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DGMD E-28 – Developing Single-Page Web Applications
Assignment 4 – Wordle
Spring 2022

Web Links

https://dcardonab.github.io/DGMDE-28_SPA/assignments/A4/assignment4.html

API

I used WordsAPI for my implementation. It is deployed via RapidAPI. I used it due to the vast number of words available. It is also possible to provide a query string requesting random words, as well as the number in the requested word. In my implementation, I added a second fetch request to obtain a definition so that it is displayed when the game is over. Also, by ensuring that a word has a definition, I am narrowing the word selection only to words that aren't slangs and have formal definitions.

What was the most satisfying part of this assignment?

I enjoyed working with an API and reading about what parameters can be specified. The ability of retrieving information via APIs make an implementation a lot stronger. I am still to learn how to implement an API into a commercial application without disclosing the API key. Something else that I enjoyed was working with a global keyboard event handler, avoiding explicitly using an input. It was also challenging to overcome this when deploying the app in a mobile device, but I found a useful condition as a workaround to insert a text field that would display the keyboard on mobile devices.

Code

assignment4.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Wordle</title>
    <link href="static/styles.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <script type="text/javascript" src="static/script.js"></script>
  </head>
  <body class="bg_dark_gray">
    <div id="container">
      <h1 class="center">Wordle</h1><hr class="bottom_margin" />
      <div class="bottom_margin center" id="messages">Choose mode!</div>

      <!-- Gameplay Buttons -->
      <div class="bottom_margin center" id="buttons">
        <button id="new_game_button">New Game</button>
        <button id="new_game_button_debug">New Game - Debug</button>
      </div>

      <!-- Mobile Controls -->
      <div class="bottom_margin center" id="mobile">
        <input type="text" id="mobile_input">
      </div>

      <!-- Main Content -->
      <div class="center" id="game_content">
        <div class="float_child bottom_margin" id="grid"></div>

        <!-- Info -->
        <div class="float_child">
          <!-- Keys -->
          <div class="bottom_margin">
            <h3 class="center">Used Keys</h3><br />
            <span id="used_keys"></span>
          </div>

          <!-- Debug -->
          <div id="debug">
            <div class="bottom_margin">
              <h3 class="center">Word to Guess</h3>
              <span id="word"></span>
            </div>
            <div class="bottom_margin">

```

```

        <h3 class="center">Definition</h3>
        <span id="definition"></span>
    </div>
</div>

<!-- Score -->
<div class="score_box">
    <div class="bottom_margin">
        <h3 class="center">Score</h3>
        Total - <span id="total_score">0</span>
    </div>
    <div>
        <table>
            <th>Number of Guesses</th>
            <tr><td>1 - <span id="score_1">0</span></td></tr>
            <tr><td>2 - <span id="score_2">0</span></td></tr>
            <tr><td>3 - <span id="score_3">0</span></td></tr>
            <tr><td>4 - <span id="score_4">0</span></td></tr>
            <tr><td>5 - <span id="score_5">0</span></td></tr>
            <tr><td>6 - <span id="score_6">0</span></td></tr>
        </table>
    </div>
</div>
</div>

<!-- Instructions -->
<div>
    <details>
        <summary class="center">Instructions</summary>
        <ul>
            <li>You have six tries to guess a word.</li>
            <li>A green background is displayed when a letter is in the
word and in the correct position.</li>
            <li>A yellow background is displayed when a letter is in the
word and in the wrong position.</li>
            <li>A gray background is displayed when a letter is not in the
word.</li>
        </ul>
    </details>
</div>
</div>
</body>
</html>

```

styles.css

```
body {
  color: #FFFFFF;
  font-family: monospace;
}

button, input[type='text'] {
  background: none;
  border: 2px solid #FFFFFF;
  border-radius: 5px;
  color: #FFFFFF;
  font-family: monospace;
  height: 25px;
}

li {
  margin-bottom: 10px;
}

table {
  margin: auto;
}

#container {
  padding: 0px 50px;
}

#game_content, #mobile {
  display: none;
}

.bg_dark_gray {
  background-color: #2c2c2c;
}

.bg_gray {
  background-color: #3b3b3b;
}

.bg_green {
  background-color: #087e1e;
}

.bg_yellow {
  background-color: #877c0a;
}
```

```
.bottom_margin {
    margin-bottom: 30px;
}

.cell {
    padding: 10px;
    margin: 10px;
    display: inline-block;
    border: 1px solid;
    font-size: 32px;
    text-align: center;
}

.center {
    text-align: center;
}

.float_child {
    float: left;
    width: 50%;
}

.score_box {
    border: 1px solid #FFFFFF;
    padding: 20px 0px;
}

@media (max-width: 420px) {
    .cell {
        margin: 5px;
        padding: 5px;
    }
}

@media (max-width: 800px) {
    .float_child {
        float: none;
        width: 100%;
    }
}
```

script.js

```
/******  
// CLASSES  
  
class Cell {  
  constructor(row, column) {  
    this.row = row;  
    this.col = column;  
    this.value = SPACE; // Initial content is a space to maintain cell size.  
    this.bg_color = 'bg_dark_gray';  
  }  
  
  display = () => `>${this.value}</div>`;  
  
  set_background_color = color => this.bg_color = color;  
  
  set_value = value => this.value = value;  
}  
  
class Row {  
  constructor(row_num) {  
    this.row = row_num;  
    this.cells = [];  
  }  
  
  display = () => {  
    // Defer display calls to each cell  
    let cells = this.cells.reduce((s, c) => s + c.display(), '');  
    return `  };  
}  
  
class Grid {  
  constructor() {  
    this.create_grid();  
  }  
  
  create_grid() {  
    this.rows = [];  
  
    // Create rows  
    for (let i = 0; i < 6; i++) {  
      let r = new Row(i+1);  
  
      // Add 5 cells per row
```

```

        for(let j = 0; j < 5; j++)
            r.cells.push(new Cell(i+1, j+1));

        this.rows.push(r);
    }
}

display = () => {
    // Defer display calls to each row
    let s = this.rows.reduce((s, r) => s + r.display(), '');
    s = `
```

```

// Messages display is never set to none, but they are cleared by inserting
// white space to ensure that spacing is retained.
display_message = message => document.getElementById('messages').innerHTML = message;

key_once_in_row = (key) => {
  // Count how many times the key to remove is in a given row
  let key_count = 0;
  for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    if (GRID.rows[CURRENT_CELL['row']-1].cells[i].value === key)
      key_count++;
  }

  if (key_count === 1)
    return true;

  return false;
};

remove_key = key => {
  // Remove key from array if it was added in this row, and only played once.
  // Keys played in previous rows will not be removed as they are in a different
  // array.
  if (ROW_KEYS.includes(key) && key_once_in_row(key)) {
    const index = ROW_KEYS.indexOf(key);

    // This usage of splice removes 1 (second argument) item at the given index
    ROW_KEYS.splice(index, 1);

    display_GUI();
  }
};

update_current_cell = (row, col) => {
  // Update cell and activate it
  CURRENT_CELL['row'] = row;
  CURRENT_CELL['col'] = col;
};

update_score = () => {
  document.getElementById('total_score').innerHTML = ++SCORE;
  document.getElementById(`score_${CURRENT_CELL['row']}`).innerHTML =
  ++GUESSES[CURRENT_CELL['row']];
};

```



```

/*****
// GAME FUNCTIONS

async function check_key(e) {
    /*
    * 'e' is the Keyboard event and it has multiple attributes.
    * One of them is the 'keyCode' property, containing the ASCII code of any given
    key.
    * The 'key' property contains the actual character, which will be added to an
    array
    * containing the keys that have been used.
    */

    // Only allow keyboard input when the game isn't over.
    if (!GAME_OVER) {
        // Destructure CURRENT_CELL into local variables for easy access.
        // Curly brackets are used for destructuring associative arrays and objects.
        let {row, col} = CURRENT_CELL;

        // Convert key to lowercase to process uppercase and lowercase keys the same
way.
        const key = e.key.toLowerCase();

        // 65 and 90 are the 'a' and 'z' keys respectively
        if (e.keyCode >= 65 && e.keyCode <= 90) {
            // Allow keys to be input until filling up the fifth column
            if (GRID.rows[row-1].cells[4].value === SPACE) {
                // Add key to displayed
                if (!USED_KEYS.includes(key) && !ROW_KEYS.includes(key))
                    // Add key to USED_KEYS array
                    add_key(key);

                // Update cell value
                GRID.rows[row-1].cells[col-1].set_value(key);

                // Update input for it to be written in the next column
                if (col <= 5)
                    update_current_cell(row, col+1);

                display_GUI();
            }
        }

        // 8 is the 'delete/backspace' key
        else if (e.keyCode == 8) {
            // Allow keys to be deleted up to the first column
            if (GRID.rows[row-1].cells[0].value != SPACE) {
                // Clear messages if they are showing

```

```

        display_message(SPACE);

        // Remove key will only remove a key that has been played once this
row.
        remove_key(GRID.rows[row-1].cells[col-2].value);

        GRID.rows[row-1].cells[col-2].set_value(SPACE);

        // Update input for it to be written in the previous column
        if (col >= 1)
            update_current_cell(row, col-1);

        display_GUI();
    }
}

// 13 is the 'enter/return' key
else if (e.keyCode == 13) {
    // Ensure that the last cell of the row was populated
    if (GRID.rows[row-1].cells[4].value != SPACE) {
        let word = await check_word();
        if (!word)
            display_message("The word you input is not in the dictionary.<br
/>Please use the delete key and try again.");

        else {
            if (compare_word(word))
                game_over(true);

            else {
                // If the word is not a match, check if that was the last try.
                // Display new game buttons if it is, otherwise update the
row.

                row === 6 ? game_over(false) : update_current_cell(row+1, 1);

                // Pass keys from ROW_KEYS to USED_KEYS.
                consolidate_keys();

                // If on mobile, clear input bar for next word.
                if (/Android|webOS|iPhone|iPad|iPod|BlackBerry|IEMobile|Opera
Mini/i.test(navigator.userAgent))
                    document.getElementById('mobile_input').value = '';
            }

            display_GUI();
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else
            display_message("Your guess must be 5 letters long.");
    }
}

}

async function check_word() {
    // Retrieve word in current row
    let word = GRID.rows[CURRENT_CELL['row']-1].cells.reduce((s, c) => s + c.value,
    '');

    // The success flag will be switched if there is a status code of 200.
    let status;

    // For this fetch call, retrieving only the status suffices,
    // because it will return 200 if the word exists, and 404 if it doesn't.
    await fetch(`https://wordsapiv1.p.rapidapi.com/words/${word}`, API_OPTIONS)
        .then(response => status = response.status)
        .catch(err => console.error(err));

    // Return false if the status code of the API request is not successful.
    if (status !== 200)
        return false;
    // Otherwise, return the word for comparing it.
    else
        return word;
}

function compare_word(word) {
    let matches_counter = 0;

    let letters = [];
    // Count how many of each letters are present in the word.
    for (let letter in WORD) {
        // Check if a key has already been created for a given letter.
        if (!(WORD[letter] in letters))
            letters[WORD[letter]] = WORD.split(WORD[letter]).length - 1;
    }

    for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        // If the letter is present in the word to be guessed and in the right
        position,
        // color the background green.
        if (WORD[i] === word[i]) {
            GRID.rows[CURRENT_CELL['row']-
1].cells[i].set_background_color('bg_green');

```

```

        letters[word[i]]--;
        matches_counter++;
        continue;
    }

    // If the letter is present in the word to be guessed and in the wrong
position,
    // color the background yellow.
    // Check if the letter is present in the substring, ensuring that there are
only
    // as many yellow cells as the amount of letters in the word to be guessed.
    if (word[i] in letters && letters[word[i]] != 0) {
        letters[word[i]]--;
        GRID.rows[CURRENT_CELL['row']-
1].cells[i].set_background_color('bg_yellow');
        continue;
    }

    // If the letter is not present in the word to be guessed,
    // color the background gray.
    GRID.rows[CURRENT_CELL['row']-1].cells[i].set_background_color('bg_gray');
}

if (matches_counter === 5)
    return true;
}

function game_over(victory) {
    // Switch status to prevent keyboard input.
    GAME_OVER = true;

    if (victory) {
        // Print message depending on whether the player won or not.
        display_message('You won!');
        update_score();
    }

    else
        display_message('You lost. Would you like to try again?');

    // Display buttons to start a new game.
    display_element('buttons', 'block');
    display_element('debug', 'block');
}

async function get_word() {

```

```

// Ensure that there are no spaces in the word retrieved.
// Also ensure that the retrieved word has a definition.
// The do-while loop will ensure that the code runs at least just once,
// thereby replacing the word when running a new game.
do {
    // The 'random' and 'letters' parameters in the query string are requesting
    // a random word with a given number of letters
    await fetch('https://wordsapiv1.p.rapidapi.com/words/?random=true&letters=5',
API_OPTIONS)
        .then(response => response.json())
        .then(response => WORD = response.word)
        .catch(err => console.error(err));

    await fetch(`https://wordsapiv1.p.rapidapi.com/words/${WORD}/definitions`,
API_OPTIONS)
        .then(response => response.json())
        .then(response => DEFINITION = response.definitions.length !== 0 ?
response.definitions[0].definition : '')
        .catch(err => console.error(err));
} while (!WORD.includes(' ') && DEFINITION === '');

// Add word and definition to debug field.
document.getElementById('word').innerHTML = WORD;
document.getElementById('definition').innerHTML = DEFINITION[0].toUpperCase() +
DEFINITION.substring(1);
}

function new_game(debug) {
    // Check if player is on mobile device. If so, add event handlers to display the
    keyboard.
    // This is important since the app does not rely on an input field on the
    computer.
    // REF: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3514784/what-is-the-best-way-to-
    detect-a-mobile-device
    if (/Android|webOS|iPhone|iPad|iPod|BlackBerry|IEMobile|Opera
Mini/i.test(navigator.userAgent))
        // Show field to get keyboard input
        display_element('mobile', 'block');

    // Reset arrays with used keys.
    USED_KEYS = [];
    ROW_KEYS = [];

    // Reset initial cell.
    update_current_cell(1, 1);

```

```

    // Retrieve a new word.
    get_word();

    // Reset board.
    GRID.rows.forEach(r => r.cells.forEach(c => c.set_value(SPACE)));
    GRID.rows.forEach(r => r.cells.forEach(c =>
c.set_background_color('bg_dark_gray')));

    // Display grid and information sections.
    display_GUI();

    // Hide buttons and clear messages
    display_element('buttons', 'none');
    display_message(SPACE);

    // Display word if on debug mode.
    debug ? display_element('debug', 'block') : display_element('debug', 'none');

    // Display game content.
    display_element('game_content', 'block');

    // Enable keyboard input.
    GAME_OVER = false;
}

function set_event_listeners() {
    // Add global event listener for the keyboard
    document.addEventListener('keyup', check_key);

    // Add new game listener to on-screen button
    // Note that the anonymous function is calling the 'new_game' arrow function.
    // This is due to the need of passing parameters. As such, a reference to
    // the function needs to be included in the anonymous function.
    document.getElementById('new_game_button').addEventListener('click', () =>
new_game(false));
    document.getElementById('new_game_button_debug').addEventListener('click', () =>
new_game(true));
}

/*****/
// GLOBAL CONSTANTS AND VARIABLES

const API_OPTIONS = {
    method: 'GET',
    headers: {
        'X-RapidAPI-Host': 'wordsapiv1.p.rapidapi.com',

```

```

        'X-RapidAPI-Key': 'f8867426bfmshf169cf12937c05ap1c351cjsnd38f2ac86236'
    }
};

const SPACE = '&nbsp;';

let GAME_OVER = true;
let GRID = new Grid();
let WORD;
let DEFINITION;
let CURRENT_CELL = {
    'row': 1,
    'col': 1
};

// Arrays to keep track of used keys.
let USED_KEYS = [];
let ROW_KEYS = [];

// Score variables
let SCORE = 0;
let GUESSES = {
    1: 0,
    2: 0,
    3: 0,
    4: 0,
    5: 0,
    6: 0
};

/*****/
// INIT
window.onload = () => set_event_listeners();

```