Machine Learning and Scikit-Learn

- What is Machine Learning and its place in AI, data science framework
- Types of problems in machine learning supervised, unsupervised, semi-supervised, reinforcement etc.
- Terminology: Algorithm, optimization, cost function, evaluation, training, parameters, hyper-parameters, over-fitting, under-fitting, bias, variance, random variables, prior, posterior etc.
- Commonly used algorithms in machine learning: Lasso, trees, support vector machines, logistic regression, k-means, PCA, T-SNE, kernel-techniques, regularization techniques etc.

## 1.20 Deep Learning and TensorFlow

- What is deep learning and why it is a big deal?
- Some problems that deep learning is very powerful: Computer vision, machine translation, speech-recognition, Representation Learning, text and speech generation.
- Challenges of deep learning: Vanishing gradient, Exploding gradient, computational challenges, implementation challenges etc.
- Commonly used architectures in deep learning: FNN, RNN, GNN, CNN, LSTM etc.
- Terminology: Neuron, networks, activation, loss, validation, learning-rate, initialization, relu, sigmoid, stochastic process, gradient descend, backpropagation, memory, gate, encoder, decoder, kernel, filter etc.

Quiz: What can AI do?

## 1.21 Readings - Discussion - Breakout Rooms

Andrew Ng - What is Machine Learning

IBM - What is ML

# Andrew Ng - AI is new electricity

# 1.22 Why now? - Discussion

# 1.23 Some examples

- Quick Draw
- Another Drawing
- Deep Fake Video
- image captioning
- tinkering with neural networks

## 1.24 Extra Resources:

IBM - AI-ML-Deep\_Learning-NN

Drawbacks of Deep Learning

AI-Karaoke

Google Assistant - Hair Cut - Starts 1:11