# Category Theory I

Week 12, Spring 2023

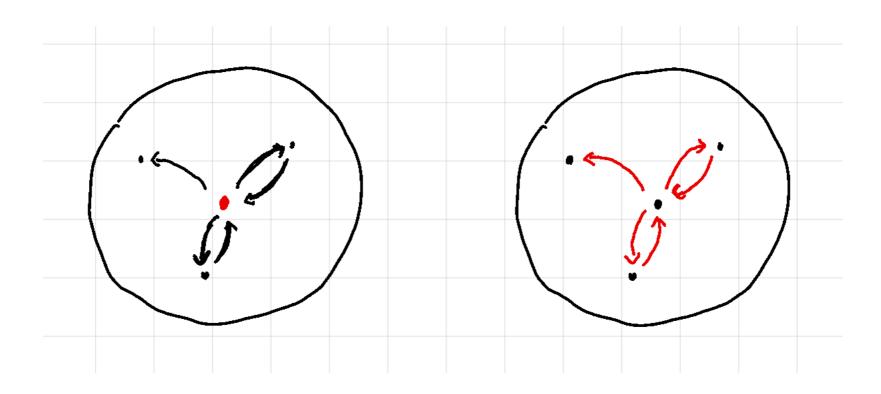
in general...

Structuralism is a mode of knowledge that is interested in relations (among objects) rather than individual objects.

Objects are defined by the set of relationships of which they are part, and not by the "internal qualities" possessed by them.

#### in category theory

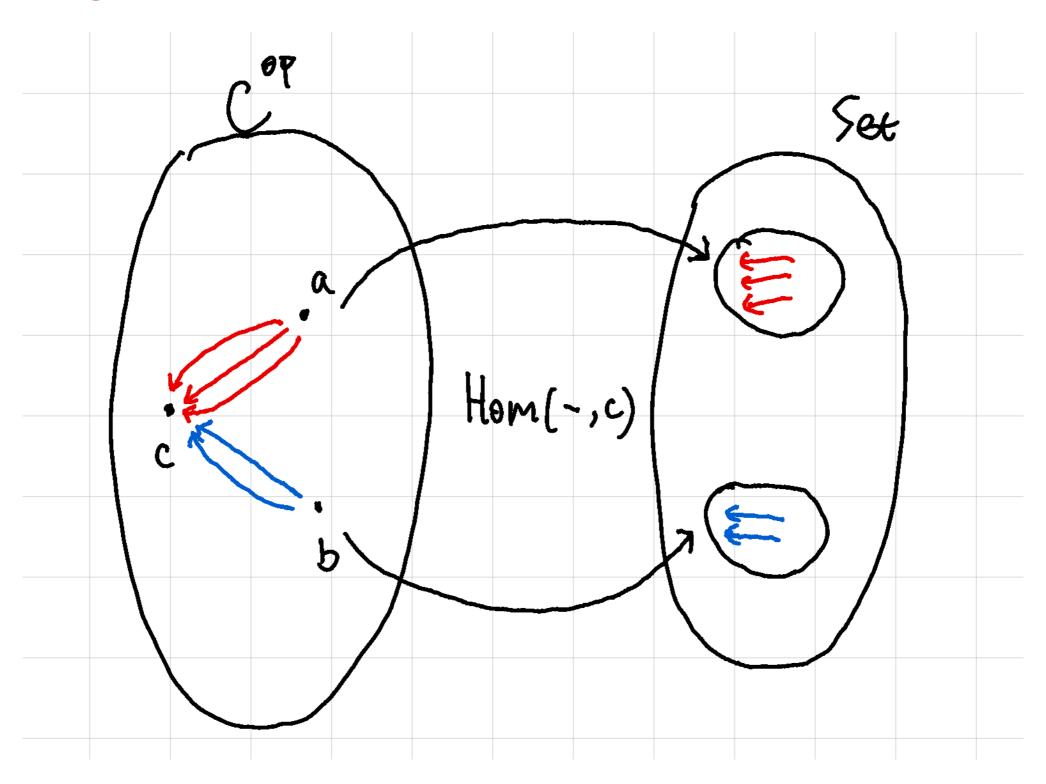
Objects are defined by the set of morphisms they are "involved".



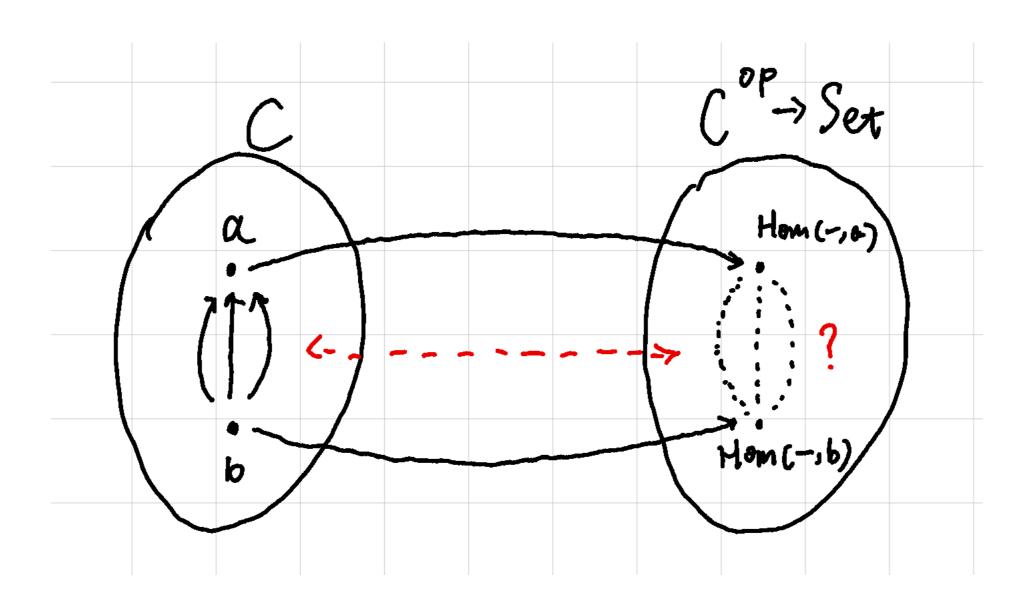
#### in category theory

Objects are defined by the set of morphisms they are "involved".

in category theory



in category theory



# **Category of Cubes**

#### one representation

Category ef cubes (
$$\square$$
)

• objects:  $[0], [1], ..., [n]$  ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ )

• morphisms: face maps, degeneracies, (...)

[0] [1] [2]

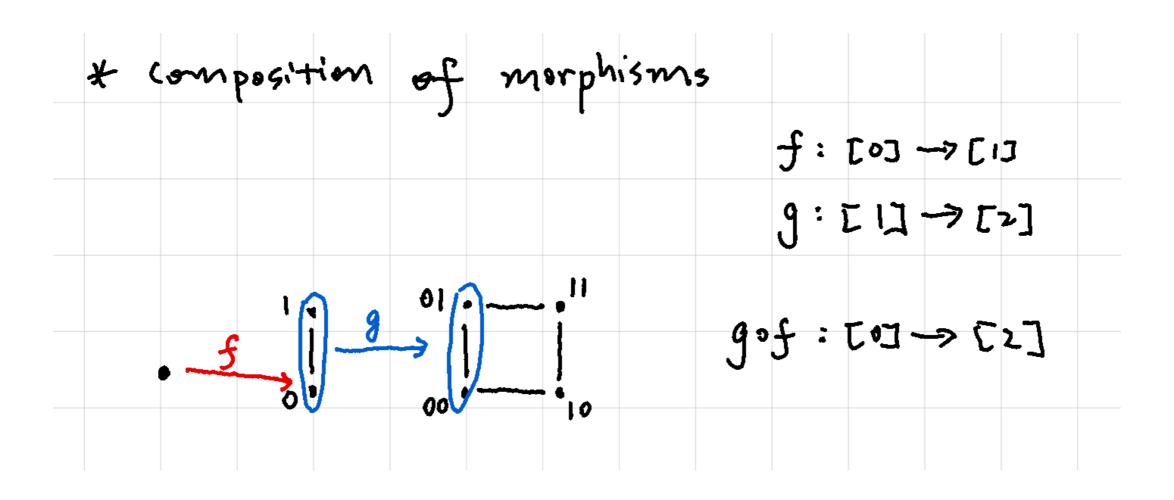
face maps  $\Rightarrow f: [n] \rightarrow [n+1]$ 

degeneracies  $\Rightarrow f: [n+1] \rightarrow [n]$ 

identity  $\Rightarrow I_n: [n] \rightarrow [n]$ 

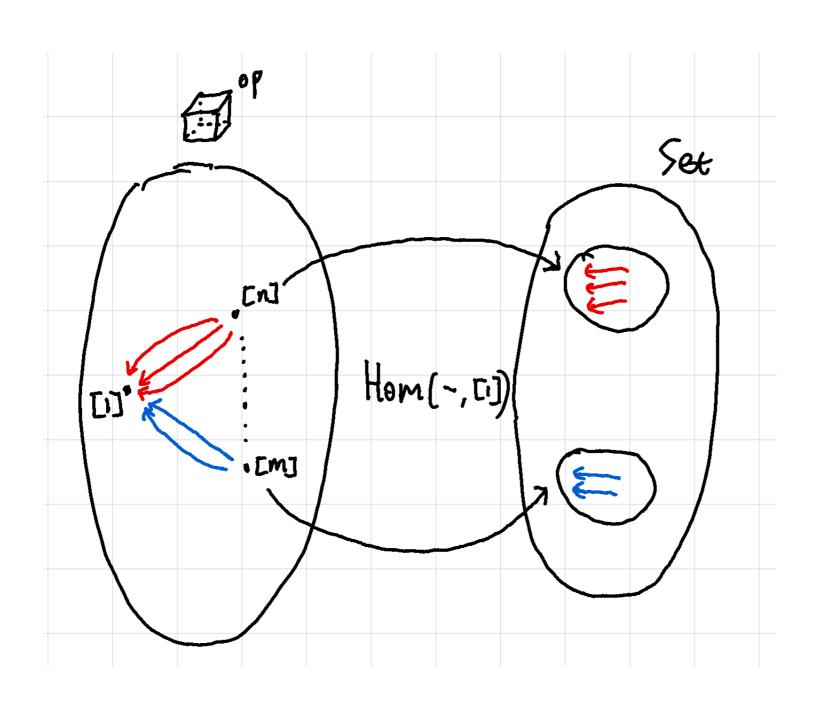
# **Category of Cubes**

#### one representation



### **Cubical Sets**

#### as presheaves of category of cubes



#### **Cubical Sets**

#### as presheaves over category of cubes

$$\Box' [0] = \{ \bullet - \circ, \circ - \bullet \}$$

$$\Box' [1] = \{ ! \rightarrow !, ! \rightarrow !, ! \rightarrow !! \}$$

$$\Box' [j] = \{ ... (degeneracies) ... \}$$

$$(j>1)$$