

# Algoritmos y Estructuras de Datos I

Primer Cuatrimestre 2020

Guía Práctica 4

## Ejercicios entregables

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**Ejercicio 1** Calcular las siguientes expresiones, donde  $a$ ,  $b$  son variables reales,  $i$  una variable entera y  $A$  es una secuencia de reales::

- $\text{def}(\sqrt{a/b})$ .
- $\text{def}(A[i+2])$ .

### **Respuesta:**

- $\text{def}(\sqrt{a/b}) \equiv \text{def}(a) \wedge \text{def}(b) \wedge \text{L}((a \geq 0 \wedge b > 0) \vee \text{L}(a \leq 0 \wedge b < 0))$   
 $\equiv \text{True} \wedge \text{True} \wedge \text{L}((a \geq 0 \wedge b > 0) \vee \text{L}(a \leq 0 \wedge b < 0))$   
 $\equiv (a \geq 0 \wedge b > 0) \vee \text{L}(a \leq 0 \wedge b < 0)$
- $\text{def}(A[i+2]) \equiv \text{def}(A) \wedge \text{def}(i+2) \wedge \text{L}(0 \leq i+2 < |A|)$   
 $\equiv \text{True} \wedge \text{True} \wedge \text{L}(-2 \leq i < |A| - 2)$   
 $\equiv -2 \leq i < |A| - 2$

**Ejercicio 6.e** Escribir programas para los siguientes problemas y demostrar formalmente su corrección usando la precondition más débil.

- $\text{proc problema5}(\text{in } a: \text{seq}(\mathbb{Z}), \text{in } i: \mathbb{Z}, \text{out result: } \mathbb{Z}) \{$   
    Pre  $\{0 \leq i \wedge i+1 < |a| \}$   
    Post  $\{\text{result} = a[i] + a[i+1] \}$   
}

### **Respuesta:**

S1:  $\text{result} := a[i] + a[i+1]$

. Primero calculamos su wp por medio del Axioma 1:

$E \equiv \text{wp}(S1, \text{Post}) \equiv \text{wp}(\text{result} := a[i] + a[i+1], \text{result} := a[i] + a[i+1])$

*/\* Siendo result de Post reemplazado por su valor de S1.\*/*

$\equiv \text{def}(a[i] + a[i+1]) \wedge \text{L}((a[i] + a[i+1]) = (a[i] + a[i+1]))$

$\equiv \text{def}(a[i]) \wedge \text{def}(a[i+1]) \wedge \text{L True}$

$\equiv \text{def}(a) \wedge \text{def}(i) \wedge \text{def}(a) \wedge \text{def}(i) \wedge \text{L}(0 \leq i < |a| \wedge 0 \leq i+1 < |a|)$

$\equiv \text{True} \wedge \text{True} \wedge \text{True} \wedge \text{True} \wedge \text{L}(0 \leq i < |a| \wedge 0 \leq i+1 < |a|)$

$\equiv 0 \leq i < |a| \wedge 0 \leq i+1 < |a|$

$\equiv 0 \leq i \wedge i+1 < |a|$

• Ahora chequeamos que  $\text{Pre} \rightarrow \text{E}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pre} \rightarrow \text{E} &\equiv 0 \leq i \wedge i+1 < |a| \rightarrow 0 \leq i \wedge i+1 < |a| \\ &\equiv \text{True} \end{aligned}$$

**Ejercicio 8.d** Escribir programas para los siguientes problemas y demostrar formalmente su corrección usando la precondition más débil.

• proc problema4(in s: seq( $\mathbb{Z}$ ), in i:  $\mathbb{Z}$ , inout a:  $\mathbb{Z}$ ) {  
 $\text{Pre } \{0 \leq i < |s| \wedge L \ a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \}$   
 $\text{Post } \{a = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \}$   
}

**Respuesta:**

```
if (s[i] ≠ 0)
    a := a + 1
else
    skip
endif
```

• Primero calculamos su wp por medio del Axioma 4:

Si  $S = \text{if } B \text{ then } S1 \text{ else } S2 \text{ endif}$ , entonces:

$$\begin{aligned} E = \text{wp}(S, \text{Post}) &\equiv \text{def}(B) \wedge L ((B \wedge \text{wp}(S1, \text{Post})) \vee (\neg B \wedge \text{wp}(S2, \text{Post}))) \\ &\equiv \text{def}(s[i] \neq 0) \wedge L ((s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(S1, \text{Post})) \vee (\neg(s[i] \neq 0) \wedge \text{wp}(S2, \text{Post}))) \\ &\equiv 0 \leq i < |s| \wedge L ((s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(S1, \text{Post})) \vee (\neg(s[i] \neq 0) \wedge \text{wp}(S2, \text{Post}))) \end{aligned}$$

Lo dividimos en 3 partes para que sea mas legible:

1.  $0 \leq i < |s|$
2.  $s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(S1, \text{Post})$
3.  $\neg(s[i] \neq 0) \wedge \text{wp}(S2, \text{Post})$

Comenzemos con el 2:

$$\begin{aligned} &s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(S1, \text{Post}) \\ &\equiv s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(a := a + 1, a = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) ) \\ &\equiv s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{def}(a + 1) \wedge L \ a + 1 = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \\ &\equiv s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{def}(a) \wedge L \ a + 1 = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \\ &\equiv s[i] \neq 0 \wedge \text{True} \wedge L \ a + 1 = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \\ &\equiv s[i] \neq 0 \wedge L \ a + 1 = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \end{aligned}$$

Continuamos con el 3:

$$\neg(s[i] \neq 0) \wedge \text{wp}(\text{S2}, \text{Post})$$

$$\equiv s[i] = 0 \wedge \text{wp}(\text{skip}, \text{Post})$$

$$\equiv s[i] = 0 \wedge \text{wp}(\text{skip}, a = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ))$$

$$\equiv s[i] = 0 \wedge a = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} )$$

Por lo que juntando las 3 partes obtenemos:

$$E = 0 \leq i < |s| \wedge L((s[i] \neq 0 \wedge L a + 1 = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} )) \vee$$

$$(s[i] = 0 \wedge a = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} )))$$

Finalmente debemos probar que  $\text{Pre} \rightarrow E$ :

$$0 \leq i < |s| \wedge L a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \rightarrow E$$

•  $0 \leq i < |s| \rightarrow 0 \leq i < |s|$ : Se cumple siempre (True).

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) &\rightarrow (s[i] \neq 0 \wedge L a + 1 = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} )) \\ &\equiv (s[i] \neq 0 \wedge L a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) - 1) \\ &\equiv a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \end{aligned}$$

Por lo que:

$$a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \rightarrow a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) : \text{Y esto se cumple siempre (True).}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) &\rightarrow (s[i] = 0 \wedge a = \sum_{j=0}^i ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} )) \\ &\equiv a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) - s[i] \\ &\equiv a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) - 0 \\ &\equiv a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \end{aligned}$$

Por lo que:

$$a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) \rightarrow a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} ( \text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ Fi} ) : \text{Y esto se cumple siempre (True).}$$