

$$r = el^e + yl^e$$

$$\frac{dy}{dr} = \frac{1}{l^e}$$

$$dr = l^e dy$$

$r$	$nl^e \rightarrow (n+1)l^e$
$y$	$0 \rightarrow 1$

$$\psi^{(e)}(y) = \sum_{i=0}^1 u_i^{(e)} \phi_i(y) \quad (0 \leq y \leq 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} \phi_0(y) = 1 - y \\ \phi_1(y) = y \end{cases}$$

$$\langle \psi_a^{(e)} | A_{\alpha\beta}^{(e)} | \psi_\beta^{(e)} \rangle$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{(el^e + yl^e)^2}{2} \frac{dy}{dr} \left[ \frac{\phi_0(y)}{dy} \right] \frac{dy}{dr} \left[ \frac{\phi_1(y)}{dy} \right] (l^e) dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{(el^e + yl^e)^2}{2} \frac{1}{l^e} dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{e^2(l^e)^2 + 2e(l^e)^2 y + y^2(l^e)^2}{2} \frac{1}{l^e} dy$$

$$= \frac{l^e}{2} \int_0^1 (e^2 + 2ey + y^2) dy$$

$$= \frac{l^e}{2} \left[ e^2 y + ey^2 + \frac{1}{3} y^3 \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

$$- \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)(1 - y)^2 l^e dy$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \int_0^1 (e + y)(1 - y)^2 dy$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \int_0^1 [e(1 - y)^2 + y(1 - y)^2] dy$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \left\{ \int_0^1 [e(1 - y)^2] dy + \int_0^1 y(1 - y)^2 dy \right\}$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \left[ -\frac{1}{3} e(1 - y)^3 \Big|_0^1 + -\frac{1}{3} y(1 - y)^3 \Big|_0^1 + \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 (1 - y)^3 dy \right]$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \frac{e}{3} - \frac{1}{12} (1 - y)^4 \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{3} + \frac{1}{12} \right)$$

$$A_{11}^{(e)} = \frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) - (l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{3} + \frac{1}{12} \right)$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{(el^e + yl^e)^2}{2} \frac{dy}{dr} \left[ \frac{\phi_0(y)}{dy} \right] \frac{dy}{dr} \left[ \frac{\phi_1(y)}{dy} \right] l^e dy$$

$$= -\frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

$$- \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e) y(1 - y) l^e dy$$

$$= -(l^e)^2 \int_0^1 (e + y) y(1 - y) dy$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \int_0^1 ey(1-y)dy + \int_0^1 y^2(1-y)dy \right] \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \frac{e}{2} y^2(1-y) \Big|_0^1 + \int_0^1 \frac{e}{2} y^2 dy + \int_0^1 y^2(1-y)dy \right] \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \frac{e}{6} y^3 \Big|_0^1 + \int_0^1 y^2(1-y)dy \right] \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \frac{e}{6} + \int_0^1 y^2(1-y)dy \right] \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{3} y^3(1-y) \Big|_0^1 + \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 y^3 dy \right] \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{12} \right) \\
Al_{12}^{(e)} &= A_{21}^{(e)} = -\frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) - (l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{12} \right) \\
&\int_0^1 \frac{(el^e + yl^e)^2}{2} \frac{dy}{dr} \left[ \frac{\phi_0(y)}{dy} \right] \frac{dy}{dr} \left[ \frac{\phi_1(y)}{dy} \right] l^e dy \\
&= \frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) \\
&- \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e) y^2 l^e dy \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \int_0^1 (e+y) y^2 dy \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left[ \int_0^1 ey^2 dy + \int_0^1 y^3 dy \right] \\
&= -(l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \\
A_{22}^{(e)} &= \frac{(l^e)}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) - (l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \\
\langle \psi_a^{(e)} | B_{\alpha\beta}^{(e)} | \psi_\beta^{(e)} \rangle \\
B_{11}^{(e)} &= \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)^2 \phi_0(y) \phi_0(y) l^e dy \\
&= \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)^2 (1-y)^2 l^e dy \\
&= \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)^2 (1-y)^2 l^e dy \\
&= \int_0^1 [e^2(l^e)^2 + 2e(l^e)^2 y + y^2(l^e)^2] (1-y)^2 l^e dy \\
&= (l^e)^3 \int_0^1 [e(l^e)^2 + 2e(l^e)^2 y + y^2(l^e)^2] (1-y)^2 dy \\
&= (l^e)^3 \int_0^1 e^2(1-y)^2 dy + (l^e)^3 \int_0^1 2ey(1-y)^2 dy + (l^e)^3 \int_0^1 y^2(1-y)^2 dy \\
&= \frac{(l^e)^3}{3} e^2 + \frac{(l^e)^3}{6} e + \frac{1}{30} (l^e)^3 \\
&= (l^e)^3 \left( \frac{e^2}{3} + \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{30} \right) \\
B_{12}^{(e)} &= B_{21}^{(e)} = \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)^2 \phi_0(y) \phi_1(y) l^e dy \\
&= (l^e)^3 \int_0^1 (e^2 + 2ey + y^2) y (1-y) dy \\
&= \frac{(l^e)^3}{6} e^2 + \frac{(l^e)^3}{6} e + \frac{(l^e)^3}{20}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (l^e)^3 \left( \frac{e^2}{6} + \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{20} \right) \\
B_{22}^{(e)} &= \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)^2 \phi_1(y) \phi_1(y) l^e dy \\
&= \int_0^1 (el^e + yl^e)^2 y^2 l^e dy \\
&= (l^e)^3 \int_0^1 (e^2 + 2ey + y^2) y^2 dy \\
&= (l^e)^3 \left( \frac{e^2}{3} + \frac{e}{2} + \frac{1}{5} \right) \\
\langle \psi_\alpha^{(e)} | A_{\alpha\beta}^{(e)} | \psi_\beta^{(e)} \rangle &= \langle \psi_\alpha^{(e)} | B_{\alpha\beta}^{(e)} | \psi_\beta^{(e)} \rangle \\
&\begin{cases} A_{11}^{(e)} = \frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) - (l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{3} + \frac{1}{12} \right) \\ A_{12}^{(e)} = A_{21}^{(e)} = -\frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) - (l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{12} \right) \\ A_{22}^{(e)} = \frac{l^e}{2} \left( e^2 + e + \frac{1}{3} \right) - (l^e)^2 \left( \frac{e}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \end{cases} \\
&\begin{cases} B_{11}^{(e)} = (l^e)^3 \left( \frac{e^2}{3} + \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{30} \right) \\ B_{12}^{(e)} = B_{21}^{(e)} = (l^e)^3 \left( \frac{e^2}{6} + \frac{e}{6} + \frac{1}{20} \right) \\ B_{22}^{(e)} = (l^e)^3 \left( \frac{e^2}{3} + \frac{e}{2} + \frac{1}{5} \right) \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$