

# Global Change Biology

In the year 2000, atmospheric chemist Paul Crutzen suggested that humans had fundamentally changed Earth systems so much that it was time to declare a new Geological epoch: the Anthropocene. While this proposal has yet to be formally accepted, the impact of the statement has given rise to a whole new scientific sub-discipline seeking to understand the impact of these massive Earth systems changes on living organisms: Global Change Biology. This course is roughly divided into two parts. In part one, we will discuss the elements of the Earth system and how they are changing. In part two, we will focus on how these changes impact organisms and how the effect might be mitigated.

**Course Objective:** The goals of this class are to broadly expose students to the drivers of effects of global change on life. Specifically, students should expect to:

- Obtain a broad foundation for the study of Earth systems and drivers of global change.
- Gain an understanding of the range of possible effects of global change on organisms and the complexity of interacting drivers.
- Learn to identify and evaluate the current state of global change science with all of its limitations and promises.

**Required Text:** Because of the diversity of topics covered, we will approach our study of global change biology through the developing body of primary scientific literature rather than through a single text book. Most lectures will include with suggested readings (italicized below) from the text:

Levin, Simon A., et al., editors. *The Princeton Guide to Ecology*. Princeton University Press, 2009. These readings will serve to clarify the background information provided in lectures, and is highly recommended.

**Course structure:** This course will meet twice per week for 75 minutes. This first half will consist of a lecture from the instructor, with the second half consisting of student facilitated discussions on relevant papers.

**Prerequisites:** A course in introductory biology or permission of instructor.

Topic	Reading(s)
1] Introduction Global Change and the Earth's Climate System	IPCC 2014
2] Tools for the study of climate change	Newman Ch.1(Canvas)
3] Paleoclimate: the effects of rapid climate change in deep time	Knoll 2007
4] Predicting Future Climates	Bonan 2018, <i>Newman Ch.2 (Canvas)</i>
5] Sources, sinks and feedbacks	Cox 2000, <i>Levin IV.7</i>
6] Localized impacts of climate change: disturbance	Kurz 2008, <i>Levin IV.1</i>
7] Intensification and land conversion	Foley 2005, <i>Levin VII.7</i>
8] Nutrient cycling	Vitousek 1997, <i>Levin II.10</i>
9] Eutrofication	Diaz 2008, <i>Levin VII.4</i>
10] Ocean acidification	Anthony2008, Kroeker 2013
11] Urbanization	Grimm 2008
10] Interacting drivers	Hoff 2011, <i>Newman Ch. 13 (Canvas)</i>
11] Plant physiology and biosphere productivity	Korner 2006, <i>Levin III.9</i>
12] "FACE" case study	Norby 2011
13] Thermal tolerance	Kaliq 2014, <i>Levin I.2-3</i>
14] Plasticity and phenological shifts	Cleland 2012, <i>Levin I.9</i>
15] Global change and evolution	Logan 2014, <i>Levin III.19</i>
16] Migration and dispersal	Chen 2011, <i>Levin I.6 and 12</i>
17] Habitat Fragmentation	Hamann 2012, <i>Levin IV.3</i>
18] Invasion	Liu 2017, <i>Levin VII.8</i>
19] The 6th extinction	Plotnick 2016 <i>Levin V.1</i>
20] Novel ecosystem and community change	Clavel 2010, Hobbs 2009
21] Conservation	McGwire 2016, <i>Levin V.6</i>
22] Ecological Restoration	Harris 2006, <i>Levin V.7</i>
23] Assisted Migration	Nunez 2013, Willis 2009
24] Communicating science in an era of global change	Knowlton 2017, Godet 2018

## References

- Anthony, K.R.N., Kline, D.I., Diaz-Pulido, G., Dove, S. & Hoegh-Guldberg, O. (2008) Ocean acidification causes bleaching and productivity loss in coral reef builders. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* **105**, 17442–17446.
- Bonan, G.B. & Doney, S.C. (2018) Climate, ecosystems, and planetary futures: The challenge to predict life in Earth system models. *SCIENCE* **359**, 533+.
- Chen, I.C., Hill, J.K., Ohlemüller, R., Roy, D.B. & Thomas, C.D. (2011) Rapid range shifts of species associated with high levels of climate warming. *Science* **333**, 1024–1026.

- Cleland, E.E., Allen, J.M., Crimmins, T.M., Dunne, J.A., Pau, S., Travers, S.E., Zavaleta, E.S. & Wolkovich, E.M. (2012) Phenological tracking enables positive species responses to climate change. *Ecology* **93**, 1765–1771.
- Cox, P.M., Betts, R.A., Jones, C.D., Spall, S.A. & Totterdell, I.J. (2000) Acceleration of global warming due to carbon-cycle feedbacks in a coupled climate model. *Nature* **408**, 184 EP –.
- Diaz, R.J. & Rosenberg, R. (2008) Spreading dead zones and consequences for marine ecosystems. *Science* **321**, 926–929.
- Foley, J.A., DeFries, R., Asner, G.P., Barford, C., Bonan, G., Carpenter, S.R., Chapin, F.S., Coe, M.T., Daily, G.C., Gibbs, H.K., Helkowski, J.H., Holloway, T., Howard, E.A., Kucharik, C.J., Monfreda, C., Patz, J.A., Prentice, I.C., Ramankutty, N. & Snyder, P.K. (2005) Global consequences of land use. *Science* **309**, 570–574.
- Godet, L. & Devictor, V. (2018) What conservation does. *Trends in Ecology & Evolution* **33**, 720 – 730.
- Grimm, N.B., Faeth, S.H., Golubiewski, N.E., Redman, C.L., Wu, J., Bai, X. & Briggs, J.M. (2008) Global change and the ecology of cities. *Science* **319**, 756–760.
- Hamann, A. & Aitken, S.N. (2012) Conservation planning under climate change: accounting for adaptive potential and migration capacity in species distribution models. *Diversity and Distributions* **19**, 268–280.
- Harris, J.A., Hobbs, R.J., Higgs, E. & Aronson, J. (2006) Ecological restoration and global climate change. *Restoration Ecology* **14**, 170–176.
- Hobbs, R.J., Higgs, E. & Harris, J.A. (2009) Novel ecosystems: implications for conservation and restoration. *TRENDS IN ECOLOGY & EVOLUTION* **24**, 599–605.
- Hof, C., Araújo, M.B., Jetz, W. & Rahbek, C. (2011) Additive threats from pathogens, climate and land-use change for global amphibian diversity. *Nature* **480**, 516–519.
- Joanne, C., Romain, J. & Vincent, D. (2011) Worldwide decline of specialist species: toward a global functional homogenization? *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment* **9**, 222–228.
- Khaliq, I., Hof, C., Prinzinger, R., Böhning-Gaese, K. & Pfenninger, M. (2014) Global variation in thermal tolerances and vulnerability of endotherms to climate change. *Proceedings of the Royal Society of London B: Biological Sciences* **281**.
- Knoll, A.H., Bambach, R.K., Payne, J.L., Pruss, S. & Fischer, W.W. (2007) Paleophysiology and end-permian mass extinction. *Earth and Planetary Science Letters* **256**, 295 – 313.
- Knowlton, N. (2017) Doom and gloom won't save the world. *NATURE* **544**, 271.
- Körner, C. (2006) Plant CO<sub>2</sub> responses: an issue of definition, time and resource supply. *New Phytologist* **172**, 393–411.

- Kroeker, K.J., Kordas, R.L., Crim, R., Hendriks, I.E., Ramajo, L., Singh, G.S., Duarte, C.M. & Gattuso, J.P. (2013) Impacts of ocean acidification on marine organisms: quantifying sensitivities and interaction with warming. *Global Change Biology* **19**, 1884–1896.
- Liu, Y., Oduor, A.M.O., Zhang, Z., Manea, A., Tooth, I.M., Leishman, M.R., Xu, X. & van Kleunen, M. (2017) Do invasive alien plants benefit more from global environmental change than native plants? *Global Change Biology* **23**, 3363–3370.
- Logan, M.L., Cox, R.M. & Calsbeek, R. (2014) Natural selection on thermal performance in a novel thermal environment. *PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA* **111**, 14165–14169.
- McGuire, J.L., Lawler, J.J., McRae, B.H., Nuñez, T.A. & Theobald, D.M. (2016) Achieving climate connectivity in a fragmented landscape. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* .
- Newman, J., Anand, M., Hunt, S., Gedalof, Z. & Henry, H. (2011) *Climate Change Biology*. CABI International.
- Norby, R.J. & Zak, D.R. (2011) Ecological Lessons from Free-Air CO<sub>2</sub> Enrichment (FACE) Experiments. *ANNUAL REVIEW OF ECOLOGY, EVOLUTION, AND SYSTEMATICS, VOL 42* (ed. Futuyma, DJ and Shaffer, HB and Simberloff, D), vol. 42 of *Annual Review of Ecology Evolution and Systematics*, pp. 181–203, ANNUAL REVIEWS, 4139 EL CAMINO WAY, PO BOX 10139, PALO ALTO, CA 94303-0897 USA.
- Nunez, T.A., Lawler, J.J., Mcrae, B.H., Pierce, D.J., Krosby, M.B., Kavanagh, D.M., Singleton, P.H. & Tewksbury, J.J. (2013) Connectivity Planning to Address Climate Change. *CONSERVATION BIOLOGY* **27**, 407–416.
- Pachauri, R. & Meyer, L. (2014) Ipcc, 2014: Climate change 2014: Synthesis report. contribution of working groups i, ii and iii to the fifth assessment report of the intergovernmental panel on climate change. Tech. rep., IPCC, Geneva, Switzerland.
- Plotnick, R.E., Smith, F.A. & Lyons, S.K. (2016) The fossil record of the sixth extinction. *ECOLOGY LETTERS* **19**, 546–553.
- Vitousek, P., Aber, J., Howarth, R., Likens, G., Matson, P., Schindler, D., Schlesinger, W. & Tilman, D. (1997) Human alteration of the global nitrogen cycle: Sources and consequences. *ECOLOGICAL APPLICATIONS* **7**, 737–750.
- Willis, S.G., Hill, J.K., Thomas, C.D., Roy, D.B., Fox, R., Blakeley, D.S. & Huntley, B. (2009) Assisted colonization in a changing climate: a test-study using two UK butterflies. *CONSERVATION LETTERS* **2**, 45–51.