

Schütz

Schütz. 6.29. metriz 13  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & \sin^2 \theta \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow g^{\alpha\beta} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \end{pmatrix}$

$$R_{\theta\phi\phi} = T_{\phi\phi,\theta}^{\theta} - T_{\phi\theta,\phi}^{\theta} + T_{\theta\theta}^{\theta} T_{\phi\phi}^{\theta} - T_{\theta\phi}^{\theta} T_{\phi\theta}^{\theta}$$

$$= \cancel{T_{\phi\phi,\theta}^{\theta}} = T_{\beta\mu}^{\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} g^{\alpha\gamma} (g_{\alpha\beta,\mu} + g_{\alpha\mu,\beta} - g_{\beta\mu,\alpha})$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\beta\mu}^{\theta} = \frac{1}{2} g^{\theta\theta} (g_{\theta\beta,\mu} + g_{\theta\mu,\beta} - g_{\beta\mu,\theta})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (g_{\theta\beta,\mu} + g_{\theta\mu,\beta} - g_{\beta\mu,\theta})$$

$$T_{\beta\mu}^{\phi} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} (g_{\phi\beta,\mu} + g_{\phi\mu,\beta} - g_{\beta\mu,\phi})$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\phi\phi}^{\theta} = \frac{1}{2} (g_{\theta\phi,\phi} + g_{\phi\phi,\theta} - g_{\phi\phi,\theta}) = -\frac{1}{2} g_{\phi\phi,\theta}$$

$$T_{\phi\theta}^{\theta} = \frac{1}{2} (g_{\theta\phi,\theta} + g_{\theta\theta,\phi} - g_{\phi\theta,\theta}) = 0$$

$$T_{\theta\theta}^{\theta} = \frac{1}{2} (g_{\theta\theta,\theta} + g_{\theta\theta,\theta} - g_{\theta\theta,\theta}) = \frac{1}{2} g_{\theta\theta,\theta} = 0$$

$$T_{\phi\theta}^{\phi} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} (g_{\phi\phi,\theta} + g_{\phi\theta,\phi} - g_{\phi\theta,\phi}) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{\phi\phi,\theta}}{\sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{\theta\phi\phi} = -\frac{1}{2} g_{\phi\phi,\theta\theta} - (-\frac{1}{2} g_{\phi\phi,\theta}) \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} g_{\phi\phi,\theta}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} (7) (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} 2 \cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta$$

$$= \sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = \boxed{\sin^2 \theta}$$

All other components of R follow by symmetry.