My own धाःXBeamer template

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Monday 9th November, 2020

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Jabberwocky Lewis Carroll

'Twas brillig, and the slithy toves Did gyre and gimble in the wabe; All mimsy were the borogoves, And the mome raths outgrabe.

"Beware the Jabberwock, my son! The jaws that bite, the claws that catch! Beware the Jubjub bird, and shun The frumious Bandersnatch!"



Lists and locales Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet

- Nulla nec lacinia odio.
 Curabitur urna tellus.
 - Fusce id sodales dolor. Sed id metus dui.
 - » Cupio virtus licet mi vel feugiat.
- Nulla nec lacinia odio.
 Curabitur urna tellus.
- Nulla nec lacinia odio.
 Curabitur urna tellus.

- Donec porta, risus porttitor egestas scelerisque video.
- Donec porta, risus porttitor egestas scelerisque video.
 - 2.1 Nunc non ante fringilla, manus potentis cario.
 - 2.1.1 Pellentesque servus morbi tristique.
 - 2.1.2 Pellentesque servus morbi tristique.
- Donec porta, risus porttitor egestas scelerisque video.

Tutaj jakiś fajny tekst po polsku, żeby nie było, że nie da się pisać po polsku z polskimi znakami. The quick, brown fox jumps over a lazy dog. DJs flock by when MTV ax quiz prog. "Now fax quiz Jack!"

Text blocks In plain, example, and alert flavour

This text is highlighted.

A plain block

This is a plain block containing some highlighted text.

An example block

This is an example block containing some highlighted text.

An alert block

This is an alert block containing some highlighted text.

Definitions, theorems, and proofs All integers divide zero

Definition

$$\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z} : a \mid b \iff \exists c \in \mathbb{Z} : a \cdot c = b$$

Theorem

 $\forall a \in \mathbb{Z} : a \mid 0$

Proof.

$$\forall a \in \mathbb{Z} : a \cdot 0 = 0$$

Numerals and Mathematics Formulae, equations, and expressions

1234567890 1234567890
$$\hat{\mathbf{x}}, \check{\mathbf{x}}, \tilde{a}, \bar{a}, \dot{y}, \ddot{y} \iint f(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) \, d\mathbf{x} d\mathbf{y} d\mathbf{z}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \mathbf{x}}}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \mathbf{x}}}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \mathbf{x}}}} \qquad F: \begin{vmatrix} F''_{xx} & F''_{xy} & F'_{x} \\ F''_{xx} & F''_{yy} & F'_{y} \\ F'_{x} & F'_{y} & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\iint_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{2}} \langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle \, d\mathbf{x} \qquad \overline{a\alpha^{2} + \underline{b\beta} + \overline{d\delta}} \qquad]0, 1[+ \lceil \mathbf{x} \rfloor - \langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle$$

$$e^{\mathbf{x}} \approx 1 + \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{x}^{2}/2! + \frac{(n+1)}{k} = \binom{n}{k} + \binom{n}{k-1}$$

Figures
Tables, graphs, and images

| Faculty | With T _E X | Total | % |
|---|-----------------------|---------|-------|
| Faculty of Informatics | 1716 | 2 904 | 59.09 |
| Faculty of Science | 786 | 5 275 | 14.90 |
| Faculty of Economics and Administration | 64 | 4 5 9 1 | 1.39 |
| Faculty of Arts | 69 | 10 000 | 0.69 |
| Faculty of Medicine | 8 | 2014 | 0.40 |
| Faculty of Law | 15 | 4824 | 0.31 |
| Faculty of Education | 19 | 8 219 | 0.23 |
| Faculty of Social Studies | 12 | 5 5 9 9 | 0.21 |
| Faculty of Sports Studies | 3 | 2 0 6 2 | 0.15 |

Table: The distribution of theses written using T_EX during 2010–15 at MU

Figures Tables, graphs, and images

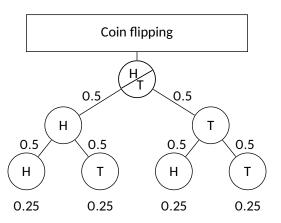


Figure: Tree of probabilities - Flipping a coin¹

¹A derivative of a diagram from texample.net by cis, CC BY 2.5 licensed

Code listings An example source code in C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
// This is a comment
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
        while (--c > 1 \&\& !fork());
        sleep(c = atoi(v[c]));
        printf("%d\n", c);
        wait(0);
        return 0;
```

Algorithm 1 Text Summarization Algorithm

1: **procedure** Summary Construction

Input: Text Document.

Output: Summary sentences.

- 2: Creating information table from a text document.
- 3: Generate matrices.
- 4: Call Pocedure: Reduct Construction [Algorithm 2]
- 5: **Return:** Summary sentences
- 6: end procedure

RealBoost algorithm With narrow margins

Algorithm 2 Algorytm RealBoost

- procedure RealBoost(D)
- 2: Rozpocznij od jednostajnego rozkładu wag: $w_i := 1/m, i = 1, ..., m$.
- 3: **for** t := 1, ..., T **do**
- 4: Naucz klasyfikator $f_t(x) \in \mathbb{R}$ na danych uczących używając wag w_i , tak aby f_t minimalizowało *kryterium wykładnicze* $\sum_{i=1}^m w_i e^{-f_t(x_i)y_i}$ lub równoważnie aby f_t było przybliżeniem połowy przekształcenia logit:

$$f_t(\mathbf{x}) := 1/2 \ln \left\{ \widehat{P}_w(y = 1 \mid \mathbf{x}) \sqrt{P}_w(y = -1 \mid \mathbf{x}) \right\}$$

5: Aktualizuj wagi przykładów wg:

$$Z_t := \sum_{i=1}^{in} w_i e^{-f_i(x_i)y_i}$$

$$w_i := w_i e^{-f_i(\mathbf{x}_i)y_i}/Z_t, \quad i = 1, \ldots, m$$

- 6: end for
- 7: **return** zbiorowy klasyfikator $F(\mathbf{x}) := \sum_{t=1}^{T} f_t(\mathbf{x})$ z decyzją obliczaną jako sgn F(x).
- 8: end procedure

Citations T_EX, ET_EX, and Beamer

T_EX is a programming language for the typesetting of documents. It was created by Donald Erwin Knuth in the late 1970s and it is documented in *The T_EXbook* [1].

In the early 1980s, Leslie Lamport created the initial version of LTEX, a high-level language on top of TEX, which is documented in LTEX: A Document Preparation System [2]. There exists a healthy ecosystem of packages that extend the base functionality of LTEX; The LTEX Companion [3] acts as a guide through the ecosystem.

In 2003, Till Tantau created the initial version of Beamer, a MEX package for the creation of presentations. Beamer is documented in the *User's Guide to the Beamer Class* [4].

Bibliography TEX, ETEX, and Beamer

- [1] Donald E. Knuth. *The T_EXbook*. Addison-Wesley, 1984.
- [2] Leslie Lamport. Lampart: A Document Preparation System. Addison-Wesley, 1986.
- [3] M. Goossens, F. Mittelbach, and A. Samarin. *The ET_EX Companion*. Addison-Wesley, 1994.
- [4] Till Tantau. User's Guide to the Beamer Class Version 3.01. Available at http://latex-beamer.sourceforge.net.
- [5] A. Mertz and W. Slough. Edited by B. Beeton and K. Berry. Beamer by example In TUGboat, Vol. 26, No. 1., pp. 68-73.