

DCL Rule Book

Version 1.2

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1. 20/20 Cricket Rules in DCL:

1. Overs

- a. All matches will be a maximum of 20 overs per innings.
- b. If any match is rain affected, teams are encouraged to play a min. of 10 overs to complete a match if possible.
- c. A bowler can bowl a maximum of 4 overs in a 20 over match
- d. A bowler can bowl a maximum of 2 overs in a 10 over match

2. Fielding Restrictions

- There should be at-least 4 fielders (Excluding Bowler and WK) inside the circle during non Power Play overs.
- b. Only 5 fielders can field on the leg side at any point of time.

Power Plays

- a. There will be 2 power plays of 4 overs each
- b. First power play is mandatory at start.
- c. Second power play can be chosen by the Batting team captain anytime during the remaining 16 overs
- d. A maximum of 2 fielders are allowed outside the inner circle during the power plays;
- e. Inner circle should be around 60 feet (based on ground size) from each wicket. Hence in reality it will be Oval shape and not circle.
- f. Inner circle should be formed with flat cones available in Home depot or Lowes or Wal-Mart for around \$10/-

Free Hit

- a. Free hit will be allowed as a result of a No-Ball due to over-stepping only
- b. Umpire should ensure that the bowler's foot was completely outside the popping crease
- c. The Batsman playing a free hit delivery and the runner batsman can be dismissed only by a Run Out
- d. No fielding changes are allowed for the free hit ball unless the batsmen change ends. The fielding should remain the way it was when the No-ball was bowled.
- 5. A new batsman has to come to the crease within 90 seconds after the dismissal of the previous batsman.
- 6. If a 20/20 match ends in a tie, the outcome is decided by a novel concept called Eliminator /

Super Over.

a. What is an eliminator?

It is the tiebreaker for Twenty20 internationals. In July 2008 the eliminator, also referred to as the Super Over, replaced the bowl-out as the official tool to separate teams that finish at the same score at the end of a completed Twenty20 game.

b. How does it work?

Both the teams get to play one over each after the match, and the team that wins that contest is the winner: in a way it's an One1 to resolve a Twenty20 tie.

c. How many players take part in the eliminator?

Both sides have to nominate three batsmen and one bowler each for the eliminator. A team can be bowled out in the traditional sense, if it loses two wickets. The bowler and batsmen, once nominated, cannot be changed. All the fielders take a part in the contest. The eliminator is played with the same fielding restrictions as those in place for the last over of a normal Twenty20 match.

d. Is there a toss for the eliminator?

No. The team that batted second in the actual match bats first.



- e. Is there a change in any of the other ground conditions?
 - The eliminator conditions permitting has to played on the same day, on the same pitch, with the umpire(s) standing at the same ends as they finished the match, and with the ball that was in use at the end of the second innings. Both eliminator innings are played from the same end, which is chosen by the umpire(s). The usual cricket rules governing no-balls, wides etc apply to the eliminator overs.
- f. What if the teams are tied at the end of the eliminator / Super Over?

 For DCL we will use a second Super Over or third Super Over if necessary to determine the winner. A maximum of 3 Super Overs can be played. If at the end of the third Super Over, the teams are still tied, the match will be decided by the toss of a coin.

2. Other Generic Rules in DCL:

1. Guards

- a. Batsman is not allowed to wear cricket pads anytime during a match.
- b. Regular shin guards are allowed for safety purpose. Wide shin guards will not be allowed and the player can be disqualified if found wearing one.
- c. Umpires should be strict with the LBW rules if the batsman is using the shin guard to block the ball without offering a shot
- d. Abdominal guards are mandatory for every batsman. Umpire should immediately disqualify a batsman if he is not wearing an abdominal guard
- 2. Under-arm bowling is strictly prohibited.
- 3. Runs and extras are scored in accordance with the laws of cricket except as indicated otherwise in this rules document.
- 4. Teams should complete the overs in a timely manner. Umpire(s) are requested to ensure this.
- Run Out
 - a. Also note that in the case of run-outs and stumping, a batsman is considered to be out of his ground unless a part of his bat or body is grounded inside the crease. Thus, if the body or the bat is grounded on the crease line, but not inside, the batsman is "out".
 - b. In case a stump is already dislodged and batsman is safe in terms of run out, the stumps has to be uprooted to get a run out provided at a later time the batsman decides to take a run.

6. Wicket Keeper

- a. There should be one wicket keeper behind the wickets at all times.
- b. The wicketkeeper must wear gloves whilst keeping wickets.
- c. Wicket Keeper is allowed to bowl in the tournament.

7. Byes and Leg Byes

- a. Byes are allowed.
- Leg Byes are not allowed. Leg Byes can be used only for the purpose of rotating strike.
 No runs shall be accrued. Players can be run out while attempting a leg bye. No runs shall accrue on an over throw resulting after a Leg Bye.

8. LBWs

- a. Deliberate Padding by a batsman is not allowed anytime during the match. The Umpire(s) are required to give a warning for the first 2 times and can rule the batsman out LBW on the third time. Deliberate Padding is defined as defending the balls, which is going to hit the stumps otherwise, with your legs, without offering a shot.
- b. LBWs are **not** allowed **except** in the case of deliberate padding as described earlier.

9. WIDE BALL

- a. Scoring
 - i. 1 Extra Run + 1 Extra Ball + Any run taken by Byes
- b. To assess a WIDE delivery, two lines are drawn at a distance of one full standard bat from the off stump at right angles to the crease and extending from the bowling crease. Two lines are drawn for the leg side at a distance of 6 inches from the leg



- stump at right angles to the crease.
- c. A bowled ball passing the crease outside these lines shall be designated a WIDE, (Note: Not above the lines) provided it does not touch the bat and/or any part of the striker or part of his equipment shall be designated a WIDE. Please note: Anything on the Leg side is NOT a wide. Even if both Captains and Umpires agree, the teams should adhere to this DCL rules.
- d. The ball will be considered "LIVE" after a call of WIDE, i.e. the batsman can be out.
- e. When the ball goes over the head of a batsman in his normal stance when standing in his crease and he cannot play a normal cricket shot it should be called a Wide.

10. NO-BALL

- a. Scoring (Due to height)
 - i. 0 Extra Run + 1 Extra Ball + Any run taken by Bat/Byes
- b. Scoring (Due to Overstepping)
 - i. 1 Extra Run + 1 Extra Ball with Free Hit + Any run taken by Bat/Byes
- c. The bowler is not required to inform his bowling style to the umpire. The umpire is required to ask for the bowling style and convey it to the batsman.
- d. Umpire will also call a "chucked delivery", a NO BALL. Three NO-BALLED chucked deliveries by a bowler will lead to prohibition of the bowler from bowling any further in that game.
- e. The normal rules will apply to the call of "NO BALL". If after delivery, the ball is then considered WIDE, the call of "WIDE-BALL" takes precedence over the "NO-BALL" call unless it's a 'over-stepped NO BALL.
- f. One bouncer, which, after bouncing, passes the batsman above SHOULDER height and below the head in his normal stance, or would have passed him above SHOULDER height if it strikes the batsman's bat or body, but below the head is allowed per over. One bouncer warning should be given to the bowler. Any subsequent bouncers of this nature shall be called a NO BALL by either umpire.
- g. Any ball which, having not bounced after leaving the bowler's hand, passes the batsman above waist height, or would have passed him above waist height if it had not struck the batman's bat or body, shall be called a NO BALL by either umpire.
- h. The ball remains live after the call of NO BALL. Batsman can get run out.
- i. The bowler's back foot must land within and not touching the return crease (side lines). The bowler's front foot must land with some part of the foot, whether grounded or raised, behind the popping crease (front line) .If the umpire at the bowler's end is not satisfied that both these conditions have been met, he shall call and signal NO BALL.
- i. The bowling crease will bear no significance for a no balls.

11. DEAD BALL

a. There is no concept of a dead ball in this tournament. This is to avoid any controversies that could arise during the matches.

12. Batsman Retired Hurt

- a. A batsman can retire only if he is actually injured. The umpire should act with due diligence to ensure that is the case especially during the power plays
- b. Once a batsman retires he is not allowed to return to bat until the last wicket
- c. A batsman can only retire at the end of an over unless the batsman is really hurt.

13. Batsman - Bv-Runner

d. By-Runner is no longer allowed. If a batsman gets injured and cannot play any longer, the batsman is expected to retire

14. Ball Usage

e. Every bowling side should get a newly taped tennis ball at the beginning of the innings. The decision to re-tape the ball or to provide a newly taped ball at any stage of the innings is with the umpire(s). Tampering with the tape of a ball is prohibited and umpire(s) could raise an objection if the team is found tampering with the tape. The reason for belaboring this point is that the tape does influence the way the ball behaves on the grounds. Moreover, the water content in the ground also alters the behavior for the first few matches of the tournament. Teams are advised to use cloth towels to wipe the water



off the bowl.

- f. Only balls that are supplied by the organizers should be used for tournament matches. These are heavy tennis balls imported from India. White electric insulation tape should be used to cover the ball in order to make it heavy.
- 15. Ground Standards to be followed for conducting a match
 - a) The pitch should be 22 yards.
 - b) For a RHB the wide marks should be placed one bat from the off stump on the off side and 6 inches from the leg stump. Do the reverse for a LHB.
 - c) Boundaries should be marked clearly either with flags or cones. Boundaries should not be less than 180 feet (60 yards or 60 steps) from the pitch
 - d) Batting/ Bowling crease should be a full bat plus the handle of the bat.
 - e) There should be a box for the bowler's side.

16. DCL Rule for Mankading:

Non striker must keep within his ground until the ball has been delivered by the bowler. By backing up too far or too early leads to gaining an unfair advantage to the non striker. This act is not acceptable. There will be a single one time warning for the TEAM by the umpire and the main umpire must inform the square leg umpire and the team captains. If it is repeated then bowler can run non-striker out as per the ICC rules below.

Bowler attempting to run-out non-striker before delivery (Tests, ODIs and T20Is)

"The bowler is permitted, before releasing the ball to attempt to run out the non-striker. Whether the attempt is successful or not, the ball shall not count as one of the over. If the bowler fails in an attempt to run out the non-striker, the umpire shall call and signal Dead ball as soon as possible."

17. Use of Bails:

- a. Use of bails is optional. Captains and umpires can collectively make the decision depending on the weather and ground conditions
- b. If bails are used during the game, at-least one bail needs to be completely removed from the top of the stumps for the batsman to be out. This holds good irrespective of whether spring stumps or regular stumps are used during the game.

3. Team Equipment / Gear:

- 1. Each team is required to carry the following equipments
 - a. Bats
 - b. Balls/Tapes should collect from the organizers
 - c. Wicket keeping gloves
 - d. Flat cones to mark the inner circle
 - e. Cones/flags to mark the boundaries
 - f. Print out of the DCL rules page for the specific tournament
 - g. Medical kit for emergency
 - h. Stumps and Bails
 - i. Spray cans to paint the crease
 - j. Spray cans to mark the wide delivery area
 - k. Score sheets, clipboard and pens

4. Scoring and Ranking:

- 1. The scorer will score independently and keep a detailed score of all statistics as specified on the score sheet including the number of balls played, dot balls, runs scored etc.
- Fielding team is responsible to track the score after every over. In case of disputes, umpire's decision is final



- Captains and the umpires are expected to sign off on the final score sheet.
- 4 Points
 - a. 4 points are awarded to the winning side.
 - b. 0 points are awarded to the losing side.
 - 2 points are awarded to both the sides in case a match is cancelled due to weather related reason
 - d. The side having the highest score after the completion of the game wins the game. If the total scores are the same, the match would be decided by a Super Over.
- 5. Rankings: Teams are ranked by their points and net run rate

5. Umpiring Responsibility:

- 1. Every team needs to take umpiring responsibility VERY seriously and is required to send umpire(s) for their umpiring duty.
- 2. Two players sharing 1 umpiring duty is not allowed
- 3. If any team makes alternate arrangements for umpiring, it's their responsibility to make sure the umpire shows-up. If there is no show by the umpire, the originally scheduled team will be penalized. This is to discourage any kind of manipulation by the team that misses umpiring.
- 4. If teams make any alternate arrangements for umpiring, they need to notify the organizers and the affected team captains/vice captains 24 hours before the game.
- 5. Teams will be docked 2 points for missing each umpiring duty. In addition, there is a monetary fine of \$50 for the first offense and \$100 for the repeat offense. Team is required to pay the fine within 3 days of the offense; otherwise, they will have to forfeit their next game. Teams will not be allowed to continue further in the tournament until they pay the fine. This penalty may impact the team ranking and might be carried over to the next tournament too.
- 6. Teams might also get suspended for 1 or more tournaments for repeated missing of their umpiring duty.
- 7. Teams should ensure that the umpire sent for the umpiring duty has the proper knowledge of ICC and DCL rules and can control the match.
- 8. If the umpire does not meet the above requirement, the umpiring team will be fined \$40/-. This will be decided based on the feedback provided from both the playing captains.

6. Umpiring Guidelines:

- 1. Umpire(s) should check the pitch and the ground to see if it meets the basic requirements. He should check the suitability of outfield for play when it rains.
- 2. Bowlers will be given another ball by the umpire if retrieval of the previous ball would waste time (e.g., a long boundary shot) or the ball's tape is coming out.
- 3. Umpire(s) are encouraged to consult with each other for any doubtful decisions. They can reverse the decision if they think it was wrong. Umpires priority is to give the right decision.
- 4. Umpire(s) will remain impartial at all times on the field.
- 5. Both umpires should do line umpiring every other over or however it is decided upon. Never it should be that 1 umpire stays as line umpire for 1 innings and the other for the next. This is to avoid inconsistencies.
- 6. Umpire(s) will keep track of the number of overs during which a fielder has left the field (for whatever reason) applies mostly to bowlers.
- 7. Umpire(s) keep time of all breaks, and notify the captains as to when to resume.
- 8. Umpire(s) should file a complaint about any indecent behavior by a player or a team on the field to the organizing committee
- 9. Umpire(s) are the final authority during the game. Any player showing unreasonable dissent in the opinion of the umpire(s) and/or the adjudicator shall be disqualified from further play in the tournament following due and fair warning from the said official/s.
- 10. If teams end up playing with 1 neutral umpire, he will serve as the main umpire. The main umpire can overrule the leg umpire's decision if the leg umpire is from the batting team for Run



Outs and Height No balls and stumping as required; under this situation, main umpire has the final say in all the decisions

7. Match Timings and Punctuality

- 1. Match Timings are published in the schedule for each tournament.
- 2. Teams should report on the ground at-least 15 minutes before the start.
- 3. Umpires should report to the ground at-least 10 minutes before the start
- 4. The first ball of the match should be bowled at match start timing.
- 5. Both captains or designated members should be present for the toss before the start time.
- 6. Coin toss will be completed off the field, and both teams will be fully prepared to take the field immediately
- 7. A team should have at least 8 players to start the game.
- 8. Penalty for taking the field late.
 - a. If the team takes the field:
 - i. After 15 minutes from Scheduled start of play: Deduct 2 overs
 - ii. After 30 minutes from Scheduled start of play: Deduct 5 overs
 - iii. After 45 minutes from Scheduled start of play the waiting team will get a bye and 4 points.
- 9. If one of the teams is not ready to take the field, we recommend that the waiting captain inform the umpire about the other team being late and request him to penalize the opponent. The umpire should implement the rule as strictly as possible. The umpire should make sure that 1 team is ready and the other team is not ready to take the field and accordingly penalize the team being late. The decision would be taken by the umpire(s) present after considering the situations. Once the umpire(s) have taken a decision, the team captains should make sure that they follow it gracefully. If a captain thinks that the umpire is not implementing the rule properly, the captain should immediately consult the organizing committee and request the committee to discuss the scenario with the umpire.
- 10. Any side not ready to take the field will forfeit the match, or must take the field with 'player(s) short as long as they have at least 8 players on the ground. Any deliberate delay in the start of a game will result in the guilty team being penalized overs or, ultimately, disqualification from the competition. In this case the other team will get 4 points.
- 11. If both teams are short of players and are not ready to start at the scheduled start time, umpires should deduct applicable number of overs per above rule to both the teams. This is needed to ensure games are completed on-time. Please note that in this case, both teams net run rate will take a hit as it will be considered as 20 overs game even though they play lesser # of overs
- 12. If both the teams arrive 45 minutes late from the scheduled time without informing the umpire(s), the umpire(s) are not obligated to stay for the match. The teams will have to continue the match using their players as the umpire(s) with a reduced number of overs in order to complete the game before the stipulated end time.
- 13. If any or both the umpires do not show-up on-time, team captains are expected to start the game with their own umpires. Please **DO NOT CALL** the organizers during this situation. The main aim is to play the match. It is highly impossible for the organizers to run around and provide backup umpiring. Team captains and the umpire are required to communicate the absence or late arrival of umpire(s) to the organizers via email after the game.
- 14. It is expected of all teams to finish one innings in two hours and the match within 4 hours of playing time. In order to accomplish this teams are expected to show up 15 minutes before the scheduled start time. This will allow time to set up the pitch and boundary markers. It takes at least 15 minutes to setup the ground.
- 15. All teams are expected to communicate with their opponent and the umpiring team 1 day before the scheduled match. Any changes in the timing of the match should be pro-actively communicated to all the umpiring teams. Any cancellation of the match for weather or other reasons and walk-overs should be communicated to the umpiring team/opponent team. If a team is not planning to show-up at the ground, they should inform the opponent team and the umpiring teams at-least the night before



the game.

- 16. The teams could face fine and/or point deduction if they fail to communicate to the umpiring teams/opponent team and the umpires/opponent team end up coming on the ground for a match that has been called off, delayed or forfeited.
- 17. Teams completing a game are expected to exit the field in an orderly and efficient manner

8. Rain /Washout/ Bad Weather

- 1. If the game is not completed due to bad light or bad weather the game may be rescheduled if there is a reserve week-end is in the schedule. Otherwise, teams may have to split points
- 2. In case, a game has to be stopped before completion and before the second innings completed 10 overs, the game may be rescheduled per above or the teams may need to split points if it's not possible to continue within the next 2 hours.
- 3. In case, a game has to be stopped before completion but after the second innings completed 10 overs, the game will be decided on run rate at the time of stoppage.
- 4. If it's not possible to reschedule the game then the game will be considered a tie and each team would get 2 points.
- 5. However, note that several other situations and complications may arise. Sometimes, the captains of both teams can reach a unanimous decision after discussion with each other that is different from what is dictated above. The final decision, after consultation with the playing captains, will be made by the organizers. Interference, of other teams will not be entertained.
- 6. If it has rained the previous night or is raining, the 2 hour maximum wait should be followed by a pitch inspection by the umpire(s). If play is deemed possible by the umpire(s) and the captains, then a reduced 10 over match will be played that day.
- 9. Cold Weather
 - a. If the weather forecast indicates that it will be 50 degrees (F) or more during the playing time (8 AM to 12 PM), the teams are required to play the match as per the schedule. The weather readings should be taken at weather.com and should be taken at 8PM on the previous day.
 - b. The teams should decide on a suitable start time ensuring that both the playing teams and the umpiring teams agree to it. In case of a dispute, Scheduling Committee will make a final decision.
 - c. If the weather is not suitable to play as mentioned above, the teams are free to decide and play on that day, however the umpiring teams are not obligated to umpire for that day.

10. Reserved Weekend

- a. The reserved weekend, wherever possible, may be used to reschedule any games that were cancelled due to weather related reason
- b. The cancelled games may be rescheduled based on their ascending chronological order as they appear in the original schedule
- c. Rescheduling a game on a reserve weekend can be done only with organizers approval

9. General Guidelines:

- 1. All teams are expected to be familiar with all the rules
- Transfer of players between teams is not allowed unless otherwise approved by the Scheduling Committee.
- 3. A player is NOT allowed to play for more than one team irrespective of whether the teams are in the same division or different divisions.
- 4. Registration fees are due before the start of the first game of every tournament.
- 5. The organizers are not responsible for providing any cricketing gear.
- 6. The organizers are not responsible for providing any drinks
- 7. Play will be continuous on multiple grounds if required.
- 8. The exact position of the pitch and the boundaries will be set before each game depending on the ground conditions. The two teams will be responsible to set up the ground. Bowling will take place



from only one end.

- 9. Teams with less than 8 players will not be allowed to play a league match. A match will not start until at least 8 players are on the field for both the teams. If there is a delay till 8 players arrive on the ground, the team will be penalized as per the rules defined
- 10. If a team has more than 11 players on the ground, the team is required to register the playing 11 names with the umpire before the start of the game. This way they cannot pick and choose the playing 11 after the match has started. They can write the player names behind the score sheet.
- 11. Teams are required to clean-up the ground/pavilion after the game and to put back any items they may have moved before the game.

10. Captain's Responsibilities:

- 1. One player from each team will act as Captain for the duration of the competition
- 2. It's the duty of the team captain to maintain discipline and decorum on the field
- 3. The captain should be conversant and proficient with the laws of cricket.
- 4. The captain should control the behavior and conduct of all his team players and represent them in the case of disputes
- 5. The captain should make sure his team respects the umpire's opinions and decisions.
- 6. The captain will be responsible for going over the rules and regulations with their players.
- 7. It is the captain's responsibility to make sure that his team members are present for umpiring as scheduled.
- 8. It's the captain's responsibility to make sure that the players coming for umpiring know the rules of the tournament.

11. Code of Conduct/ Discipline / Behavior Expectations:

- 1. Everyone should follow the rules and regulations of appropriate conduct on the field; just FYI...everything that happens falls under the jurisdiction of the city/town police department
- 2. As far as the cricketing code of conduct is concerned, the teams are here to have fun and to sigh a bit of relief during the weekends. So we expect to see a sense of camaraderie and sportsmanship.
- 3. We encourage the participating teams to play in line with the laws and spirit of the game. Sledging is strictly prohibited. But the difference between encouraging one's own team-mate and sledging can sometimes get unclear. Under such circumstances, the umpire will have the say in deciding what a tolerable limit is. If the umpire(s) find things exceeding the limit, they might recommend expulsion of player(s) or disqualification of the team. The final decision will lie with the organizers.
- 4. Umpires decisions are final during the game. Arguing or intimidating the umpire is NOT ACCEPTABLE and could lead to suspension of player(s) and team(s)
- 5. We strongly discourage any physical or verbal (direct or implied) attack by a player(s) against: A) The umpire B) Other cricketers C) The stumps, ball or other cricket gear D) Spectators. Guilty players will be ejected by the umpires and may get suspended for 1 or more games. If the player refuses to leave the field, the team will be penalized with forfeiture of the match. No substitutes will be allowed for the ejected player.
- 6. Umpires and Captains are required to file a complaint and submit an incident report about any indecent behavior by a player or a team on the field.

12. Prizes/Awards:

- 1. The following team awards will be presented
 - a. Team Champions trophy
 - b. Team Runners up trophy
 - c. Individual Champions trophy
 - d. Individual Runners up trophy
- 2. The following individual awards will be presented
 - a. Best Batsman



- b. Best Bowler
- c. Best Batting Figure
- d. Best Bowling Figure
- e. Best Catcher
- f. Man of the Match (for Finals)
- 3. The organizers will decide prizes based on team/individual performance
- 4. This list is subject to change without notice

13. Final Note:

- 1. The Organizing Committee reserves the right to amend the Rules at any time if it considers such action to be in the best interests of the competition. Committee holds the right to cancel any team for misconduct (money not refundable)
- 2. THE ORGANIZERS WOULD LIKE TO SEE THE TEAMS RESPECT THE RULES AND PARTICIPATE IN THE TRUE SPIRIT OF SPORTSMANSHIP.

14. Disclaimer:

Dallas Cricket League or its organizers are not responsible in any form or manner for any person or persons getting injured or property damaged as a result of playing cricket during the tournament matches. Teams and/or individuals are responsible for their own safety and the safety of others on the field.