(duant & 8.5 (a) Pick frame p= (E, o, o, Pz), then $E_{1}^{M} = (0,1,0,0), \quad E_{2}^{M} = (0,0,1,0), \quad E_{3}^{M} = (\frac{P_{2}}{m},0,0,\frac{E}{m})$ $\sum_{j} \mathcal{E}_{j}^{\uparrow} \mathcal{E}_{j}^{\downarrow} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ h^{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} P_{2}^{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} P_{2}^{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} P_{3}^{2} \\$ | PE/m² | PEE/m² 2E/m² E²/m² $E^{2}/m^{2}-1=\frac{1}{m^{2}}(E^{2}-m^{2})=\frac{1}{m^{2}}p_{2}^{2}=\frac{p_{2}^{2}}{m^{2}}$ This suggests P_2^2/m^2 P_3^2/m^2 P_4^2/m^2 P_4^2/m^2 P_5^2/m^2 P_7^2/m^2 $\frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{12} \frac$ = knkv - g m2 mv Davidson Chem 3-9.2029

(b) We have just found & Engv = knku - gur The previous solution I found for the massile spin-1 The 2 knkv Patting it in the conventional form of TI = (---) he have $T_{\mu\nu} = \frac{k_{\mu}k_{\nu}}{k^{2}m^{2}} \frac{k^{2}-m^{2}}{k^{2}-m^{2}}$ $= \frac{k_n k_v}{k^2 m^2} \left(k^2 - m^2 \right)$ « numerator that ne are interested in $\frac{k_n k_0}{k^2 m^2} \left(\frac{k^2 m^2}{k^2 m^2} \right) = \frac{k_n k_0}{k^2 m^2} \frac{k_n k_0}{k^2 m^2}$ = knku - knkv = knku - gnv The matches

Mander Cheny