RETURN INNOVATION

The Knowledge Spillovers of the British Migration to the US, $1870 – 1940^*$

DAVIDE M. COLUCCIA[†]

GAIA DOSSI‡

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Abstract

What drives the diffusion of knowledge across countries? In this paper, we document that out-migration generates a flow of novel knowledge from the country of destination to the country of origin of migrants. During the Age of Mass Migration, nearly four million British migrated to the US. We construct a novel individual-level dataset linking British immigrants in the US to the UK census, and we complement it with the newly digitized universe of UK patents. Using a new shift-share instrument for bilateral migration and a triple-differences design, we document a positive, significant, and persistent effect of exposure to US technology through migrant ties on the direction of innovation in Britain in 1870–1940. The individual-level analysis indicates that this "return innovation" effect does not require the physical return of emigrants. Instead, migration linkages generate information flows that facilitate the cross-border diffusion of novel knowledge. Our findings suggest that the market integration fostered by migration ties is an additional driver of these knowledge flows.

Keywords: Age of Mass Migration, Information, Innovation, Out-migration.

JEL Classification: F22, N73, N74, O15, O31, O33.

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[†]Department of Economics, Northwestern University. Email: davide.coluccia@northwestern.edu. Website: dcoluccia.github.io. Corresponding author.

[‡]Department of Economics, LSE. Email: g.g.dossi@lse.ac.uk. Website: sites.google.com/view/gaiadossi.