

## SQL Assignment - 4

Retrieving Information from Tables.

1) Write a select command that produces the order number, amount, and date for all rows in the Orders table.

```
D6_87105_Pawan@>select Onum, Amt, Odate from ORDERS;
```

Onum	Amt	Odate
3001	18.69	1990-10-03
3003	767.19	1990-10-03
3002	1900.10	1990-10-03
3005	516.45	1990-10-03
3006	1098.16	1990-10-03
3009	1713.23	1990-10-04
3007	75.75	1990-10-04
3008	4723.00	1990-10-05
3010	1309.95	1990-10-06
3011	9891.88	1990-10-06

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Write a query that produces all rows from the Customers table for which the salesperson's number is 1001.

```
D6_87105_Pawan@>SELECT * FROM CUSTOMERS  
-> WHERE SNUM = 1001;
```

Cnum	Cname	City	Rating	Snum
2001	Hoffman	London	100	1001
2006	Clemens	London	100	1001

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Write a query that displays the Salespeople table with the columns in the following order: city, sname, snum, comm.

```
D6_87105_Pawan@>SELECT CITY, SNAME, SNUM, COMM FROM SALESPEOPLE
-> ;
```

CITY	SNAME	SNUM	COMM
London	Peel	1001	0.12
San Jose	Serres	1002	0.13
London	Motika	1004	0.11
Barcelona	Rifkin	1007	0.15
New York	Axelrod	1003	0.10

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a select command that produces the rating followed by the name of each customer in San Jose.

```
ERROR 1064 (42000): Unknown column 'RATING' in 'field list'
D6_87105_Pawan@>SELECT CNAME, RATING FROM Customers
-> WHERE CITY = 'San Jose';
```

CNAME	RATING
Liu	200
Cisneros	300

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```