

TAKE OFF FROM EARTH'S SURFACE



We have

$$m \left(\frac{dv}{dt} \right) = v_{\text{ex}} K - mg$$

Approximate

$g = \text{constant}$ and $v_{\text{ex}} = \text{constant}$.

How to integrate the diff. eq.?

$$m \, dv = v_{\text{ex}} K \, dt - mg \, dt \quad \leftarrow \text{but } m = m(t) !$$

$$= -v_{\text{ex}} \, dm - m \, g \, dt$$

$$dv = -v_{\text{ex}} \left(\frac{dm}{m} \right) - g \, dt$$

Integrate

$$\int_0^v dv' = -v_{\text{ex}} \int_{m_0}^m \frac{dm'}{m'} - g \int_0^t dt'$$

$$v(t) = v_{\text{ex}} \ln [m_0 / m(t)] - gt$$

Also, $m(t) = m_0 - Kt$ *(assuming K is constant)*

Graph of v as a function of t

- (1) Slope $\sim (v_{\text{ex}} K - m_0 g) / m_0$
- (2) rocket runs out of fuel
- (3) slope $= -g$
- (4) rocket starts to fall downward

Area under the curve = height

