

Townsend 2.20

$$(\mathcal{L}_k g)_{\mu\nu} = \underline{k^\lambda g_{\mu\nu, \lambda}} + k^\lambda_{, \mu} g_{\lambda\nu} + k^\lambda_{, \nu} g_{\lambda\mu}$$

$$2 D_\mu k_\nu = 2 [k_{\nu, \mu} - \Gamma_{\mu\nu}^\alpha k_\alpha]$$

$$= 2 [k_{\nu, \mu} - \frac{1}{2} k_\alpha g^\alpha{}_\beta (g_{\mu\sigma, \nu} + g_{\nu\sigma, \mu} - g_{\mu\nu, \sigma})]$$

$$= 2 k_{\nu, \mu} - k^\lambda g_{\mu\lambda, \nu} - k^\lambda g_{\nu\lambda, \mu} + \underline{k^\lambda g_{\mu\nu, \lambda}}$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_k g)_{\mu\nu} - 2 D_\mu k_\nu = k^\lambda_{, \mu} g_{\lambda\nu} + k^\lambda_{, \nu} g_{\lambda\mu} - 2 k_{\nu, \mu} + k^\lambda g_{\mu\lambda, \nu} + k^\lambda g_{\nu\lambda, \mu}$$

$$k^\lambda_{, \mu} g_{\lambda\nu} = (k^\lambda g_{\lambda\nu})_{, \mu} - k^\lambda g_{\lambda\nu, \mu} = k_{\nu, \mu} - k^\lambda g_{\lambda\nu, \mu}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\mathcal{L}_k g)_{\mu\nu} - 2 D_\mu k_\nu = k_{\mu, \nu} + k_{\nu, \mu} - 2 k_{\nu, \mu}$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{if} \quad k_{\mu, \nu} + k_{\nu, \mu} - 2 k_{\nu, \mu} = 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow (\mathcal{L}_k g)_{\mu\nu} = 2 D_{[\mu} k_{\nu]} \leftarrow D_\mu k_\nu \text{ with } \mu, \nu \text{ symmetrized.}$$

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