$$6 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (6^{+} + 6^{-})$$
 $7 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (6^{+} - 6^{-})$

is equivalent to the condition
$$\times^{\Lambda}(6^{\dagger}, 6^{-}) = \times^{\Lambda}(6^{\dagger} + \frac{\pi}{12}, 6^{\dagger} + \frac{\pi}{12})$$

Then
$$6^{\dagger} \Rightarrow 6^{\dagger} (6^{\dagger}) = \frac{\pi}{4} 6^{\dagger}$$

$$6 \Rightarrow 6^{\dagger} (6) = \frac{\pi}{4} 6^{\dagger}$$

Also, in Matrix form,
$$G^{\pm} = \frac{\pi}{4} (1) \sigma^{\pm}$$

$$h_{ds} = \left[\frac{\pi}{\varrho}(1)\right] h_{ds} \left[\frac{\pi}{\varrho}(1)\right] does$$
 as well.

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