Introduction to python

Classes

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```
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```

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This is the last class of the introductory part of python, then we'll explore the intermediate level where libraries such as numpy and matplotlib.	<u> </u>
That is why this topic is so important, it gathers together all the previous concepts and tools.	

				oject oriented l	based language a
today we wil	l understand w	hat does it mea	an.		

The missing structure is called class es

```
In [1]: class animal:
    def __init__(self,name,age,specie):
        self.name=name
        self.age=age
        self.spe=specie
```

```
In [2]: A=animal('Scooby',2,'Dog')
In [3]: A.age=3
In [4]: A.age
Out[4]: 3
```

```
In [5]: Zoo=[]
In [6]: animals=['Dog','Cat','Mouse']
    names=['Scooby','Tom','Jerry']
```

```
In [7]: for i in range(len(animals)):
    Zoo.append(animal(animals[i],1,names[i]))
In [8]: print(Zoo)
[< main .animal object at 0x10ddf04e0>, < main .animal object at 0x10ddf05</pre>
```

18>, < _main__.animal object at 0x10ddf0550>]

Take a look at this structure

What do you think it means?

We saved there a Dog named Scooby and 1 year old!,

But, What if....

```
In [10]: print(Zoo[0].name,Zoo[0].spe,Zoo[0].age)
```

Dog Scooby 1

Let us construct a different example.

We are going to work on a problem we already did, Let us create ourselves!

Lets have a student class.

```
In [11]: import random
    random.seed(10987654321012345678910)
    class student:
        def __init__(self,name,age,career,semester):
            self.name=name
            self.age=age
            self.career=career
            self.semester=semester
        def Grade(self):
        return round(random.random()*5,1)
```

```
In [12]: Me=student('Mauricio',80,'Professor',1)
In [13]: Me.Grade()
Out[13]: 2.2
In [14]: Me.Grade()
Out[14]: 0.0
In [15]: Me.Grade()
```

Let us create a more complex class

```
In [17]: Zoo2=[]
    animals=['Dog','Cat','Mouse']
    names=['Scooby','Tom','Jerry']
    ages=[1,2,3]
    speeches=['Woof','Miau!','Cheese!']

In [18]: for i in range(len(animals)):
    Zoo2.append(animal2(names[i],1,animals[i],speeches[i]))
```

Inheritance

Let see some examples of what does inheritance means while programming.

For example, my family as a class

```
In [24]: class Sevilla:
    def __init__(self,name,age):
        self.name=name
        self.age=age
    def hair(self):
        return 'Black' #We all have black hair
    def eyes(self):
        return 'Brown' #We all have Brown eyes
    def LastName(self):
        return 'Sevilla' #We all have the same last name
```

If someday i have a son/daughter, for sure he/she will have some features I do, so

```
In [25]: class SonDaugther(Sevilla):
    def __init__(self,name):
        self.na=name
```

```
In [29]: print(MySon.hair())

Black

In [30]: print(MySon.eyes())

Brown

In [31]: print(MySon.LastName())

Sevilla
```