Google Earth Engine in 10

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Github: dcarver1

https://code.earthengine.google.com/915fe2784a09fa68ac2cdc4a9c2afab4

From Noel Gorelick

Data analysis and visualization platform

Inherently parallel system (fast)

Designed for scientists, not software engineers

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Goals

Make it easy

Scalable and shareable workflows

Enable non-traditional users

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Data analysis and visualization platform

Goals

Inherently parallel system (fast)

Make it Easy, Scalable and Shareable

Designed for scientists, not software engineers

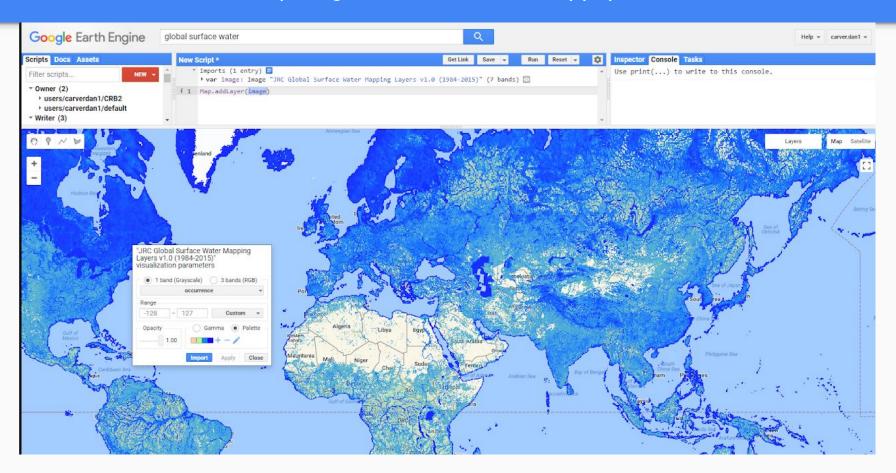
Enable non-traditional users

Focused on society's biggest challenges

Deforestation - Disaster - Climate Change

Drought - Disease - Sustainability

Global Surface Water: https://global-surface-water.appspot.com/



Built on JavaScript but that doesn't really matter

```
02_javascript.js
       All the javascript you need to know (almost)
      var variable = 1;
      var str = 'Hello, World!';
      var list = [1.23, 8, -3];
i 10
      print(list[2])
  11
  12 - var dictionary = {
       'a': 'Hello',
  14
        'b': 10,
  15 'c': 0.1343,
  16
       'd': list
  17
      print(dictionary['b'])
i 18
  19
i 20
      print(n1, str, list, dictionary)
```

Basics - Data Types

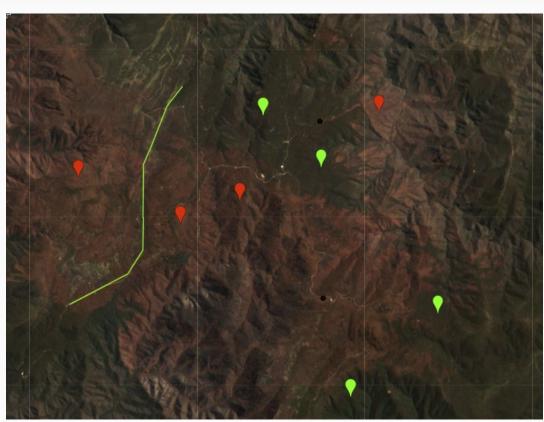
Feature

Point, lines, Polygon

Input your own

Export Results



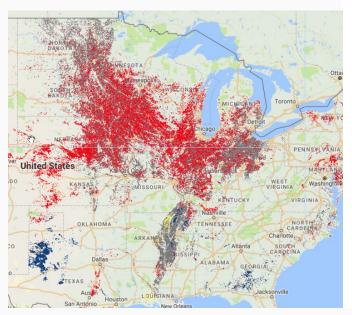


Basics - Data Types

Image

georeferenced

Associated tabular data



SRTM Digital Elevation Data Version 4

The Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM, see Farr et al. 2007) digital elevation dataset was originally produced to provide consistent, high-quality elevation data at near global scope. This version of the SRTM digital elevation data has been processed to fill data voids, and to facilitate its ease of use. The SRTM 90m has a resolution of 90m at the equator.

This dataset contains one band, 'elevation' (meters).

For the creation of any reports, publications, new data sets, derived products, or services resulting from the data set, users should cite:

Jarvis, A., H.I. Reuter, A. Nelson, E. Guevara. 2008. Hole-filled SRTM for the globe Version 4, available from the CGIAR-CSI SRTM 90m Database: http://srtm.csi.cgiar.org.

Sample



Data availability (time) Feb 11, 2000 - Feb 22, 2000

Provider NASA / CGIAR

Tags nasa, cgiar, srtm, elevation, topography, dem, qeophysical

Image ID CGIAR/SRTM90_V4

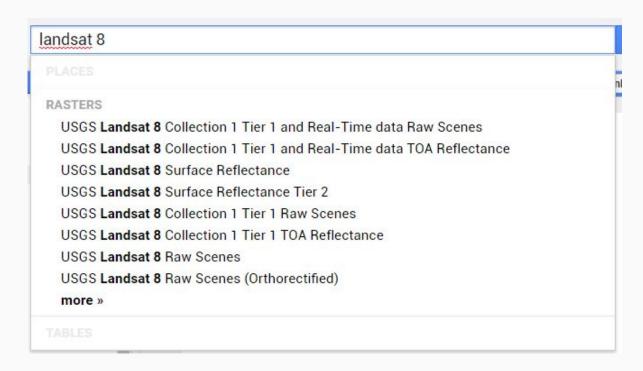
Import

Basics - Data Types

Feature Collections

A bag of elements

- Sort
- Filter
- map
- reduce

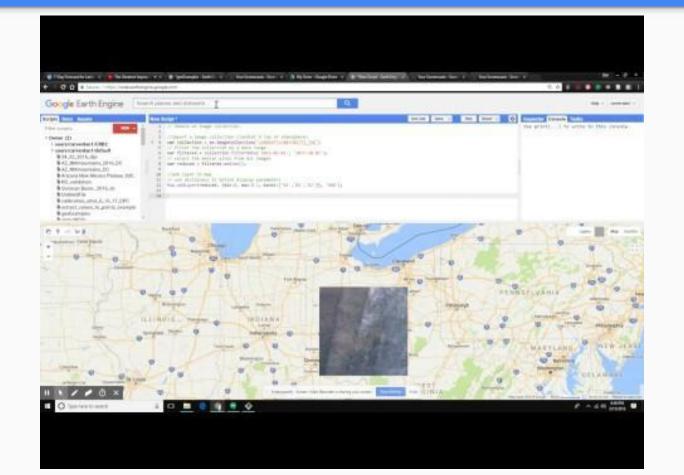


Example workflow

Import and display LS8

```
lew Script *
     // Reduce an image collection.
     //Import a image collection (landsat 8 top of atmosphere)
     var collection = ee.ImageCollection("LANDSAT/LC08/C01/T1 TOA")
   // filter the collection by a date range
     var filtered = collection.filterDate('2015-05-01', '2017-10-01');
     // select the median pixel from all images
     var reduced = filtered.median();
    //add layer to map
 10
     // use dictionary to define display parameters
     Map.addLayer(reduced,
 12
       {min:0, max:0.3, bands:['B4','B3','B2']},
 13
 14
       'RGB');
 15
     //I can also look like this
 16
     collection = ee.ImageCollection("LANDSAT/LC08/C01/T1_TOA")
 17
       .filterDate('2015-05-01', '2017-10-01')
 18
19
       .median();
```

- 1. Call in Landsat
- 2. Filter by date
- 3. Apply median reducer
- 4. Add to map

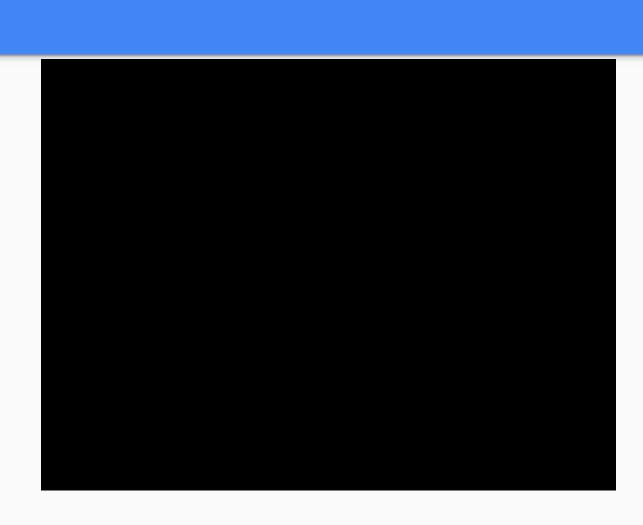


Example workflow

Create an NDVI image

```
New Script *
      // Reduce an image collection.
      //I can also look like this
      var collection = ee.ImageCollection("LANDSAT/LC08/C01/T1_TOA")
         .filterDate('2015-05-01', '2017-10-01')
         .median();
   6
       // Calculate a Normalized Difference Vegetation Index
       var ndvi = collection.normalizedDifference(['B5', 'B4']);
  10
       Map.addLayer(ndvi, {min:0, max:1}, 'NDVI');
  11
  12
       //add layer to map
  13
       // use dictionary to define display parameters
  14
  15
       Map.addLayer(collection,
         {min:0, max:0.3, bands:['B4','B3','B2']},
  16
  17
         'RGB');
  12
```

- 1. Call in Landsat
- 2. Filter by date
- 3. Apply median reducer
- 4. Calculate NDVI
- 5. Add to map

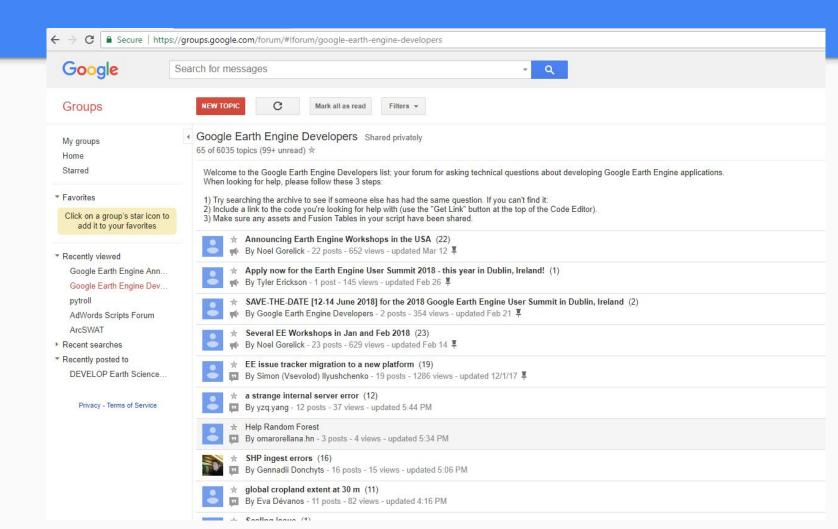


Create an NDVI image

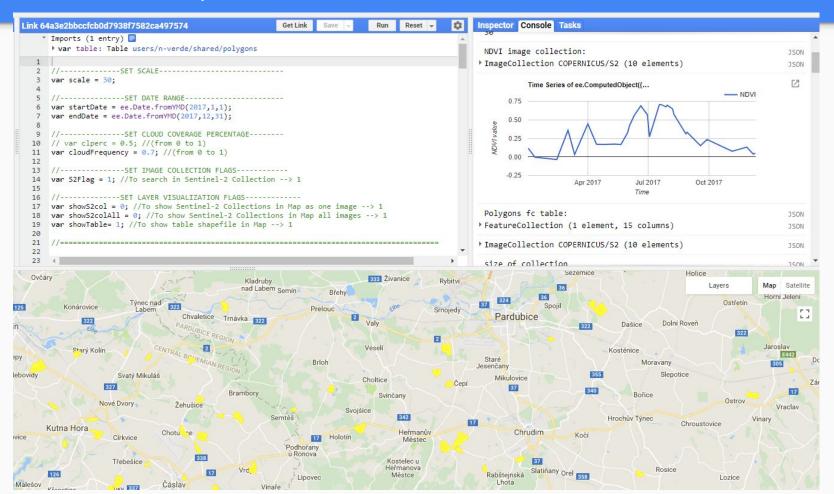
- 1. Call in NAIP
- 2. Filter by area
- 3. Filter by Date
- 4. Mosaic
- Calculate NDVI
- 6. Add to map



For Help



Lots and lots of examples to hack from



Signup: earthengine.google.com/signup

EE101 repository: https://goo.gl/VyPqNv

These Slides: github/dcarver1

Thank You; Questions

https://goo.gl/VyPqNv

