

## Formulas in Lecture 15

### Feynman-Kac formula for the forward equation

Consider the Ito interpretation of SDE

$$dX = b(X, t)dt + \sqrt{a(X, t)}dW$$

Definition of  $u(x, t)$

$$u(x, t) \equiv E \left( \delta(X(t) - x) \exp \left( - \int_0^t \psi(X(s), s) ds \right) \right)$$

Meaning of  $u(x, t)$

$\psi(z, s)$  is the fatality/growth rate at position  $z$  at time  $s$ .

$u(x, t)$  = mass density in  $x$  of the surviving cell population at time  $t$ .

$f_0(x)$  = mass density of  $X(0)$ .

Governing equation for  $u(x, t)$

$$u_t = - \left( b(x, t)u \right)_x + \frac{1}{2} \left( a(x, t)u \right)_{xx} - \psi(x, t)u$$

The initial value problem (IVP)

$$\begin{cases} u_t = - \left( b(x, t)u \right)_x + \frac{1}{2} \left( a(x, t)u \right)_{xx} - \psi(x, t)u \\ u(x, t) \Big|_{t=0} = f_0(x) \end{cases}$$

The solution is given by the Feynman-Kac path integral formula

$$u(x, t) = E \left( \delta(X(t) - x) \exp \left( - \int_0^t \psi(X(s), s) ds \right) \right)$$

## Formulas in Lecture 16

### Black-Scholes option pricing model

SDE for the stock price  $S(t)$

$$dS = \mu S dt + \sigma S dW \quad (\text{Ito interpretation})$$

The option price function

The option price at the current time  $t$  is a deterministic function of the current stock price  $S(t)$  and the current time  $t$ .

Option price =  $C(S(t), t)$ , where  $C(s, t)$  is a deterministic function of  $(s, t)$ .

List of variables and parameters:

$S(t)$ : stock price at time  $t$

$C(S(t), t)$ : option price at time  $t$

$\sigma$ : volatility

$\mu$ : geometric drift in the SDE of  $S(t)$

$r$ : interest rate

$K$ : the strike price

$T$ : the expiry (expiration date)

### Delta hedging portfolio

- **1 unit of delta hedging of time  $t$**   
= owning  $(-1)$  unit of call option and  $C_s(S(t), t)$  shares of stock.
- In the mathematical view, when updating 1 unit delta hedging of time  $t$  to 1 unit delta hedging of time  $(t+dt)$ , there are two transactions:  
selling 1 unit delta hedging of time  $t$  at time  $(t+dt)$ , and  
buying 1 unit delta hedging of time  $(t+dt)$  at time  $(t+dt)$ .  
“of time  $t$ ” refers to the composition of 1 unit delta hedging.  
“at time  $(t+dt)$ ” refers to the time of buying/selling.
- We maintain a portfolio of  $F(S(t), t)$  units of delta hedging of time  $t$ , at time  $t$ , over a time period. For that purpose, we update the portfolio as follows.  
selling  $F(S(t), t)$  units of delta hedging of time  $t$  at time  $(t+dt)$ , and  
buying  $F(S(t+dt), t+dt)$  units of delta hedging of time  $(t+dt)$  at time  $(t+dt)$ .

### Total gain for maintaining $F(S(t), t)$ units of delta hedging of the current time

$$G_{\text{Total}} = \int_0^T F(s, t) \left[ \left( C(s, t) - C_s(s, t)s \right) r - C_t(s, t) - \frac{1}{2} C_{ss}(s, t) \sigma^2 s^2 \right]_{s=S(t)} dt$$

### The FVP for $C(s, t)$

$$\begin{cases} C_t(s, t) + \frac{1}{2} \sigma^2 s^2 C_{ss}(s, t) = r(C(s, t) - s C_s(s, t)) \\ C(s, t)|_{t=T} = \max(s - K, 0) \end{cases}$$