## Network Analysis and Modeling CSCI 5352, Fall 2020 Prof. Dan Larremore Homework 11 and 12

- 1. (100 pts total) Consider Price's model of a citation network, applied to publications in a single field.
  - (a) (35 pts) Implement the simulation algorithm described in Chapter 13.1 of *Networks* [or 14.1 in the first edition].
    - For choices of c=3 and  $n=10^6$ , make a single figure showing the four complementary cumulative distribution functions  $\Pr(K \ge k_{\text{in}})$  (the ccdf) for network in-degree  $k_{\text{in}}$ , one for each choice of  $r=\{1,2,3,4\}$ .
    - Briefly discuss the impact of the uniform attachment mechanism on the distribution's shape and comment about the fraction of vertices with  $k_{in} = 0$ .
  - (b) (30 pts) Reasonable values of the model parameters for real citation networks are c = 12 and r = 5.
    - For these choices, use your numerical simulation to calculate (i) the average number of citations to a paper (in-degree) in the first 10% of published papers (vertices) and (ii) the average number for a paper in the last 10%.
    - Briefly discuss the implications of your results with respect to the "first-mover advantage," and the corresponding bias in citation counts for the first papers published in a field.

Hint: For a *good* estimate, average your answer over many repetitions of the simulation.

- (c) (15 pts) Visit the *Index of Complex Networks* at icon.colorado.edu. Under the ICON entry for "arXiv citation networks (1993-2003)," obtain both the network and dates files for the hep-ph citation network.
  - For (i) the first 10% and (ii) the last 10% of papers with submission dates, compute their average in-degree. Discuss any steps you took to convert the input data into a form on which you could perform these calculations.
  - Briefly discuss how well, and why, these empirical values agree or disagree with your model estimates from question (1b).

Hint: You will need to "clean" these data a little in order to get good results. The two files contain non-identical lists of ids; there are 30,558 that occur in both files. To do the analysis, it will be useful to construct a list of pairs  $(i, t_i)$  of node ids and the dates they were created, in increasing order of  $t_i$ . Then think about how to transform the input citation network into a form by which to calculate the desired values.

(d) (20 pts) Recall that Price's model is a dramatically simplified view of how nodes in a citation network accumulate new connections. Describe at least three ways that the "preferential attachment" mechanism is unrealistic in this context, and for each, suggest

- a way that you could analyze a real citation network to demonstrate the difference between what the model predicts and what the real world shows.
- (e) (20 pts extra credit) Now consider a variation of Price's model in which we remove the preferential attachment part. That is, each time a new vertex joins the network, each of its c edges attaches to an existing vertex with equal probability. Using the same parameter choices as in question (1a), produce a figure showing the ccdfs for both this model and Price's model, for  $r = \{1, 4\}$ . Briefly discuss the differences in terms of how citations (edges) are distributed across papers (vertices).