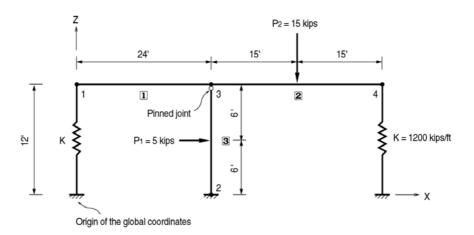
Static-7

Title

Beam with elastic supports and an internal hinge

Description

Determine the displacements of a structure subjected to two concentrated loads.



Structural geometry and analysis model

Model

Analysis Type

2-D static analysis (X-Z plane)

Unit System

ft, kip

Dimension

Length 54 ft Height 12 ft

Element

Beam element

Material

Modulus of elasticity $E = 4.32 \times 10^6 \text{ ksf}$

Section Property

Elements $\boxed{1}$ and $\boxed{2}$ - Area $A = 0.125 \text{ ft}^2$

Moment of inertia $I_{yy} = 0.263 \text{ ft}^4$

Element $\mathbf{3}$ - Area $A = 0.175 \text{ ft}^2$

Moment of inertia $I_{yy} = 0.193 \text{ ft}^4$

Boundary Condition

Node 2 ; Constrain all DOFs.

Nodes 1 and 4; Spring constant (Z direction), K = 1200 kips/ft

Release Ry of the node 3 of the element 3 in the element local

coordinates.

Load Cases

A concentrated load, P_1 = 5 kips is applied to the mid-point of the element 3 in the X direction.

A concentrated load, P_2 = 15 kips is applied to the mid-point of the element **2** in the -Z direction.

Results

Displacements

	Node	Load	DX (ft)	DY (ft)	DZ (ft)	RX ([rad])	RY ([rad])	RZ ([rad])
•	1	CASE1	0,001079	0,000000	0,001787	0,000000	-0,000099	0,000000
	2	CASE1	0,000000	0,000000	0,000000	0,000000	0,000000	0,000000
	3	CASE1	0,001079	0,000000	-0,000180	0,000000	0,000444	0,000000
	4	CASE1	0,001079	0,000000	-0,004820	0,000000	-0,000361	0,000000

Comparison of Results

Unit: ft, rad

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Node	X-displacement, $\delta_X(\times 10^{-3})$		-	placement, (×10 ⁻³)	Y-rotational, $\theta_{\rm Y}(\times 10^{-3})$	
	Theoretical	MIDAS/Civil	Theoretical	MIDAS/ Civil	Theoretical	MIDAS/ Civil
1	1.079	1.079	1.787	1.787	-0.099	-0.099
3	1.079	1.079	-0.180	-0.180	0.444	0.444
4	1.079	1.079	-4.820	-4.820	-0.362	-0.361

Reference

Beaufait F. W., et al., "Computer Methods of Structural Analysis", Prentice-Hall, Inc., New Jersey, 1970, pp. $197 \sim 210$.