

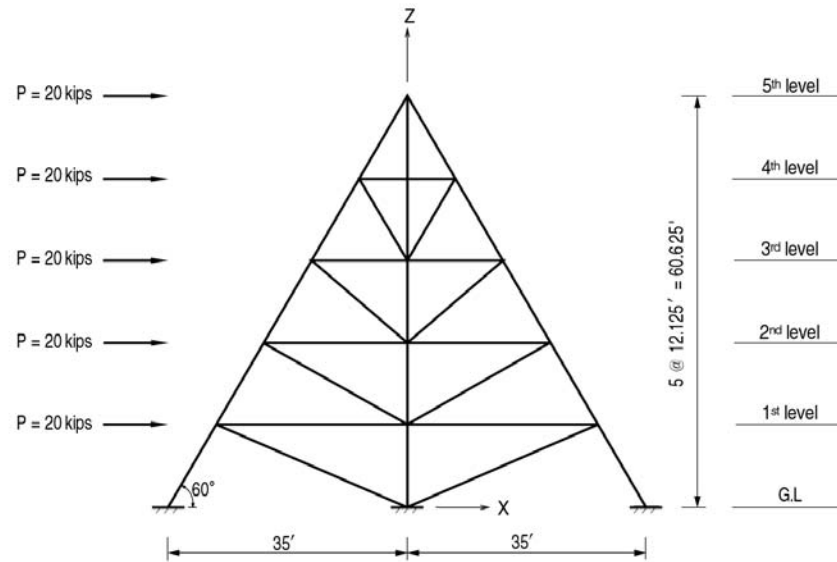
Eigen-9

Title

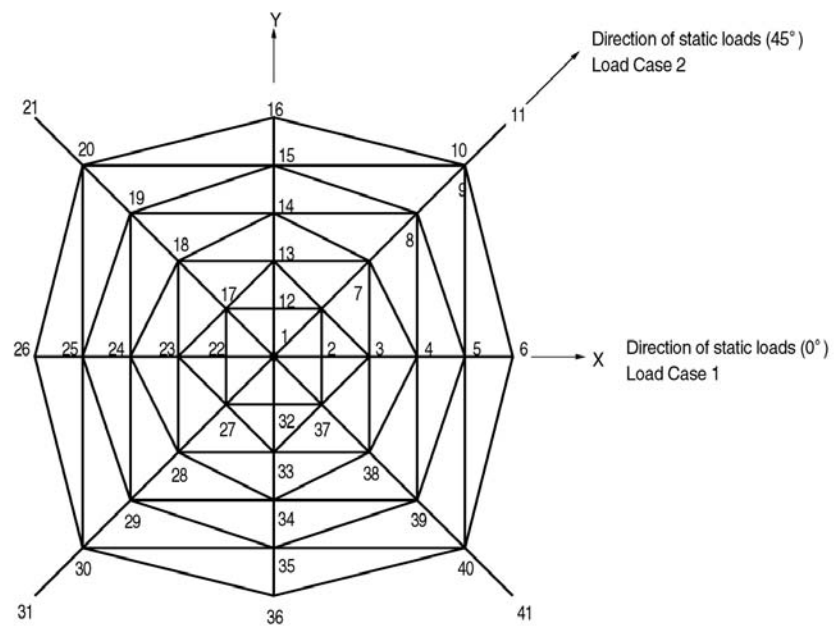
Eigenvalue and static analysis of a 5- level pyramid building under lateral loads.

Description

Perform the eigenvalue analysis of a pyramid building. Calculate the natural frequencies and the displacements of each floor due to static lateral loads.

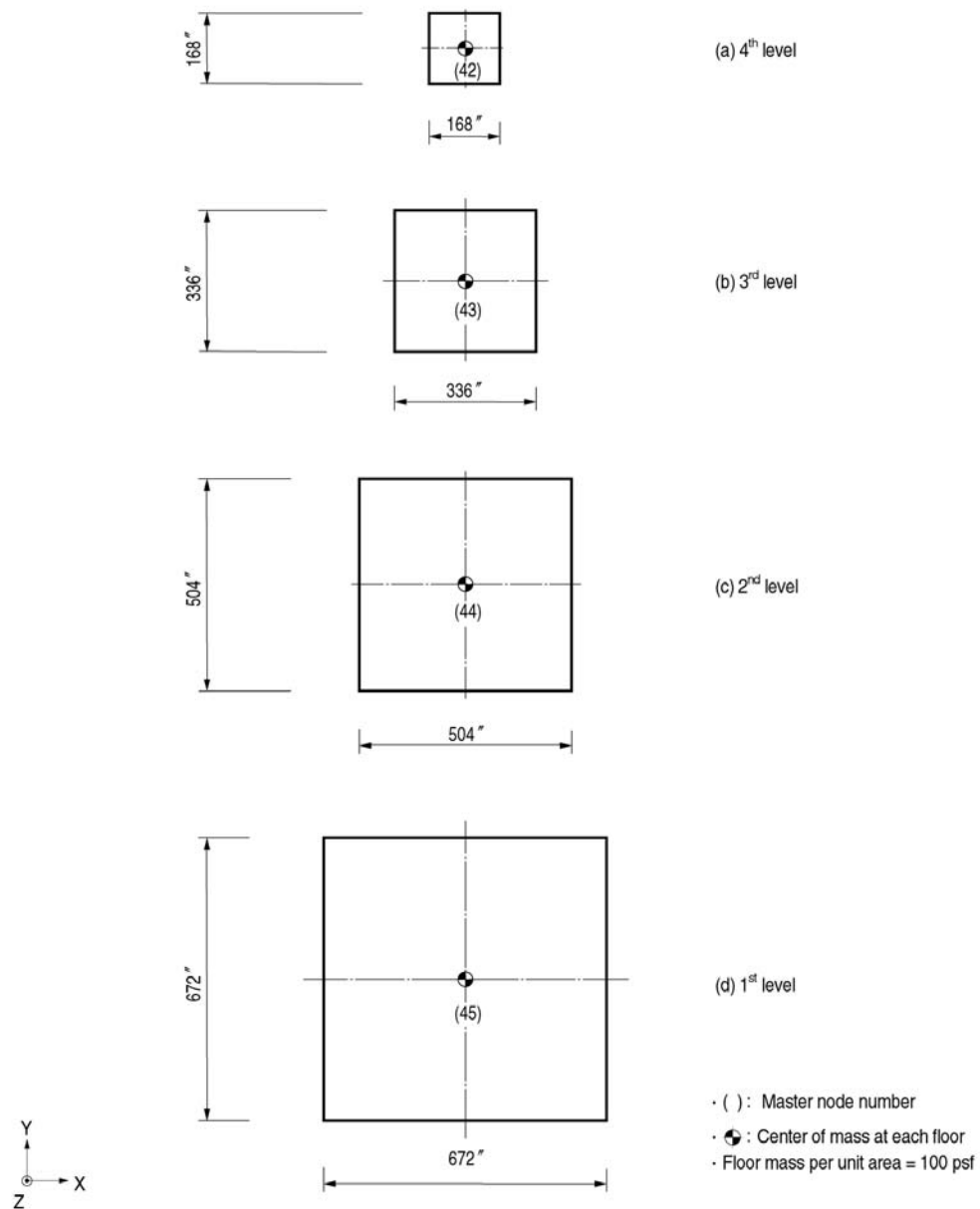


(a) Elevation of the structure



(b) Plan of the structure

Structural analysis model



Plan dimensions of each floor

Model

Analysis Type

3-D static and eigenvalue analysis

Unit System

in, kip

Dimension

Length 70×12 in Width 70×12 in Height $5 \times 12.125 \times 12$ in

Floor load $W = 100$ psf

Floor mass $M = 1.7972 \times 10^{-6}$ kips·sec²/in

Nodes 42 ~ 45 are the master nodes for the 4th ~ 1st levels in a descending order respectively.

Gravitational acceleration $g = 386.4$ in/ sec²

Mass and rotational mass moment of inertia at each floor.

Floor	Master node	Mass, $M_x=M_y$	Rotational mass moment of inertia, I_m
4	42	0.0507246	238.6087
3	43	0.2028986	3817.7391
2	44	0.4565217	19327.3044
1	45	0.8115942	61083.8261

Element

Beam element

Material

Modulus of elasticity E = 29500 ksi

Poisson's ratio ν = 0.3

Section Property

Horizontal beams	Area	A	= 13.5 in ²
	Effective Shear Area	A _{sy}	= 6.5016 in ²
		A _{sz}	= 6.1105 in ²
	Torsional stiffness	I _{xx}	= 1.22 in ⁴
	Moment of inertia	I _{yy}	= 712.0 in ⁴ (Strong axis)
		I _{zz}	= 22.5 in ⁴ (Weak axis)
Diagonals	Area	A	= 11.7 in ²
	Effective Shear Area	A _{sy}	= 2.97 in ²
		A _{sz}	= 7.532 in ²
	Torsional stiffness	I _{xx}	= 1.12 in ⁴
	Moment of inertia	I _{yy}	= 146.0 in ⁴ (Strong axis)
		I _{zz}	= 49.1 in ⁴ (Weak axis)

Boundary Condition

Nodes 6 ~ 41 (at an increment of 5) ; Constrain all DOFs.

Nodes 42 ~ 45 ; Constrain Dx, Dy and Rz of all nodes at each level to these nodes. (Master nodes)

Analysis Case

Floor masses are assigned to the master nodes in the directions of X and Y-axes.

Rotational mass moment of inertia about Z- axis, $I_m = M \times (b^2 + h^2)/12$ is assigned to each master node..

Load Case 1 ; A lateral load, 20 kips is applied to the master nodes at each floor in the X direction.

Load Case 2 ; A lateral load, 20 kips is applied to the master nodes at each floor in the direction 45 degrees counterclockwise from the X-axis.

Number of natural frequencies to be computed = 9

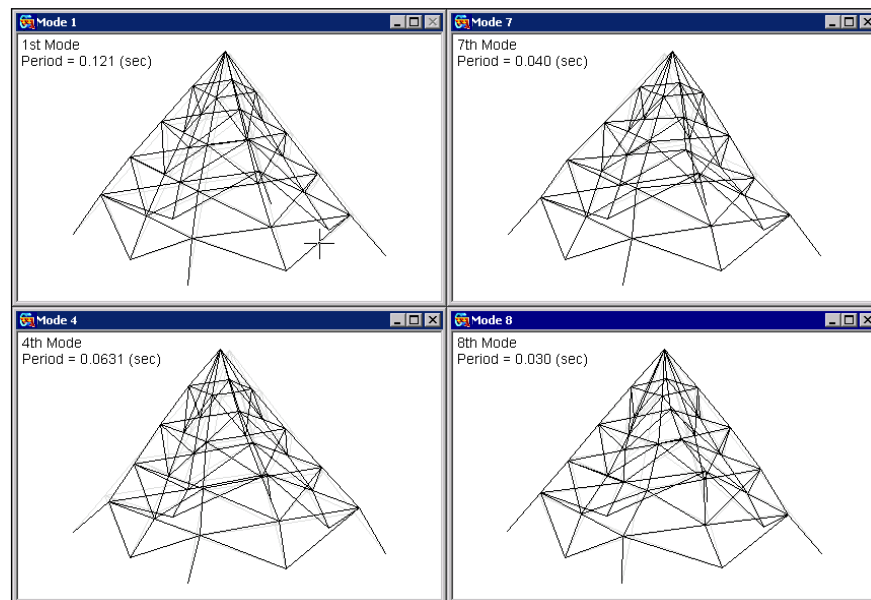
Results

Eigenvalue Analysis Results

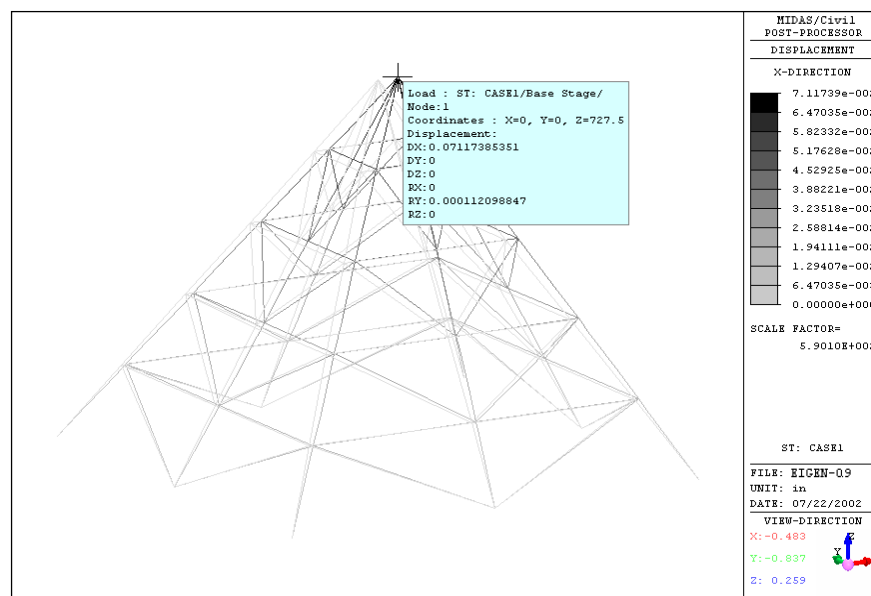
EIGENVALUE ANALYSIS													
Mode No	Frequency				Period		Tolerance						
	(rad/sec)		(cycle/sec)		(sec)								
1	51,936044		8,265878		0,120979		6,7436e-016						
2	51,936044		8,265878		0,120979		5,0577e-016						
3	99,591127		15,850420		0,063090		3,6679e-016						
4	99,591127		15,850420		0,063090		3,6679e-016						
5	103,027287		16,397302		0,060986		0,0000e+000						
6	158,020893		25,149806		0,039762		1,6026e-015						
7	158,020893		25,149806		0,039762		2,3310e-015						
8	212,034308		33,746308		0,029633		7,2341e-014						
9	263,121148		41,877031		0,023879		1,1560e-014						
MODAL PARTICIPATION MASSES(%) PRINTOUT													
Mode No	TRAN-X		TRAN-Y		TRAN-Z		ROTN-X		ROTN-Y		ROTN-Z		
	MASS	SUM	MASS	SUM	MASS	SUM	MASS	SUM	MASS	SUM	MASS	SUM	
1	2,03	2,03	94,88	94,88	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
2	94,88	96,91	2,03	96,91	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
3	1,42	98,33	0,95	97,85	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	0,95	99,28	1,42	99,28	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
5	0,00	99,28	0,00	99,28	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	95,04	95,04	
6	0,09	99,37	0,61	99,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	95,04	
7	0,61	99,98	0,09	99,98	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	95,04	
8	0,00	99,98	0,00	99,98	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	4,94	99,97	
9	0,02	100,00	0,00	99,98	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	99,97	
EIGEN VECTOR													

Displacements

	Node	Load	DX (in)	DY (in)	DZ (in)	RX ([rad])	RY ([rad])	RZ ([rad])
►	1	CASE1	0.071174	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000112	0.000000
	42	CASE1	0.054813	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	43	CASE1	0.040476	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	44	CASE1	0.027948	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	45	CASE1	0.015033	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	1	CASE2	0.050327	0.050327	0.000000	-0.000079	0.000079	0.000000
	42	CASE2	0.038758	0.038758	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	43	CASE2	0.028621	0.028621	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	44	CASE2	0.019762	0.019762	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	45	CASE2	0.010630	0.010630	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000



Vibration modes of the structure



X-displacements of the structure (Node 1)

Comparison of Results

Natural Periods

Unit : sec		
Mode	Natural period	
	ETABS	MIDAS/Civil
1 st	0.12098	0.12098
2 nd	0.12098	0.12098
3 rd	0.06309	0.06309
4 th	0.06309	0.06309
5 th	0.06099	0.06099
6 th	0.03976	0.03976
7 th	0.03976	0.03976
8 th	0.02963	0.02963
9 th	0.02388	0.02388

Displacements at each level

Unit : in					
Load Case	Level	Displacement			
		ETABS		MIDAS/ Civil	
		δ_X	δ_Y	δ_X	δ_Y
1	1 st	0.01503		0.01503	
	2 nd	0.02795		0.02795	
	3 rd	0.04048		0.04048	
	4 th	0.05481		0.05481	
	5 th	0.07117		0.07117	
2	1 st	0.01063	0.01063	0.01063	0.01063
	2 nd	0.01976	0.01976	0.01976	0.01976
	3 rd	0.02862	0.02862	0.02862	0.02862
	4 th	0.03876	0.03876	0.03876	0.03876
	5 th	0.05033	0.05033	0.05033	0.05033

Reference

“ETABS, Examples Manual”, Version 6.0 Computers and Structures, Inc., Berkeley, California, 1994, Example 18.