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matrix.h File Reference

ARToolkit algebraic mathematics subroutines. [More...](#)

```
#include <math.h>
#include <AR/config.h>
```

Data Structures

struct	ARMat <i>matrix structure. More...</i>
struct	ARVec <i>vector structure. More...</i>

Defines

#define	ARELEM0 (mat, r, c) ((mat)->m[(r)*((mat)->clm)+(c)]) <i>macro function that give direct access to an element (0 origin)</i>
#define	ARELEM1 (mat, row, clm) ARELEM0(mat,row-1,clm-1) <i>macro function that give direct access to an element (1 origin)</i>

Functions

ARMat *	arMatrixAlloc (int row, int clm) <i>creates a new matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixFree (ARMat * m) <i>deletes a matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixDup (ARMat * dest, ARMat * source) <i>copy a matrix</i>
ARMat *	arMatrixAllocDup (ARMat * source) <i>dumps a new matrix</i>
int	arMatrixUnit (ARMat * unit) <i>Creates a unit matrix.</i>
ARMat *	arMatrixAllocUnit (int dim) <i>Creates a unit matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixMul (ARMat * dest, ARMat * a, ARMat * b) <i>Multiply two matrix.</i>
ARMat *	arMatrixAllocMul (ARMat * a, ARMat * b) <i>Multiply two matrix with memory allocation.</i>
int	arMatrixTrans (ARMat * dest, ARMat * source) <i>transposes a matrix.</i>
ARMat *	arMatrixAllocTrans (ARMat * source) <i>transposes a matrix with allocation.</i>
int	arMatrixInv (ARMat * dest, ARMat * source) <i>inverse a matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixSelfInv (ARMat * m) <i>inverses a matrix.</i>
ARMat *	arMatrixAllocInv (ARMat * source) <i>inverses a matrix.</i>
double	arMatrixDet (ARMat * m) <i>compute determinant of a matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixPCA (ARMat * input, ARMat * evec, ARVec * ev, ARVec * mean) <i>compute the PCA of a matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixPCA2 (ARMat * input, ARMat * evec, ARVec * ev) <i>compute the PCA of a matrix.</i>
int	arMatrixDisp (ARMat * m) <i>display content of a matrix.</i>
ARVec *	arVecAlloc (int clm) <i>creates a new vector.</i>
int	arVecFree (ARVec * v) <i>delete a vector.</i>

int	arVecDisp (ARVec *v) <i>display a vector.</i>
double	arVecHousehold (ARVec *x) <i>XXXBK.</i>
double	arVecInnerproduct (ARVec *x, ARVec *y) <i>Computes the inner product of 2 vectors.</i>
int	arVecTridiagonalize (ARMat *a, ARVec *d, ARVec *e) <i>XXXBK.</i>

Detailed Description

ARToolkit algebraic mathematics subroutines.

This package include matrix, vector manipulation routine. In complement to must classical routines (inversion, innerproduct), it includes a PCA (Principal) Component Analysis) routine. For the structure of the matrix see [ARMat](#).

Remarks:

History :

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Version:

Date:

Function Documentation

```
ARMat * arMatrixAlloc( int row,
                      int clm
                      )
```

creates a new matrix.

Allocate and initialize a new matrix structure. XXXBK initializing ?? to 0 m ??

Parameters:

row number of line
clm number of column

Returns:

the matrix structure, NULL if allocation is impossible

```
ARMat * arMatrixAllocDup( ARMat * source )
```

dumps a new matrix

Allocates and recopy the original source matrix.

Parameters:

source the source matrix to copy

Returns:

the matrix if success, NULL if error

```
int arMatrixAllocInv( ARMat * source )
```

inverses a matrix.

Inverses a matrix and copy the result in in a new allocated structure.

Parameters:

source the matrix to inverse

Returns:

the inversed matrix if success, NULL if error

```
ARMat * arMatrixAllocMul( ARMat * a,
                        ARMat * b
```

```
)
```

Multiply two matrix with memory allocation.

multiply two matrix and copy the result in a new allocate matrix (the source matrix is unmodified). the product is this one : $dest = a * b$

Parameters:

a first matrix
b second matrix

Returns:

the allocated matrix if success, NULL if error

```
ARMat * arMatrixAllocTrans( ARMat * source )
```

transposes a matrix with allocation.

transposes a matrix and copy the result in a new allocate matrix (the source matrix is unmodified).

Parameters:

source the matrix to transpose

Returns:

the allocated matrix if success, NULL if error (creation or transposition impossible)

```
int arMatrixAllocUnit( int dim )
```

Creates a unit matrix.

Allocates and initializes a matrix to a an identity matrix.

Parameters:

dim dimensions of the unit matrix (square)

Returns:

the matrix allocated if success, NULL if error

```
int arMatrixDet( ARMat * m )
```

compute determinant of a matrix.

Compute the determinant of a matrix.

Parameters:

m matrix source

Returns:

the computed determinant

```
int arMatrixDisp( ARMat * m )
```

display content of a matrix.

Display in current console, the content of the matrix. The display is done line by line.

Parameters:

m

Returns:

0

```
int arMatrixDup( ARMat * dest,
                 ARMat * source
               )
```

copy a matrix

copy one matrix to another. The two **ARMat** must be allocated.

Parameters:

dest the destination matrix of the copy
source the original matrix source

Returns:

0 if success, -1 if error (matrix with different size)

```
int arMatrixFree( ARMat * m )
```

deletes a matrix.

Delete a matrix structure (deallocate used memory).

Parameters:

m matrix to delete

Returns:

0

```
int arMatrixInv( ARMat * dest,  
                ARMat * source  
                )
```

inverse a matrix.

inverse a matrix and copy the result in a new one (the source matrix is unmodified). the destination matrix must be allocated. the source matrix need to be a square matrix.

Parameters:

dest result matrix of the inverse operation
source source matrix

Returns:

0 if success, -1 if error (not square matrix)

```
int arMatrixMul( ARMat * dest,  
                ARMat * a,  
                ARMat * b  
                )
```

Multiply two matrix.

Multiply two matrix and copy the result in another the product is this one : $dest = a * b$. The destination matrix must be allocated. Matrix a and b need to have the same size (the source matrix is unmodified).

Parameters:

dest final matrix product
a first matrix
b second matrix

Returns:

0 if success, -1 if error (multiplication impossible, or destination matrix have not comptabile size)

```
int arMatrixPCA( ARMat * input,  
                ARMat * evec,  
                ARVec * ev,  
                ARVec * mean  
                )
```

compute the PCA of a matrix.

Compute the Principal Component Analysis (PCA) of a matrix.

Parameters:

input source matrix
evec eigen vector computed
ev eigen value computed
mean mean computed

Returns:

0 if success to compute, -1 otherwise

```
int arMatrixPCA2( ARMat * input,
                  ARMat * evec,
                  ARVec * ev
                )
```

compute the PCA of a matrix.

Compute the Principal Component Analysis (PCA) of a matrix.

Parameters:

input source matrix
evec result matrix
ev eigen value computed

Returns:

0 if success to compute, -1 otherwise

```
int arMatrixSelfInv( ARMat * m )
```

inverses a matrix.

Inverses a matrix and copy the result in the same structure.

Parameters:

m the matrix to inverse

Returns:

0 if success, -1 if error

```
int arMatrixTrans( ARMat * dest,
                  ARMat * source
                )
```

transposes a matrix.

Transposes a matrix. The destination matrix must be allocated (the source matrix is unmodified).

Parameters:

dest the destination matrix of the copy
source the source matrix

Returns:

0 if success, -1 if error (source and destination matrix have different size)

```
int arMatrixUnit( ARMat * unit )
```

Creates a unit matrix.

Transforms the source parameter matrix to a unit matrix (all values are modified). the unit matrix needs to be allocated.

Parameters:

unit the matrix to transform

Returns:

0 if success, -1 if error

```
ARVec * arVecAlloc( int clm )
```

creates a new vector.

Allocates and initializes new vector structure.

Parameters:

clm dimension of vector

Returns:

the allocated vector, NULL if error (impossible allocation)

```
int arVecDisp( ARVec * v )
```

display a vector.

Display element of a vector.

Parameters:

v the vector to display

Returns:

0

```
int arVecFree( ARVec * v )
```

delete a vector.

Delete a vector structure (deallocate used memory).

Parameters:

v the vector to delete

Returns:

0

```
double arVecHousehold( ARVec * x )
```

XXXBK.

XXXBK: for QR decomposition ?? (can't success to find french translation of this term)

Parameters:

x XXXBK

Returns:

XXXBK

```
double arVecInnerproduct( ARVec * x,  
                           ARVec * y  
                           )
```

Computes the inner product of 2 vectors.

computes the inner product of the two argument vectors. the operation done is a=x.y (and a is return)

Parameters:

x first vector source

y second vector source

Returns:

the computed innerproduct

```
int arVecTridiagonalize( ARMat * a,  
                        ARVec * d,  
                        ARVec * e  
                        )
```

XXXBK.

XXXBK

Parameters:

a XXXBK

d XXXBK

e XXXBK

Returns:

XXXBK