

# Used Car Price Prediction Modeling

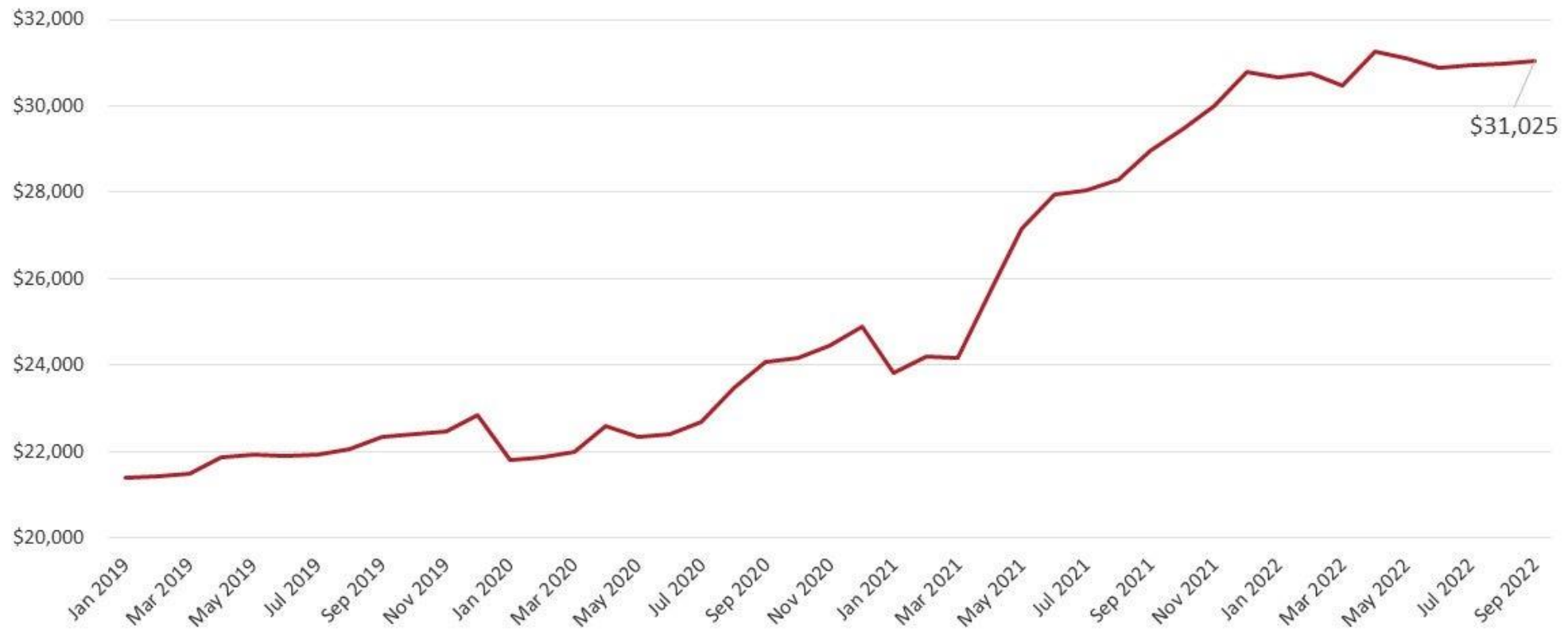


# INTRODUCTION

- Over the last 5 years, car prices have experienced major volatility due to inflation and a supply/demand imbalance
- Potential buyers need a tool that can give them an up-to-date fair prices for used cars based on a variety of factors, so that they are not forced to overpay
- Sellers/dealerships need to know what prices are fair so that they are able to operate profitably.



# Used Vehicle Average Transaction Price





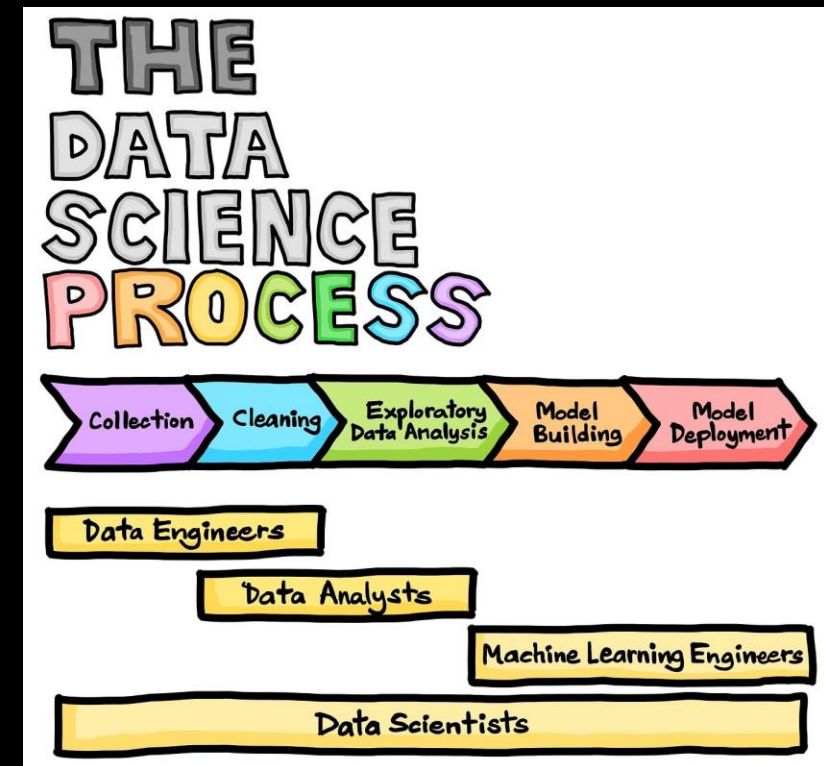
# PROJECT GOALS

- Import and preprocess used car data, so that we can generate machine learning models
- Visualize and analyze the data before making ML models
- Create machine learning models that can predict the price of a used car
- Determine which model is the best performer and therefore most suitable in this context

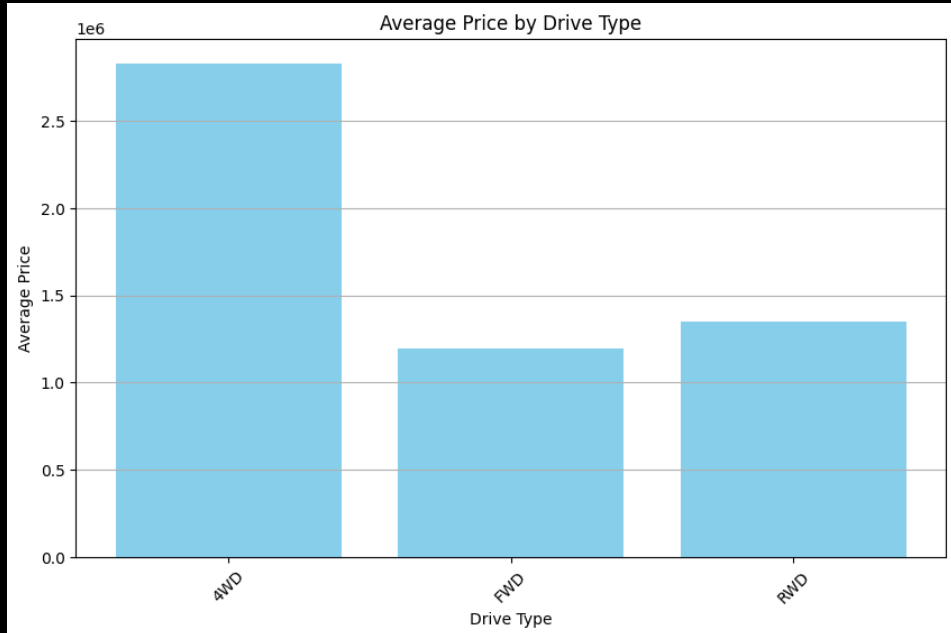


# PROJECT STRUCTURE

- Data collection
- Data exploration
- Data preparation
- Model training
- Results



# DATA EXPLORATION



- Summary Statistics were used to understand key metrics
- Visualizing the data showed that most cars fall within the cheaper price range, because most people do not buy high end cars
- Looking at the graphs, we were able to see some potential factors that could result in a high price:
  - Low mileage
  - High horsepower
  - Drivetrain

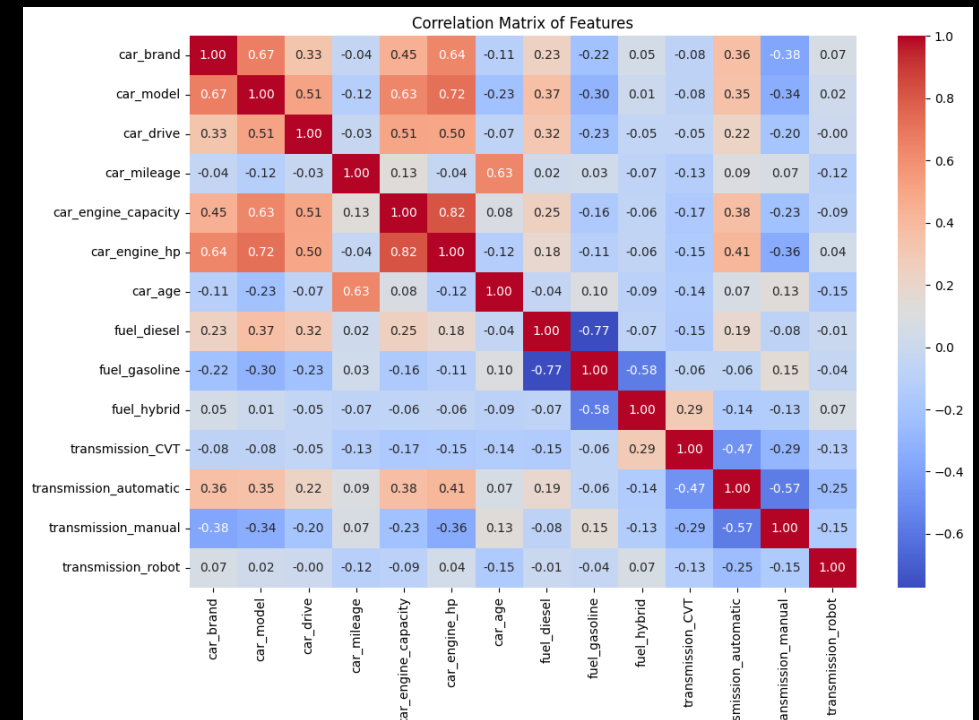
# DATA PREPARATION

- Nulls and duplicate columns were checked for
- Converted the price to U.S Dollars from Rubles
- Columns that we believe would not impact price were removed
- Most categorial columns were one-hot encoded such as
  - Transmission type
  - Fuel type
- Other categorial columns with enormous unique values were target encoded
  - Make
  - model



# DATA PREPARATION CONTINUED

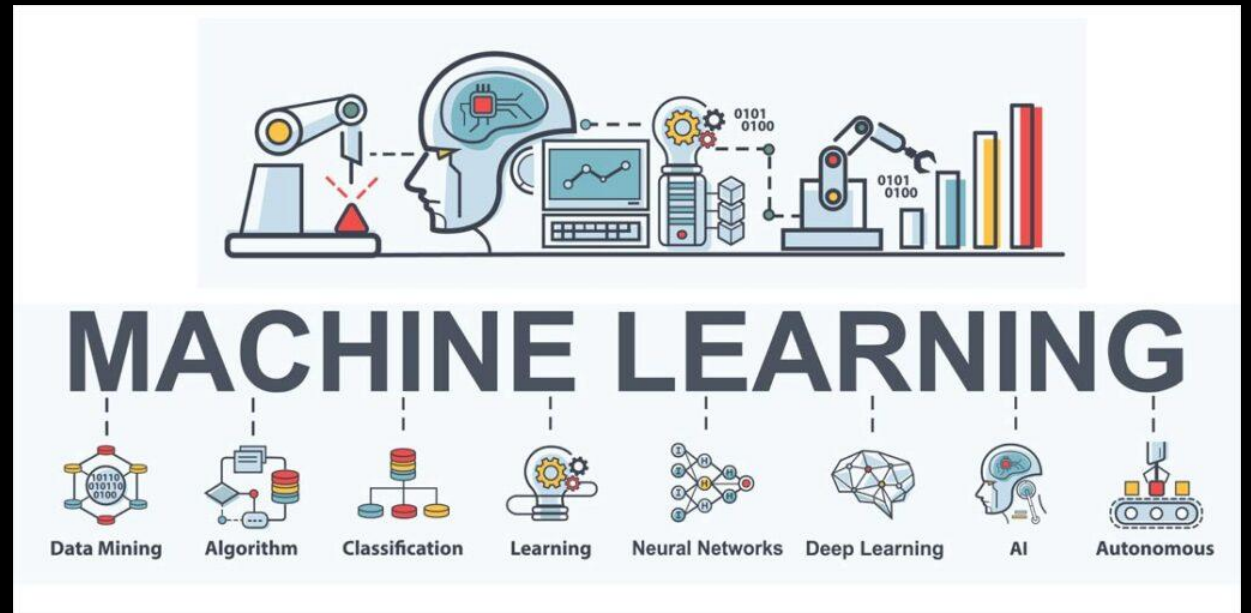
- Data was divided into testing and training
- Correlation matrix determined that the features seem to be relatively independent of each other
- Data was divided into testing and training
- Feature sets were standardized to prevent magnitude discrepancies from impacting results





# ML ALGORITHMS USED

- Linear Regression
- Decision Tree Regression
- Random Forest Regression
- Gradient Boosting Regression



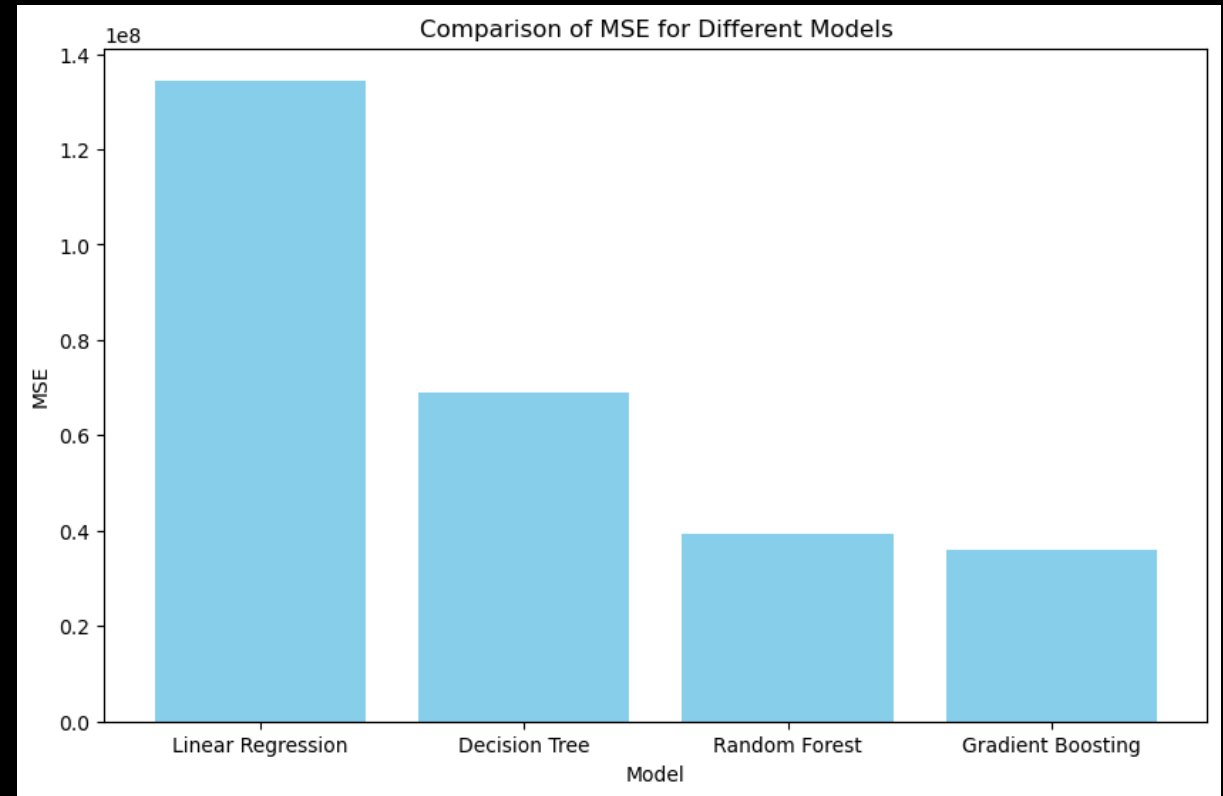
# RESULTS

Linear Regression MSE: 134454153.62289524  
Linear Regression MAPE: 0.6411544179601025

Decision Tree MSE: 68885951.91219285  
Decision Tree MAPE: 0.22171239262407613

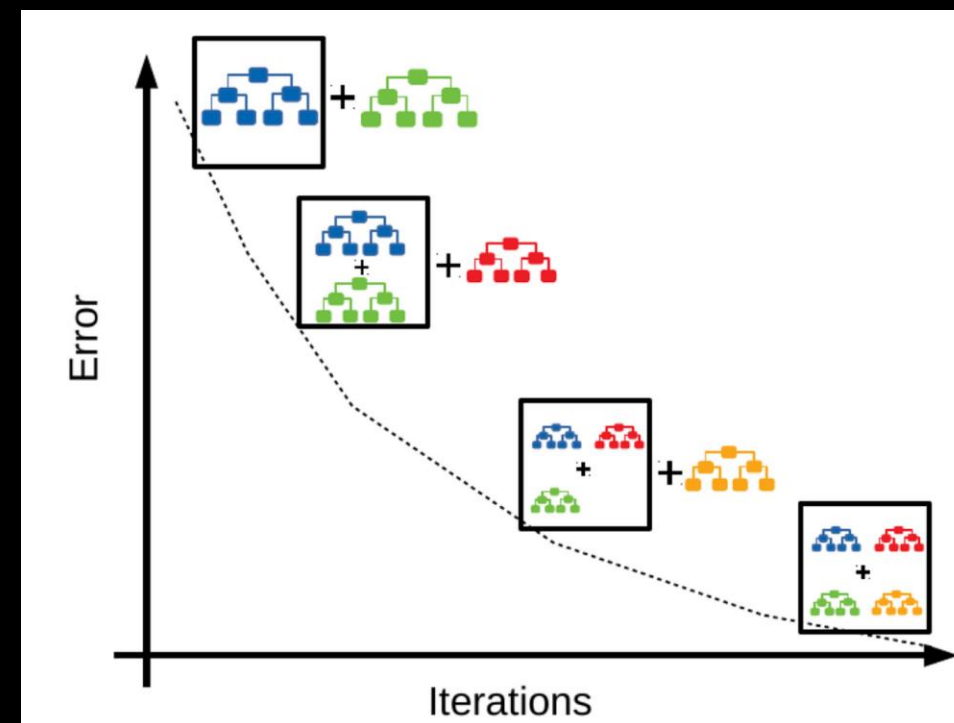
Random Forest MSE: 39245887.139780544  
Random Forest MAPE: 0.17468356247271066

Gradient Boost MSE: 36020114.505509436  
Gradient Boost MAPE: 0.18629634353267172



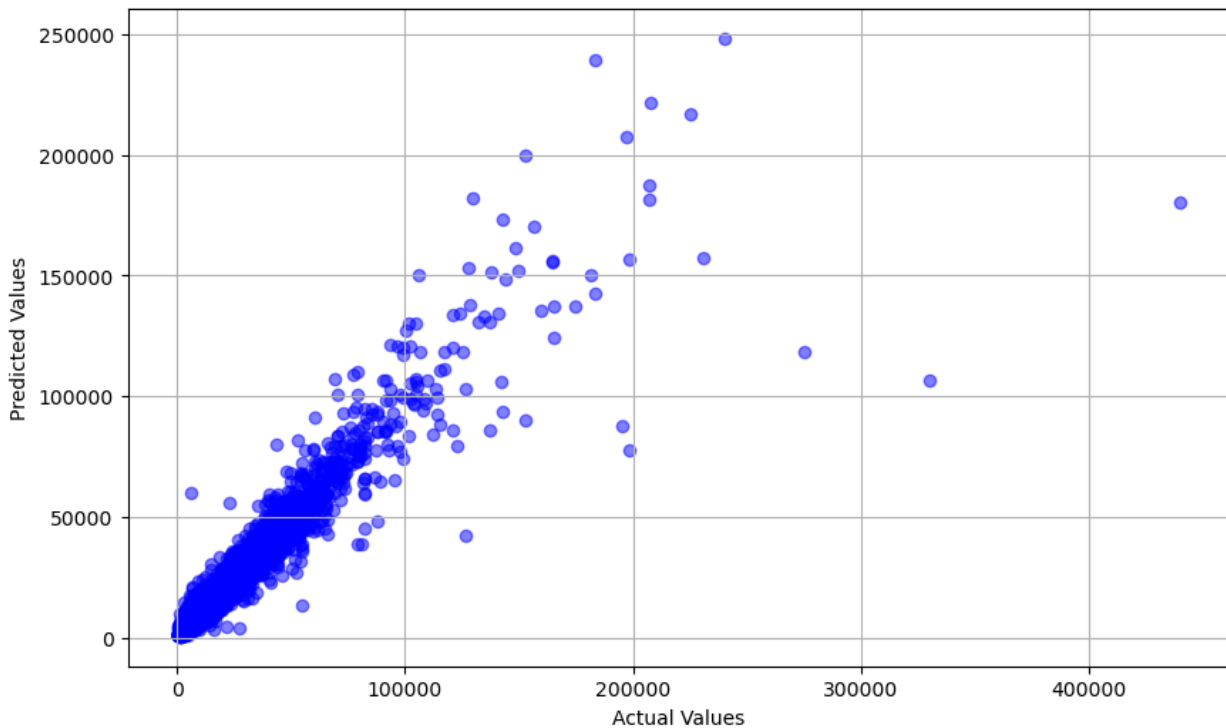
# RESULTS

- Gradient Boosted Decision Tree and Random Forest substantially outperformed the other two models
- These models have the ability to adequately balance complexity with contingencies that prevent overfitting

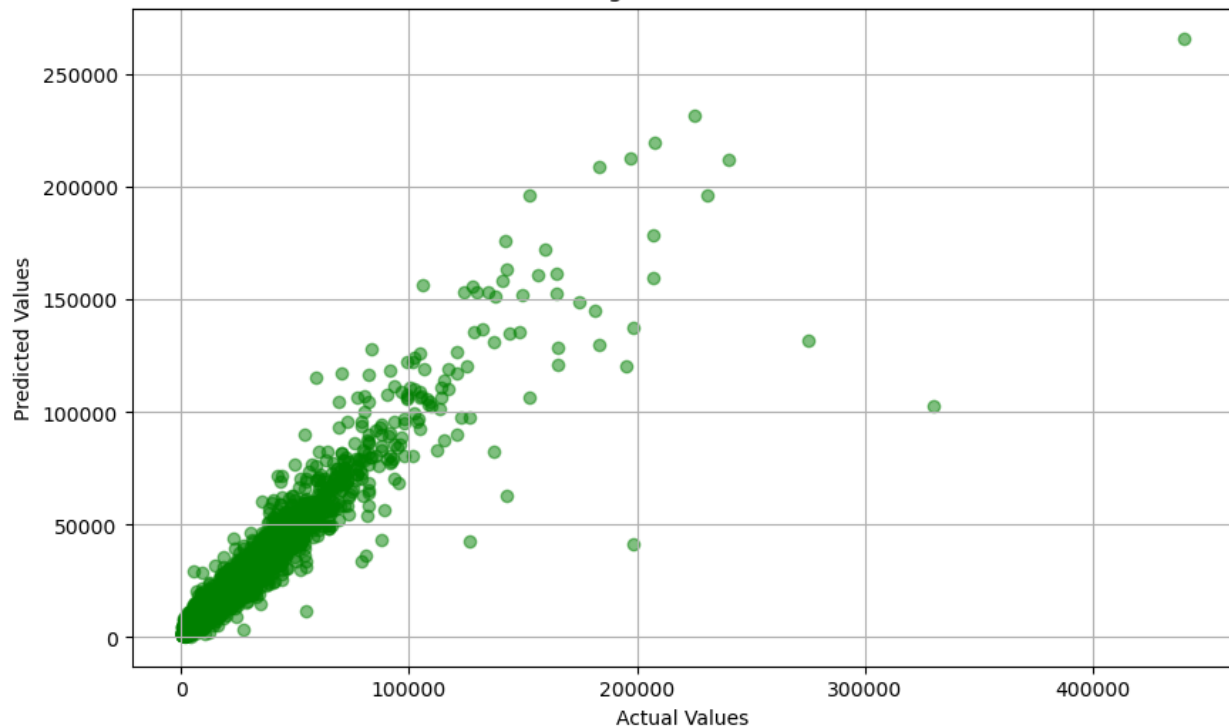


# RESULTS CONTINUED

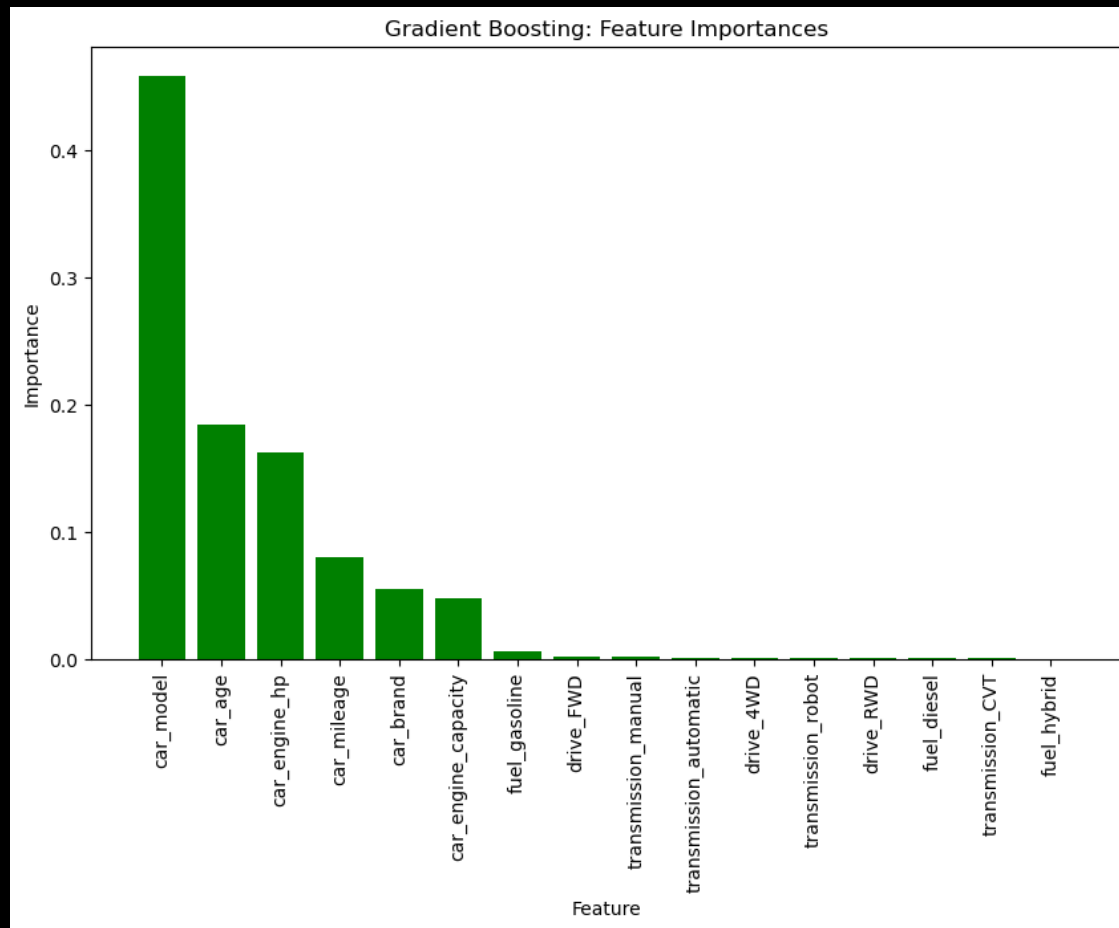
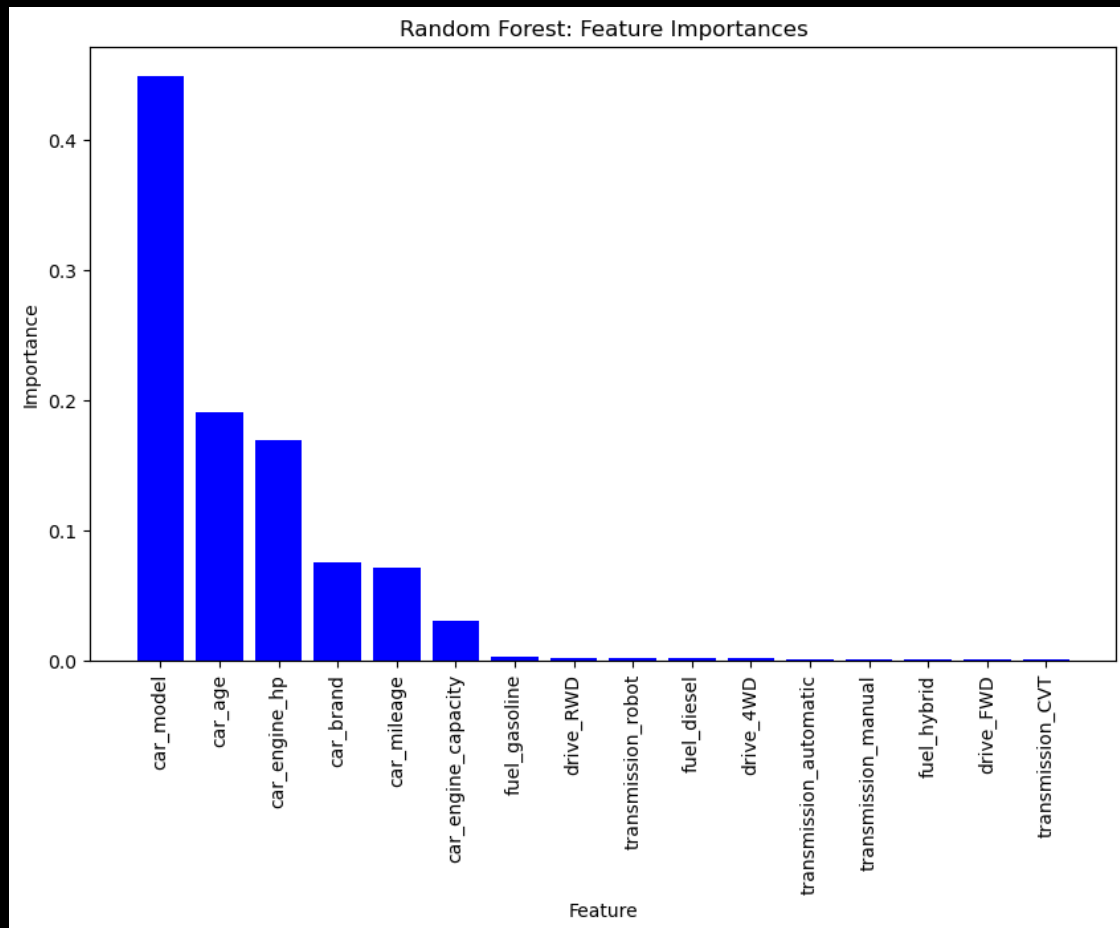
Random Forest: Predicted vs. Actual Values



Gradient Boosting: Predicted vs. Actual Values







# CONCLUSION

- Millions of people across the world purchase and sell used cars every year
- This has contributed to an enormous market for these vehicles which involves a complex array of factors which influence their pricing
- We acquired a vast dataset of used cars and their attributes with the goal of constructing models to predict the price of these cars
- Data preprocessing, EDA, and modeling were executed
- GB Regression and RF Regression performed the best
- Models can be useful for the many individuals involved in the used car market

# QUESTIONS

