# Ejercicios propuestos: Parte III

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## Ejercicio 1

Función masa de probabilidad:

X/Y	0	2
2	1/16	1/16
4	1/8	1/4
6	0	1/2

Se pide calcular la función generatriz de momentos y, a partir de ella, la matriz de covarianzas.

#### f.g.m.:

$$M(t_1, t_2) = E[e^{t_1 x + t_2 y}] = \frac{1}{16}e^{2t_1} + \frac{1}{16}e^{2t_1 + 2t_2} + \frac{1}{8}e^{4t_1} + \frac{1}{4}e^{4t_1 + 2t_2} + \frac{1}{2}e^{6t_1 + 2t_2} = \frac{1}{16}(e^{2t_1} + e^{2t_1 + 2t_2} + 2e^{4t_1} + 4e^{4t_1 + 2t_2} + 8e^{6t_1 + 2t_2})$$

Queremos calcular la matriz de covarianzas

$$\begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{Var}(X) & \operatorname{Cov}(X,Y) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(X,Y) & \operatorname{Var}(Y) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{20} & \mu_{11} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{02} \end{pmatrix}$$

Para hallar los momentos centrados, podemos hallar primero los no centrados. Usaremos la función generatriz de momentos para hallarlos.

$$\begin{split} m_{10} &= \frac{\partial M}{\partial t_1}(t_1,t_2)\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{1}{16}(2e^{2t_1} + 2e^{2t_1+2t_2} + 8e^{4t_1} + 16e^{4t_1+2t_2} + 48e^{6t_1+2t_2})\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{2+2+8+16+48}{16} = \frac{19}{4} \\ m_{01} &= \frac{\partial M}{\partial t_2}(t_1,t_2)\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{1}{16}(2e^{2t_1+2t_2} + 8e^{4t_1+2t_2} + 16e^{6t_1+2t_2})\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{2+8+16}{16} = \frac{13}{8} \\ m_{20} &= \frac{\partial^2 M}{\partial t_1^2}(t_1,t_2)\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{1}{16}(4e^{2t_1} + 4e^{2t_1+2t_2} + 32e^{4t_1} + 64e^{4t_1+2t_2} + 288e^{6t_1+2t_2})\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{4+4+32+64+288}{16} = \frac{49}{2} \\ m_{02} &= \frac{\partial^2 M}{\partial t_2^2}(t_1,t_2)\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{1}{16}(4e^{2t_1+2t_2} + 16e^{4t_1+2t_2} + 32e^{6t_1+2t_2})\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{4+16+32}{16} = \frac{13}{4} \\ m_{11} &= \frac{\partial^2 M}{\partial t_1 t_2}(t_1,t_2)\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{1}{16}(4e^{2t_1+2t_2} + 32e^{4t_1+2t_2} + 96e^{6t_1+2t_2})\Big|_{t_1=t_2=0} = \frac{4+32+96}{16} = \frac{33}{4} \end{split}$$

Ya podemos hallar los momentos centrados:

$$\mu_{20} = m_{20} - m_{10}^2 = \frac{49}{2} - \left(\frac{19}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{31}{16}$$

$$\mu_{11} = m_{11} - m_{10}m_{01} = \frac{33}{4} - \frac{19}{4}\frac{13}{8} = \frac{17}{32}$$

$$\mu_{02} = m_{02} - m_{01}^2 = \frac{13}{4} - \left(\frac{13}{8}\right)^2 = \frac{39}{64}$$

Por tanto la matriz de covarianzas es

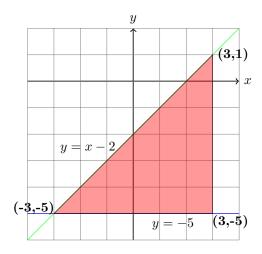
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{31}{16} & \frac{17}{32} \\ \frac{17}{32} & \frac{39}{64} \end{pmatrix}$$

## Ejercicio 2

Función densidad:

$$f(x,y) = \frac{1}{18}$$
  $-3 < x < 3, -5 < y < -2 + x$ 

Se pide calcular la recta y la curva de regresión de Y sobre X, así como el coeficiente de determinación lineal y la razón de correlación.



### Recta de regresión:

$$Y = aX + b$$

donde

$$a = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}(X, Y)}{Var(X)}, \qquad b = \operatorname{E}(Y) - a\operatorname{E}(X)$$

Covarianza:

$$Cov(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X) E(Y)$$

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{E}(XY) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} xy f(x,y) dx dy = \int_{-3}^{3} \int_{-5}^{x-2} \frac{1}{18} xy dy dx = \frac{1}{18} \int_{-3}^{3} x \int_{-5}^{x-2} y dy dx \\ &= \frac{1}{18} \int_{-3}^{3} x \left[ \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_{-5}^{x-2} dx = \frac{1}{18} \int_{-3}^{3} x \left( \frac{(x-2)^2}{2} - \frac{(-5)^2}{2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{36} \int_{-3}^{3} x (x^2 - 4x + 4 - 25) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{36} \int_{-3}^{3} x^3 - 4x^2 - 21x dx = \frac{1}{36} \left[ \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{4x^3}{3} - \frac{21x^2}{2} \right]_{-3}^{3} = \frac{1}{36} \left[ \frac{4x^3}{3} \right]_{3}^{-3} = \frac{1}{36} \left( \frac{-36}{3} - \frac{36}{3} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{2}{3} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{E}(X) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x,y) dx dy = \int_{-3}^{3} \int_{-5}^{x-2} \frac{1}{18} x dy dx = \frac{1}{18} \int_{-3}^{3} x \int_{-5}^{x-2} dy dx \\ &= \frac{1}{18} \int_{-3}^{3} x (x - 2 - (-5)) dx = \frac{1}{18} \int_{-3}^{3} x^2 + 3x dx = \frac{1}{18} \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{3x^2}{2} \right]_{-3}^{3} = \\ &= \frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{27}{3} - \frac{-27}{3} \right) = 1 \end{split}$$