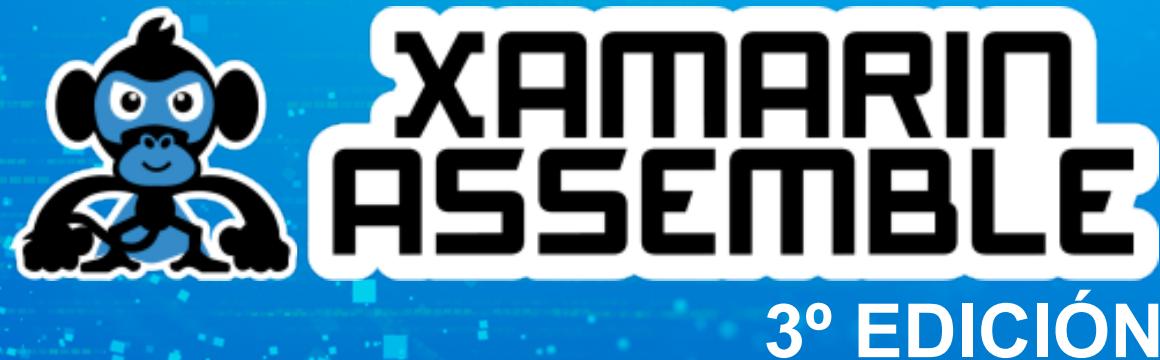


Technical debt in a Xamarin.Forms project



¿Quién soy?



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Agenda

- 01 **Motivation**
- 02 **Technical debt**
- 03 **Why?**
- 04 **Solutions**
- 05 **Case study**
- 06 **Conclusions**

Diego Bonilla

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Motivation

Motivation

- Little mentioned in the Xamarin communities
- Rarely studied, it's more like a feeling
- At Nareia, many third party legacy projects and a lot of WTF!
- Quality of life

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Technical debt

Debt metaphor

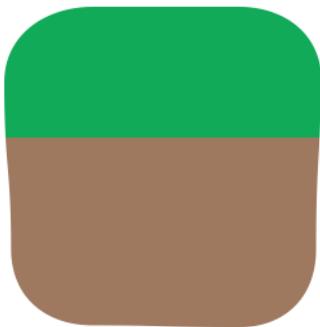
- Ward Cunningham
 - OOPSLA '92, The WyCash Portfolio Management System
- **THE** metaphor
- Financial analogy

And that said that if we failed to make our program align with what we then understood to be the proper way to think about our financial objects, then we were gonna continually stumble over that disagreement and that would slow us down which was like paying interest on a loan.

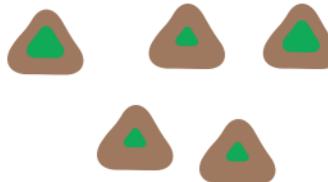
- Clarification, 2011
 - Metaphor, Debt, Speed, Burden, Agility

*Any software system has a certain amount of **essential** complexity required to do its job...*

*... but most systems contain **cruft** that makes it harder to understand.*



Cruft causes changes to take more effort



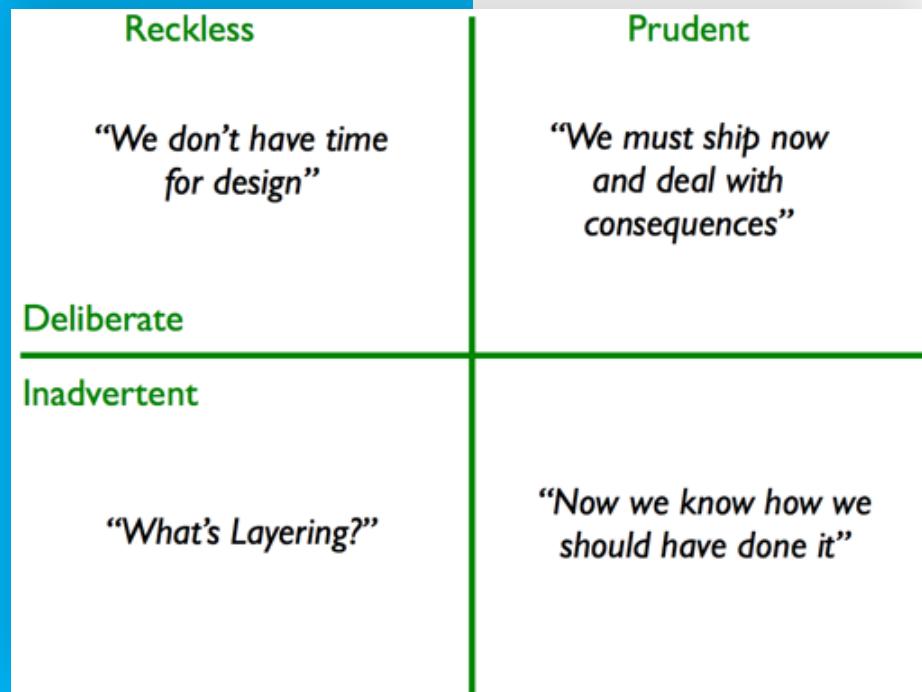
The technical debt metaphor treats the cruft as a debt, whose interest payments are the extra effort these changes require.

Cruft

Martin Fowler

**Badly designed,
unnecessarily
complicated, or
unwanted code**

Debt or non-debt



"A mess *is not* a debt"

Robert Cecil Martin (Uncle Bob)
2009

TechnicalDebtQuadrant

Martin Fowler

- **prudent** and **reckless** debt
- **deliberate** and **inadvertent** debt

Other contributions

- **Aging**

is the decay of component and inter-component behavior when the application functionality meets a minimum standard of satisfaction for the customer.

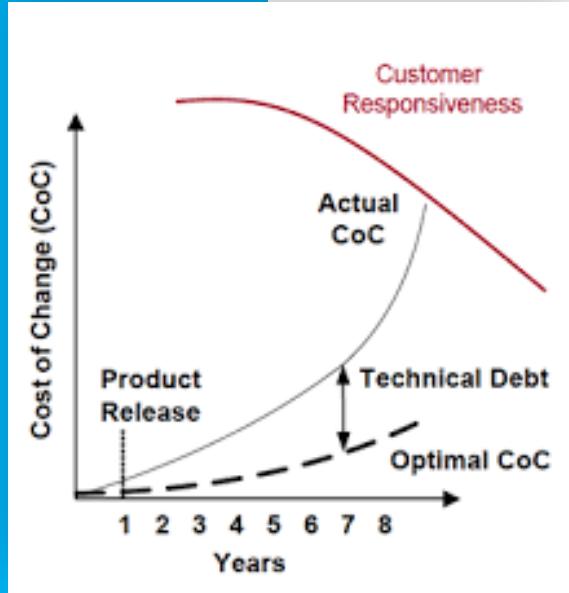
Chris Sterling

- **Code level debt vs Structural debt**

A design or construction approach that is expedient in the short term but that creates a technical context in which the same work will cost more to do later than it would cost to do now.

S. McConnell, 2011

Other contributions

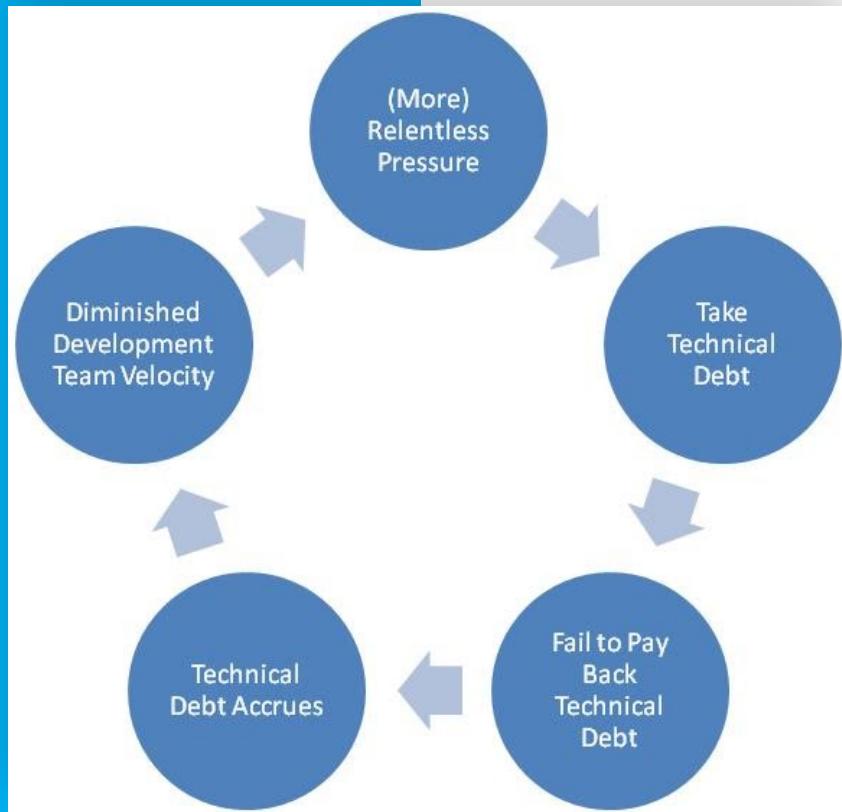


Cost of Change
Jim Highsmith

Other contributions

Vicious circle

Israel Gat



Consequences

- Long Delivery Times
- Lot of production bugs
- Rising Development Costs
- Do not touch me!
- Poor estimation
 - Estimating is nearly impossible
- Angry with the customer
- Poor customer responsiveness
- Frustrated teams
- Poor Performing teams
- **Unhappiness**

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Why?

Why? Reckless Inadvertent

- Xamarin.Forms is not just C#
 - Platforms
 - Lifecycle
 - Backgrounding
 - AOT / JIT compilation
 - Linker
 - Performance
 - Manifest, property lists
- MVVM != Model + ViewModel + View
- Architecture, design patterns, SOLID, GRASP, code sharing strategies
- High team turnover
- No documentation

Why? Reckless Deliberate

- Business pressure
- It only matters what you see- frontend / backend effect
- The obsession to deliver value asap
- Misguided agility

Why? Prudent

- In times of customer value
- Architecture has no externally visible “customer value”
- Iteration planning is driven by “customer value”
- Ergo: architectural activities are often not given attention

Invisible / negative value

| | Visible | Invisible |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Positive Value | New features Added functionality | Architectural, Structural features |
| Negative Value | Defects | Technical Debt |

Philippe Kruchten

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Solutions

Solutions

- Information
- Documentation, papers, books
- **Community**

Solutions

- Identify debt, name it!
 - Make technical debt a visible item on the backlog
 - Prioritize with other backlog items
 - Make it visible outside of the software dev. organization
- Incorporate debt reduction as a regular activity
- Use buffer in longer term planning for yet unidentified TD
- Buffer for debt repayment
- Characterize **objectively** and **quantitatively** the amount of TD
 - Xamarin **architecture** level
 - Xamarin **code** level



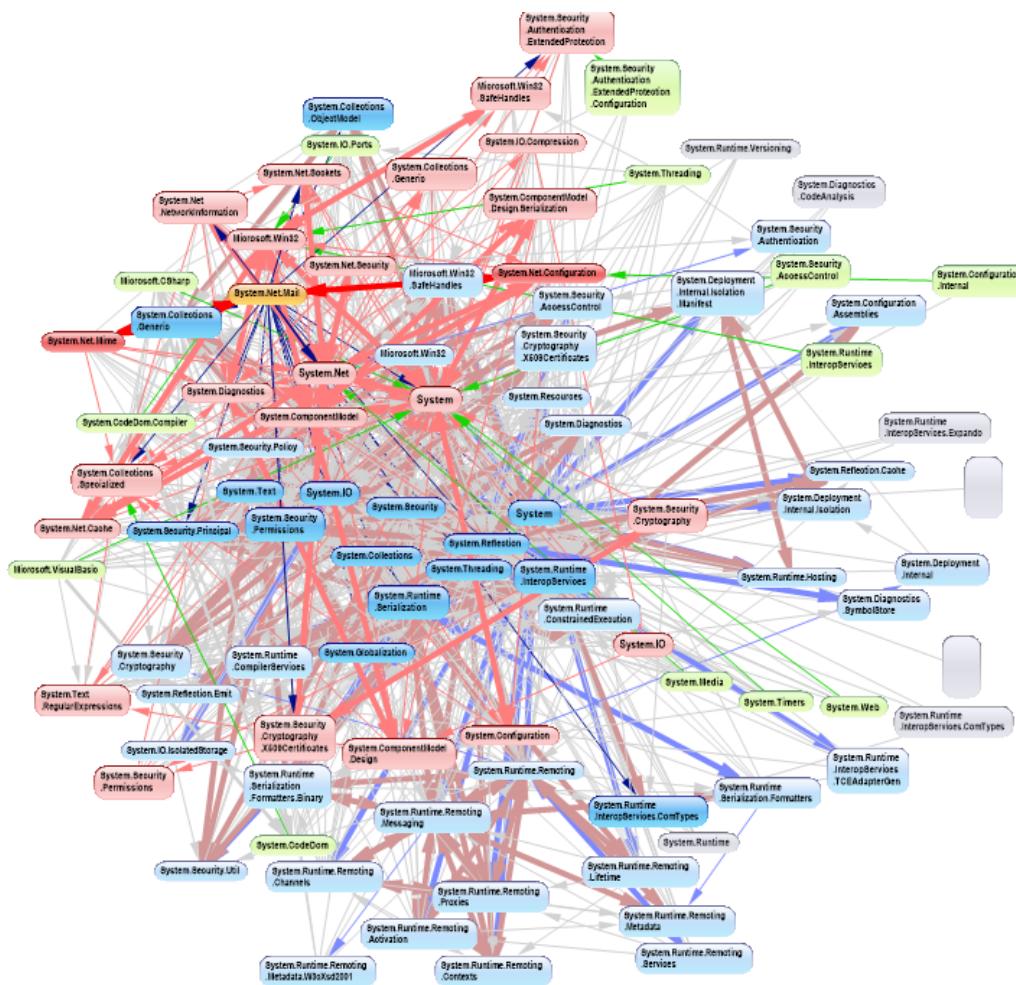
A Lannister always
Pays his **Xamarin** technical debt

Pay it

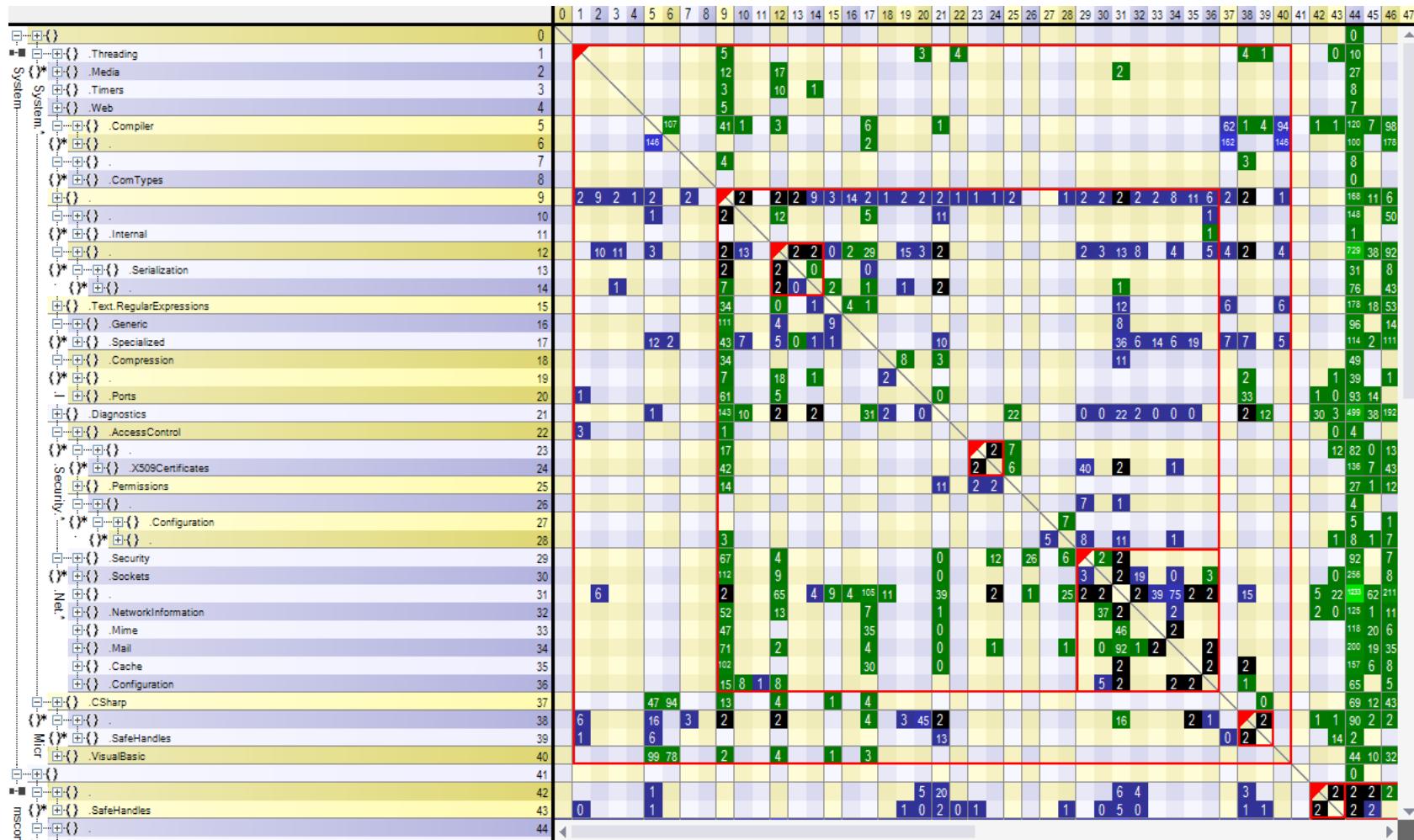
Architectural level

- Harder to detect with tools
- Less research?
- Dependency (design) Structure Matrix
 - **Cycles**
- Domain Mapping Matrix
 - Multiple domain

Dependencies



Source: NDepend



Dependency Structure Matrix

Example (NDepend)



Code level

- Code smells
- Code duplication
- Code coverage
- Cyclomatic Complexity
- Many tools to do static code analysis
 - .NET Compiler Platform ("Roslyn") analyzers
 - NDepend
 - SonarLint
 - Resharper

Cyclomatic Complexity

- number of decisions that can be taken in a procedure (1976)

$1 + \{ \text{the number of following expressions found in the body of the method} \}$:

`if | while | for | foreach | case | default | continue | goto | && | || | catch | ternary operator ?: | ??`

Following expressions are not counted for CC computation:

`else | do | switch | try | using | throw | finally | return | object creation | method call | field access`

- Methods where CC is higher than 15 are hard to understand and maintain. Methods where CC is higher than 30 are extremely complex and should be split into smaller methods (except if they are automatically generated by a tool).



Cyclomatic Complexity

Source: NDepend

Others Why/Solutions

- Xamarin limitations
 - old times?
 - support Lifecycle: up-to-date
- Legacy code
 - harder
 - ask project experts
- Project maturity
- Unclear requirements
- Cutting back on process
 - code reviews
- No history of design decisions
- Making bad assumptions

Others Why/Solutions

- Poor leadership/team dynamics
- Superstars - egos get in the way
- Little knowledge transfer
- Schedule and budget constraints
- Poor communication between developers and management
- Changing priorities
- Lack of vision, plan, strategy
- Unclear goals, objectives and priorities
- Trying to make every customer happy

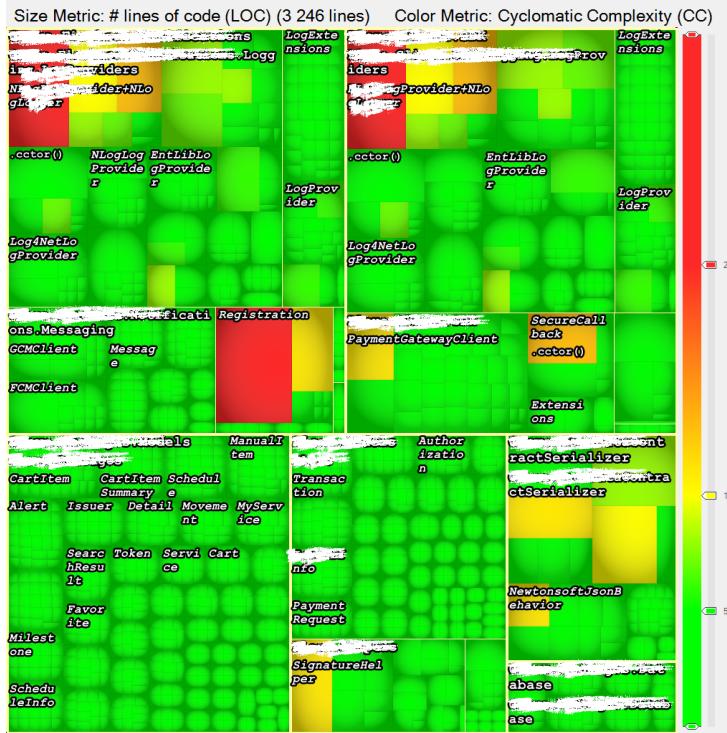
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Case Study

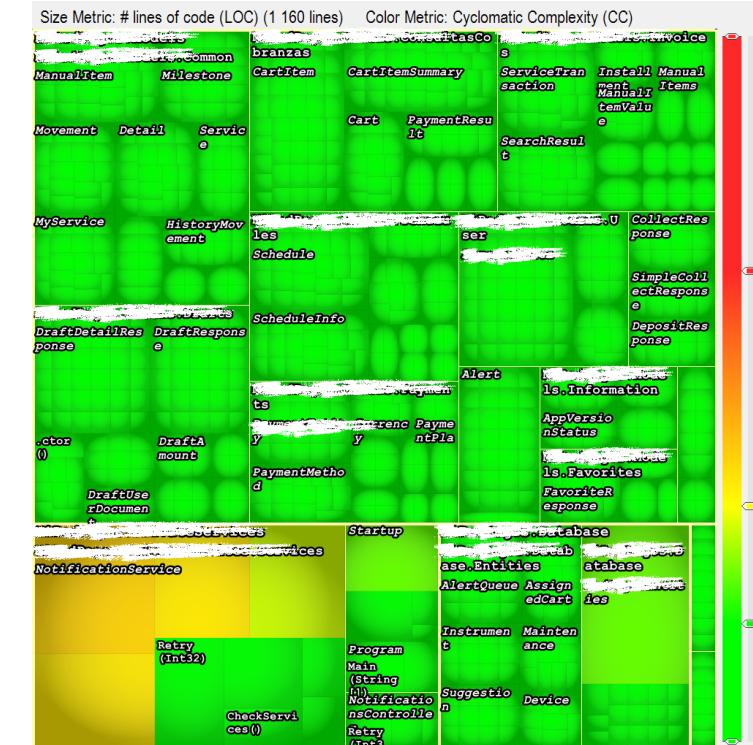
Xamarin.Forms project - Nareia

| | Before | Now |
|-------------------|--------|-----|
| Rating | C | A |
| Issues Critical % | 0.3 | 0 |
| Issues High % | 3.8 | 0.5 |

Xamarin.Forms project - Nareia

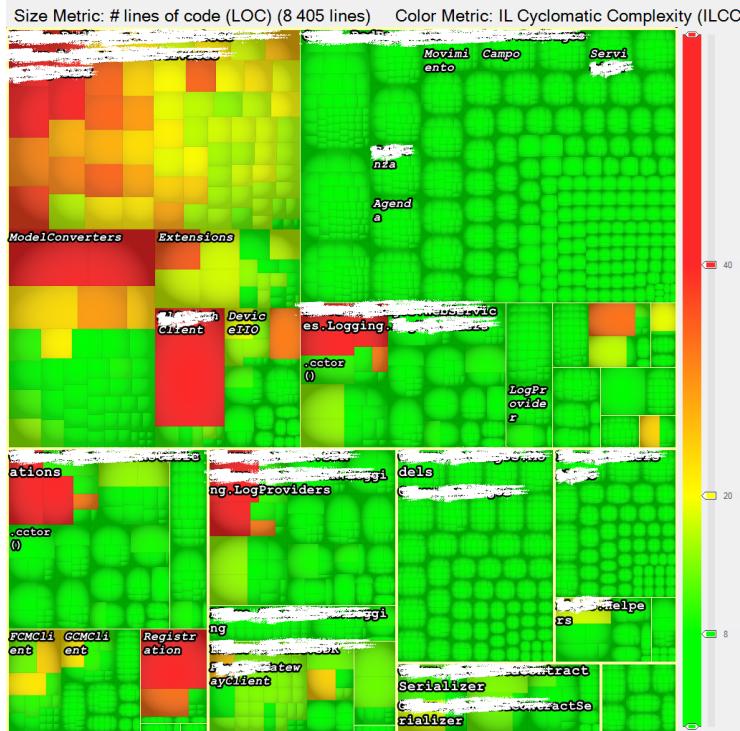


Before

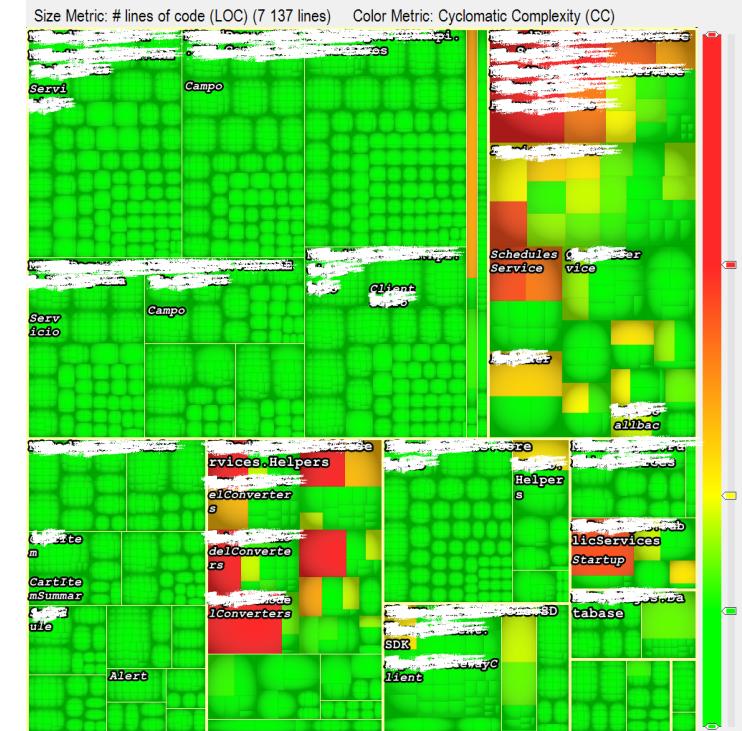


Now

Xamarin.Forms project - Nareia



Before



Now

6

Conclusions

Conclusions

- It's only a metaphor, but also much more
- The whole point of good design and clean code is to make you go faster (Fowler)
 - Better *bilities*
- There **will always** be technical debt
- Identify debt, characterize objectively and quantitatively, and pay!
 - Architecture level
 - Code level
 - Refactoring + redesign
- Stay up to date
- Call to dev revolution!

References





¡MUCHAS GRACIAS!



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