

# Parker, Prokofiev & Python

Programming is musicianship

# Charlie Parker

Jazz Musician

Alto Saxophone



# Sergei Prokofiev

Classical Pianist  
Composer Conductor





# Autodidact & OTJ

(on the Job Training)

3 Years of  
Woodshedding

Daily Practice

Nightly Gigs



# Conservatory Trained

Formal and established  
pedagogy







Mastery of:  
Instrument  
Technique  
Theory

Innovative  
Compositions



# Orthogonal Approach

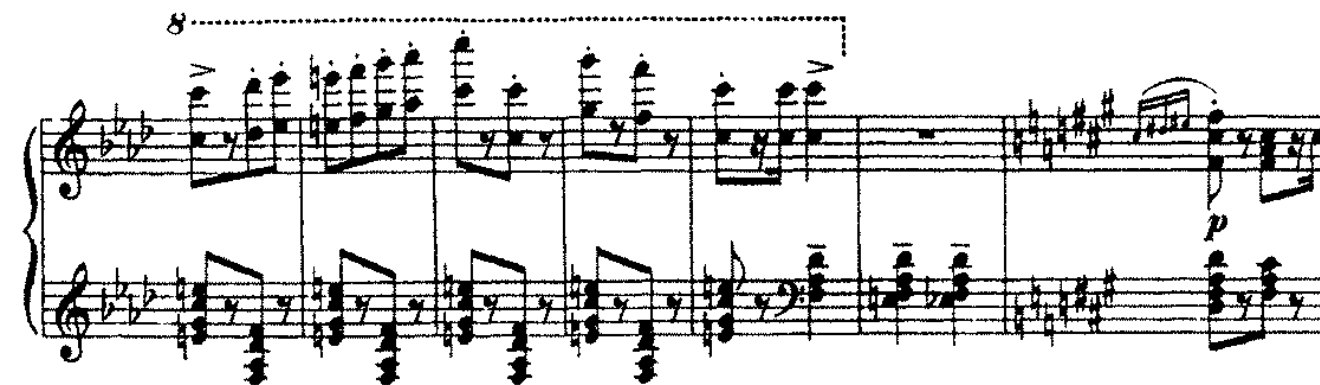
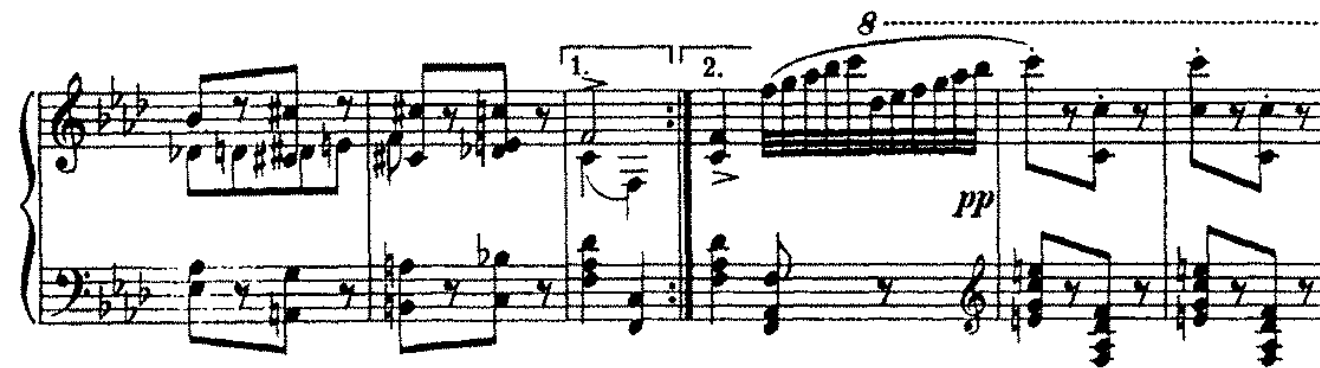
# Mastery of Language



Sergei Prokofiev  
Ten Pieces

Allegro

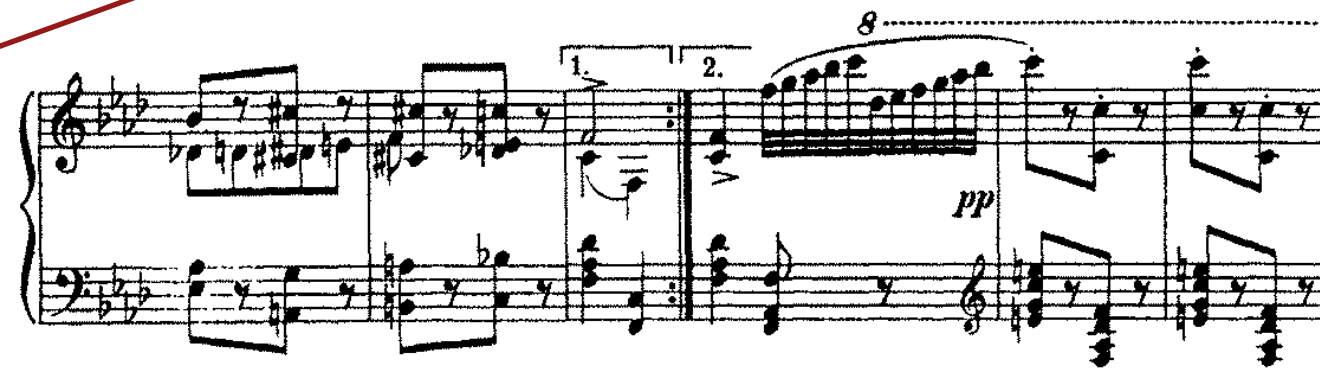
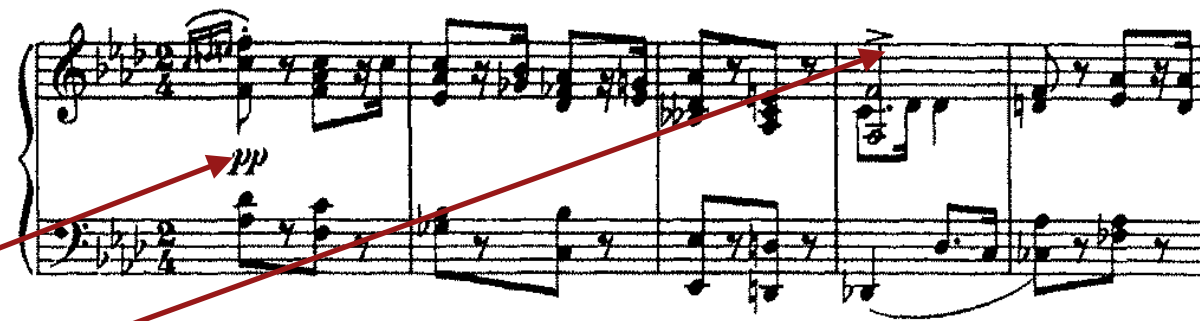
1. March



Explicit  
Instructions

Sergei Prokofiev  
Ten Pieces  
1. March

Allegro



Perform as written

# Formal Specification



318

(BOP)

# PASSPORT

-CHARLIE PARKER

Handwritten musical score for "PASSPORT" by Charlie Parker. The score is in B-flat major, 4/4 time, and consists of three staves of music. The first staff contains measures 1-4 with chords Bbmaj7, C-7, F7, D-7, G7#5, C-7, and F7. The second staff contains measures 5-8 with chords F-7, Bb7, Ebmaj7, Eo7, Bbmaj7, G7b9, C-7, and F7. The third staff contains measures 9-12 with chords Bbmaj7, D7, G7, and C7. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests.

# Instructions

# Guidelines

318  
(BOP)

**PASSPORT** - CHARLIE PARKER

Bbmaj7 C-7 F7 D-7 G7#5 C-7 F7

F-7 Bb7 Ebmaj7 Eo7 Bbmaj7 G7b9 C-7 F7

2. Bbmaj7 D7

G7 C7

Perform as suggested

# General Request



# Open to interpretation\*

\* If you know what you are doing

# Classical: Final Class

Jazz: Extensible class

Jazz: S.O.L.I.D



Not Ashford and Simpson\*



\* Solid (as a rock)

S : Single Responsibility

O : Open/Closed

L : Liskov Substitution

I : Interface Segregation

D : Dependency Inversion

1, b3, 5, 7

@logging

def some function(self):

pass

\_\_slots\_\_



# Contextual Information



# Mastery of Language

# Classical: Etudes

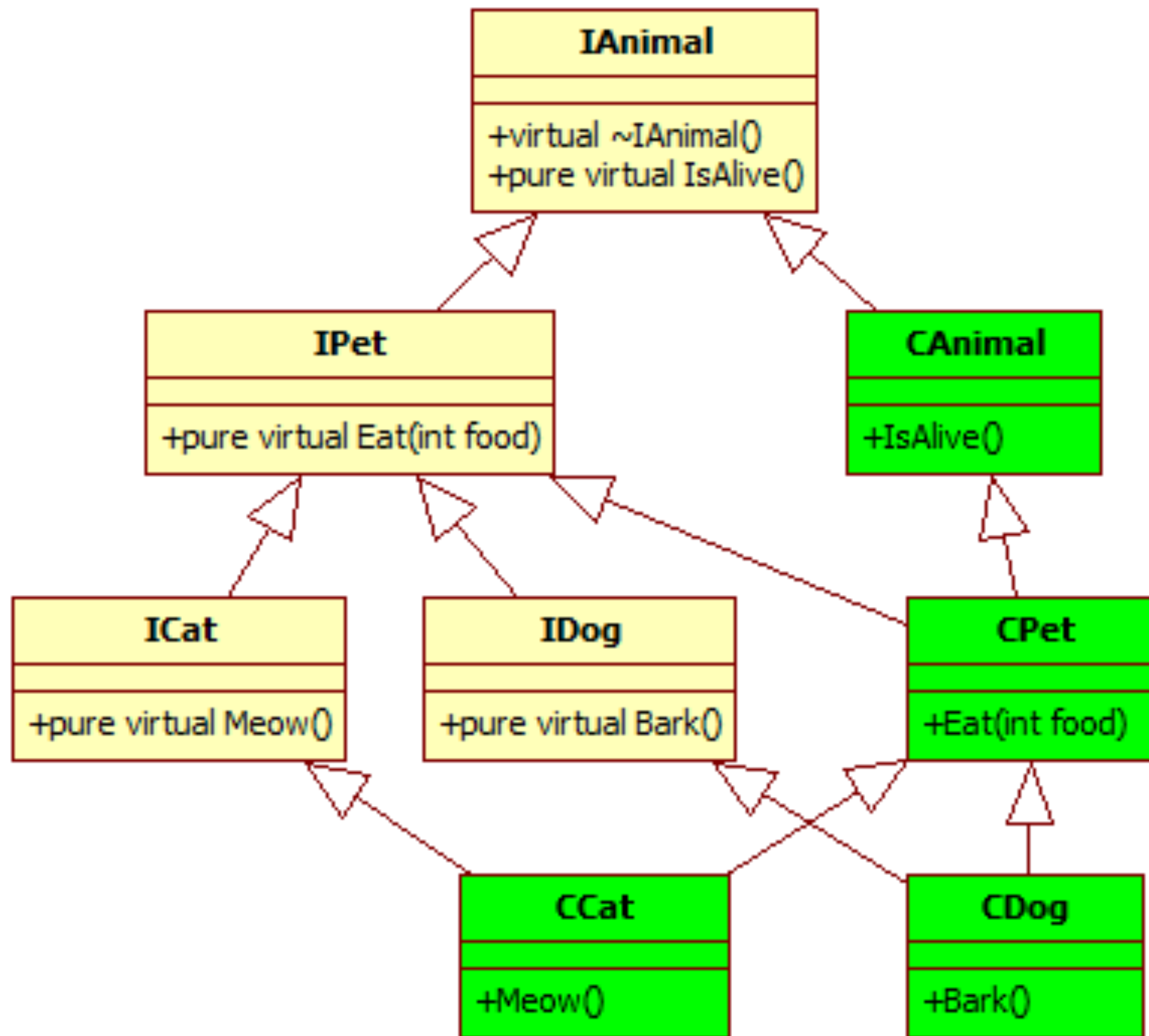
# Jazz: Standards

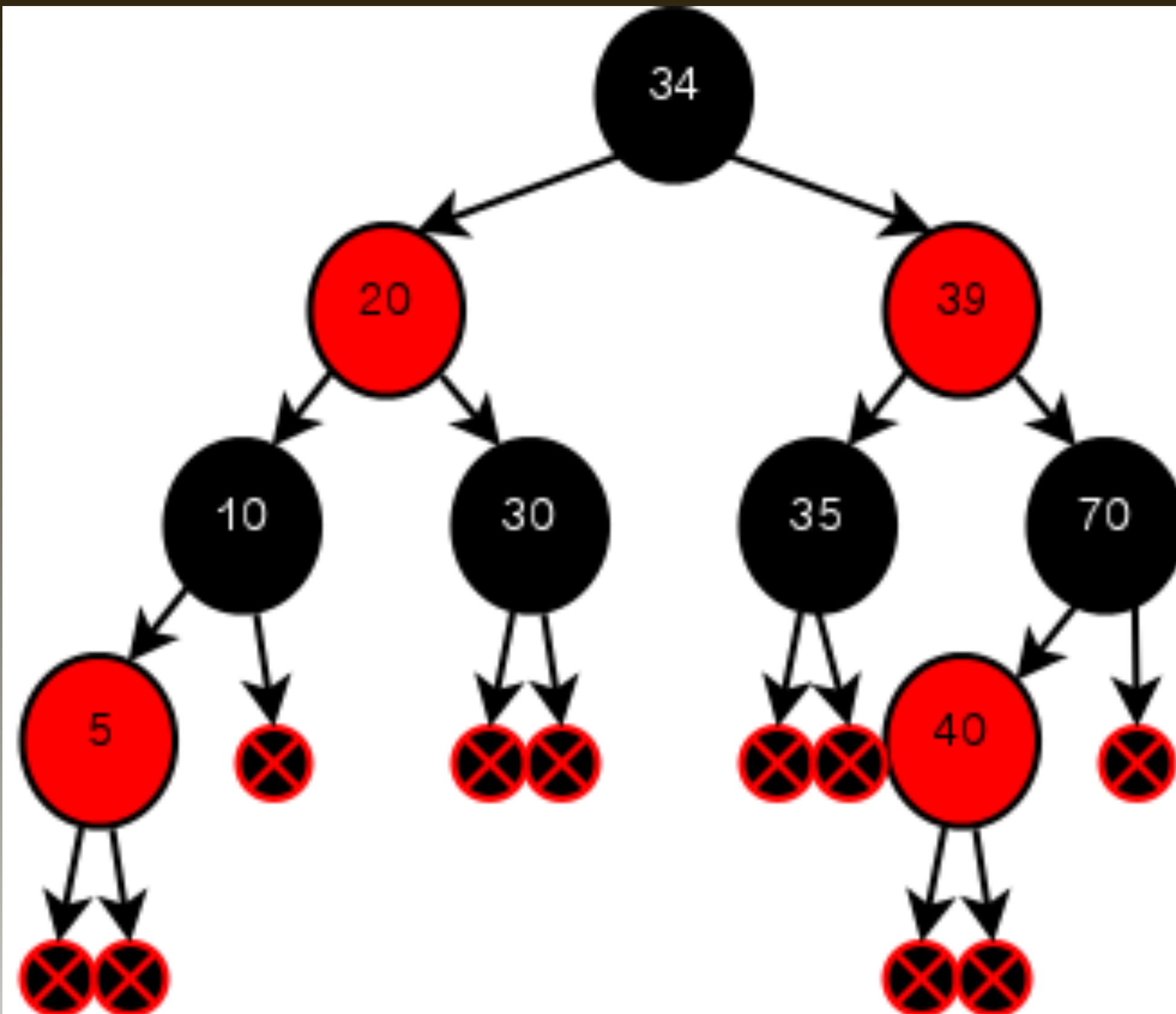
```
class EmitVisitor(asdl.VisitorBase):
    """Visit that emits lines"""

    def __init__(self, file):
        self.file = file
        self.identifiers = set()
        super(EmitVisitor, self).__init__()

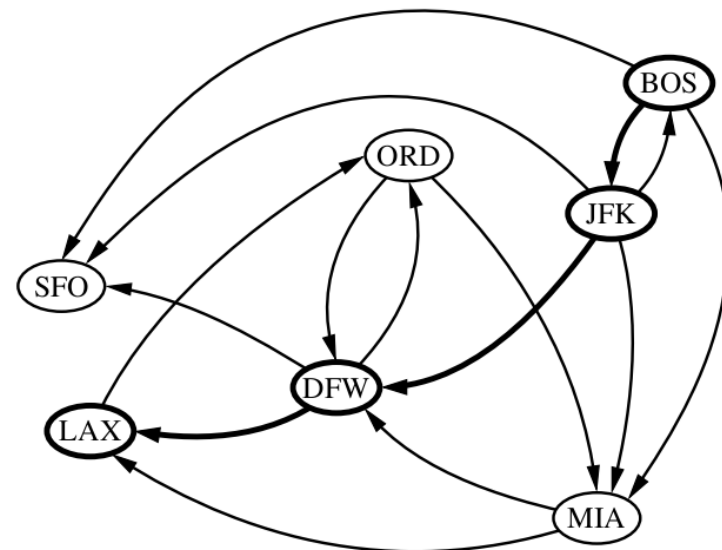
    def emit_identifier(self, name):
        name = str(name)
        if name in self.identifiers:
            return
        self.emit("_Py_IDENTIFIER(%s);" % name, 0)
        self.identifiers.add(name)

    def emit(self, s, depth, reflow=True):
        # XXX reflow long lines?
        if reflow:
            lines = reflow_lines(s, depth)
        else:
            lines = [s]
        for line in lines:
            line = (" " * TABSIZE * depth) + line + "\n"
            self.file.write(line)
```

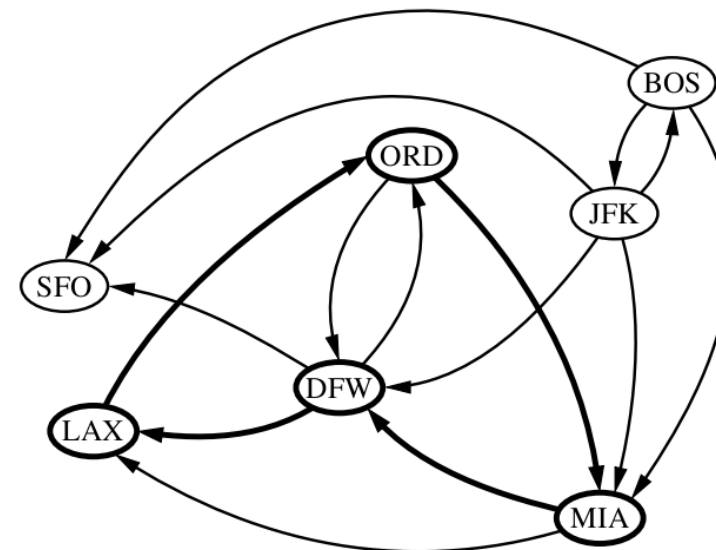




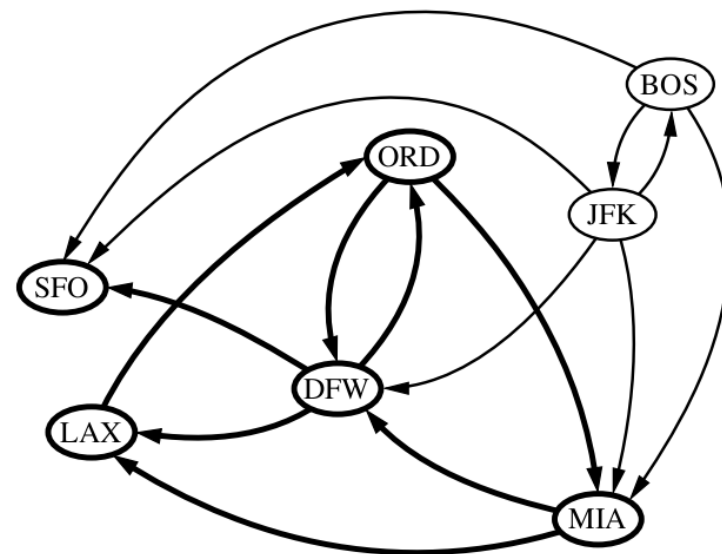




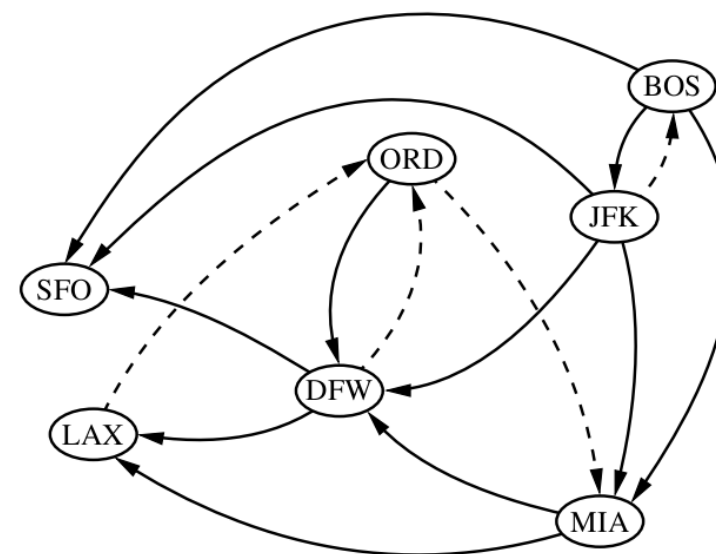
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \sum_{s=0}^{n-1} \mathbf{A}^s \sum_{k_1, k_2, \dots, k_{n-1}} \prod_{l=1}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k_l+1}}{l^{k_l} k_l!} \text{tr}(\mathbf{A}^l)^{k_l}$$

# Big O Notation Summary

Notation	Type	Examples	Description
$O(1)$	Constant	Hash table access	Remains constant regardless of the size of the data set
$O(\log n)$	Logarithmic	Binary search of a sorted table	Increases by a constant. If $n$ doubles, the time to perform increases by a constant, smaller than $n$ amount
$O(<n)$	Sublinear	Search using parallel processing	Performs at less than linear and more than logarithmic levels
$O(n)$	Linear	Finding an item in an unsorted list	Increases in proportion to $n$ . If $n$ doubles, the time to perform doubles
$O(n \log(n))$	$n \log(n)$	Quicksort, Merge Sort	Increases at a multiple of a constant
$O(n^2)$	Quadratic	Bubble sort	Increases in proportion to the product of $n*n$
$O(c^n)$	Exponential	Travelling salesman problem solved using dynamic programming	Increases based on the exponent $n$ of a constant $c$
$O(n!)$	Factorial	Travelling salesman problem solved using brute force	Increases in proportion to the product of all numbers included (e.g., $1*2*3*4\dots$ )

# Implementation

# Application of Theory

Regular Practice

Know Your Audience



What to Learn?

Know your business

# Data Structures

# Algorithms

# Computer Architecture

# Python Internals

When to ask questions



You Can Be Incredible Too!

