

PHY820/422 HW #3 — Due Monday 9/25/17 @ 5pm

Lagrangians: More practice

1. José and Saletan, Chapter 2, problem 11 (simplified version)

A wire is bent into the shape given by $z = A\rho^2$ and oriented vertically opening upward, in a uniform gravitational field g . Here, z and ρ are defined in cylindrical coordinates. The wire rotates at a constant angular velocity Ω about the vertical (z) axis, and a bead of mass m is free to slide on it without friction.

- (a) Find the equilibrium height of the bead on the wire.
- (b) Find the frequency of small vibrations about the equilibrium position(s).

You are expected to tackle part (b) in two different ways. (i) Expand the Euler-Lagrange equation around the equilibrium point(s) (ii) Construct a conserved quantity from the Lagrangian, and expand it around the equilibrium point(s) to find the frequency of small oscillations.

Bonus point: Solve the same problem for a wire bent into the shaped $z = A\rho^n$ for a positive n .

2. Goldstein (Ed. 2), Chapter 1, Problem 18

A particle of mass m moves in one dimension such that it has the Lagrangian

$$L = \frac{m^2 \dot{x}^4}{12} + m\dot{x}^2 V(x) - V(x)^2$$

where V is some differentiable function of x . Find the equation of motion for $x(t)$ and describe the physical nature of the system on the basis of this equation.

3. Jose and Saletan, Chapter 3, Problem 12(a).

Describe the motion of the Lagrangian $L = \dot{q}_1 \dot{q}_2 - \omega^2 q_1 q_2$. Describe the physical motion and write another Lagrangian (L') that produces the same equations of motion. Is it possible to relate the two Lagrangians by a total time derivative, i.e., $L - L' = dF/dt$ for a function $F(q_1, q_2, t)$?

Hint: Read section 2.2.2 of the textbook.