



# Networking in AWS

# Agenda

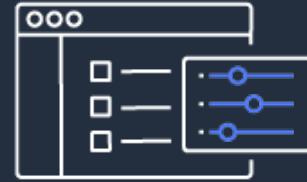
- Amazon VPC – Virtual Private Cloud
- VPC Building Blocks
- VPC Security
- VPC Connectivity Options
- Connect your Data Center to AWS
- Traffic Distribution

# Amazon VPC

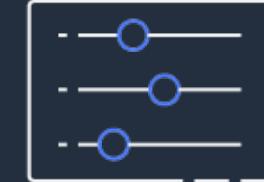
# Amazon VPC - Virtual Private Cloud

Provision a **logically isolated section** of the AWS Cloud where you can launch AWS resources in a **virtual network that you define**.

**Bring your own network**



IP Addresses



Subnets



Network Topology

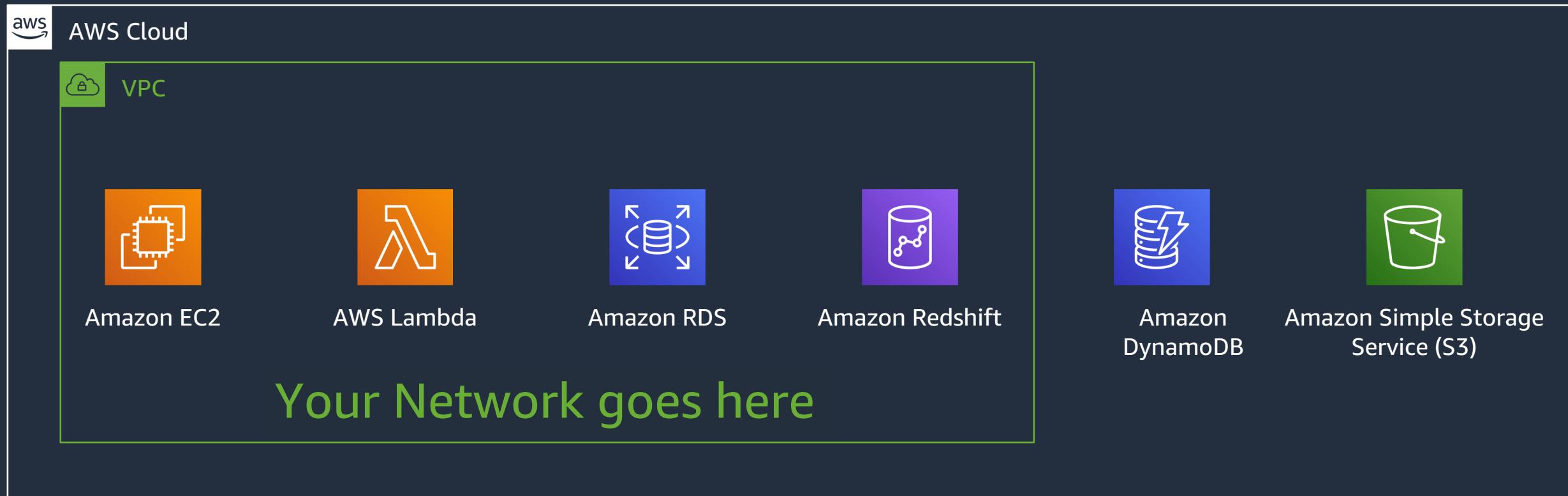


Routing Rules



Security Rules

# Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

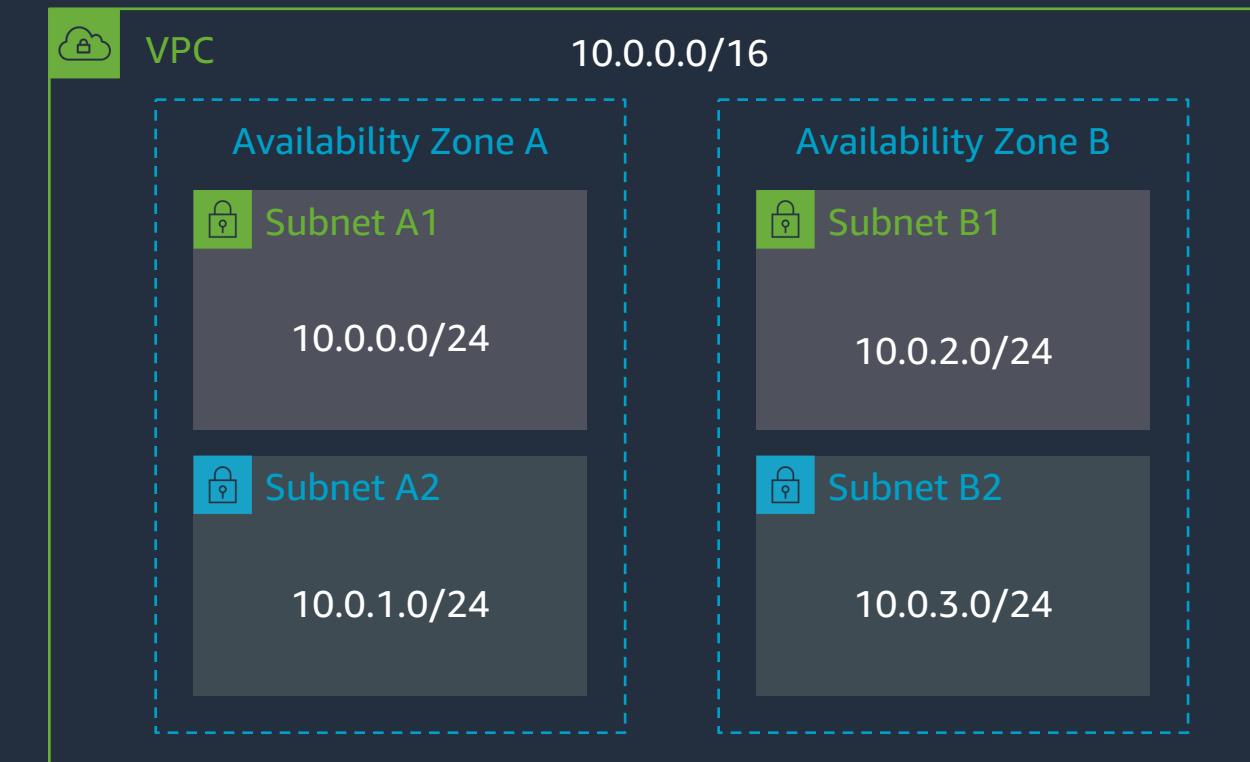


# VPC Building Blocks

# How to segment my networks inside a VPC?

## VPC Subnets

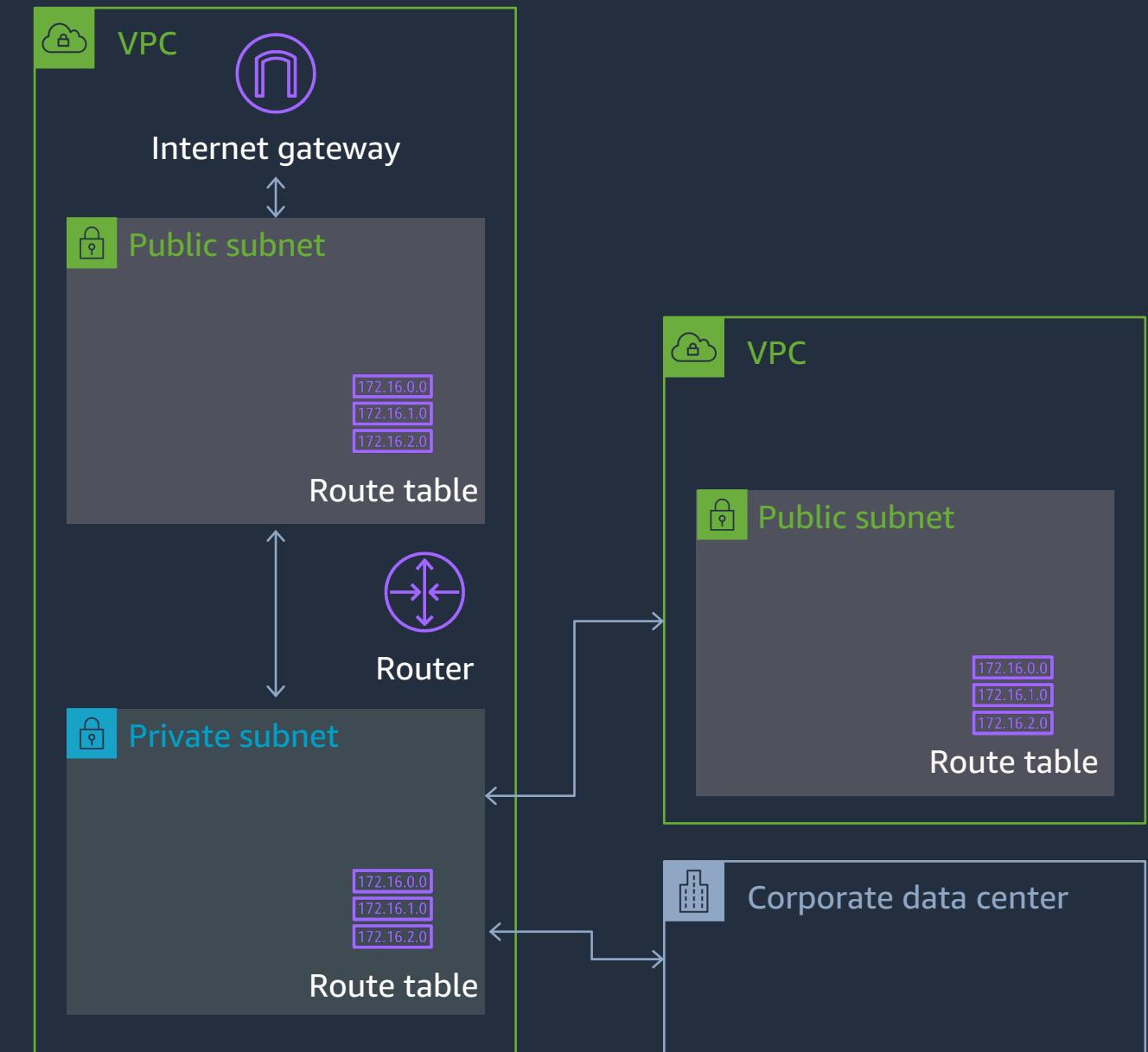
- You can add one or more subnets in each Availability Zone
- AZs provides fault isolations
- Subnets are allocated as a subset of the VPC CIDR range



# How to direct traffic out of my Subnets?

## Subnets and Route Tables

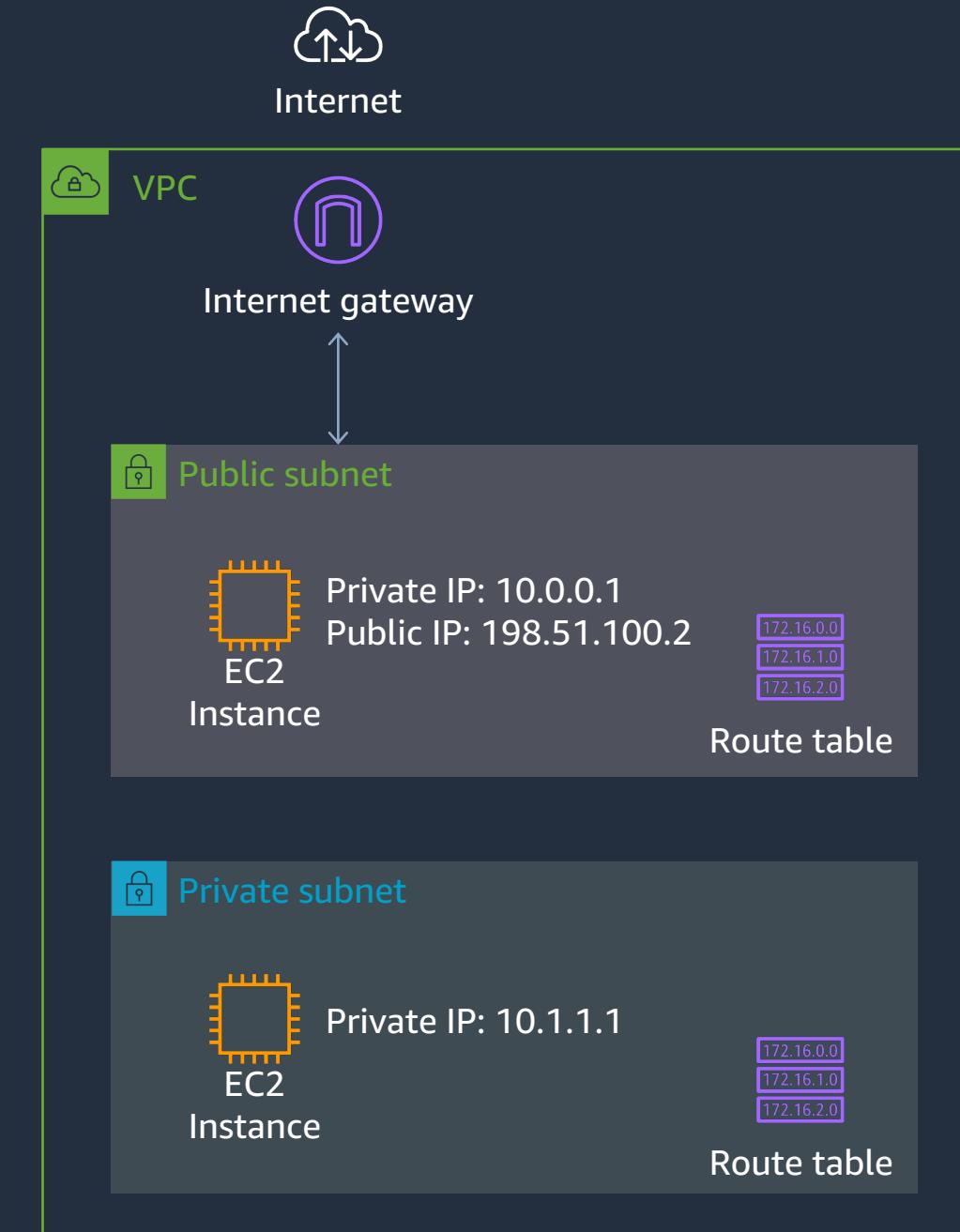
- Each subnet can have a unique Route Table
- Route Tables direct traffic out of the VPC, towards:
  - Internet Gateway
  - Virtual Private Gateway
  - VPC Endpoints
  - Direct Connect
  - VPC Peering
  - AWS Transit Gateway
- Subnets are named “Public Subnets” when connected to an Internet Gateway



# How to connect my VPC to the Internet?

## Internet Gateway

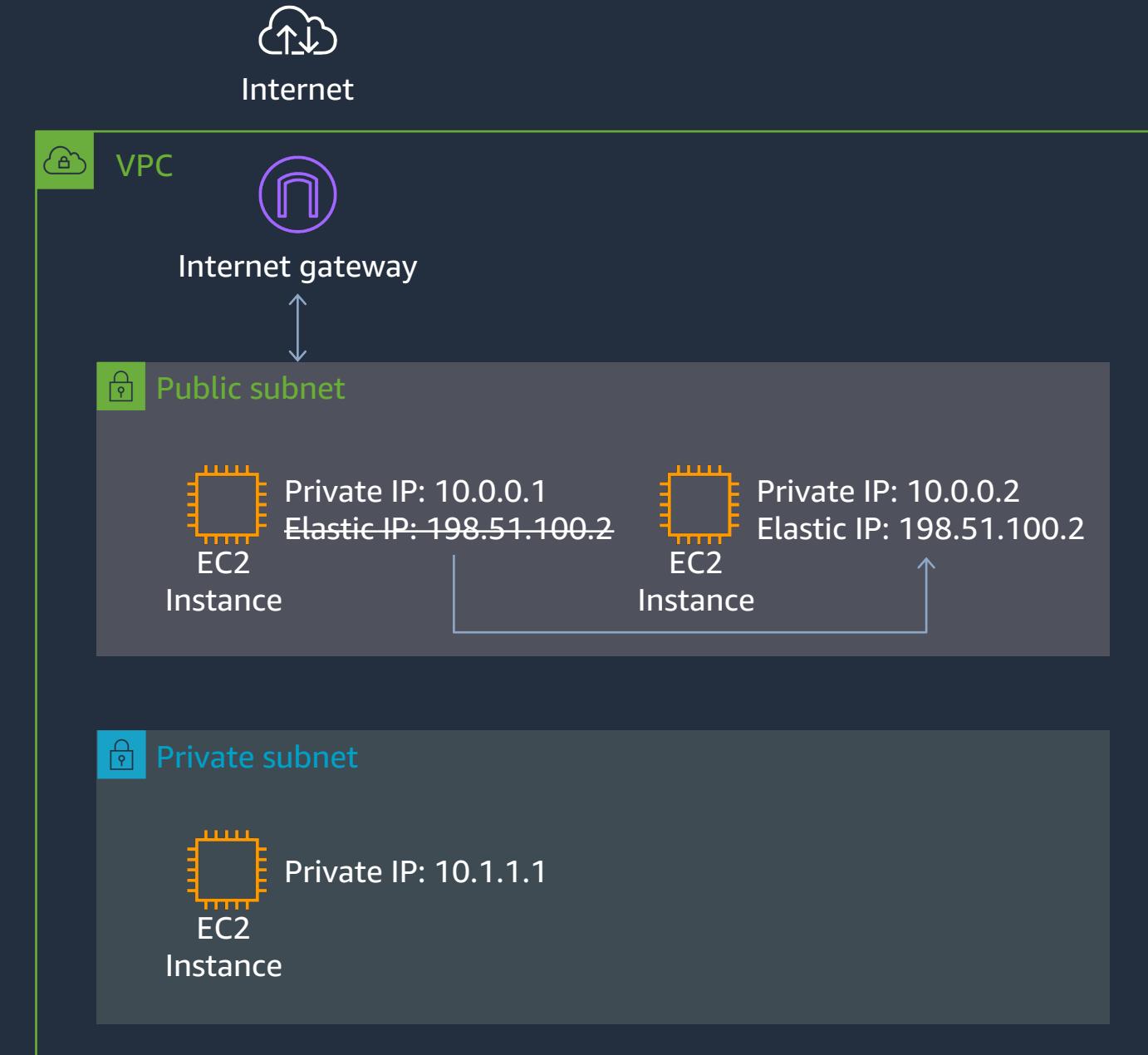
- Horizontally scaled, redundant, highly available VPC component
- Connect your VPC Subnets to the Internet
- Must be referenced on the Route Table
- Performs NAT between Public and Private IP Addresses



# How does my instance get an IP address?

## Elastic IP Address

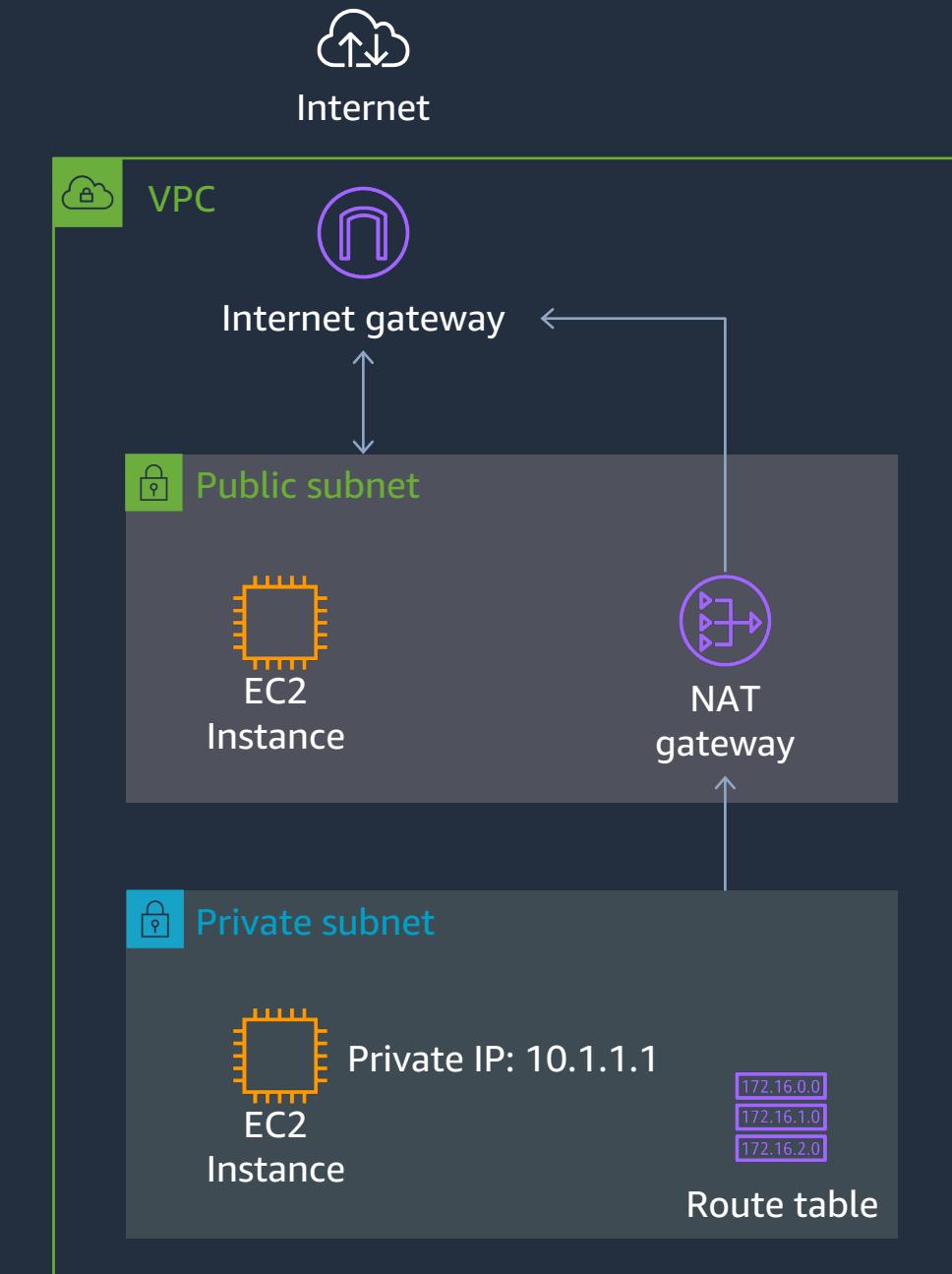
- Static, Public IPv4 address, associated with your AWS account
- Can be associated with an instance or network interface
- Can be remapped to another instance in your account
- Useful for redundancy when Load Balancers are not an option



# Can I have outbound only Internet access?

## NAT Gateway

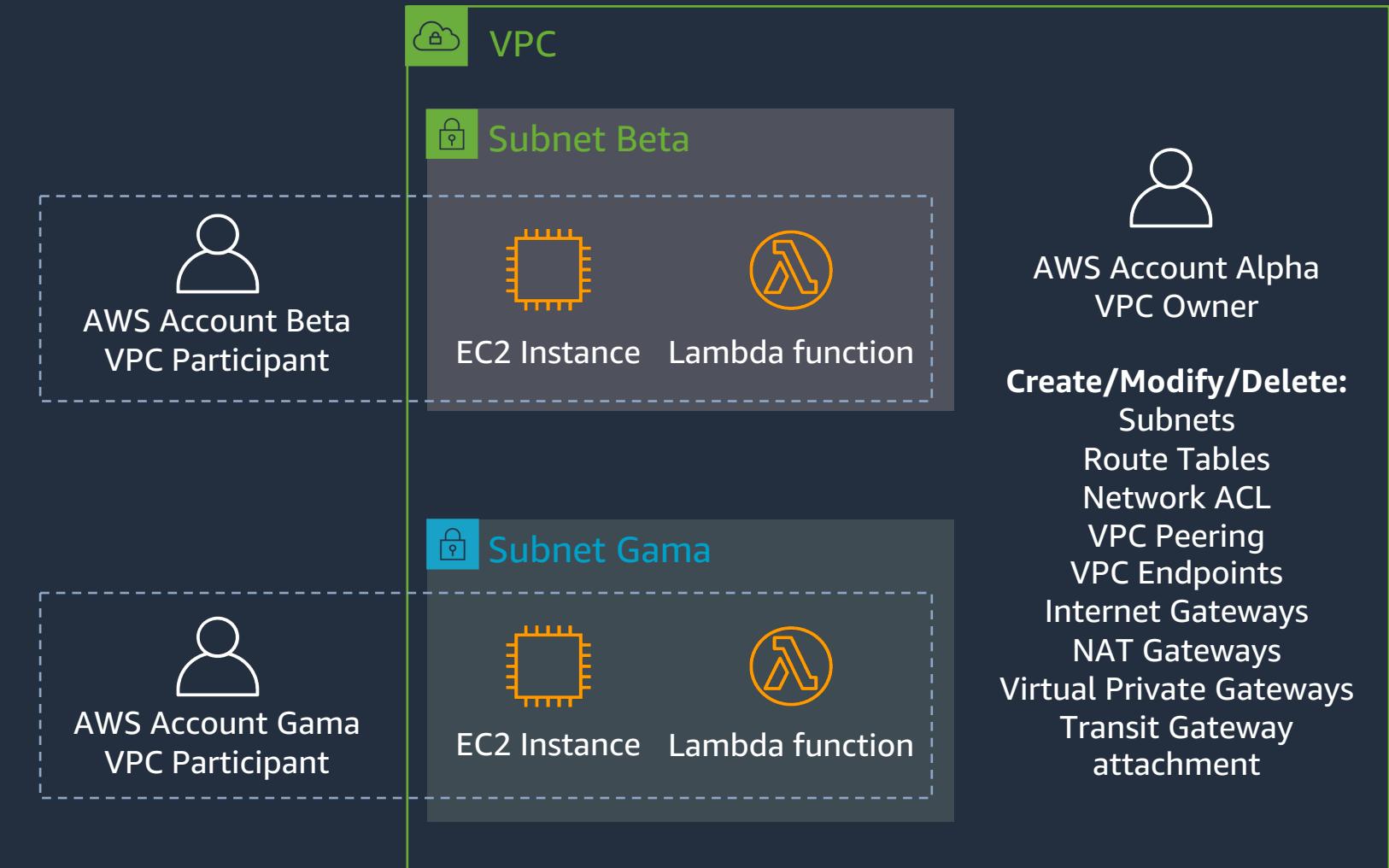
- Enable outbound connection to the internet
- No incoming connection - useful for OS/packages updates, public web services access
- Fully managed by AWS
- Highly available
- Up to 10Gbps bandwidth
- Supports TCP, UDP, and ICMP protocols
- Network ACLs apply to NAT gateway's traffic



# Can I have one account owning the VPC, and other using it?

## Shared VPC

- VPC Owner can create and edit VPC Components
- VPC Participants can launch resources in their assigned Subnets
- Each participant pays for their own resources and data transfer costs
- Based on AWS Resource Access Manager, under AWS Organizations

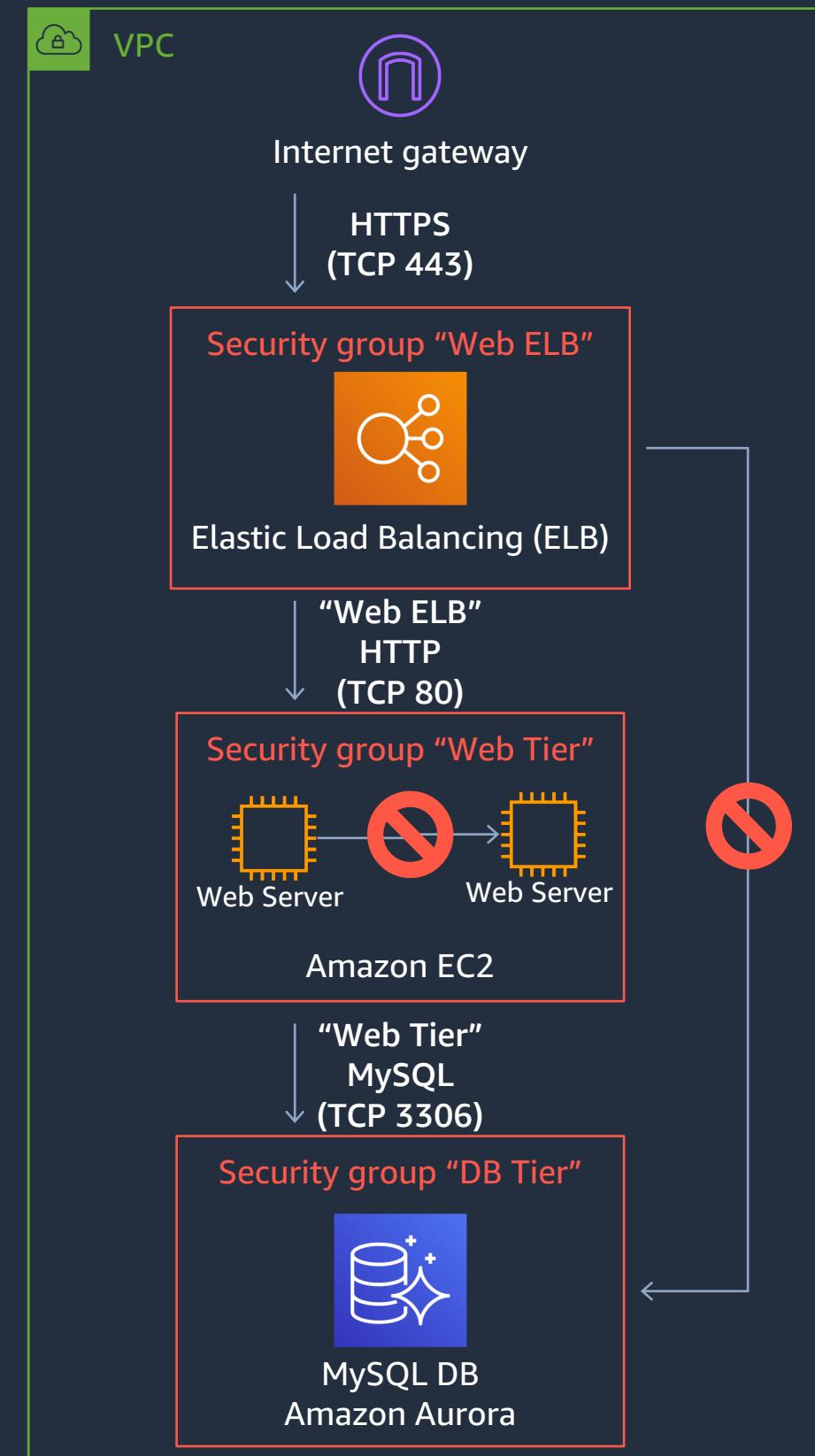


# VPC Security

# Can I filter traffic reaching my instances?

## Security Groups

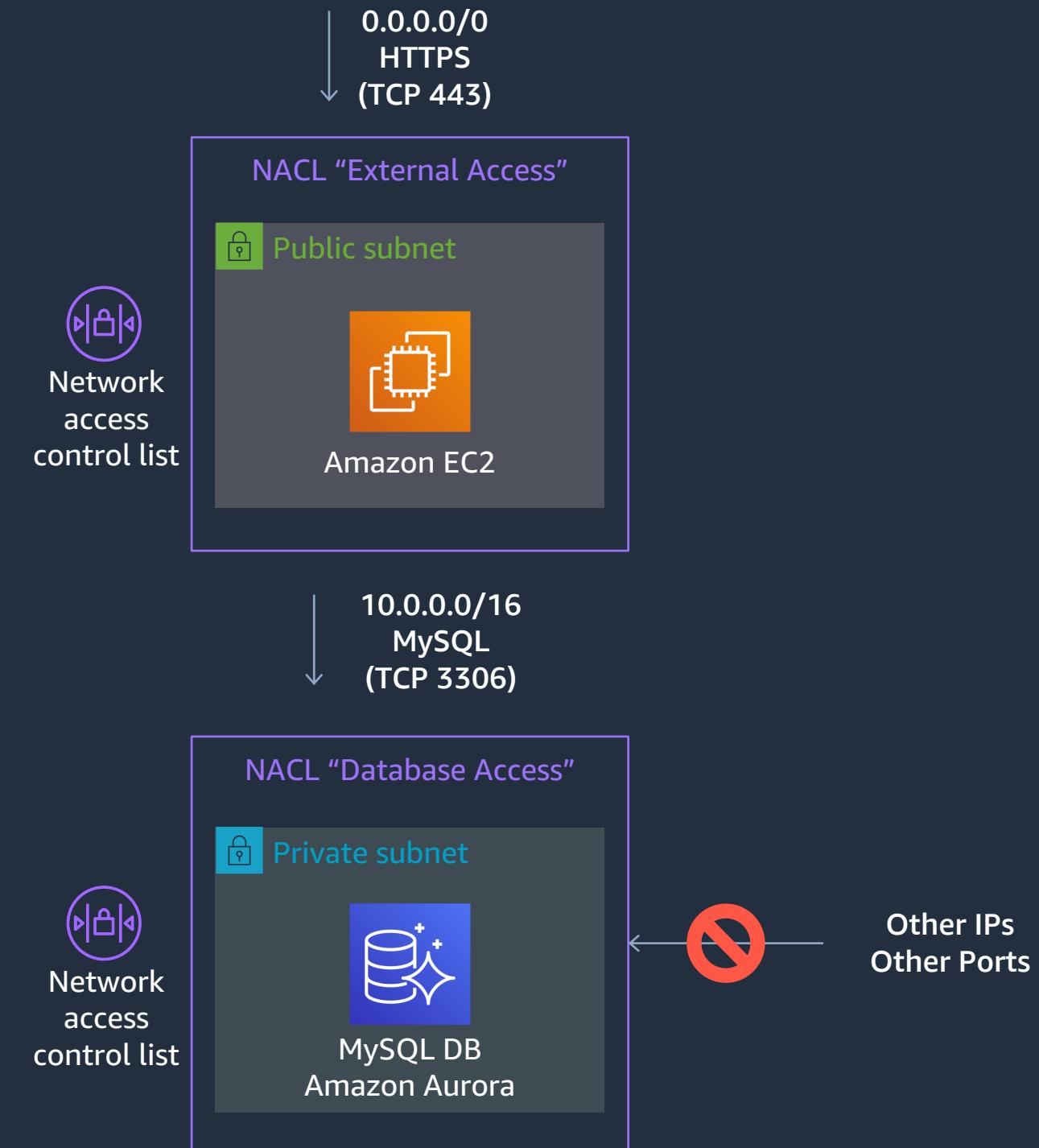
- Virtual stateful firewall
- Inbound and Outbound customer defined rules
- Instance/Interface level inspection
  - Micro segmentation
  - Mandatory, all instances have an associated Security Group
- Can be cross referenced
  - Works across VPC Peering
- Only supports allow rules
  - Implicit deny all at the end



# Can I filter traffic on a subnet level?

## Network Access Control List

- Inbound and Outbound
- Subnet level inspection
- Optional level of security
- By default, allow all traffic
- Stateless
- IP and TCP/UDP port based
- Supports allow and deny rules
- Deny all at the end

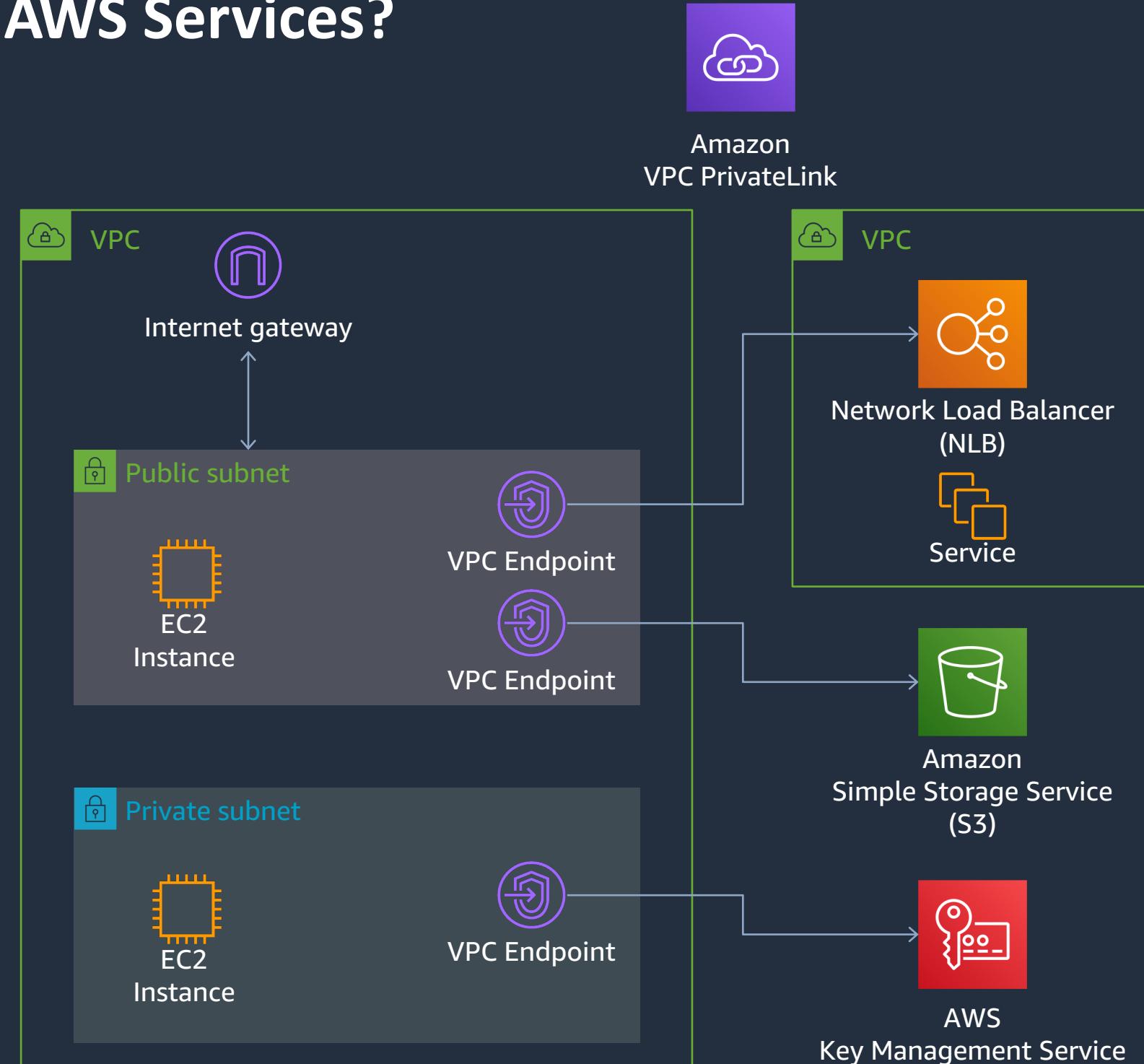


# VPC Connectivity Options

# How to connect privately to public AWS Services?

## VPC Endpoints

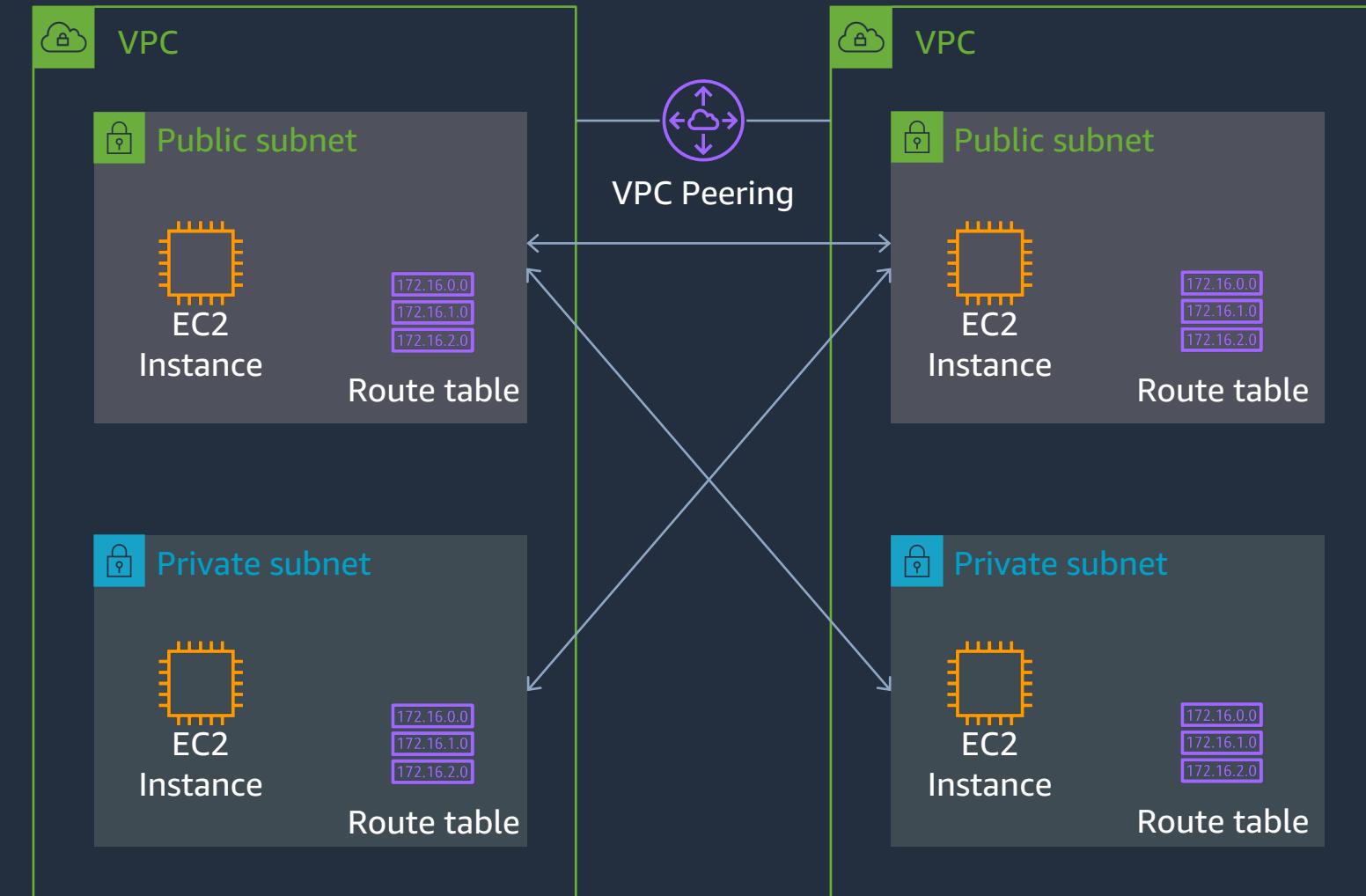
- Connect your VPC to:
  - Supported AWS services
  - VPC endpoint services powered by PrivateLink
- Doesn't require public IPs or Internet connectivity
- Traffic does not leave the AWS network.
- Horizontally scaled, redundant, and highly available
- Robust access control



# How to connect directly to other VPCs?

## VPC Peering

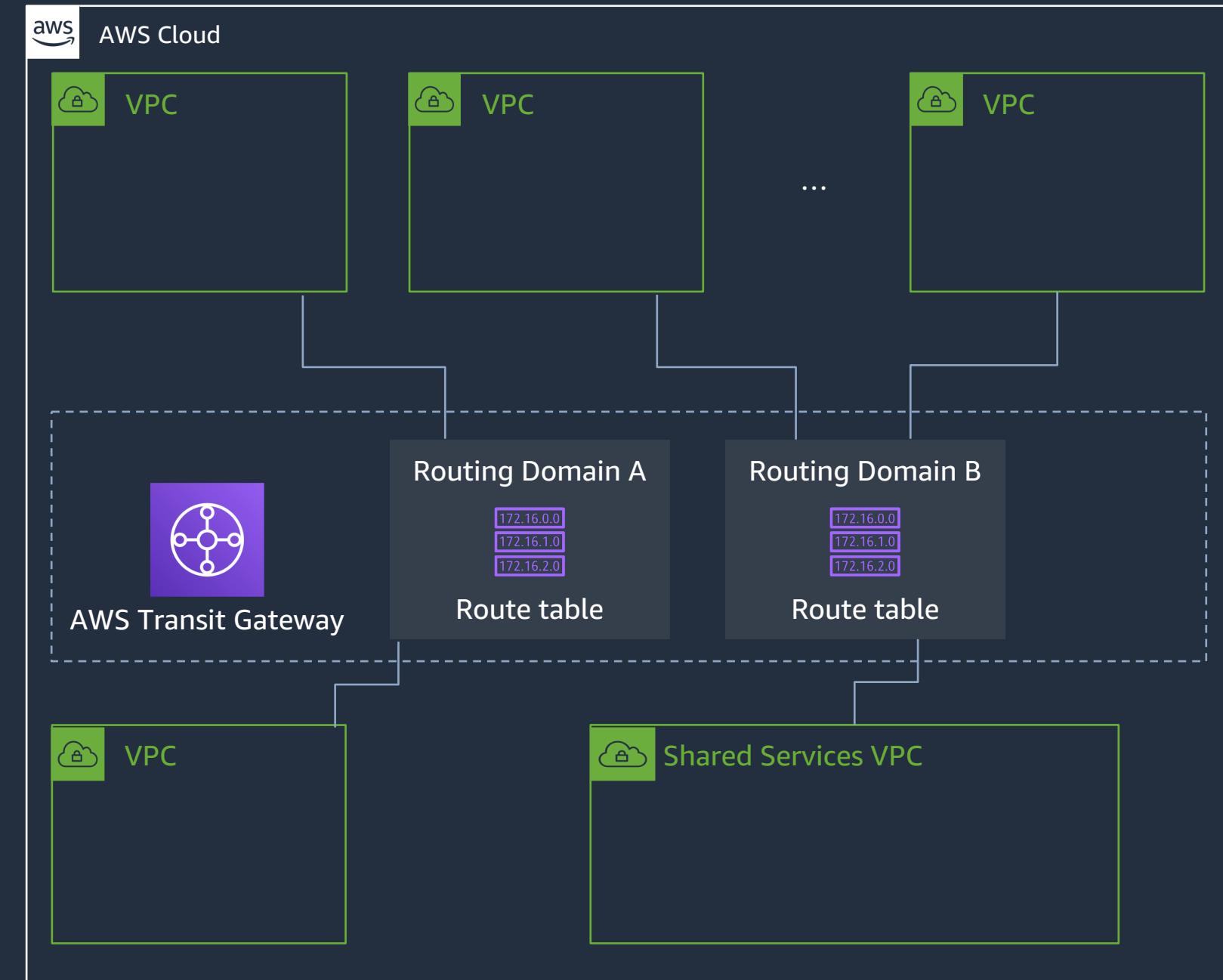
- Scalable and high available
- Inter-account peering
- Same or different AWS Regions
- Bi-directional traffic
- Remote Security groups can be referenced
- Routing policy with Route Tables
  - Not all subnets need to connect to each other
- No transitive routing, requires full-mesh to interconnect multiple VPCs
- No support for overlapping IP addresses



# How to connect multiple VPCs together?

## AWS Transit Gateway

- Connect thousands of VPC across accounts
- Connect your VPCs and on-premises through a single gateway
- Centralize VPN and AWS Direct Connect connections
- Control segmentations and data flow with Routing Tables
- Hub and Spoke design
- Up to 50 Gbps per VPC connection (burst)

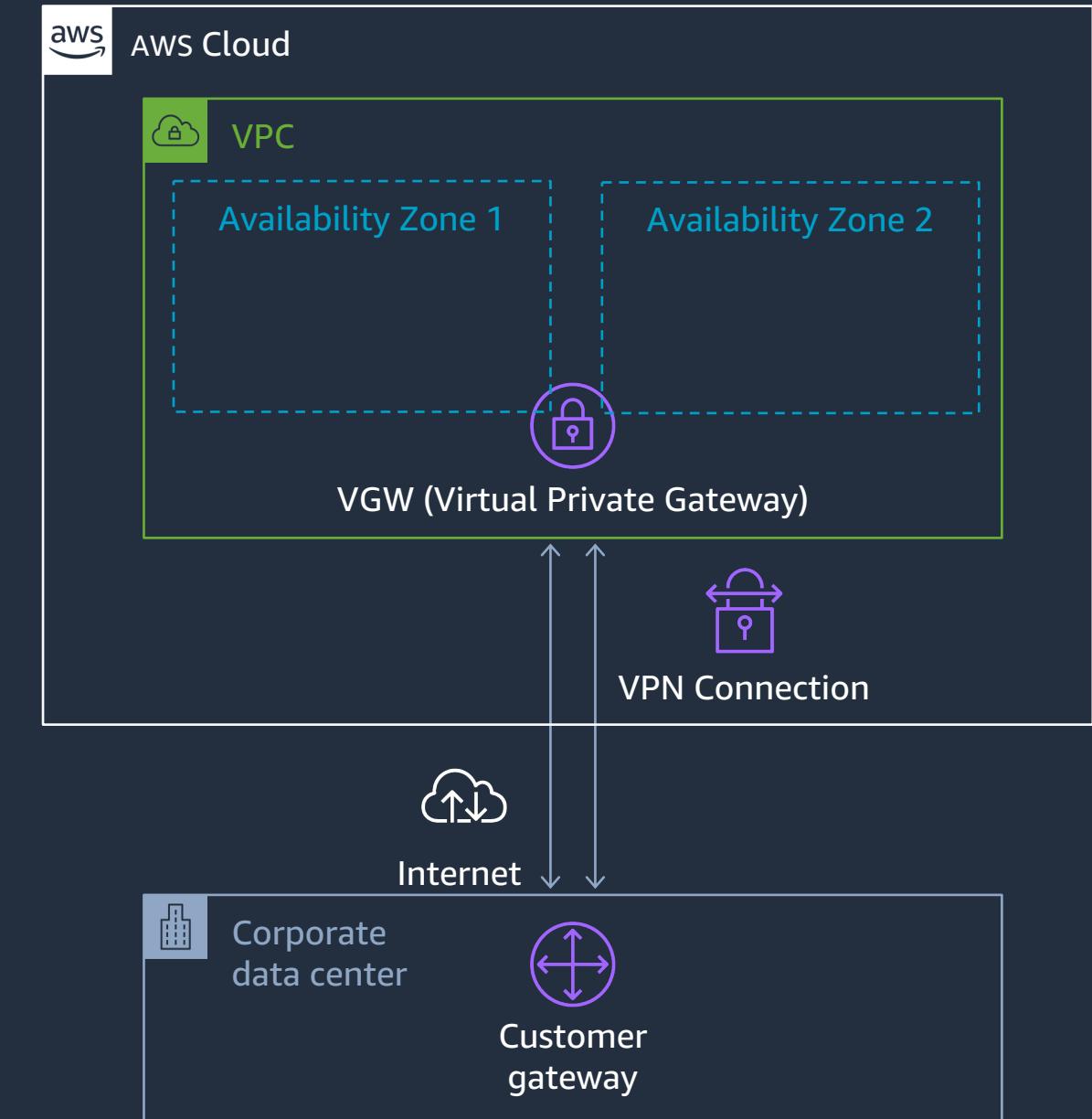


# Connect Your Data Center to AWS

# How to connect my Datacenter to AWS over the Internet?

## AWS Virtual Private Network

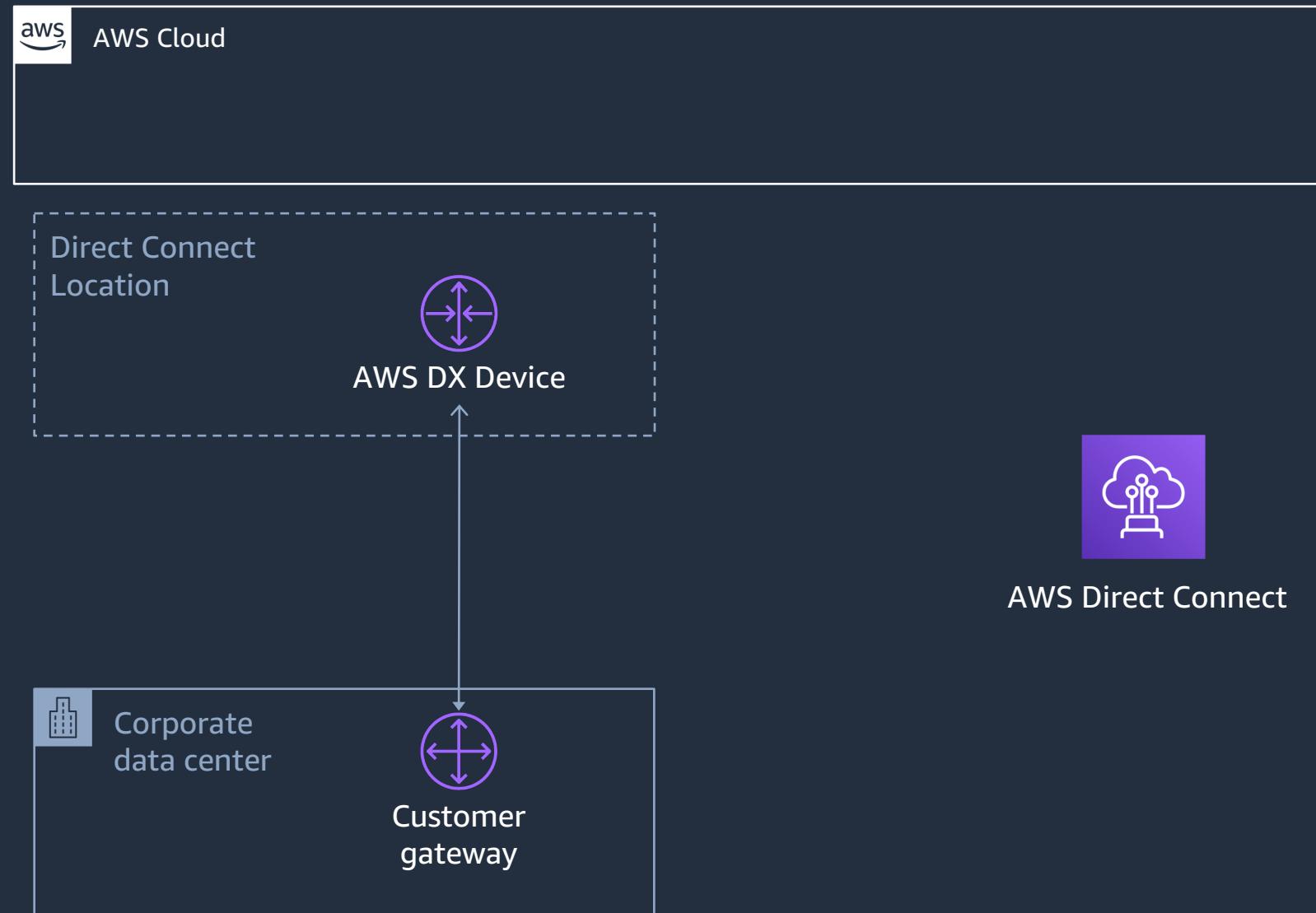
- One VGW (Virtual Private Gateway) per VPC
- Redundant IPSec VPN Tunnels
  - Terminating in different AZs
- IPSec
  - AES 256-bit encryption
  - SHA-2 hashing
- Scalable
- BGP or Static Routing



# How to connect my Datacenter to AWS over dedicated circuits?

## AWS Direct Connect

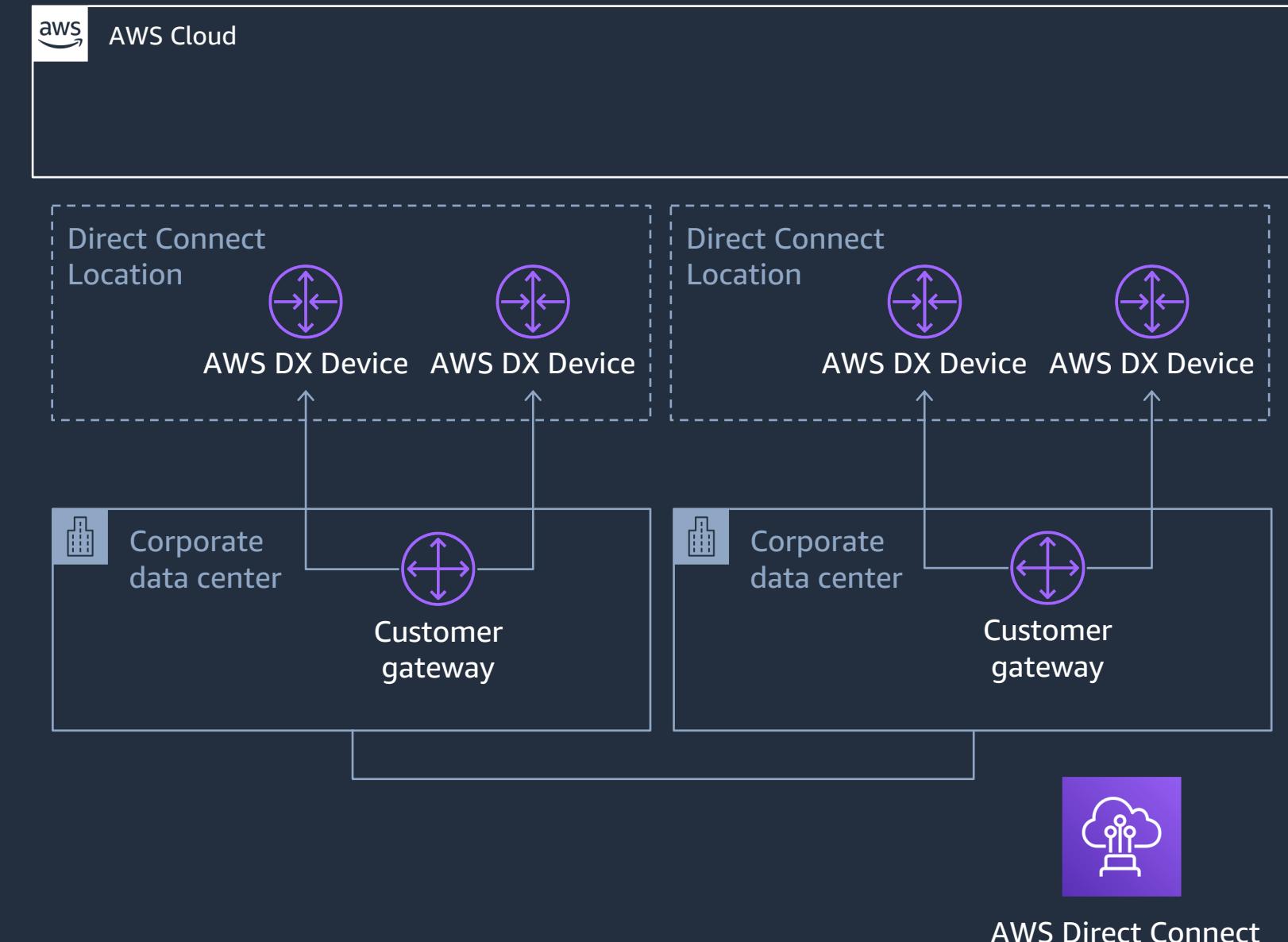
- Dedicated network connection from your premises to AWS
- Dedicated Connection (1/10 Gbps, Multiple VIFs)
- AWS Partner Hosted Connection (50 Mbps to 10 Gbps, Single VIF)
- Consistent Network Performance
- More consistent network experience
- Reduced egress data charges
- Connect to 90+ Direct Connection Locations across the globe



# How to add redundancy to my dedicated circuits?

## AWS Direct Connect

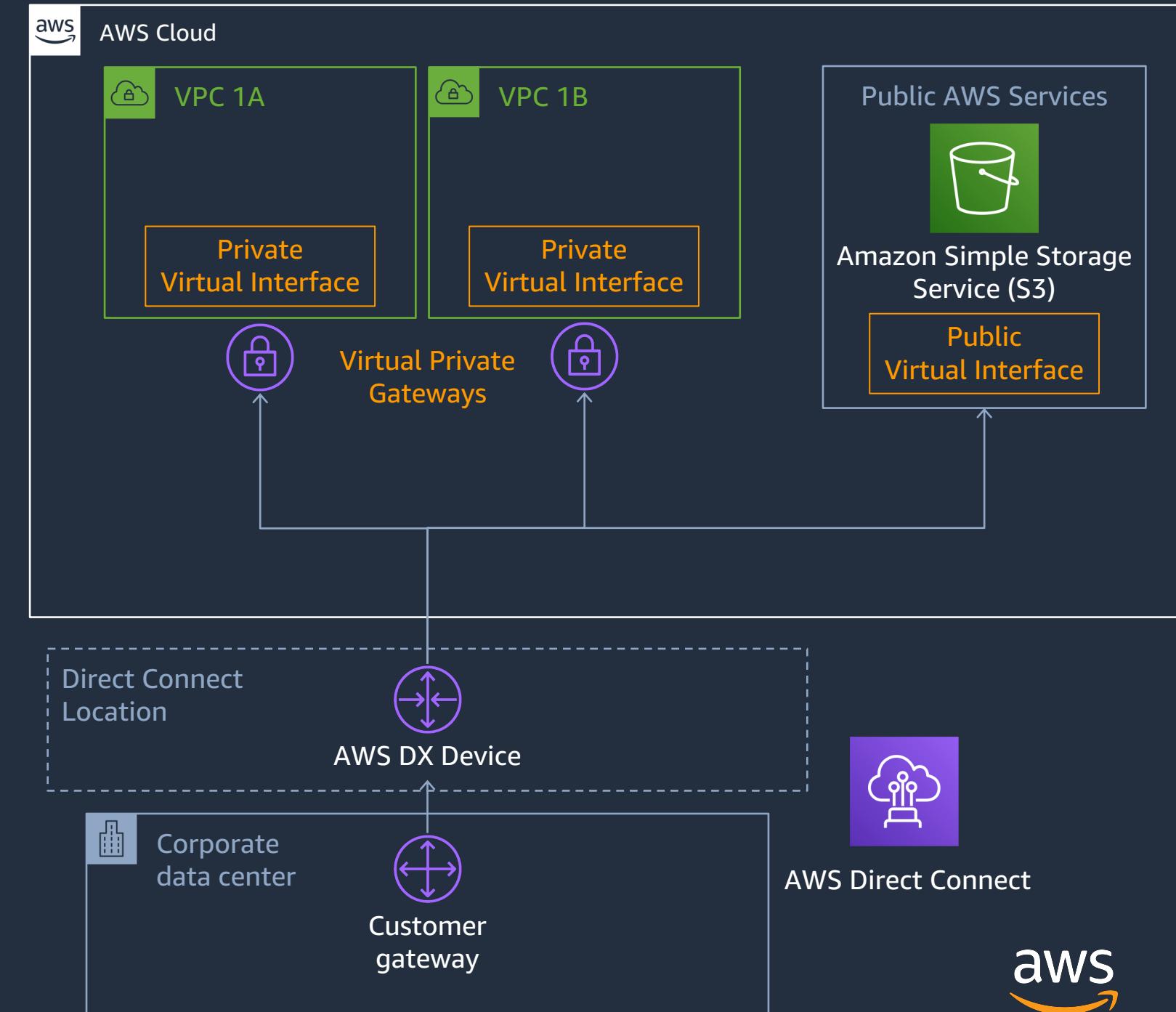
- For redundancy, DX can deployed with single or multiples:
  - Circuits
  - Providers
  - Customer Gateways
  - Direct Connect Locations
  - Customer data centers
- BGP Routing for redundancy
- AWS VPN can also be used as backup path



# How to access my VPCs or AWS Public Services over my DX?

## AWS Direct Connect

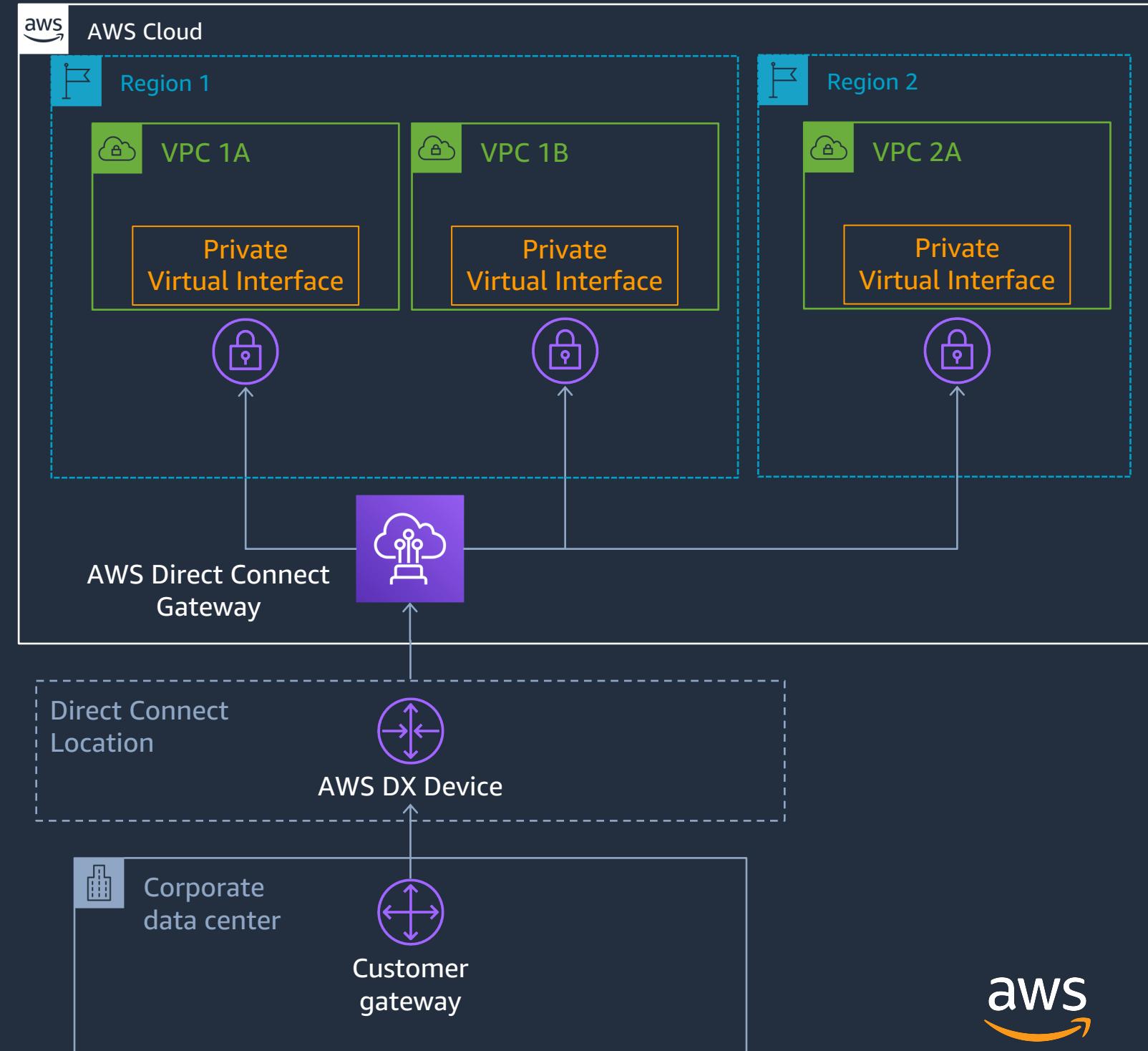
- VIFs: Virtual Interface
- Private VIFs
  - Access to VPC IP address
- Public VIFs
  - Access to AWS Public IP address space



# How to connect to multiple AWS Regions/Accounts over DX?

## AWS Direct Connect Gateway

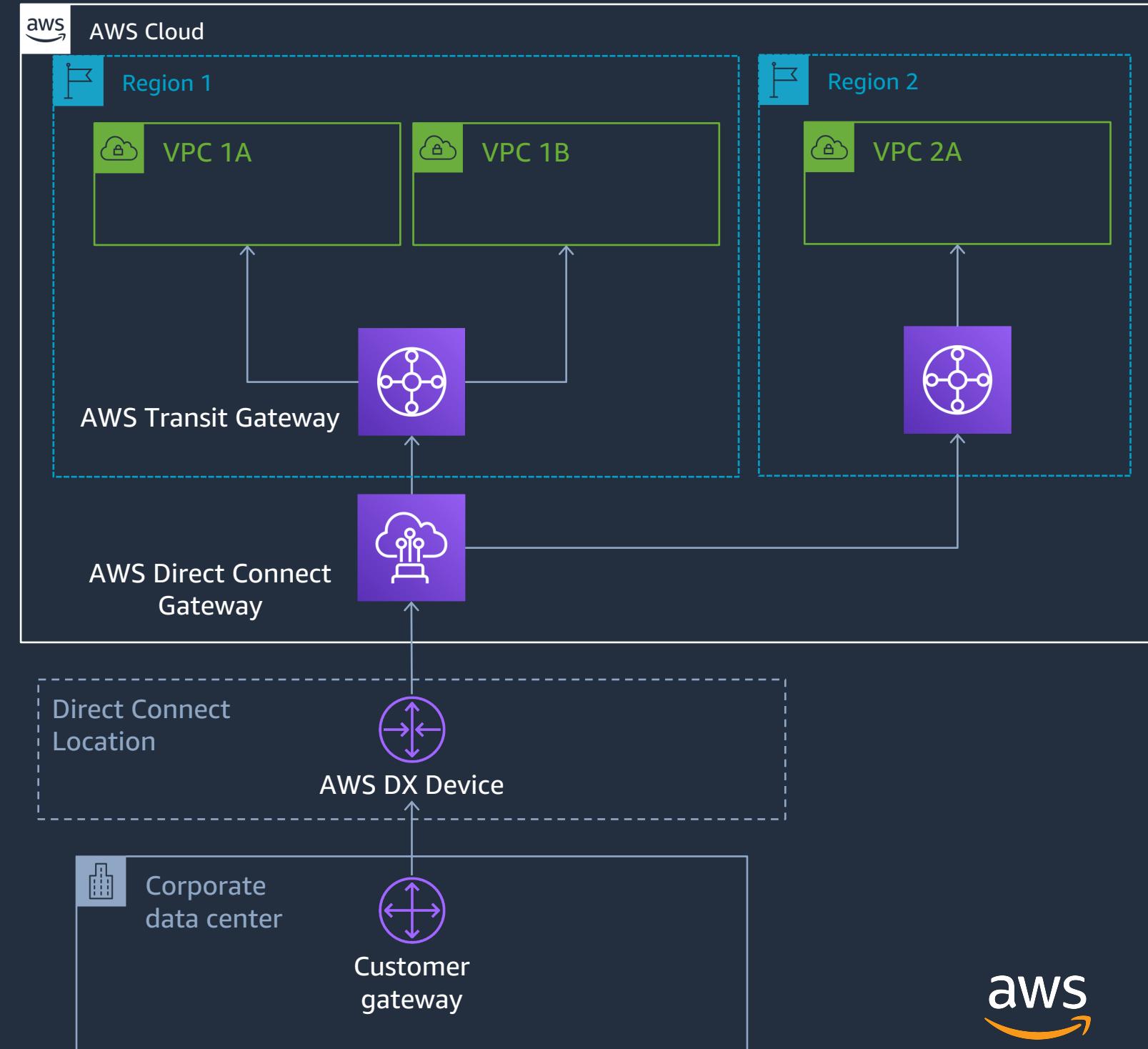
- Global resource
- Connect to multiple VPCs
- VPCs can be on same or different
  - Regions
  - Accounts (same Payer ID)
- Enables traffic flow from the VPC to the DX connection
  - For VPC to VPC Traffic, consider using AWS Transit Gateway



# How to connect at scale across accounts/Regions?

## AWS DX Gateway + AWS Transit Gateway

- Transit VIF
  - Connects to a AWS Transit Gateway
  - Simplify your network architecture and management overhead
  - Create a hub-and-spoke model that spans multiple
    - VPCs
    - Regions
    - AWS accounts

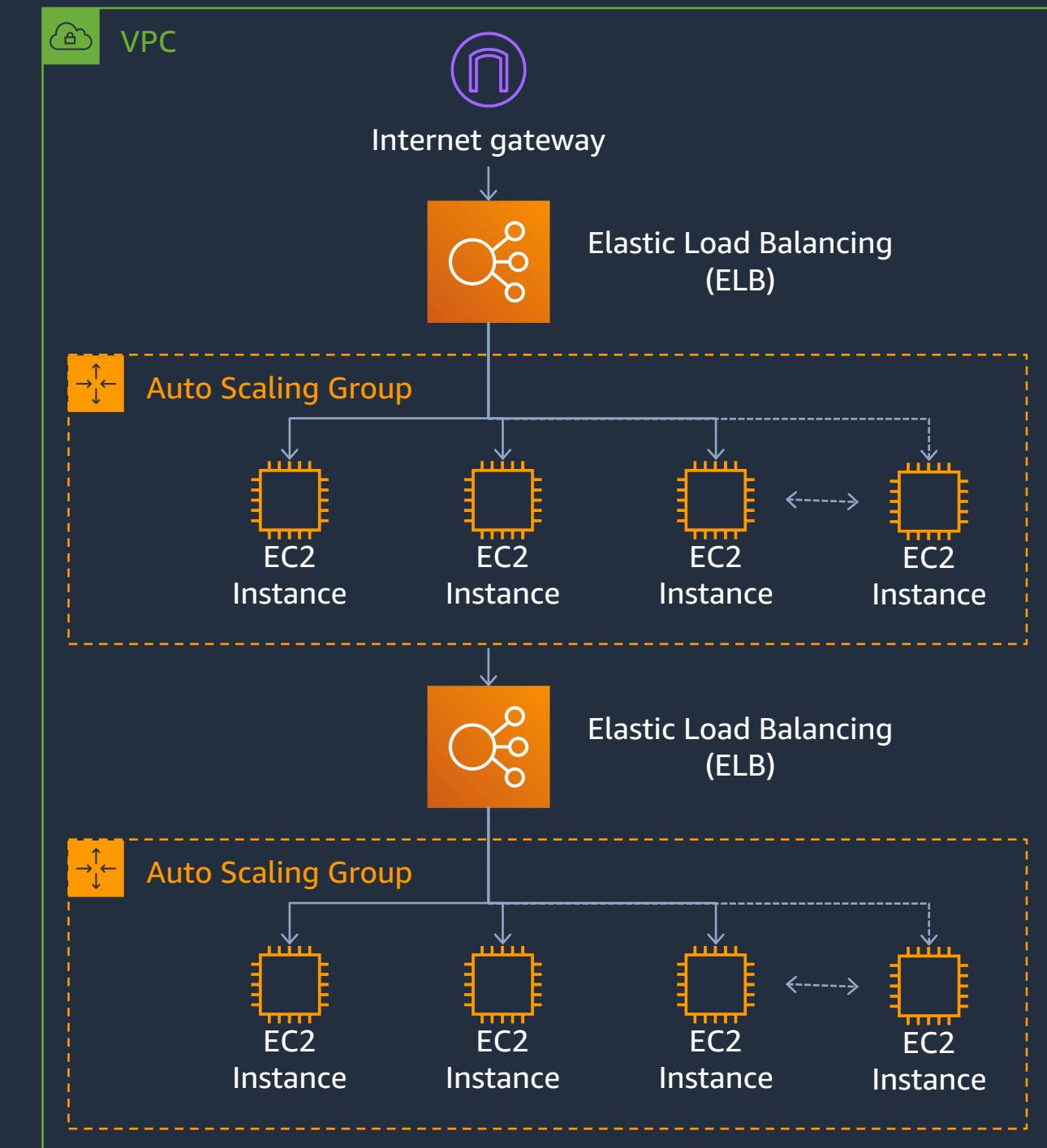


# Traffic Distribution

# How to scale my app horizontally inside my VPC?

## Elastic Load Balancing

- Distributes incoming application or network traffic across multiple targets
  - EC2 instances
  - Containers
  - IP address
- Multiple Availability Zones
- Scales automatically
- Auto Scaling Groups can add or remove instances as required
  - Automatically register to the Load Balancer



# Elastic Load Balancing

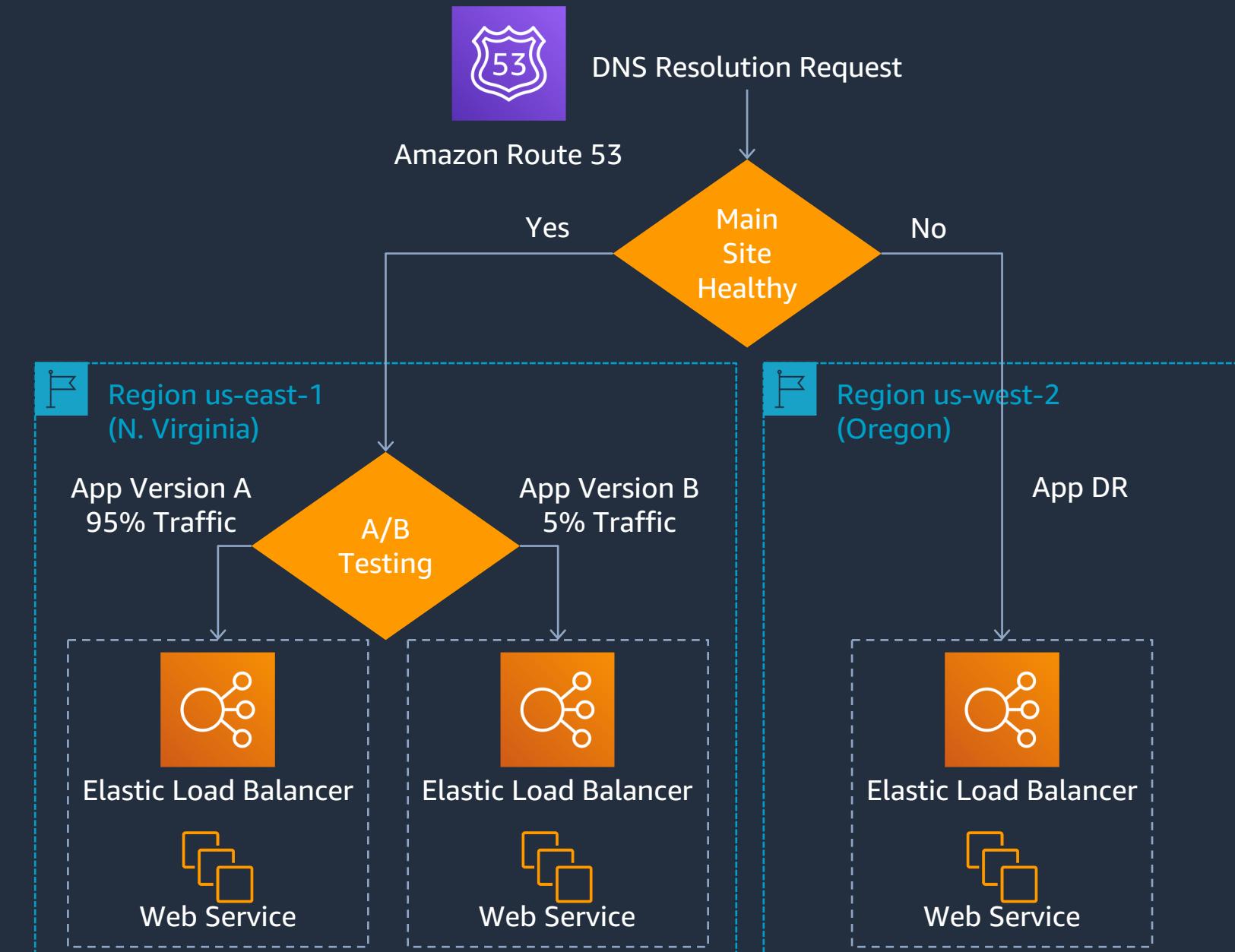
## Features Comparison

Feature	Application Load Balancer	Network Load Balancer
Protocols	HTTP, HTTPS	TCP
Platforms	VPC	VPC
Health checks	✓	✓
CloudWatch metrics	✓	✓
Logging	✓	✓
Path-Based Routing	✓	
Host-Based Routing	✓	
Native HTTP/2	✓	
Configurable idle connection timeout	✓	
SSL offloading	✓	
Server Name Indication (SNI)	✓	
Sticky sessions	✓	
Back-end server encryption	✓	
Static IP		✓
Elastic IP address		✓
Preserve Source IP address		✓

# How to solve my Domain Names to IP Address?

## Amazon Route 53

- AWS DNS service
- Domain Registration
- Domain name resolution
- 100% availability SLA
- Health Checks
- DNS Failover
- Latency Based Routing
- Geo Based Routing
- Weighted Round Robin
- Private DNS for VPC



# Questions?