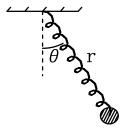
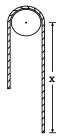
## Physics 321 – Spring 2017

## Homework #12, Due at beginning of class Wednesday April 12.

1. [6 pts] A point mass M is attached to the ceiling by a massless spring that has spring constant k and unstretched length B.



- (a) Write the Lagrangian for this system using r and  $\theta$  as the coordinates. Assume the motion lies in the plane of the paper.
- (b) Use your Lagrangian to find the second-order differential equations of motion. You do not have to solve those equations.
- 2. [6 pts] A thin flexible rope of length b and constant mass per unit length  $\sigma$  hangs over a pulley. The pulley has radius R and moment of inertia I.



- (a) Write the kinetic energy in terms of  $\dot{x}$  and the constants given.
- (b) Write the gravitational potential energy in terms of x and the constants given.
- (c) Use the Lagrangian to obtain the differential equation of motion for x.
- (d) Take the time derivative of the energy conservation equation E = T + V, and check that the result is consistent with your result for part (c).
- (e) Solve the equation of motion assuming the rope starts at  $x = x_0$ , with velocity zero, at time t = 0.
- 3. [8 pts] One end of a uniform rod of mass M and length  $\ell$  is constrained to oscillate in the vertical direction:  $x_0 = 0$ ,  $y_0 = R \sin(\omega t)$ . The center of the rod is at

$$x_{\rm cm} = x_0 + (\ell/2)\sin(\phi)$$
  
$$y_{\rm cm} = y_0 + (\ell/2)\cos(\phi)$$

- (a) Write the Lagrangian L = T V for this system, where  $T = (1/2)M(\dot{x}_{\rm cm}^2 + \dot{y}_{\rm cm}^2) + (1/2)(M\ell^2/12)\dot{\phi}^2$  and  $V = Mgy_{\rm cm}$ .
- (b) Write the equation of motion:  $\dot{p} = F$ , where  $p = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\phi}}$  and  $F = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \phi}$ .
- (c) Let  $M=1,\,g=1,\,\ell=1,\,R=0.05$  . Try various values of  $\omega,$  and use Mathematica to find the motion using

 $sol = NDSolve[{xxxx == 0, phi[0] == 0.4, phi'[0] == 0}, phi[t], {t, 0, 20}]$ Plot[phi[t] /. sol[[1]], {t, 0, 20}] where "xxxx" is the equation of motion, to find how the system moves if it starts at  $\phi[0] = 0.4$ ,  $\phi'[0] = 0$ . For what values of  $\omega$  does the system oscillate in a stable fashion about the vertical direction  $\phi = 0$ ?