



> **WPF CUSTOM CONTROL DEVELOPMENT UNCHAINED**

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UIDeveloper



Datagraph 11

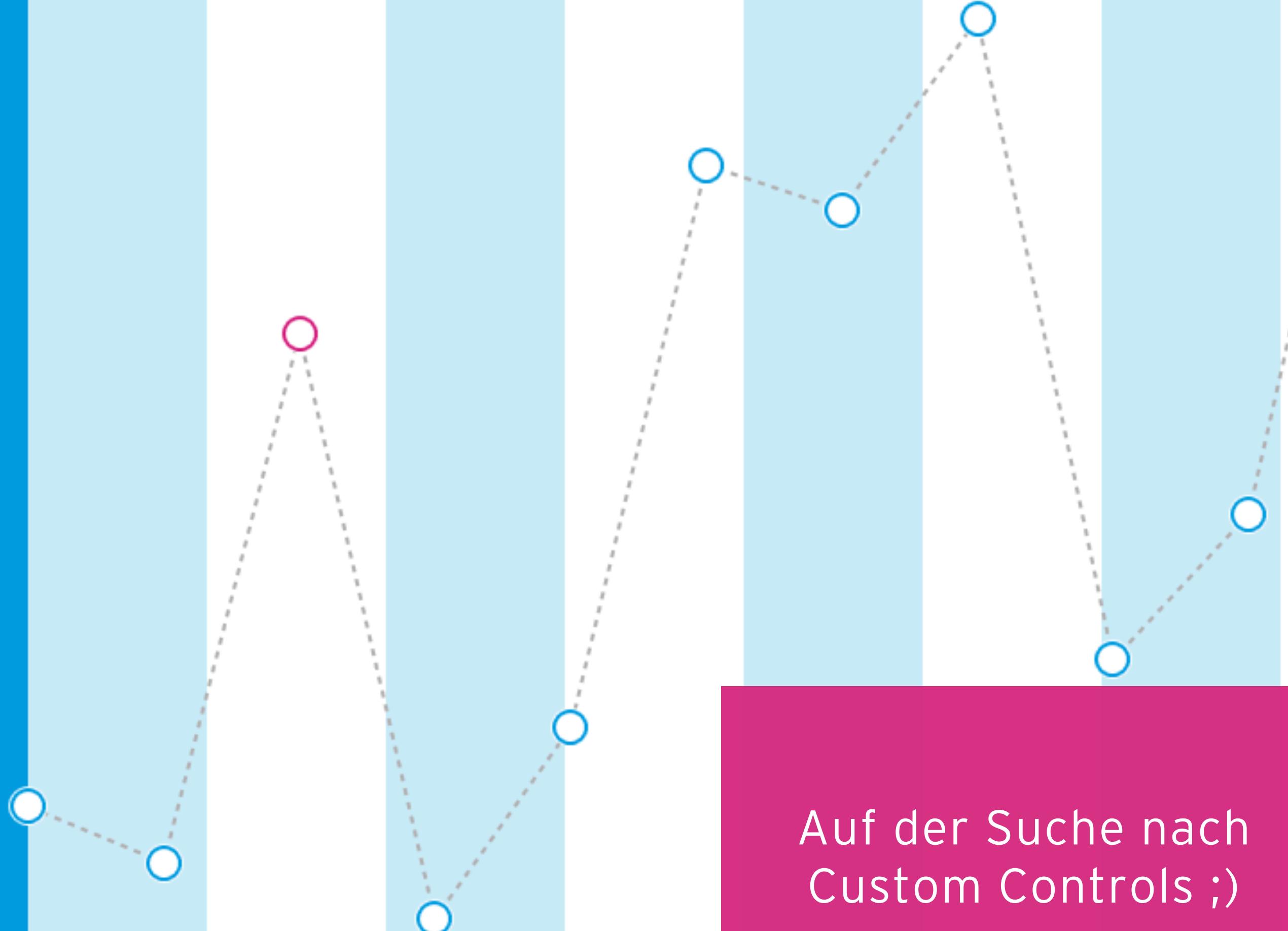


ChangeStyle



Load

62	X
Bubble 18 0, 20	^
Bubble 19 10, 15	
Bubble 20 20, 62	
Bubble 21 30, 10	
Bubble 22 40, 27	
Bubble 23 50, 77	
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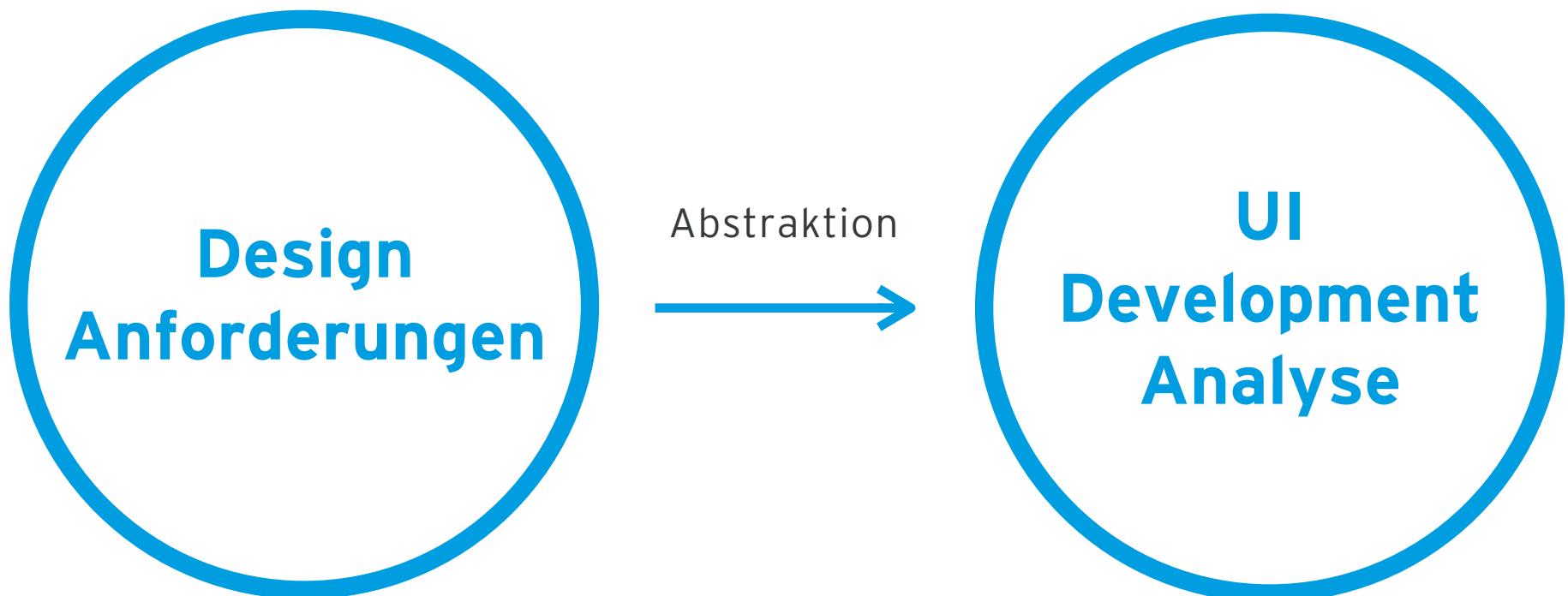


Abstraktes Vorgehen

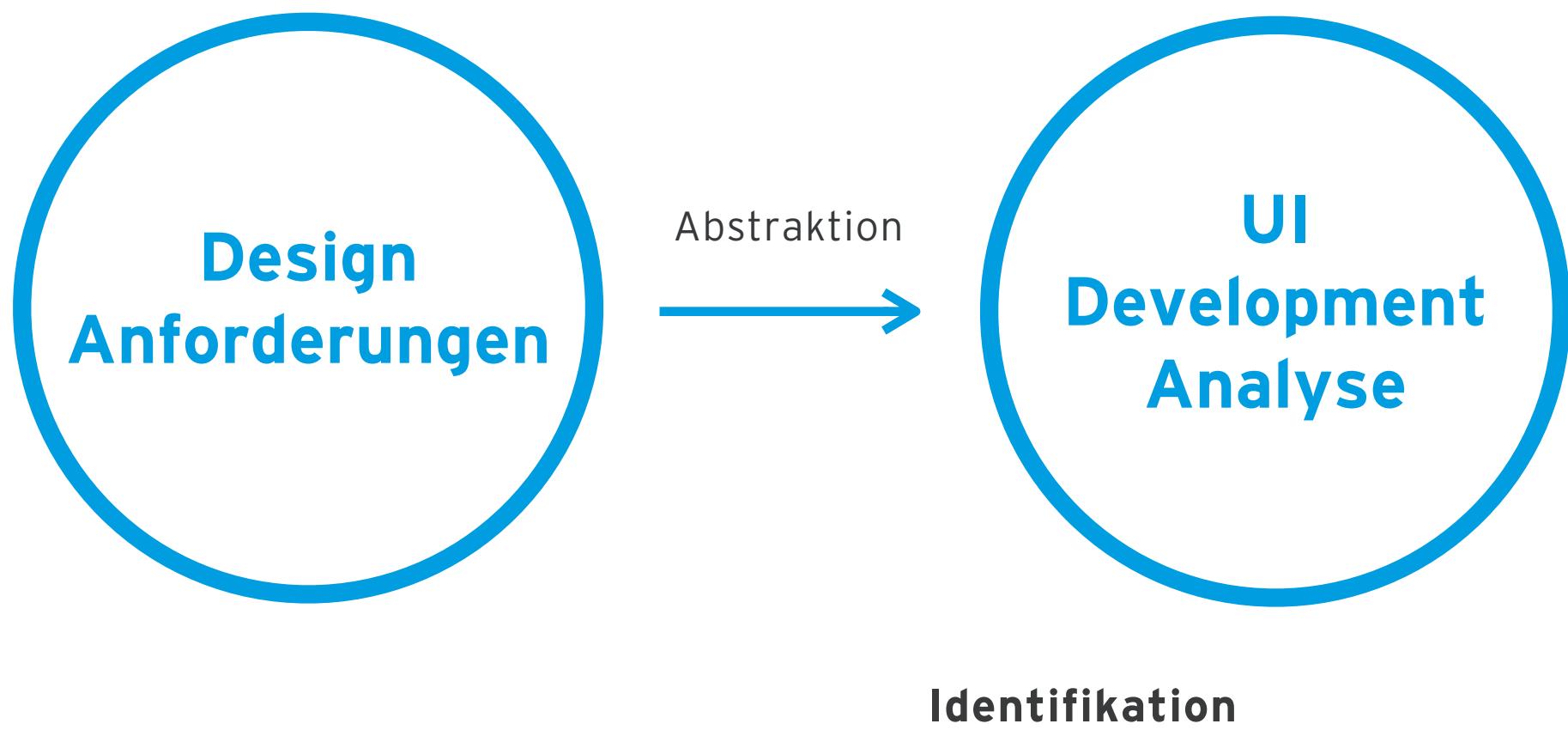
Abstraktes Vorgehen



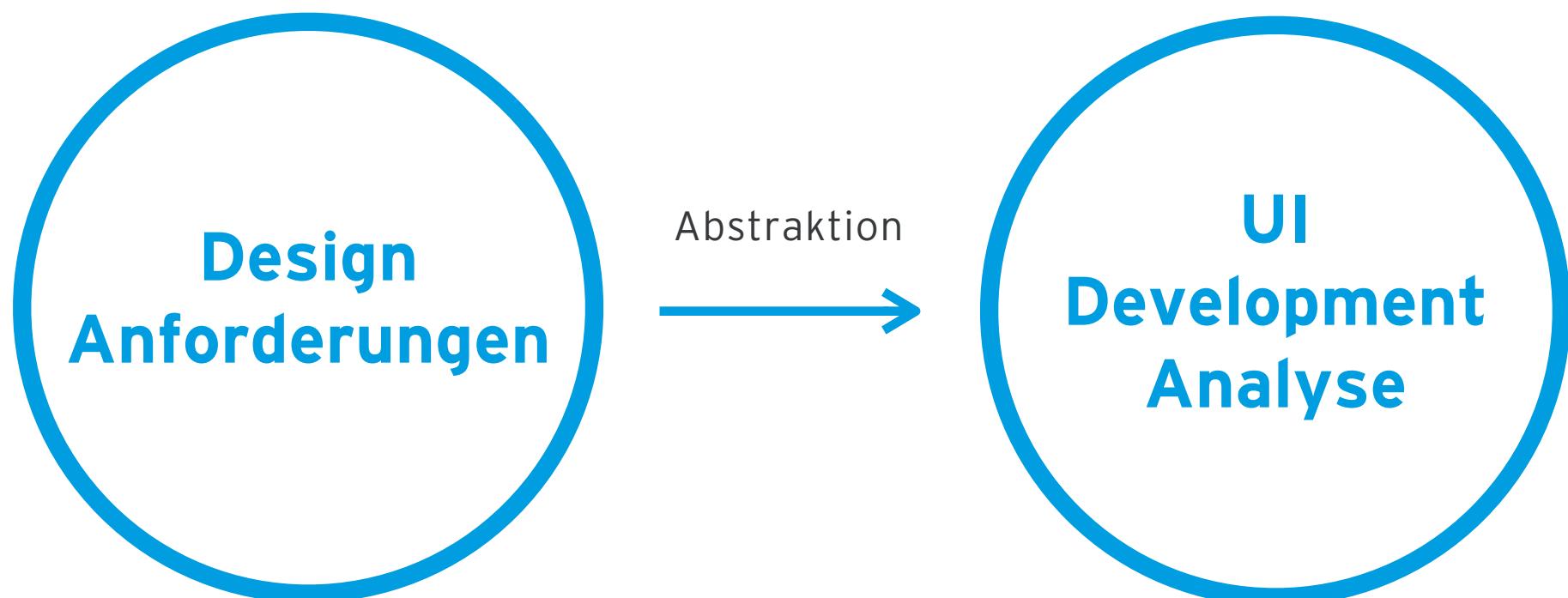
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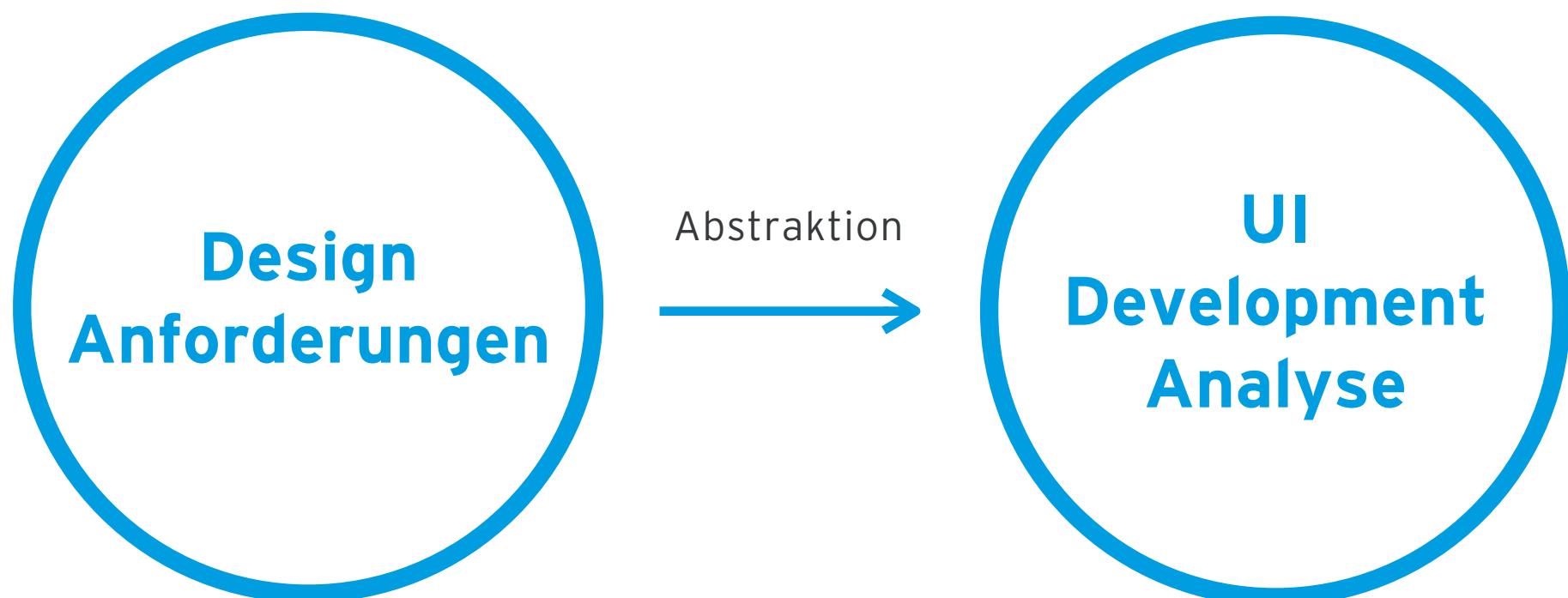
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Identifikation

- > Standard UI Elemente

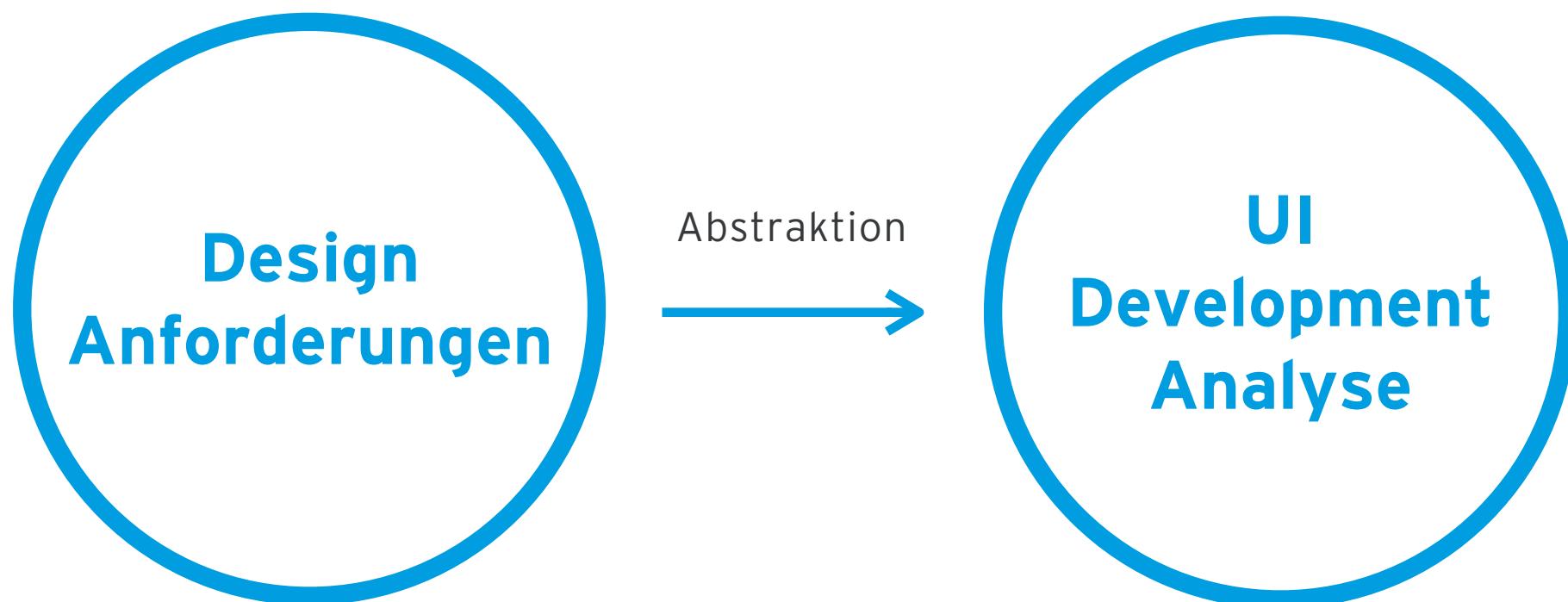
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Identifikation

- > Standard UI Elemente
- > Custom Controls

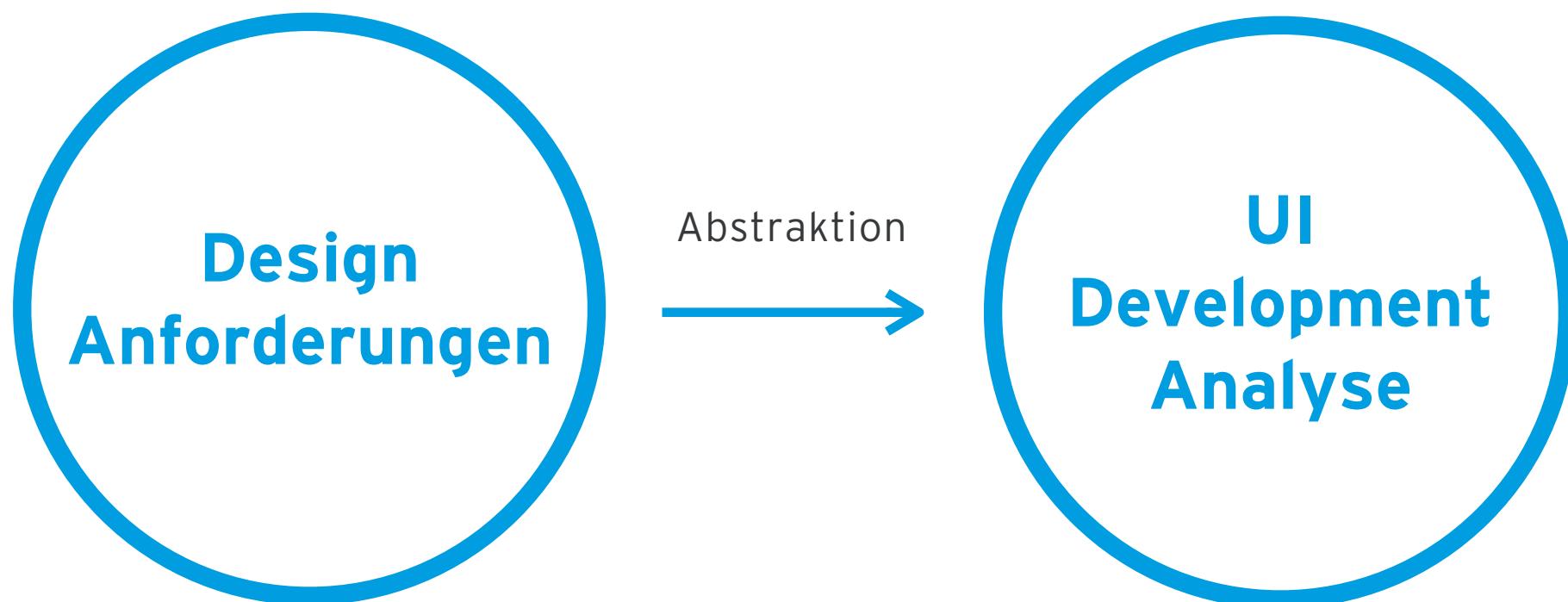
Abstraktes Vorgehen



Identifikation

- > Standard UI Elemente
- > Custom Controls
- > Anforderungsanalyse pro Custom Control

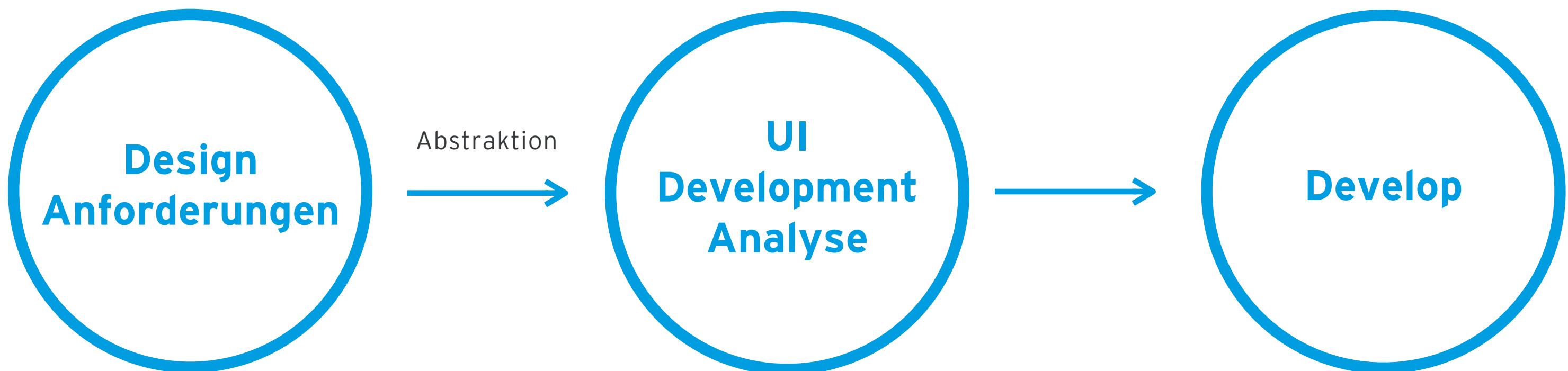
Abstraktes Vorgehen



Identifikation

- > Standard UI Elemente
- > Custom Controls
- > Anforderungsanalyse pro Custom Control
- > Funktionale Anforderungen, Properties, Events,

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CUSTOM CONTROLS?

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- > Ableitung von einer konkreten **Klasse != UserControl**

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- > Default Style möglich Generic.xaml

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- > Visueller Aufbau im Control Template
- > Default Style möglich Generic.xaml
- > Zusammenfassung in einer Control Library möglich

Custom Control Library

Custom Control Library

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- > Verwaltung in Custom Control Library (VS Projektvorlage)

Custom Control Library

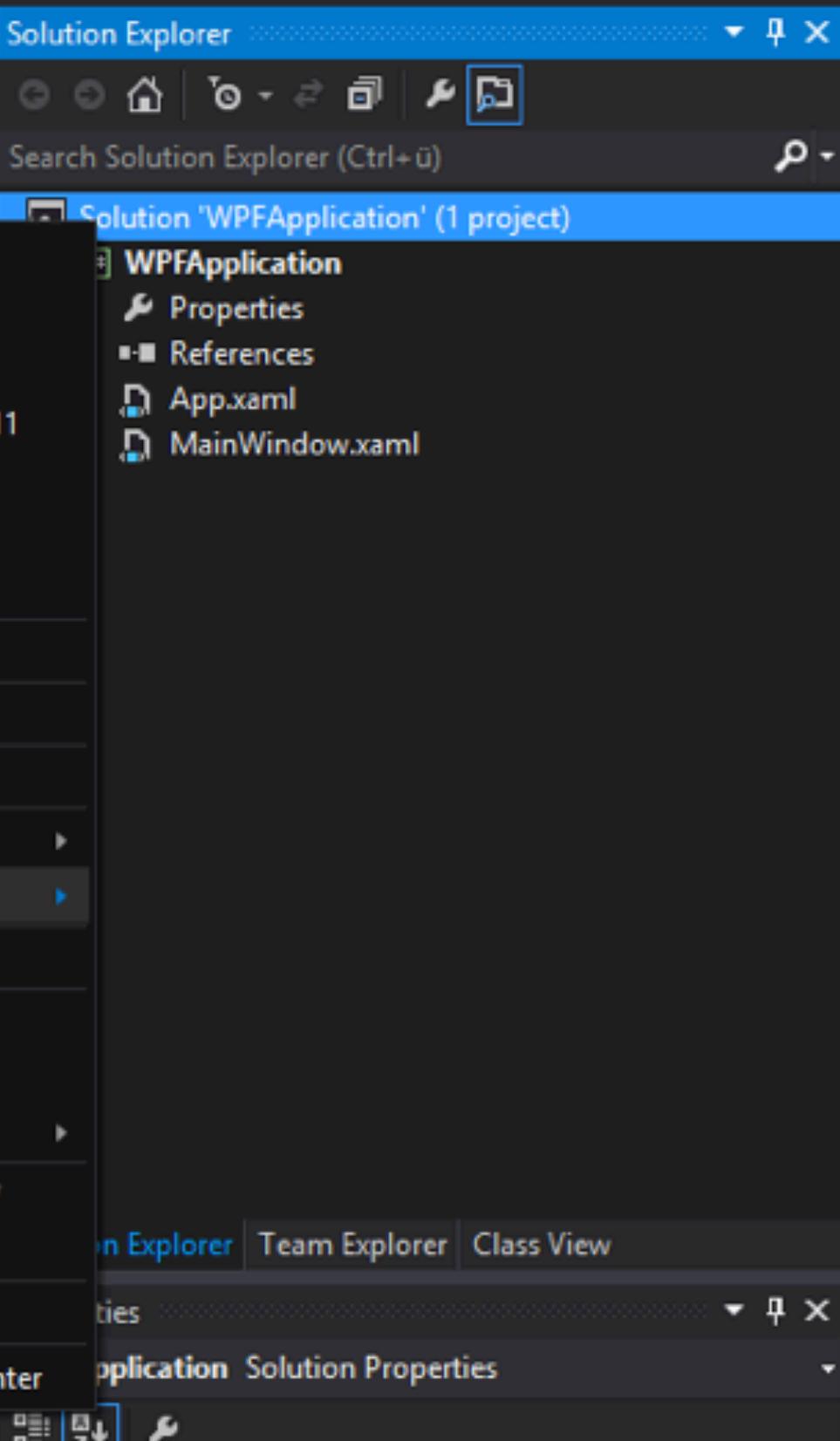
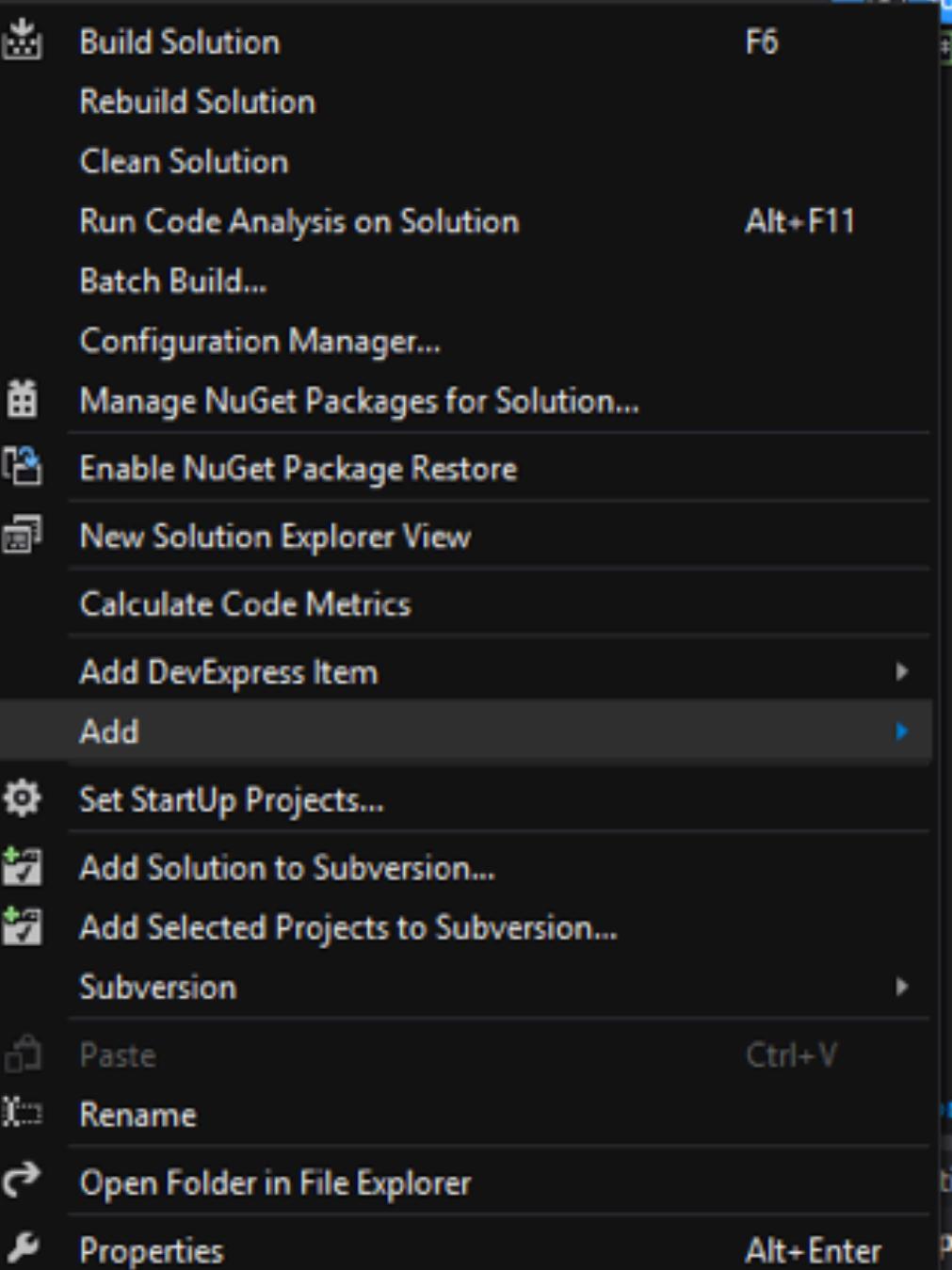
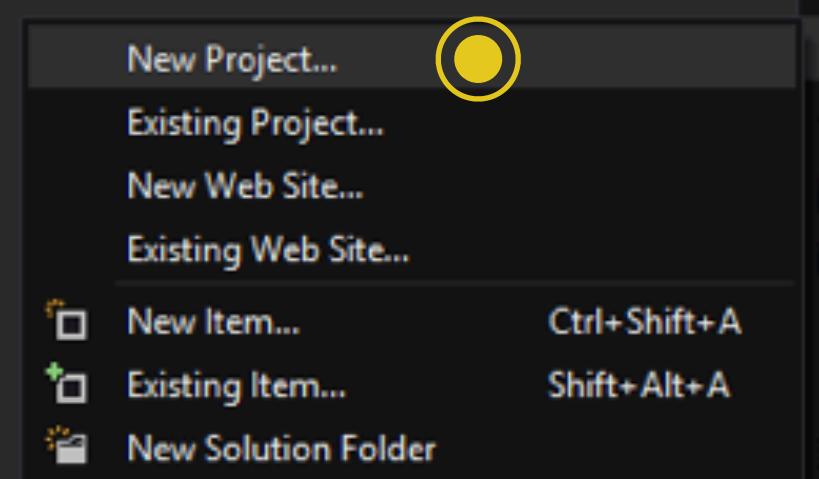
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- > Kann beliebe Custom Controls & Ressourcen enthalten

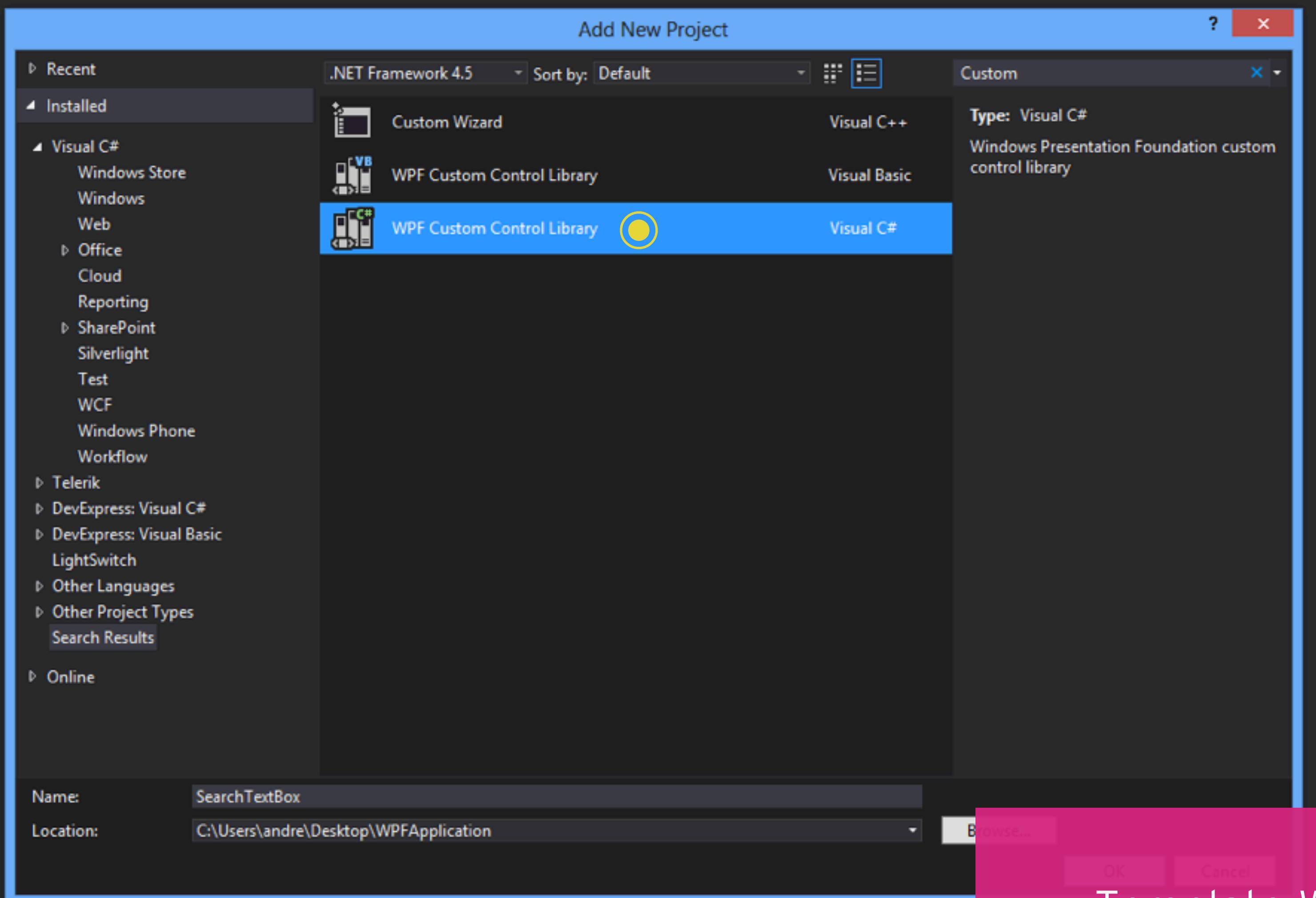
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Custom Control Library

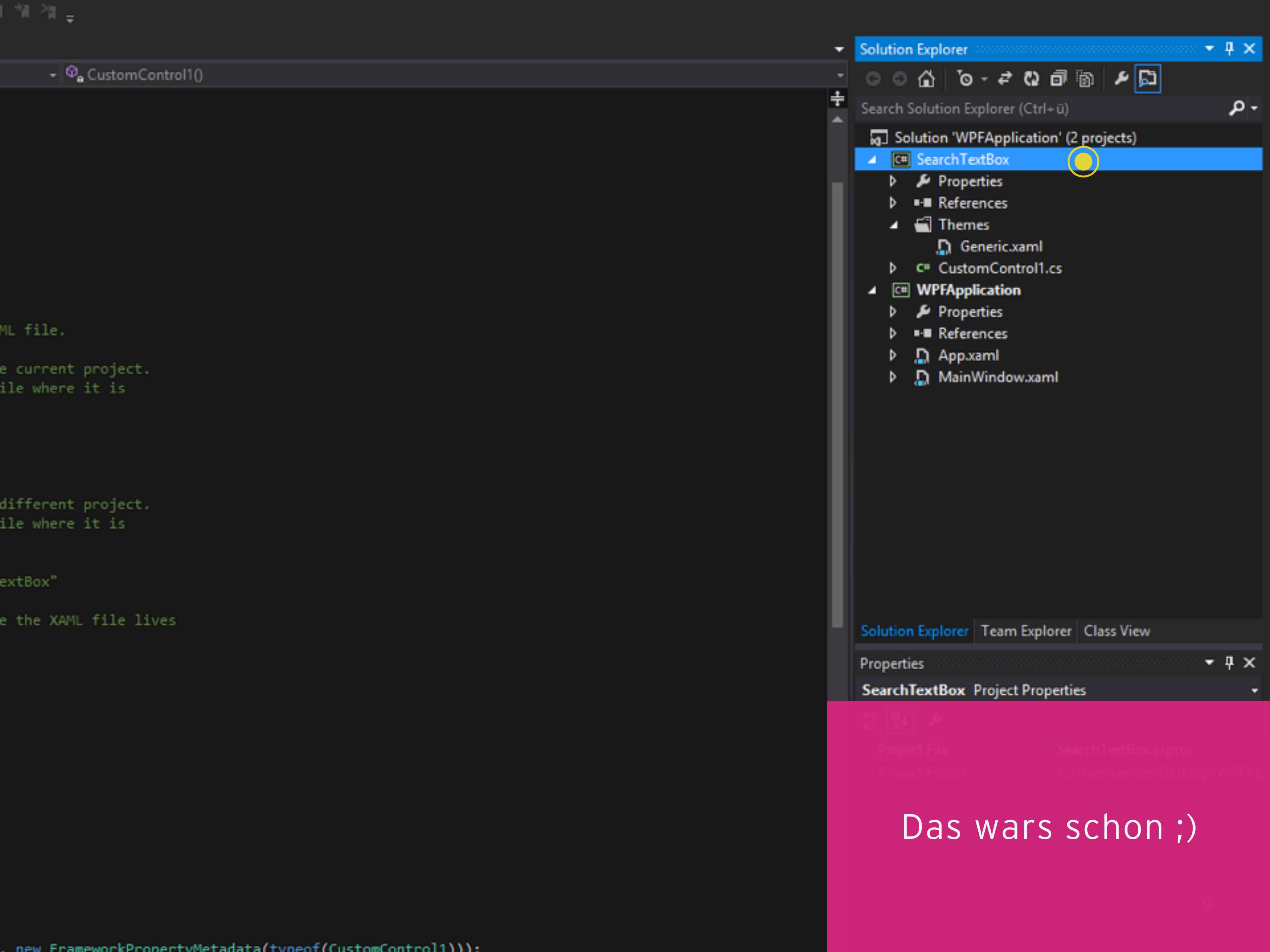
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Generic.xaml" deklariert
 - > Mapping im statischen Konstruktor des Controls
(DefaultStyleKeyProperty.OverrideMetadata)





Template WPF
Custom Control
Library wählen

The name of the solution



CustomControl1.cs

```
using System.Windows.Documents;
using System.Windows.Input;
using System.Windows.Media;
using System.Windows.Media.Imaging;
using System.Windows.Navigation;
using System.Windows.Shapes;

namespace SearchTextBox
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Follow steps 1a or 1b and then 2 to use this custom control in a XAML file.
    ///
    /// Step 1a) Using this custom control in a XAML file that exists in the current project
    /// Add this XmlNamespace attribute to the root element of the markup file where it is
    /// to be used:
    ///
    ///     xmlns:MyNamespace="clr-namespace:SearchTextBox"
    ///
    ///
    /// Step 1b) Using this custom control in a XAML file that exists in a different project.
    /// Add this XmlNamespace attribute to the root element of the markup file where it is
    /// to be used:
    ///
    ///     xmlns:MyNamespace="clr-namespace:SearchTextBox;assembly=SearchTextBox"
    ///
    ///
    /// You will also need to add a project reference from the project where the XAML file lives
    /// to this project and Rebuild to avoid compilation errors:
    ///
    ///     Right click on the target project in the Solution Explorer and
    ///     "Add Reference"->"Projects"->[Select this project]
    ///
    ///
    /// Step 2)
    /// Go ahead and use your control in the XAML file.
    ///
    ///     <MyNamespace:CustomControl1/>
    ///
    /// </summary>
    public class CustomControl1 : Control
    {
        static CustomControl1() { DefaultStyleKeyProperty.OverrideMetadata(typeof(CustomControl1), new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(typeof(CustomControl1))); }
    }
}
```

Generic.xaml

```
<ResourceDictionary
    xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
    xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
    xmlns:local="clr-namespace:SearchTextBox">
    <style TargetType="{x:Type local:CustomControl1}"> ●
        <Setter Property="Template">
            <Setter.Value>
                <ControlTemplate TargetType="{x:Type local:CustomControl1}">
                    <Border Background="{TemplateBinding Background}"
                            BorderBrush="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
                            BorderThickness="{TemplateBinding BorderThickness}">
                        </Border>
                    </ControlTemplate>
            </Setter.Value>
        </Setter>
    </style>
</ResourceDictionary>
```

```
public class SearchTextBox : TextBox
{
    [+] Members
    [+] DependencyProperties
    [+] PropertyChangedCallbacks
    [+] Events
    [+] Commands
    [+] Handlers
    #region Ctor
    /// <summary> ...
    static SearchTextBox() ○
    {
        DefaultStyleKeyProperty.OverrideMetadata(
            typeof(SearchTextBox),
            new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(typeof(SearchTextBox)));
        CommandManager.RegisterClassCommandBinding(
            typeof(SearchTextBox),
            new CommandBinding(ClearTextCommand, ExecuteClearTextCommand, CanExecuteClearCommand));
    }
    #endregion
    [+] Init/Cleanup
    #region OverrideMethods
    /// <summary> ...
    protected override void OnTextChanged(TextChangedEventArgs e)...
    /// <summary> ...
    protected override void OnKeyDown(KeyEventArgs e)...
}
```

SearchTextBox.cs

Generic.xaml

```
<Style x:Key="{ComponentResourceKey TypeInTargetAssembly={x:Type local:SearchTextBox}, ResourceId=SearchTextBox}>  
    <Style TargetType="{x:Type local:SearchTextBox}">  
        <Setter Property="Foreground" Value="Black" />  
        <Setter Property="Background" Value="White" />  
        <Setter Property="BorderBrush" Value="Black" />  
        <Setter Property="BorderThickness" Value="1" />  
        <Setter Property="Padding" Value="1" />  
        <Setter Property="AllowDrop" Value="true" />  
        <Setter Property="ScrollViewer.PanningMode" Value="VerticalFirst" />  
        <Setter Property="Stylus.IsFlicksEnabled" Value="False" />  
        <Setter Property="WatermarkFontStyle" Value="Italic" />  
        <Setter Property="Template">  
            <Setter.Value>  
                <ControlTemplate TargetType="{x:Type local:SearchTextBox}">  
                    <Border x:Name="Bd"  
                            Background="{TemplateBinding Background}"  
                            BorderBrush="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"  
                            BorderThickness="{TemplateBinding BorderThickness}"  
                            SnapsToDevicePixels="true">  
                        <Grid>  
                            <Grid.ColumnDefinitions>  
                                <ColumnDefinition />  
                                <ColumnDefinition Width="auto" />  
                            </Grid.ColumnDefinitions>  
                            <Grid x:Name="TextContainer">  
                                <TextBlock x:Name="Watermark"  
                                        Margin="{TemplateBinding Padding}"  
                                        FontStyle="{TemplateBinding WatermarkFontStyle}"  
                                        Opacity=".5"  
                                        Text="{TemplateBinding Watermark}"  
                                        Visibility="Hidden" />  
                                <ScrollViewer x:Name="PART_ContentHost" SnapsToDevicePixels="{TemplateBinding SnapsToDevicePixels}" />  
                            </Grid>  
                            <Button Grid.Column="1"  
                                    ...></Button>  
                        </Grid>  
                    </Border>  
                </ControlTemplate>  
            </Setter.Value>  
        </Setter>  
    </Style>  
</Style>
```

WANN IST EIN CUSTOM CONTROL SINNVOLL?

> **WANN IST EIN CUSTOM CONTROL SINNVOLL? ALTERNATIVEN VS. CUSTOM CONTROL**

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WPF Standard Controls
gruppieren?

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ValueConverter/Markup
Extensions?

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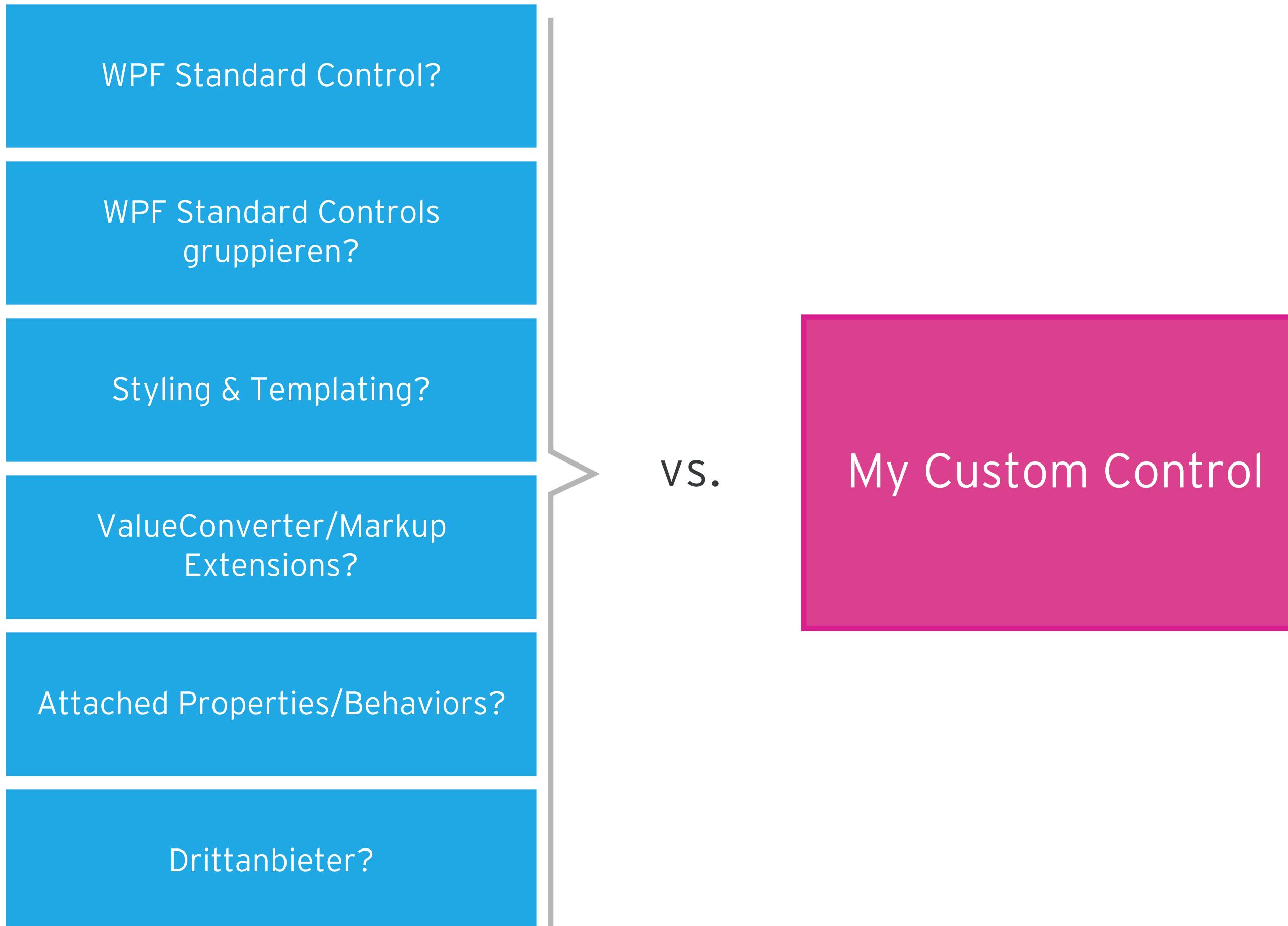
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Drittanbieter?

> WANN IST EIN CUSTOM CONTROL SINNVOLL? ALTERNATIVEN VS. CUSTOM CONTROL



Allgemeine Überlegungen

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- > Wartbarkeit

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- > Kommunikation

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Allgemeine Überlegungen

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- > Produktivität bei großen Projekten
- > Konsistenz in User Interface
- > “Optimale” Lösung für das Problem, nicht mehr und nicht weniger ;)
- > Jedoch ist es **nicht** immer notwendig ein CustomControl zu erstellen (siehe Alternativen & Prototyp vs. Produktiv Code)



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Datagraph 11

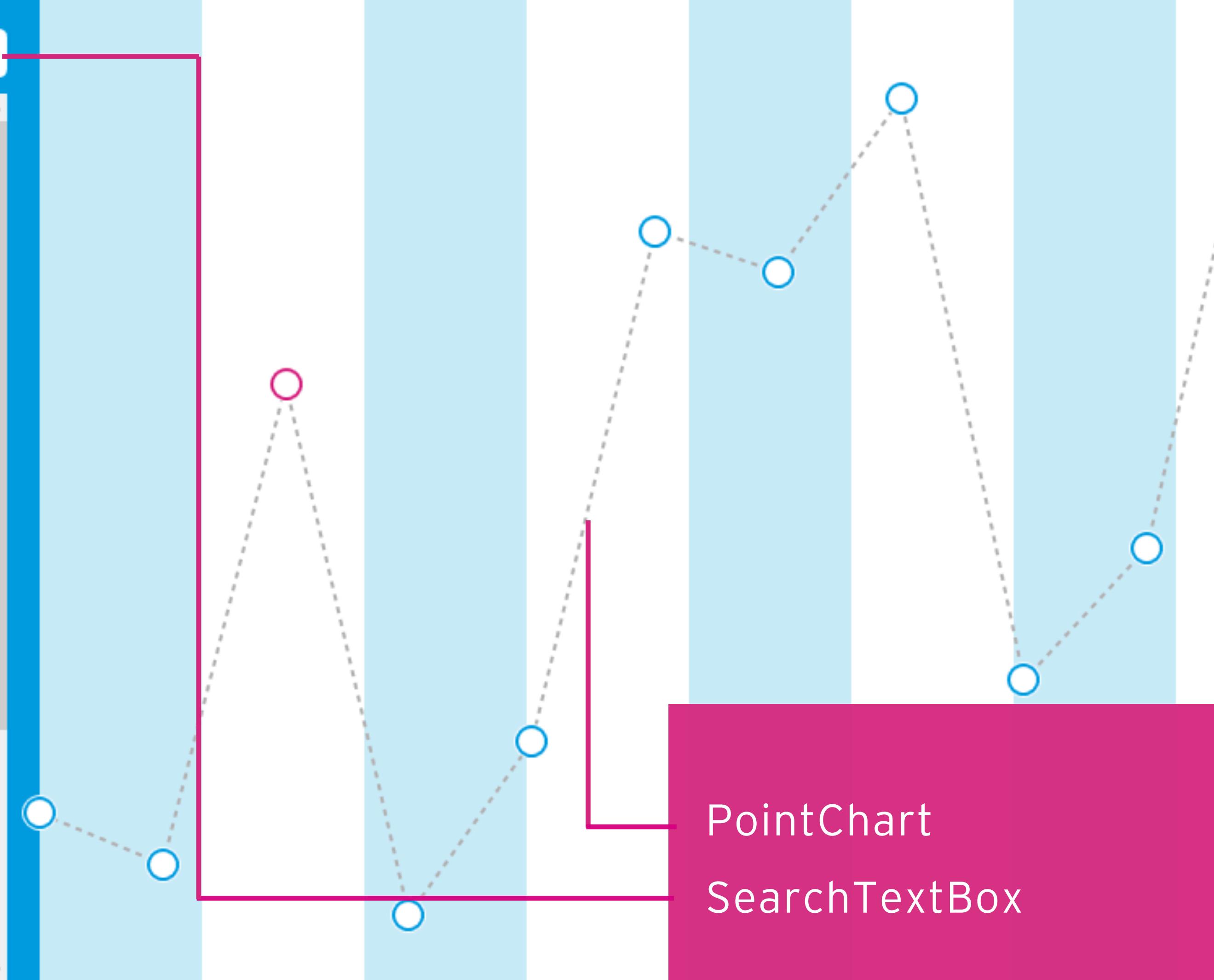


ChangeStyle



Load

62	X
Bubble 18 0, 20	^
Bubble 19 10, 15	
Bubble 20 20, 62	
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PointChart
SearchTextBox

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Die Ausrüstung!

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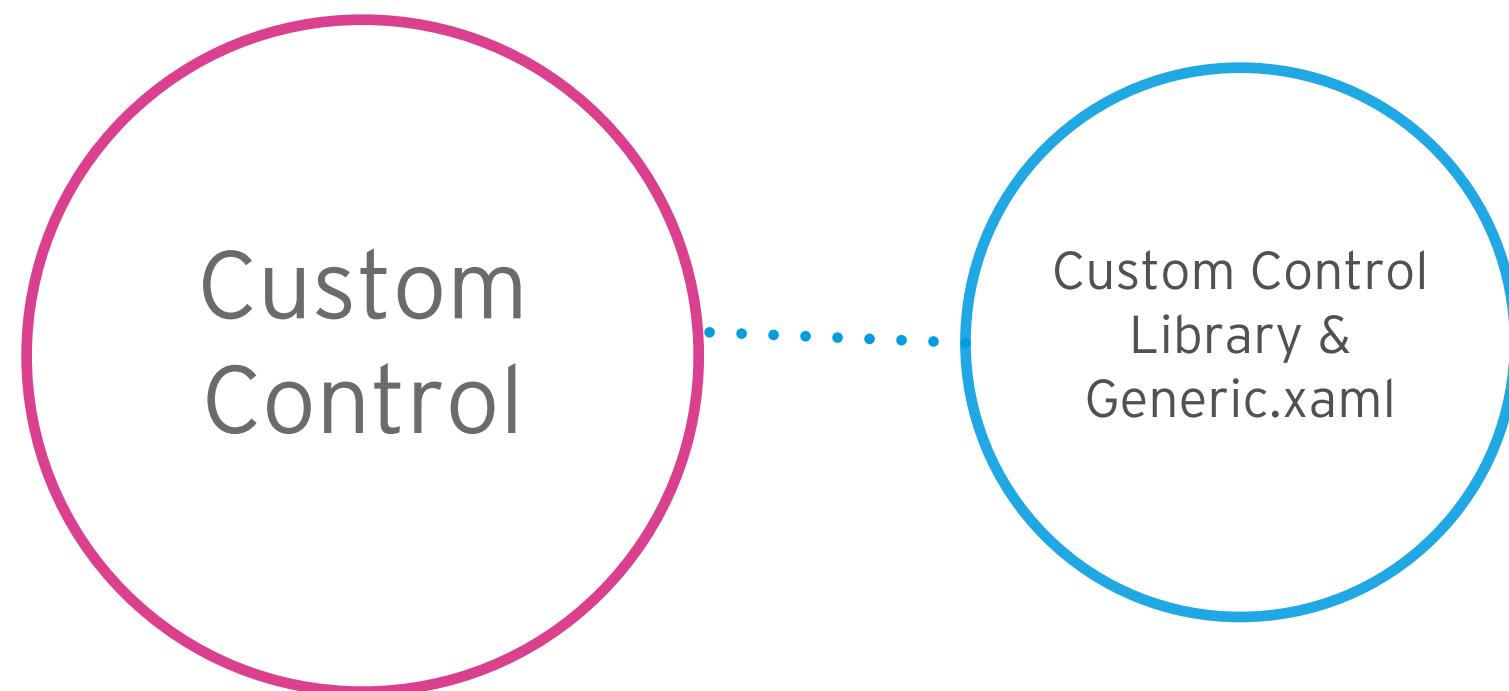
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Custom
Control

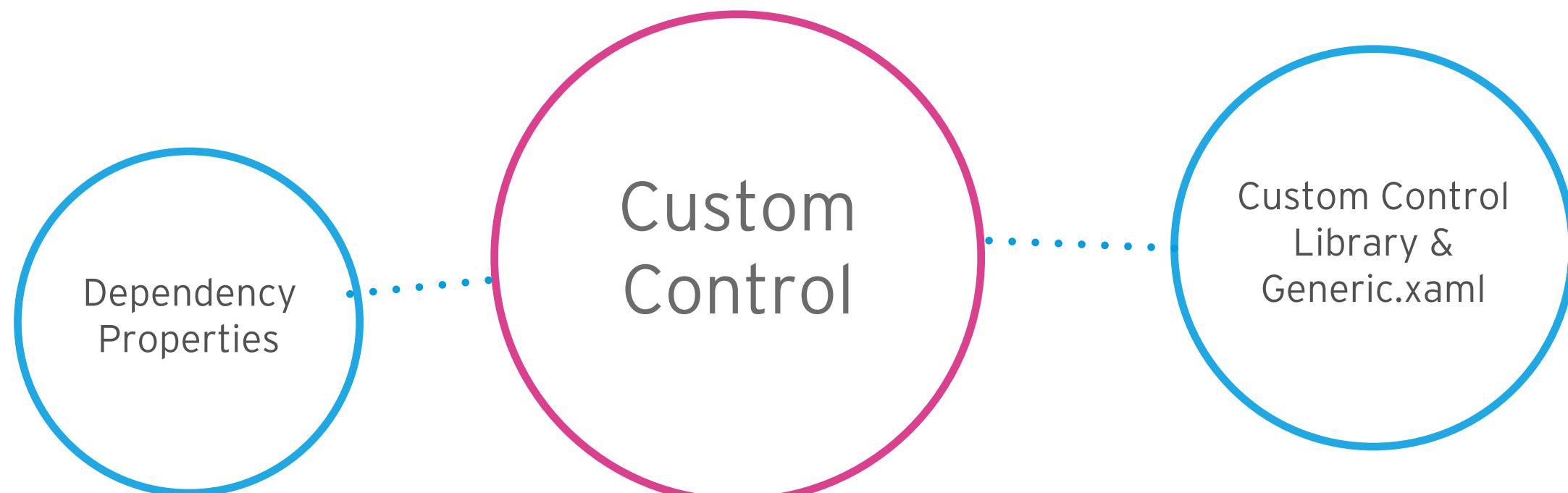
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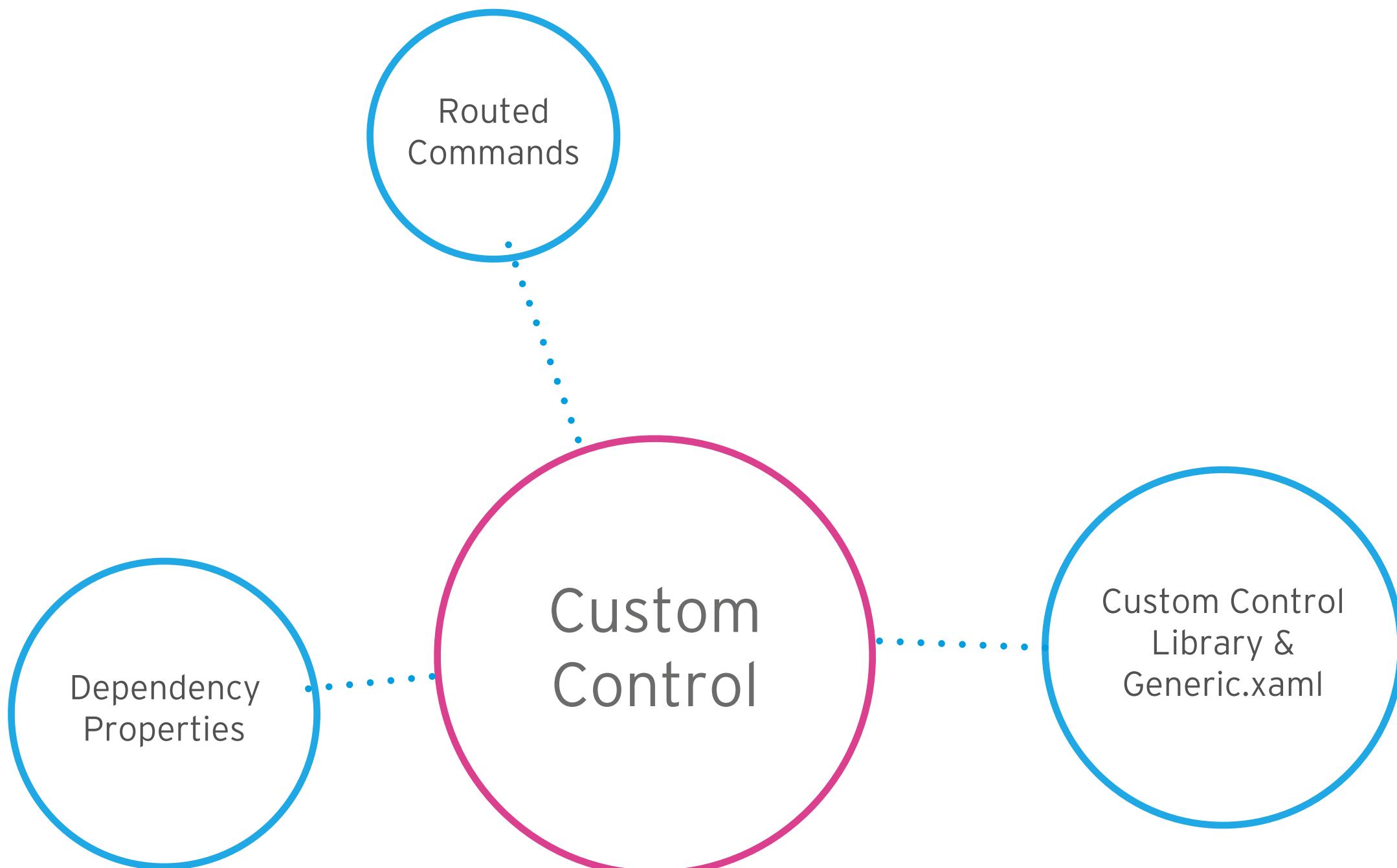


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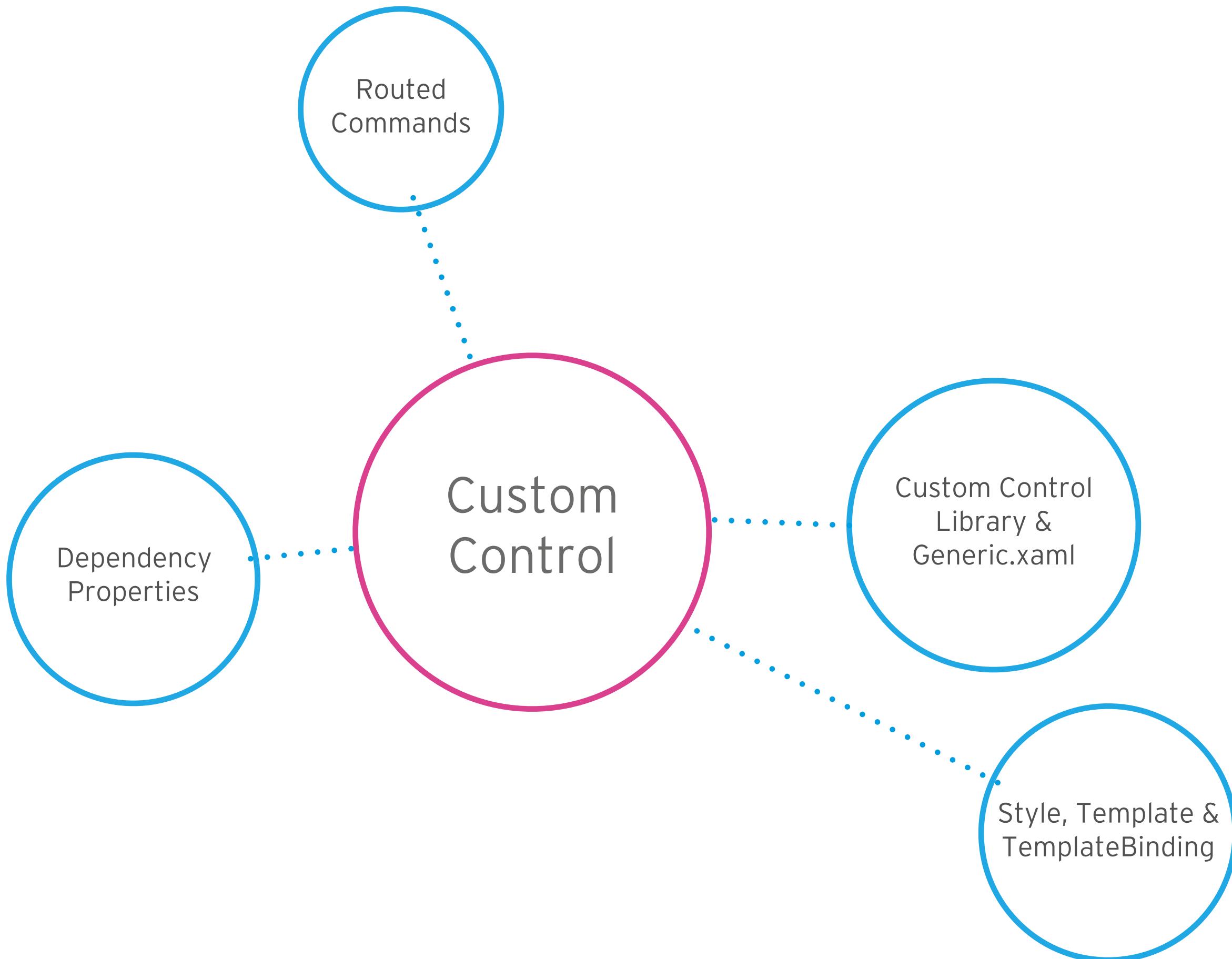
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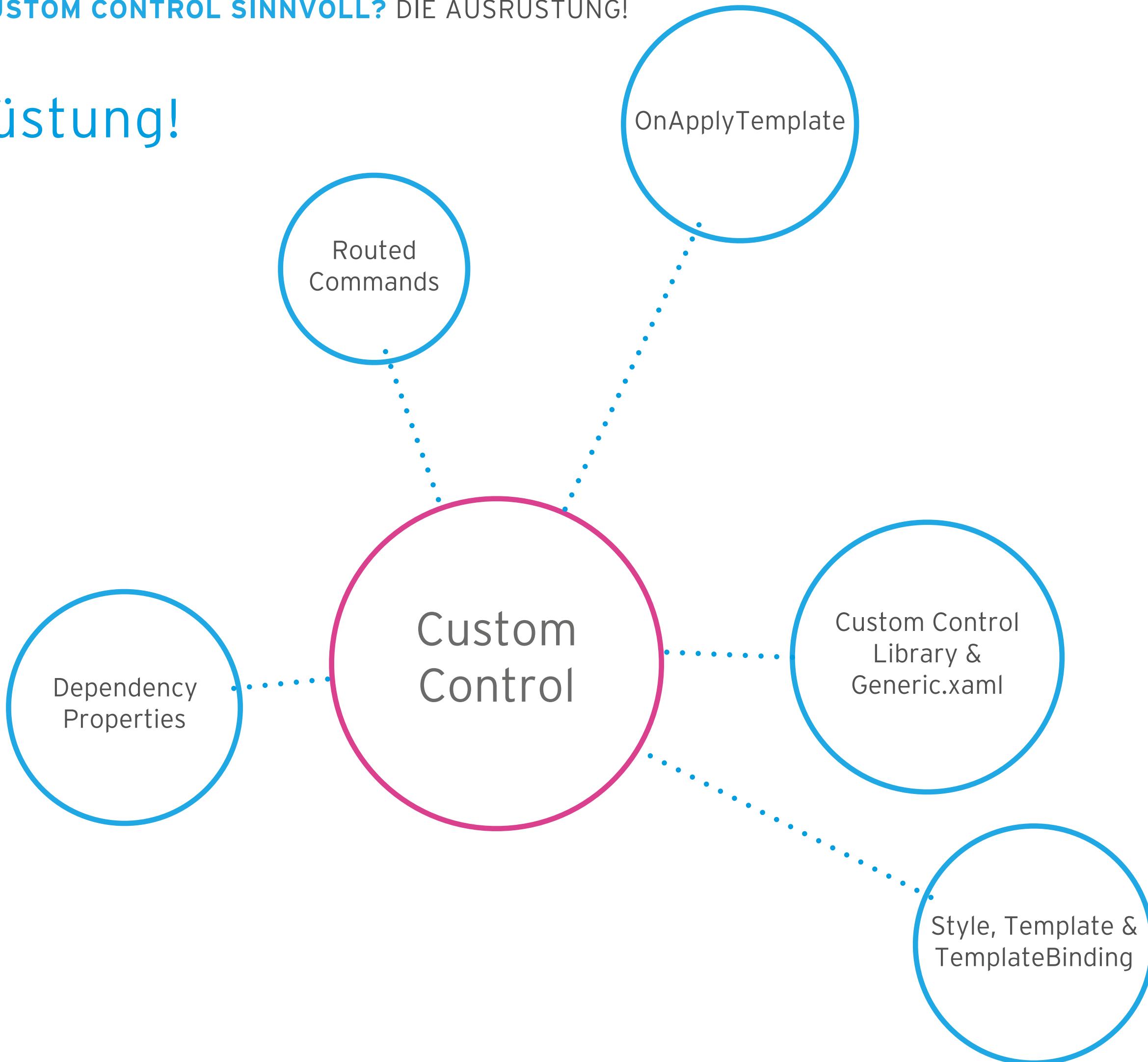
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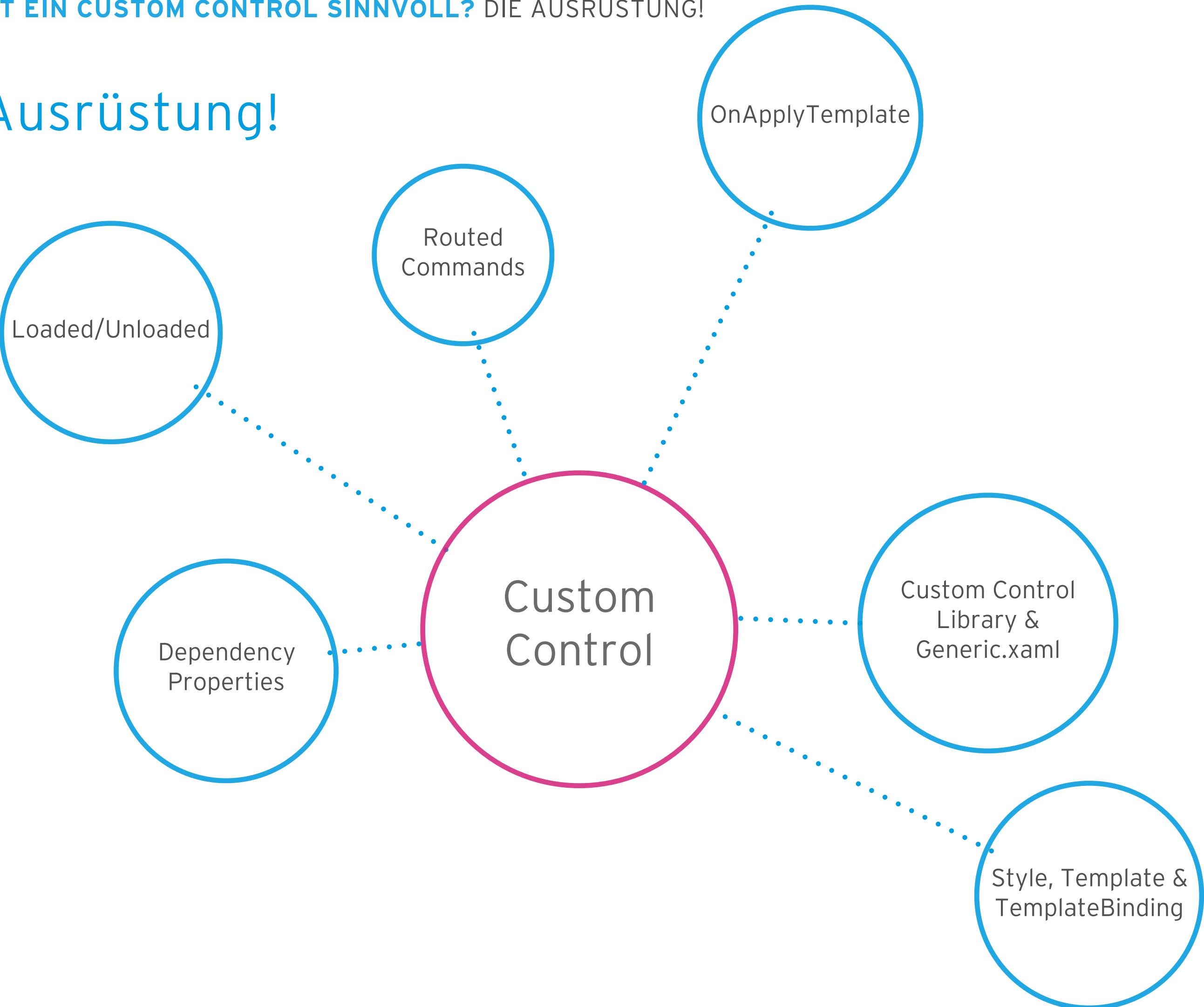
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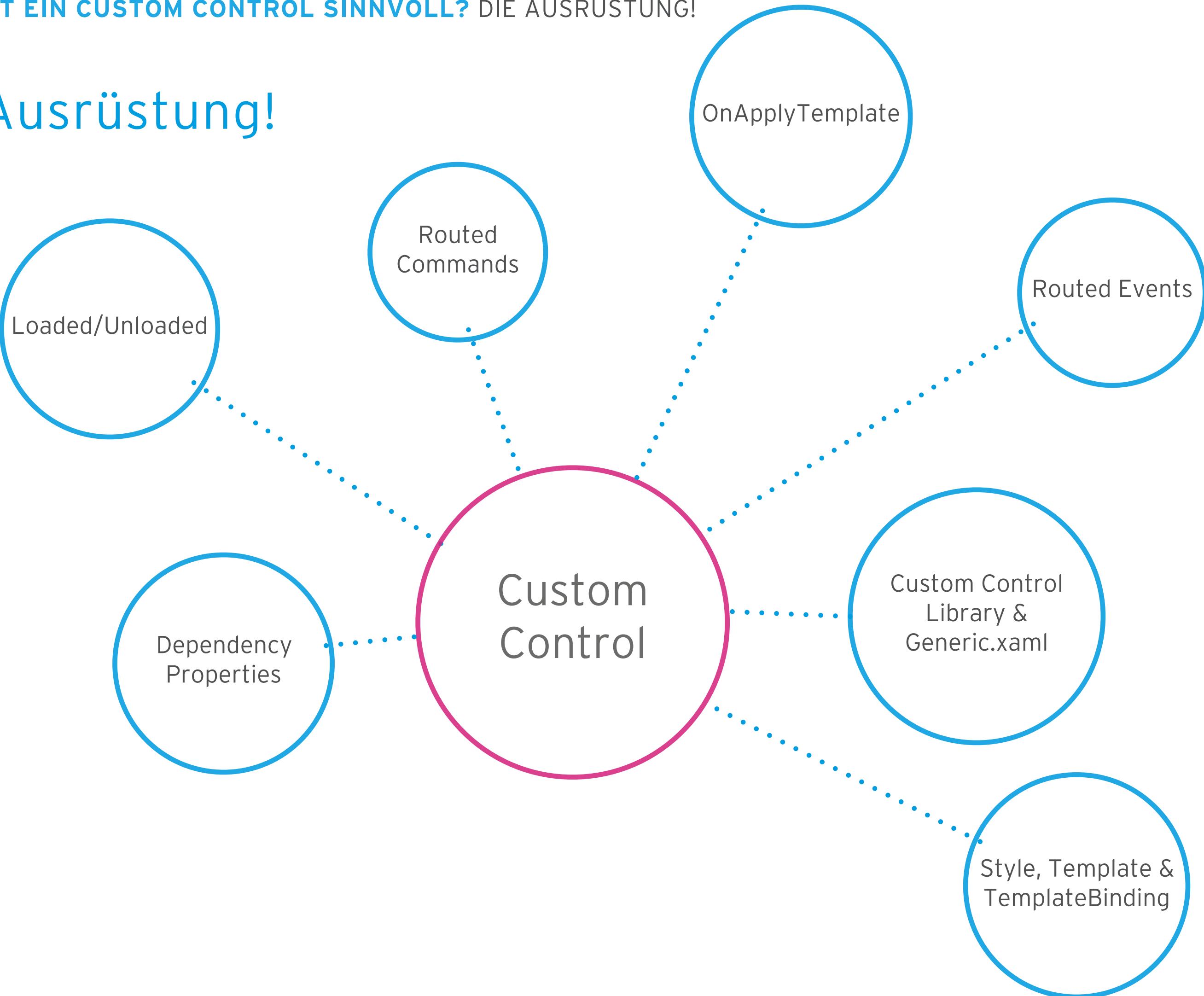
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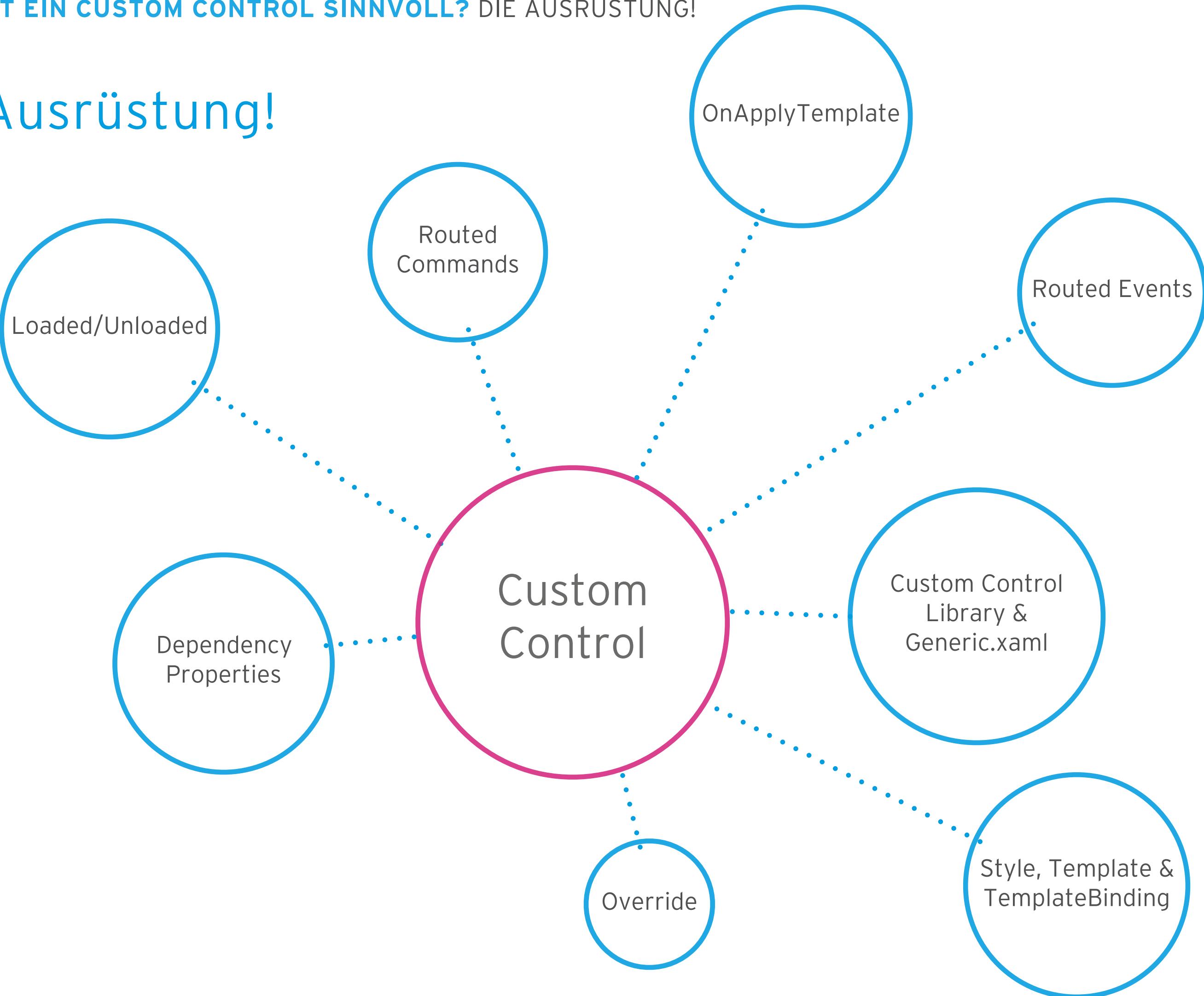
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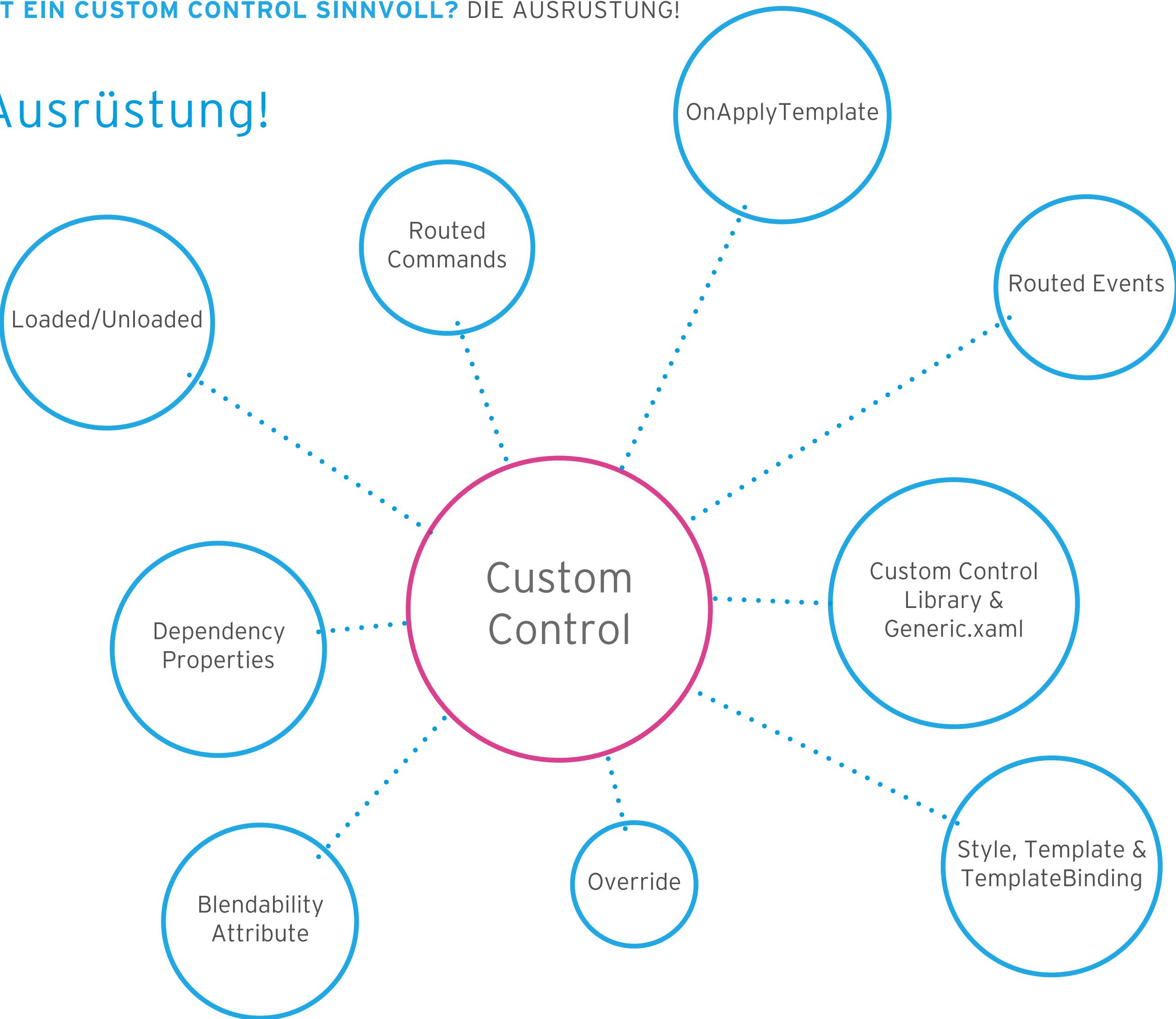
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Die Ausrüstung!



SEARCHTEXTBOX



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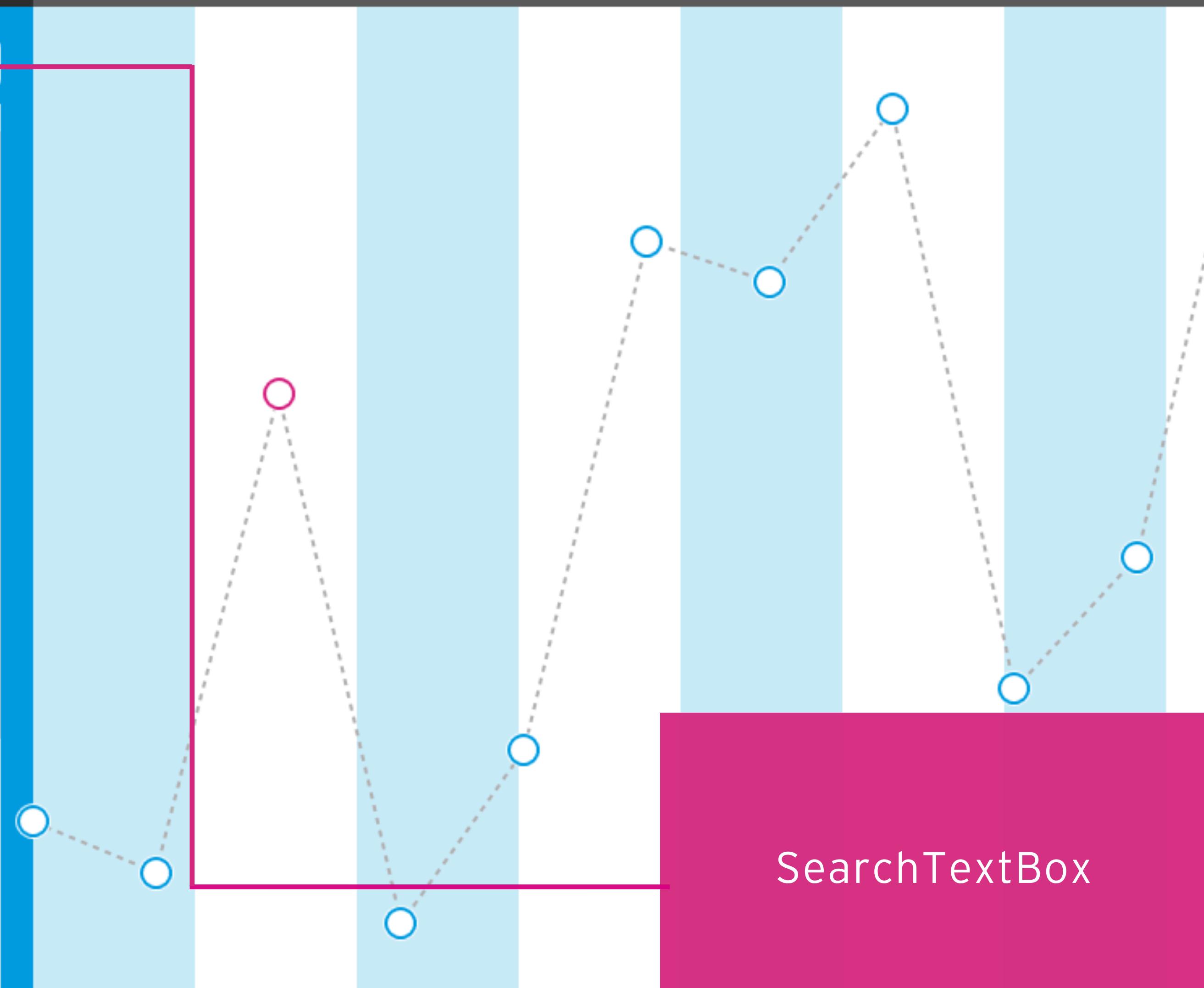


ChangeStyle



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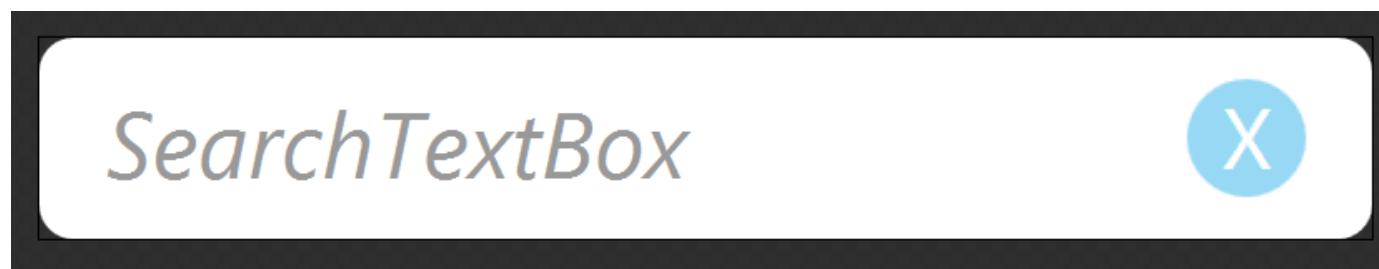
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ANALYSE

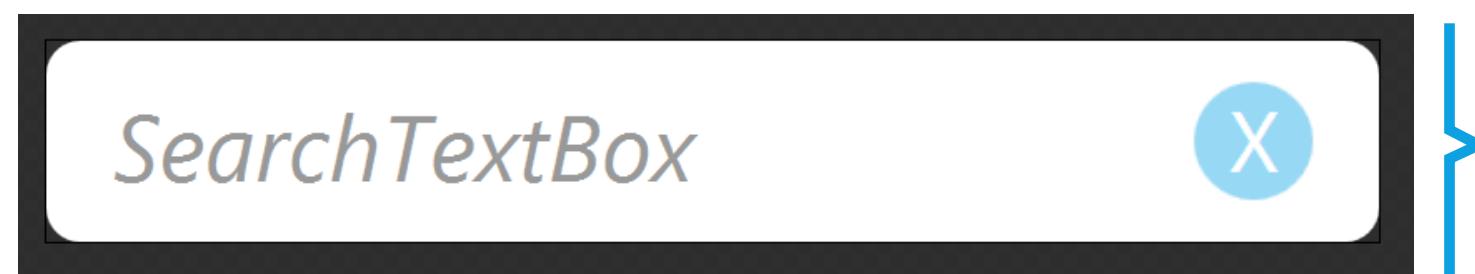
> SEARCHTEXTBOX ANALYSE

View Model



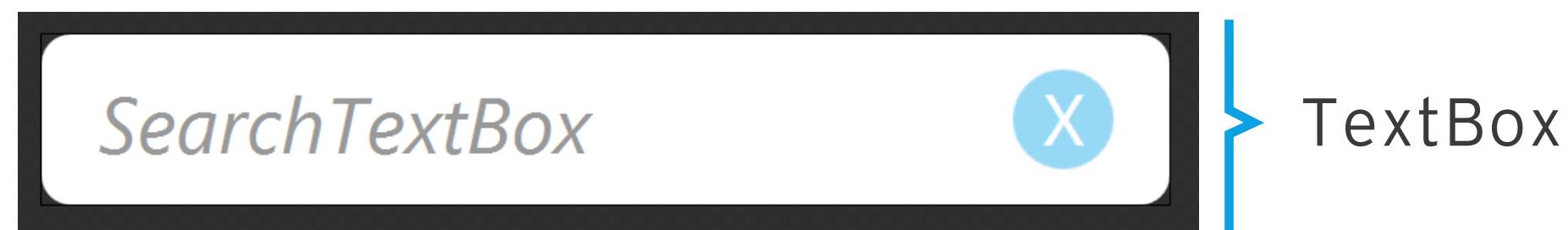
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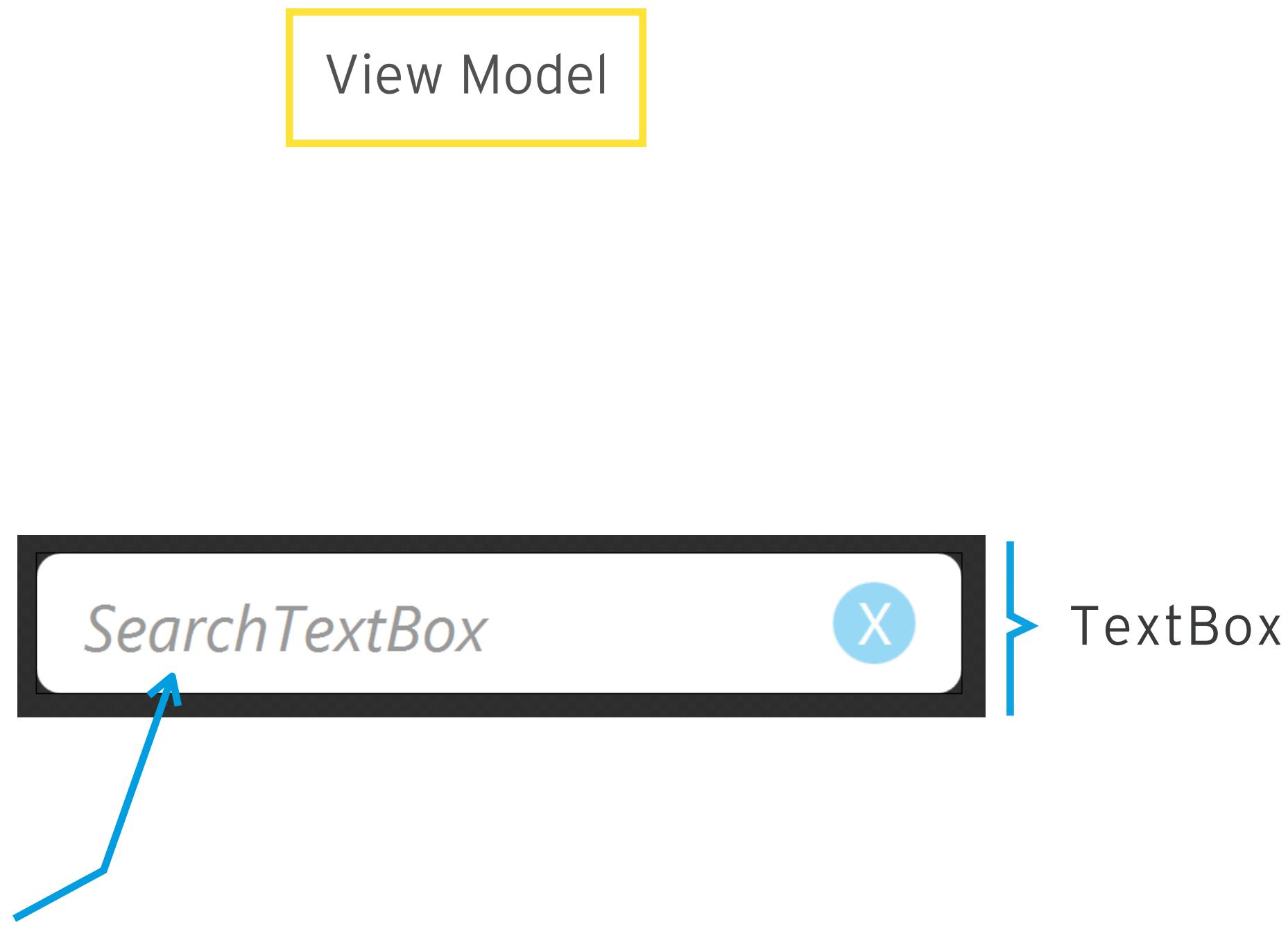


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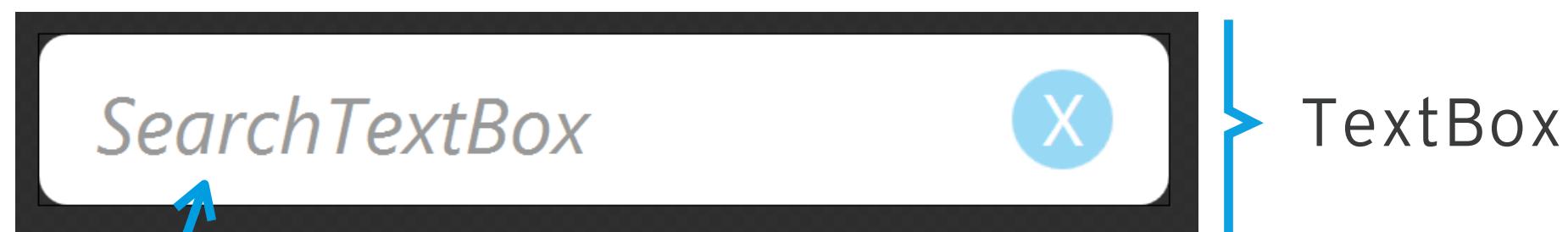


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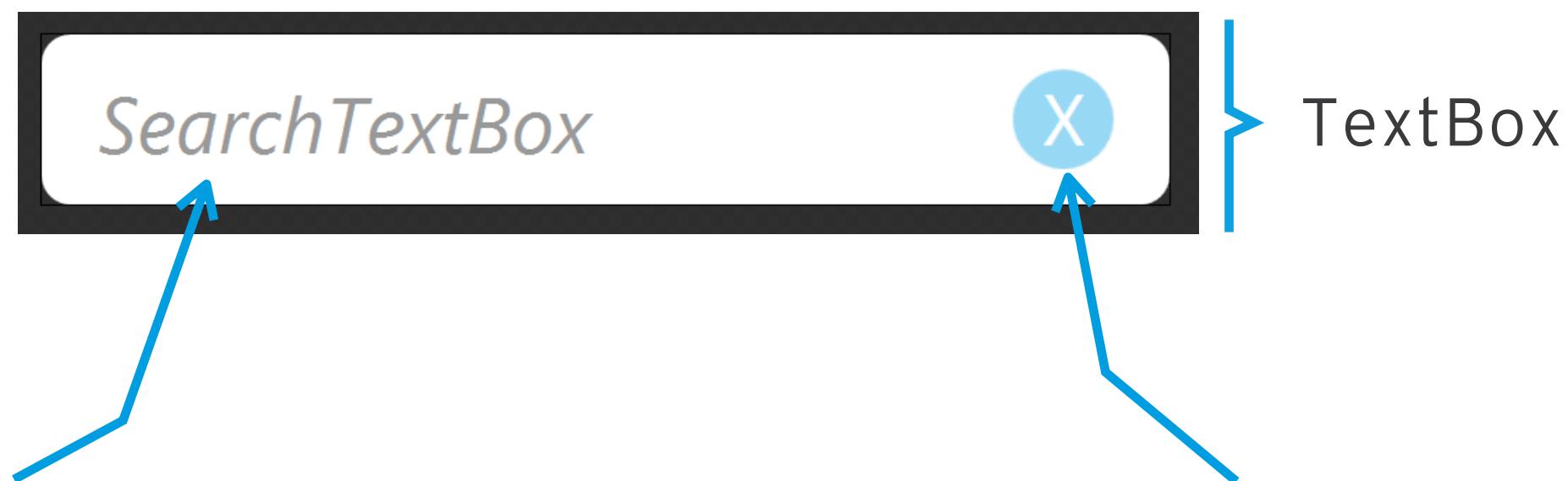
View Model



- > Watermark
- > WatermarkFontStyle
- > WatermarkFontWeight
- > WatermarkForeground

> SEARCHTEXTBOX ANALYSE

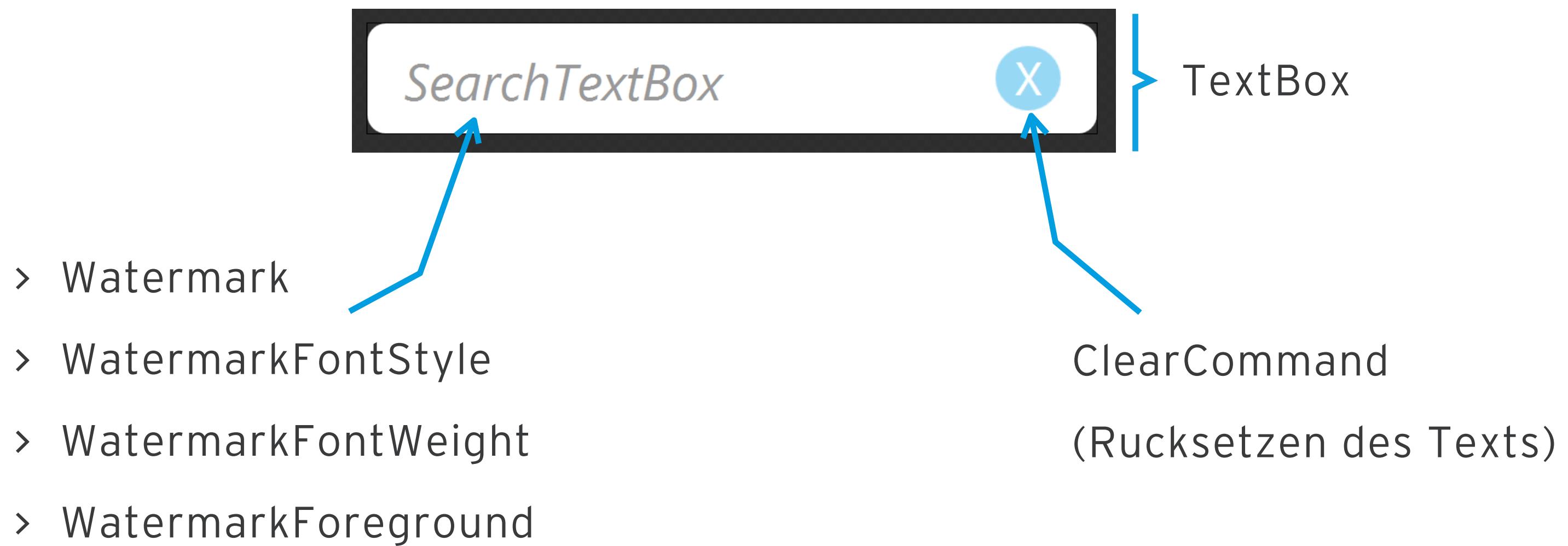
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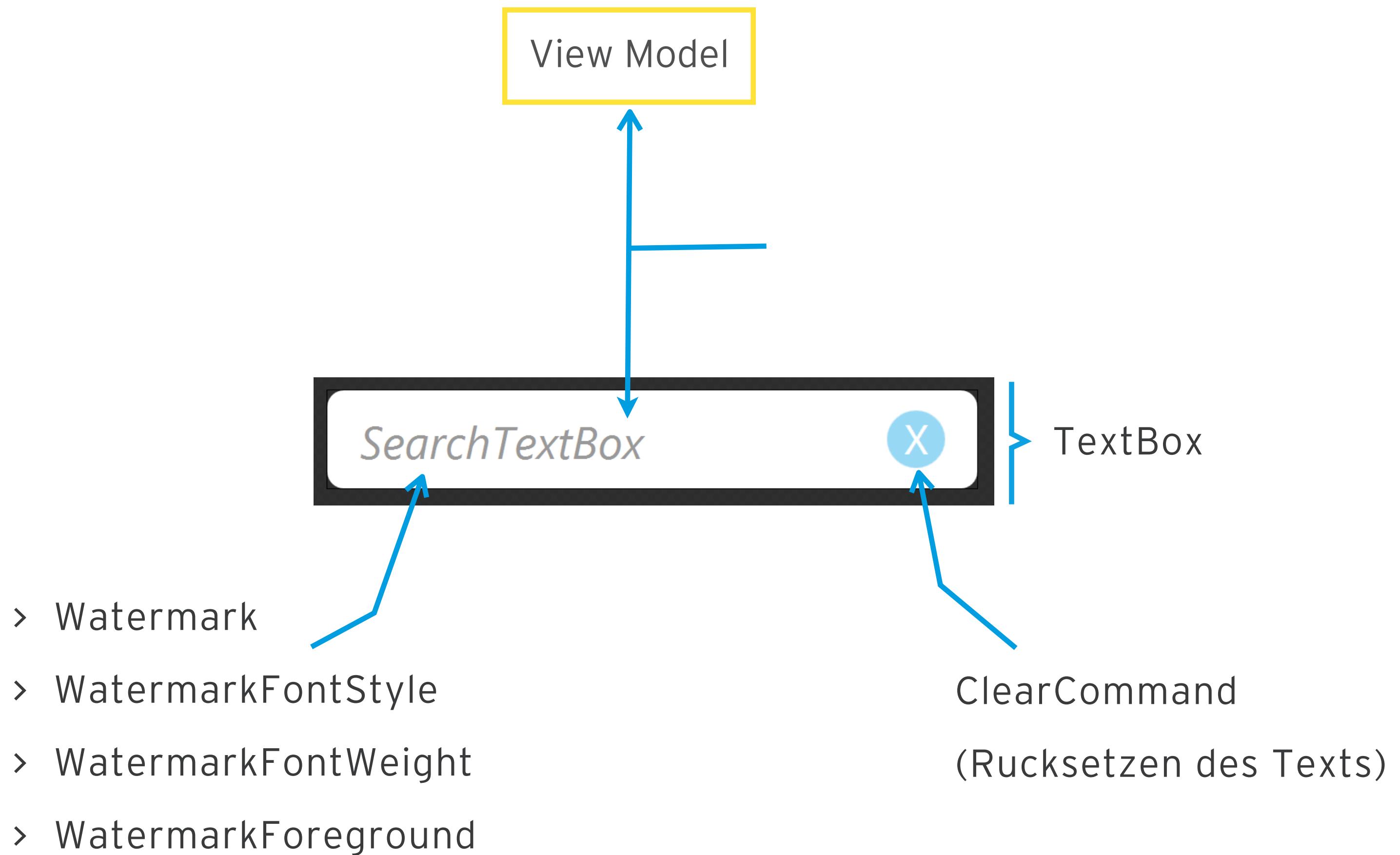
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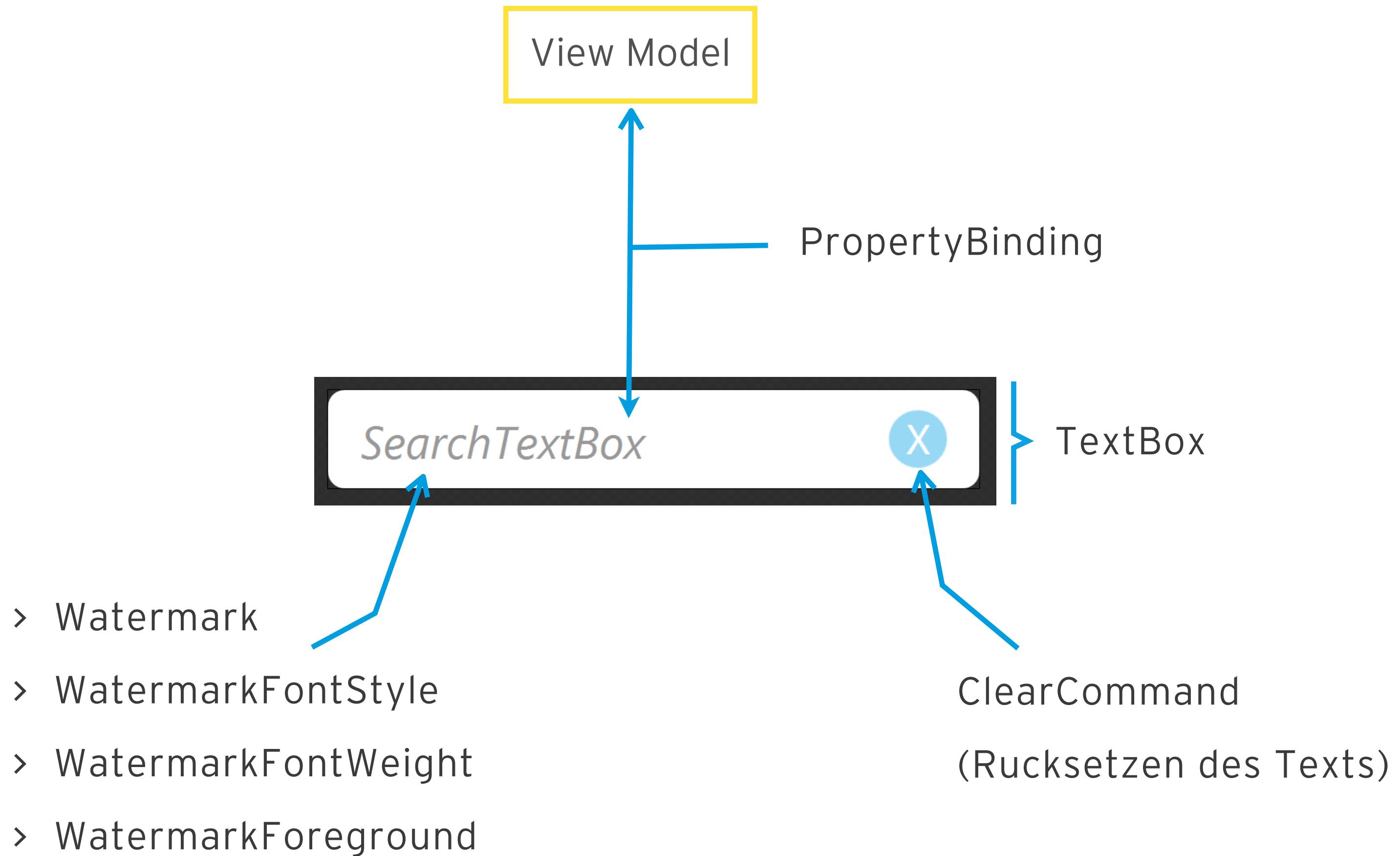
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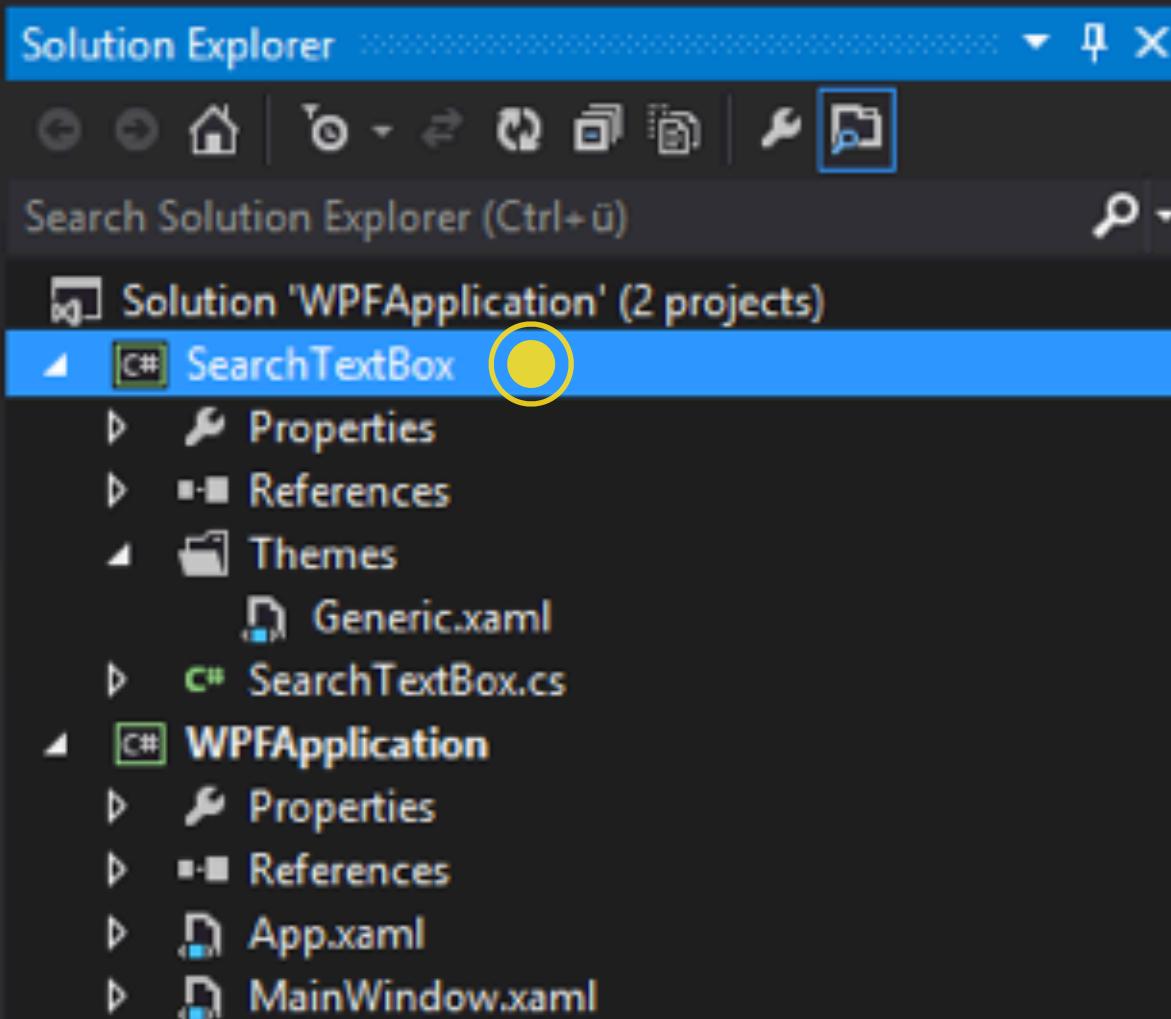
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> SEARCHTEXTBOX ANALYSE



CUSTOM CONTROL LIBRARY



Solution Explorer Team Explorer Class View

Properties

SearchTextBox Project Properties



Project File

Project Folder

SearchTextBox.csproj

C:\Users\andre\Desktop\24\WPFAAp

Es kann losgehen!

```
/// <summary> ...  
[ContentPropertyAttribute("MyDefaultContentProperty")]  
[Description("The class SearchTextBox represents a textbox with watermark and clear t  
public class SearchTextBox : TextBox
```

```
{
```

Members

DependencyProperties

PropertyChangedCallbacks

Events

Commands

Handlers

Ctor

Init/cleanup

OverrideMethods

Methods

Properties

Basisklasse
bestimmen

(SearchTextBox.cs)

STYLE & TEMPLATE

> SEARCHTEXTBOX STYLE & TEMPLATE

[http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa970773\(v=vs.110\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa970773(v=vs.110).aspx)

TextBox Styles and Templates

.NET Framework 4.5 | [Other Versions](#) | 1 out of 2 rated this helpful

This topic describes the styles and templates for the [TextBox](#) control. You can modify the default [ControlTemplate](#) to give the control a unique appearance. For more information, see [Customizing the Appearance of an Existing Control by Creating a ControlTemplate](#).

▲ TextBox Parts

The following table lists the named parts for the [TextBox](#) control.

Part	Type	Description
PART_ContentHost	FrameworkElement	A visual element that can contain a FrameworkElement . The text of the TextBox is displayed in this element.

```
<Style TargetType="{x:Type TextBox}">
    <Setter Property="SnapsToDevicePixels"
        Value="True" />
    <Setter Property="OverridesDefaultStyle"
        Value="True" />
    <Setter Property="KeyboardNavigation.TabNavigation"
        Value="None" />
    <Setter Property="FocusVisualStyle"
        Value="{x:Null}" />
    <Setter Property="MinWidth"
        Value="120" />
    <Setter Property="MinHeight"
        Value="20" />
    <Setter Property="AllowDrop"
        Value="true" />
    <Setter Property="Template">
        <Setter.Value>
            <ControlTemplate TargetType="{x:Type TextBoxBase}">
                <Border Name="Border"
                    CornerRadius="2"
                    Padding="2"
                    BorderThickness="1">
                    <ScrollViewer Margin="0"
                        x:Name="PART_ContentHost" />
                </Border>
            </ControlTemplate>
        </Setter.Value>
    </Setter>
</Style>
```

Style & Template

(Generic.xaml)

```
<Style TargetType="{x:Type local:SearchTextBox}">
    <Setter Property="Foreground" Value="Black" />
    <Setter Property="Background" Value="White" />
    <Setter Property="BorderBrush" Value="Black" />
    <Setter Property="BorderThickness" Value="1" />
    <Setter Property="Padding" Value="1" />
    <Setter Property="AllowDrop" Value="true" />
    <Setter Property="ScrollViewer.PanningMode" Value="VerticalFirst" />
    <Setter Property="Stylus.IsFlicksEnabled" Value="False" />
    <Setter Property="WatermarkFontStyle" Value="Italic" />
    <Setter Property="Template">
        <Setter.Value>
            <ControlTemplate TargetType="{x:Type local:SearchTextBox}">
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                    Background="{TemplateBinding Background}"
                    BorderBrush="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
                    BorderThickness="{TemplateBinding BorderThickness}"
                    SnapsToDevicePixels="true">
                    <Grid>
                        <Grid.ColumnDefinitions>
                            <ColumnDefinition />
                            <ColumnDefinition Width="auto" />
                        </Grid.ColumnDefinitions>
                        <Grid x:Name="TextContainer">
                            <TextBlock x:Name="Watermark"
                                Margin="{TemplateBinding Padding}"
                                FontStyle="{TemplateBinding WatermarkFontStyle}"
                                Opacity=".5"
                                Text="{TemplateBinding Watermark}"
                                Visibility="Hidden" />
                            <ScrollViewer x:Name="PART_ContentHost" SnapsToDevicePixels="{TemplateBinding SnapsToDevicePixels}" />
                        </Grid>
                        <Button Grid.Column="1"
                            Width="15"
                            Height="15"
                            Margin="0 0 5 0"
                            Padding="0 -2 0 0"
                            Command="{x:Static local:SearchTextBox.ClearTextCommand}"
                            Content="X"
                            Focusable="False"
                            Style="{DynamicResource {ComponentResourceKey TypeInTargetAssembly={x:Type local:SearchTextBox},
                                ResourceId=SearchTextBoxButtonStyle}}" />
                    </Grid>
                </Border>
                <ControlTemplate.Triggers>
                    <MultiTrigger>
                        <MultiTrigger.Conditions>
                            <Condition Property="IsKeyboardFocused" Value="false" />
                            <Condition Property="Text" Value="" />
                        </MultiTrigger.Conditions>
                        <Setter Property="Text" Value="Search..." />
                    </MultiTrigger>
                <ControlTemplate.Triggers>
            </ControlTemplate>
        <Setter.Value>
    </Setter>
</Style>
```

DEPENDENCY PROPERTIES BASICS

Dependency Properties - Basics

Dependency Properties - Basics

- > Oberflächlich wie .NET Properties (Get, Set). Unterschied liegt in der Implementierung. Ausschließliche Verwendung bei Controls

Dependency Properties - Basics

- > Oberflächlich wie .NET Properties (Get, Set). Unterschied liegt in der Implementierung. Ausschließliche Verwendung bei Controls
- > Metadaten und Speicherperformance, Änderungsbenachrichtigungen Grundlage für Trigger, Data Binding, Animationen etc.

```
/// <summary>
/// WatermarkProperty - Gets or sets the watermark.
/// </summary>
public static readonly DependencyProperty WatermarkProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "Watermark",
    typeof(string),
    typeof(SearchTextBox),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(string.Empty));
```

- > Registrieren über Statische Funktion
- > Name
- > Typ
- > Control Typ bzw. Klasse
- > Metadaten

Properties anlegen 1/2
(SearchTextBox.cs)

```
/// <summary>
/// Gets or sets the watermark.
/// </summary>
[Description("Gets or sets the watermark."), Category(PROPERTY_CATEGORY)]
public string Watermark
{
    get { return (string)GetValue(WatermarkProperty); }
    set { SetValue(WatermarkProperty, value); }
}
```

> Verwendung der Methoden GetValue(), SetValue()

Properties anlegen 2/2

(SearchTextBox.cs)

ROUTED COMMANDS

RoutedCommands

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- > RoutedCommand Klasse implementiert ICommand

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RoutedCommands

- > RoutedCommand Klasse implementiert ICommand
- > Löst eine Aktion innerhalb eines Controls aus und muss abonniert werden
- > Verknüpfung mit Methode oder Funktion der Control Klasse per CommandBinding
- > Kann über Command Property ausgelöst werden

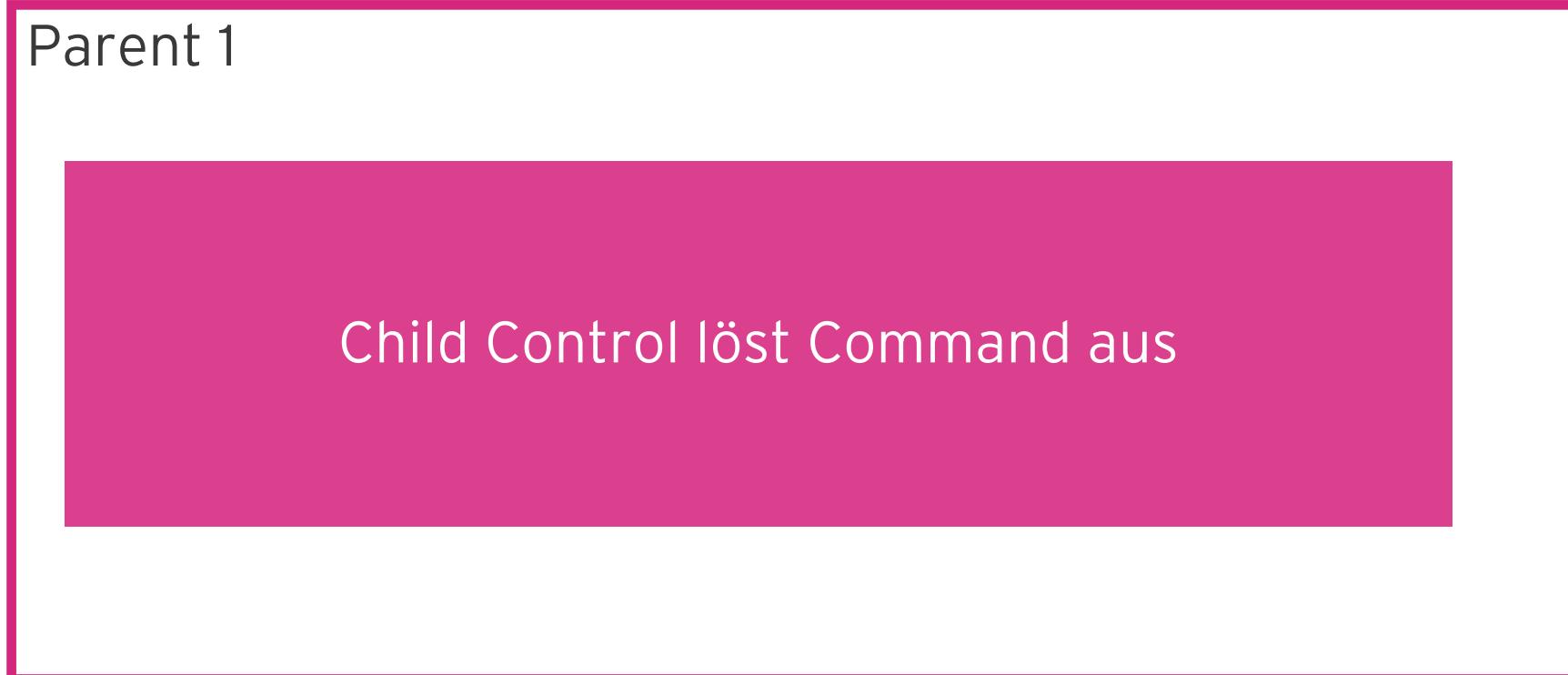
> **SEARCHTEXTBOX** ROUTEDCOMMANDS

> **SEARCHTEXTBOX** ROUTEDCOMMANDS

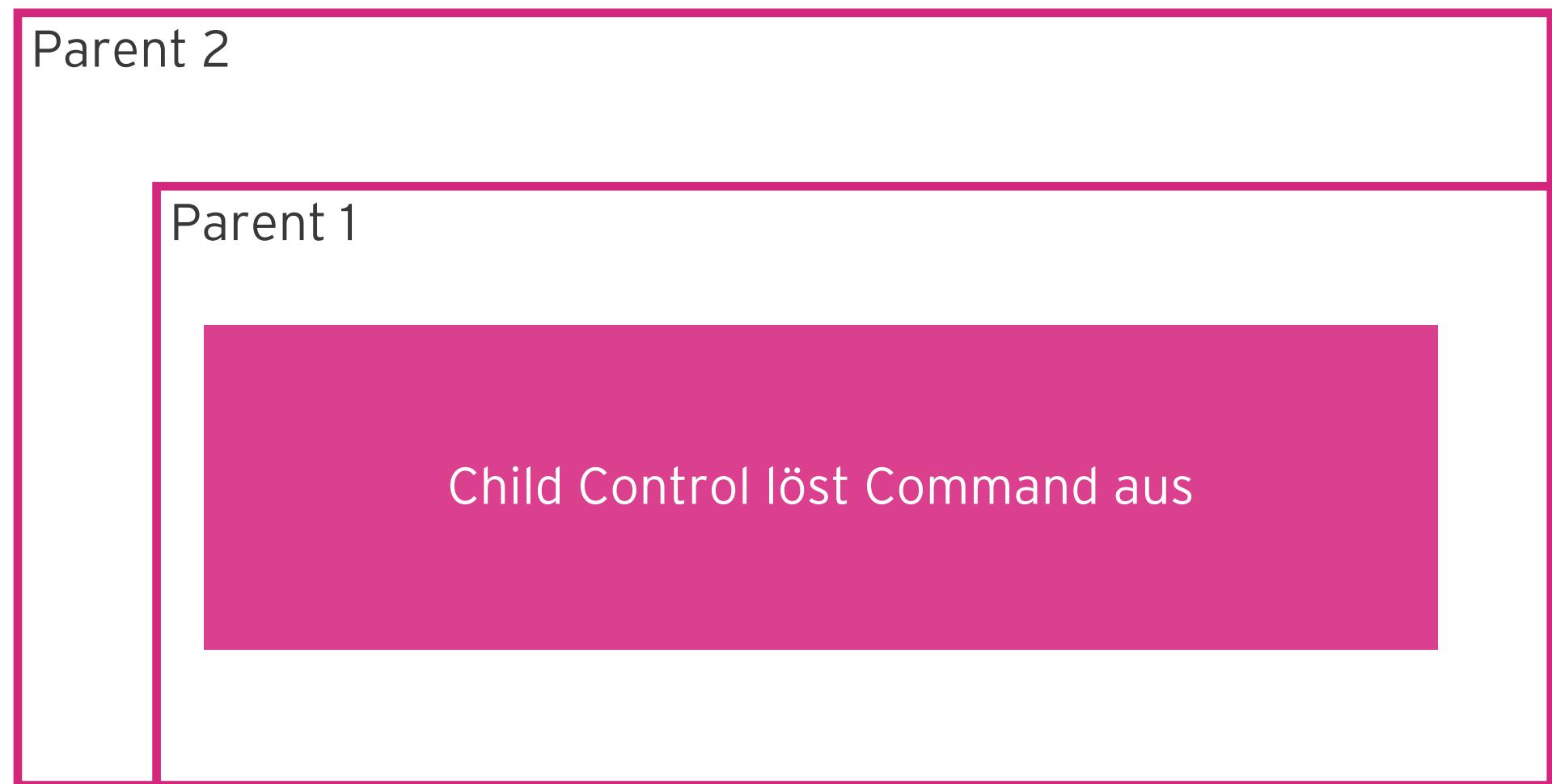


Child Control löst Command aus

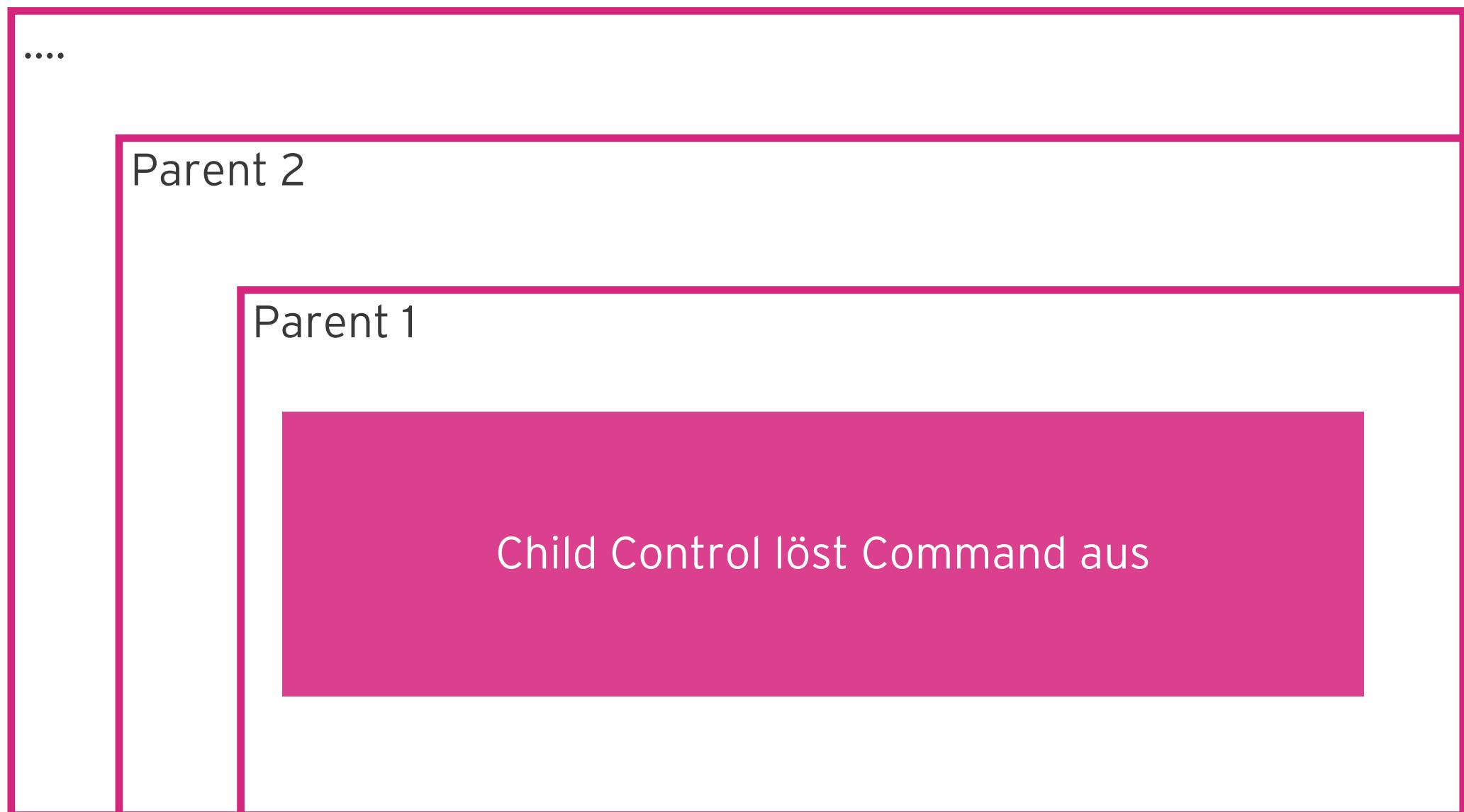
> **SEARCHTEXTBOX** ROUTEDCOMMANDS



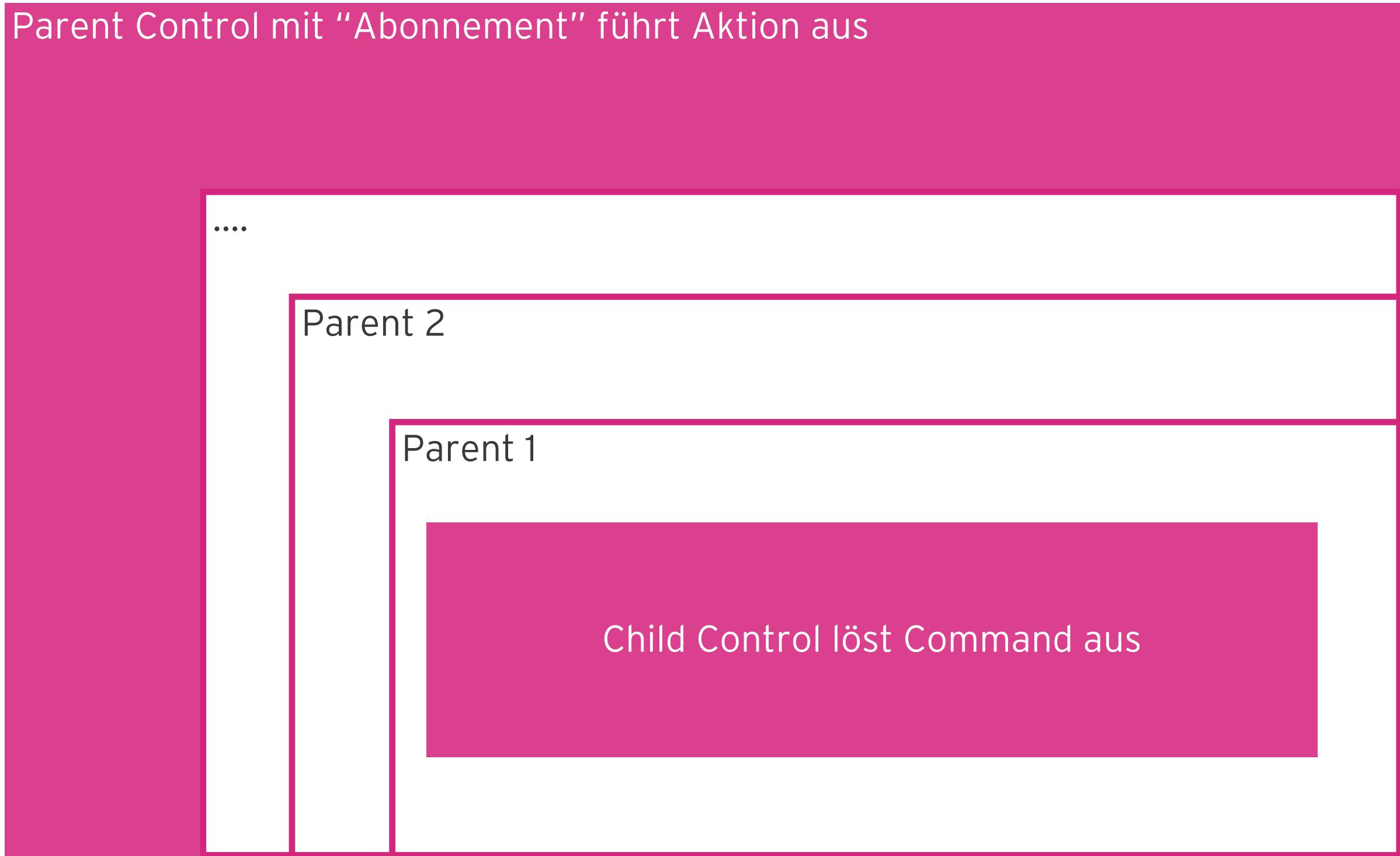
> SEARCHTEXTBOX ROUTEDCOMMANDS



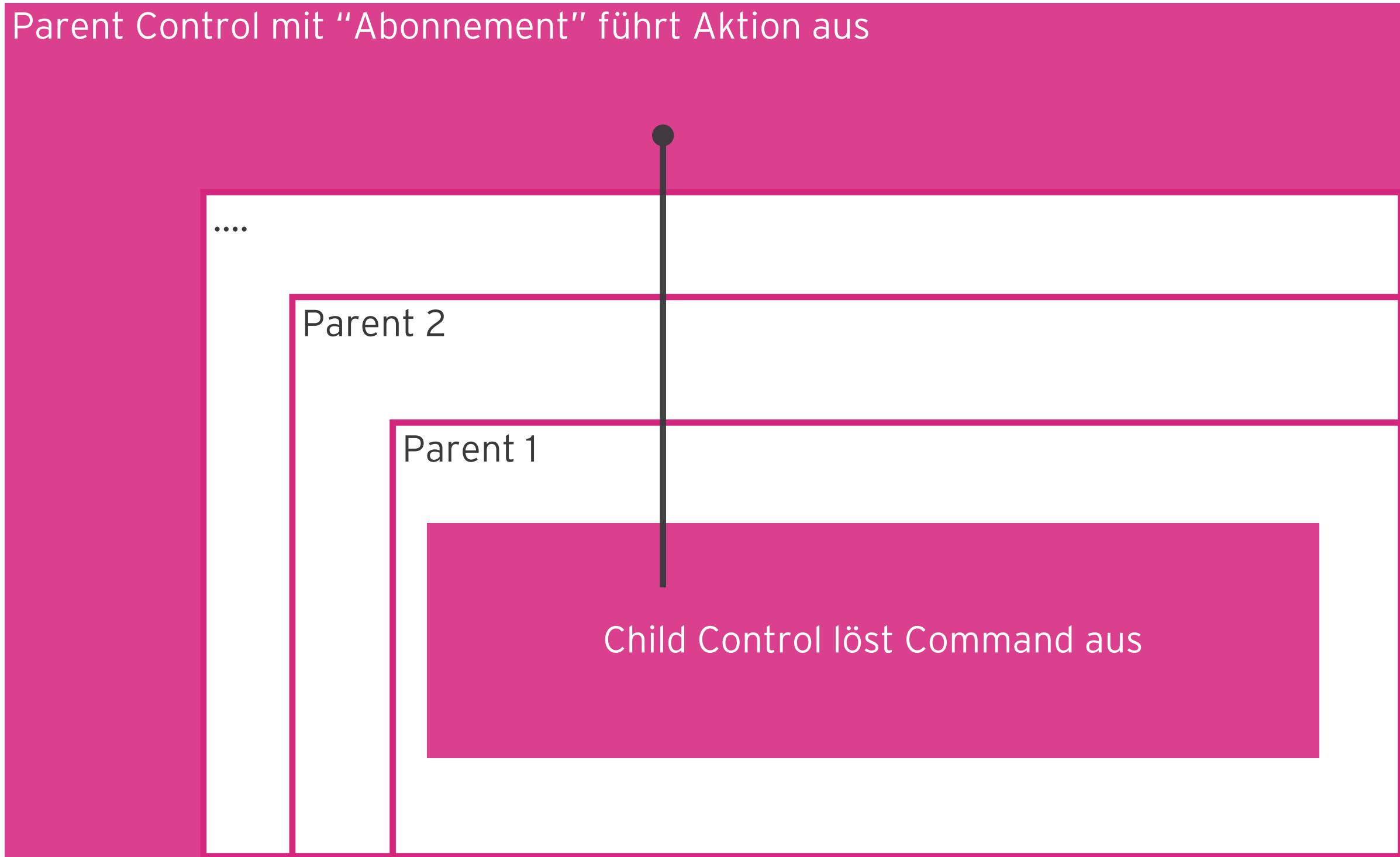
> SEARCHTEXTBOX ROUTEDCOMMANDS



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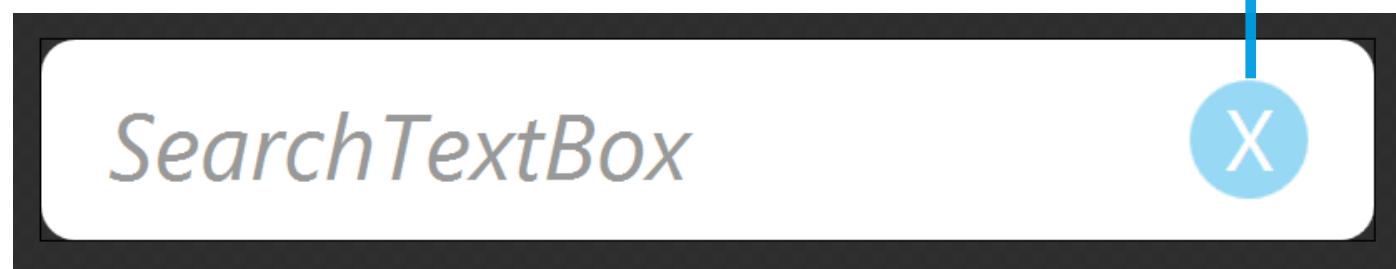
> **SEARCHTEXTBOX** ROUTEDCOMMANDS

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> SEARCHTEXTBOX ROUTEDCOMMANDS

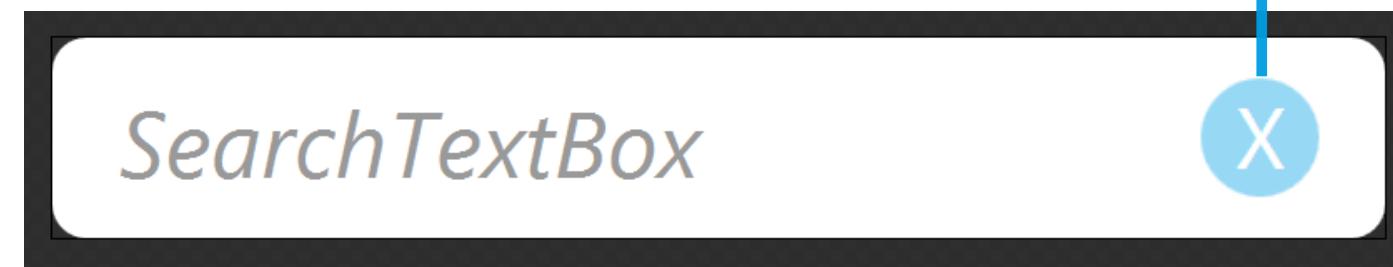
1. Button-Click löst das Command aus



2. SearchTextBox mit
“Abonnement” führt Aktion aus



1. Button-Click löst das Command aus

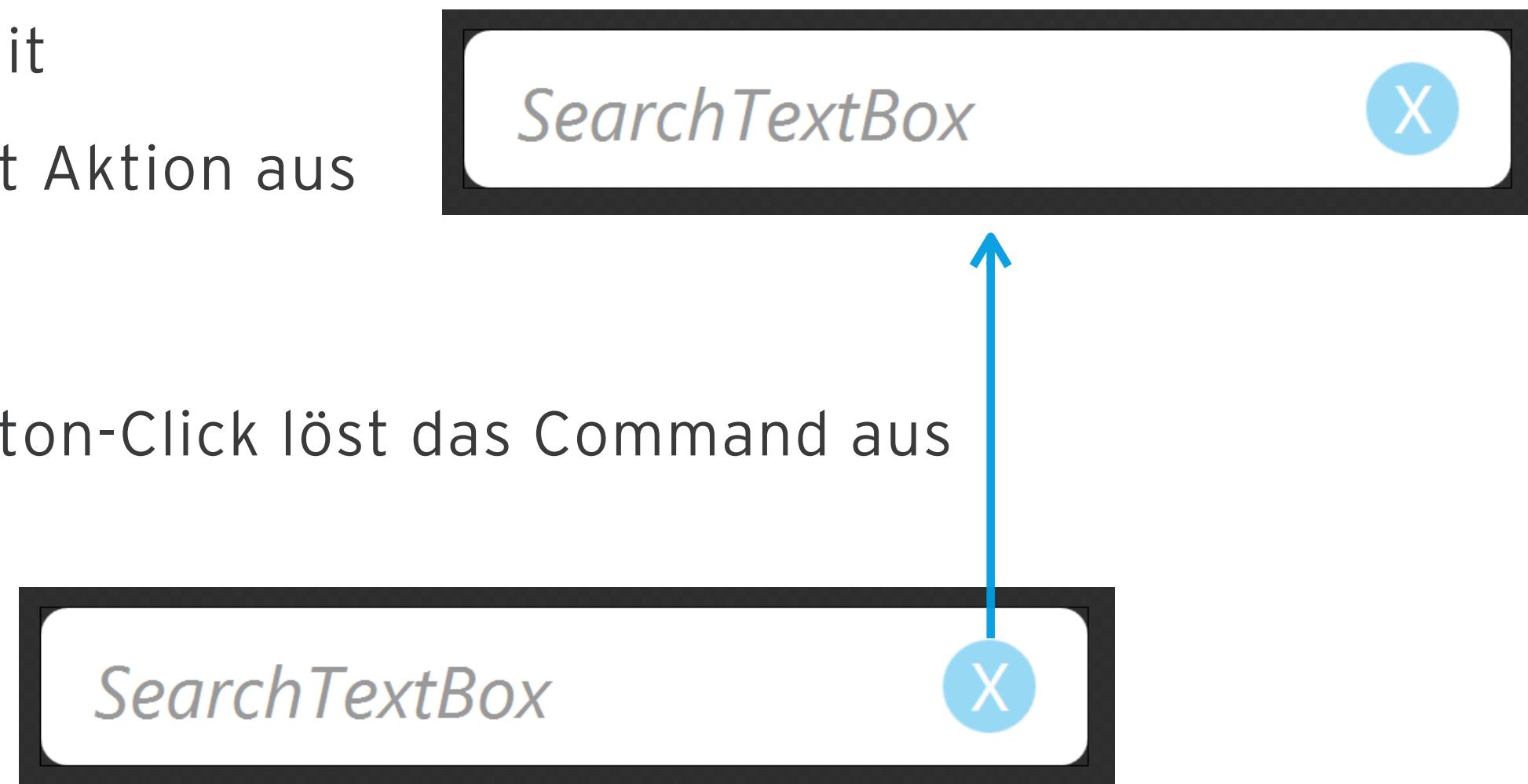


> **SEARCHTEXTBOX** ROUTEDCOMMANDS

2. SearchTextBox mit
“Abonnement” führt Aktion aus

1. Button-Click löst das Command aus

3. Command stoppt



> Routed Command anlegen

> Name

> Control Typ bzw. Klasse

```
/// <summary>
/// ClearTextCommand - This command clears the text property.
/// </summary>
public static readonly RoutedCommand ClearTextCommand = new RoutedCommand("ClearTextCommand", typeof(SearchTextBox));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
private static void ExecuteClearTextCommand(object sender, ExecutedRoutedEventArgs e)
```

```
{  
    SearchTextBox self = sender as SearchTextBox;  
    self.Clear();  
}
```

```
/// <summary> ...
private static void CanExecuteClearCommand(object sender, CanExecuteRoutedEventArgs e)
```

```
{  
    SearchTextBox self = sender as SearchTextBox;  
    e.CanExecute = self.CanClearText();  
}
```

> Execute Aktion

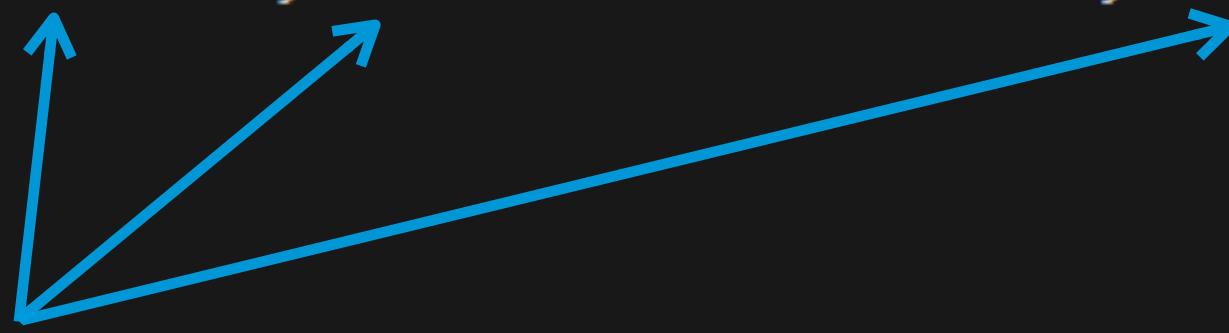
> CanExecute Abfrage

Routed Command 1/3

(SearchTextBox.cs)

```
/// <summary>
/// static ctor
/// </summary>
static SearchTextBox()
{
    DefaultStyleKeyProperty.OverrideMetadata(
        typeof(SearchTextBox),
        new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(typeof(SearchTextBox)));
}

CommandManager.RegisterClassCommandBinding(
    typeof(SearchTextBox),
    new CommandBinding(ClearTextCommand, ExecuteClearTextCommand, CanExecuteClearCommand));
}
```



- > Command Binding erzeugen
- > Command
- > Execute
- > CanExecute

Routed Command 2/3
(SearchTextBox.cs)

```
<Button Grid.Column="1"  
        Command="{x:Static local:SearchTextBox.ClearTextCommand}">
```



- > Auslösen über Command
Property / x:Static Verweis

Routed Command 3/3

(Generic.xaml)

VIEWMODEL KOMMUNIKATION

ViewModel Kommunikation - Basics

ViewModel Kommunikation - Basics

- > Binding (Implementierung *INotifyPropertyChanged*)

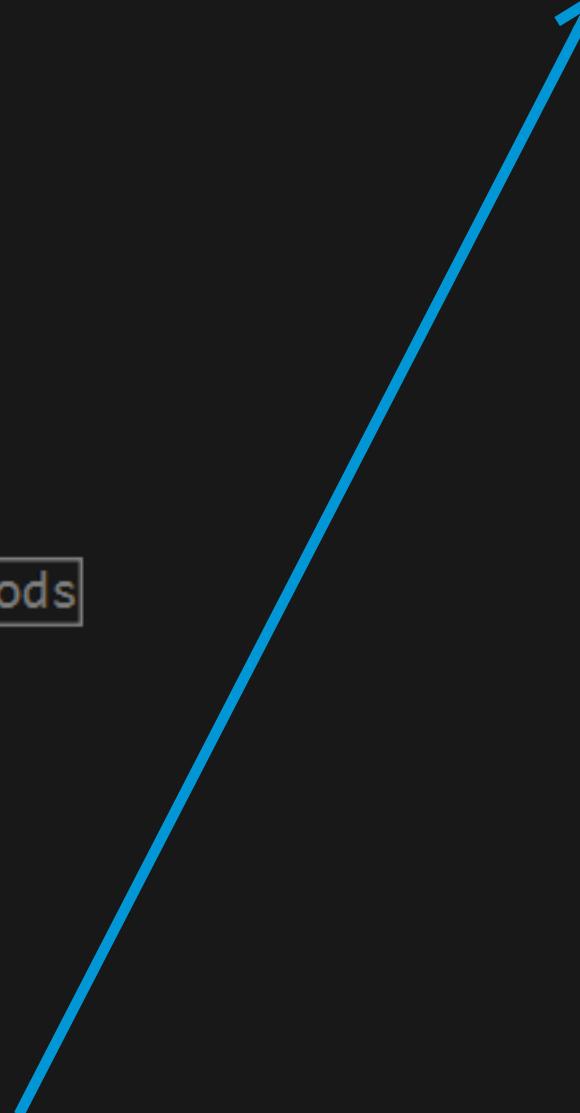
```
<SearchTextBox x:Name="SearchTextBox"  
    Margin="0 0 0 10"  
    Text="{Binding SearchString,  
        UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}"  
    Watermark="Search Points" />
```

› Binding an ViewModel
Property

ViewModel
Kommunikation 1/3

(MainView.xaml)

```
public class SampleViewModel : INotifyPropertyChanged  
{  
    Members  
    Commands  
    Ctor  
    Init/Cleanup  
    OverrideMethods  
    Methods  
    Properties  
}
```

- 
- > Implementieren von *INotifyPropertyChanged*

ViewModel Kommunikation 2/3

(SampleViewModel.cs)

> Aufruf der
Update Logik

```
/// <summary> ...
private string searchString;

/// <summary> ...
public string SearchString
{
    get
    {
        return searchString;
    }

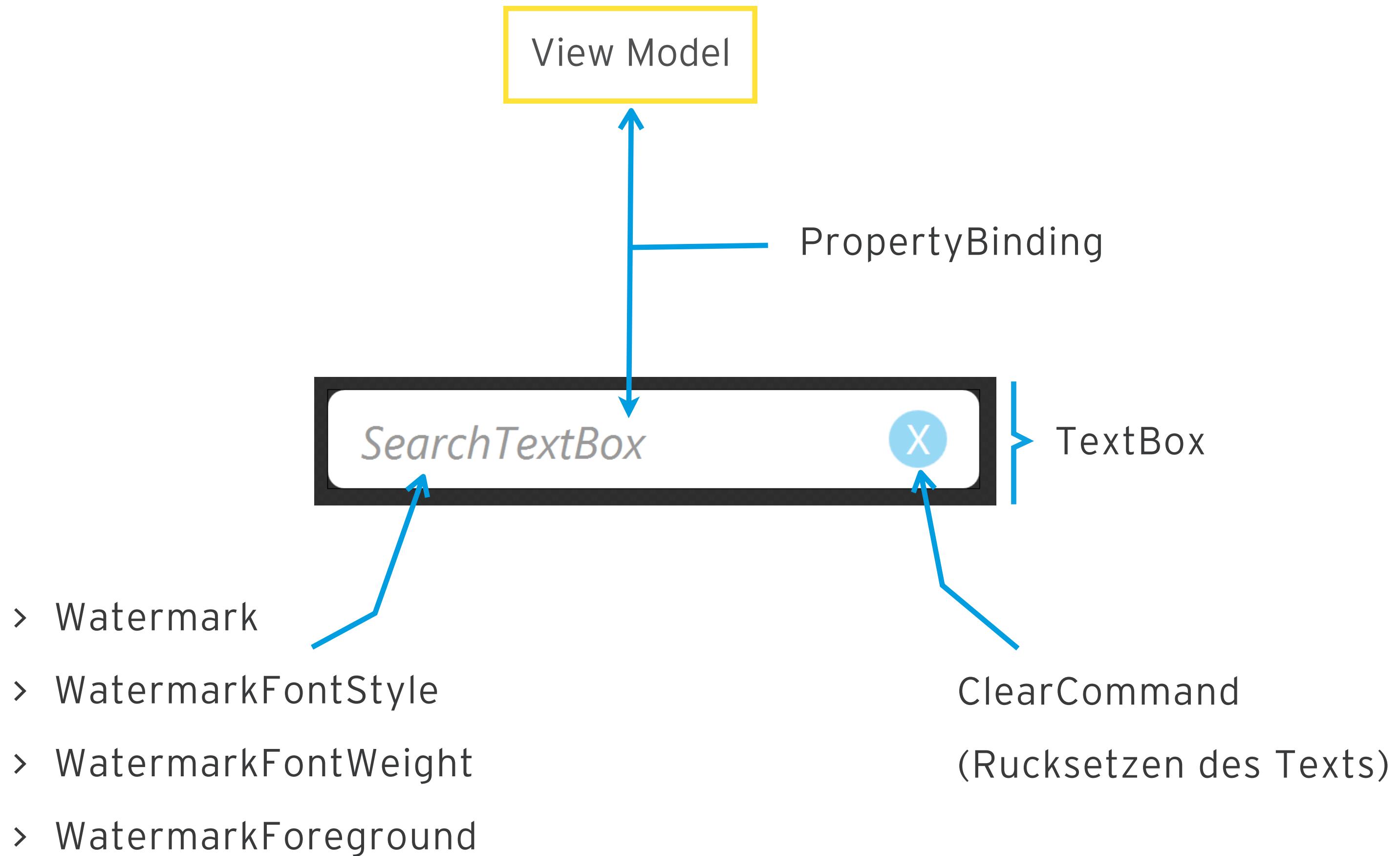
    set
    {
        if (value != this.searchString)
        {
            this.searchString = value;
            UpdateHighlighting();
            OnPropertyChanged("SearchString");
        }
    }
}
```

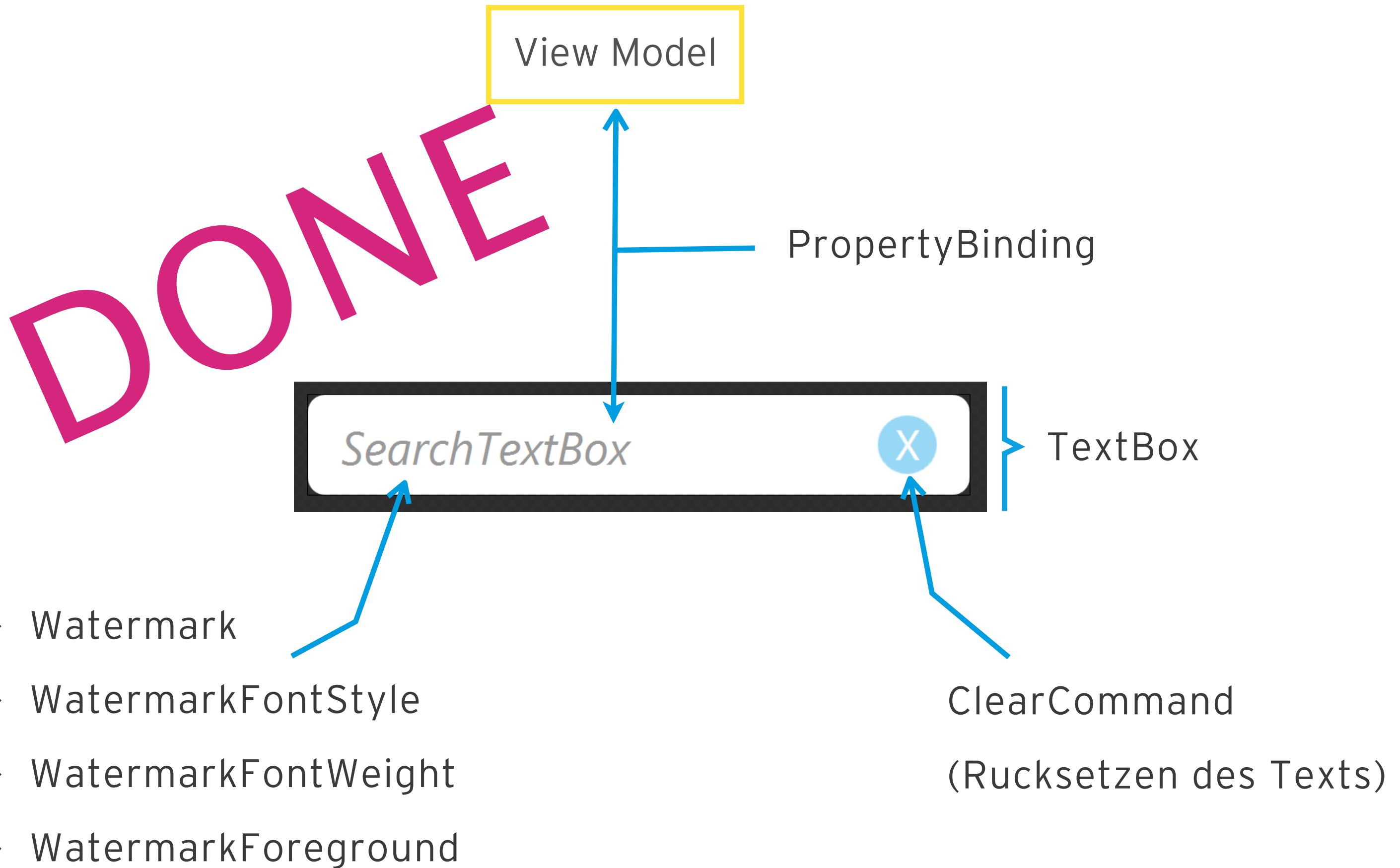
> Aufrufen von
OnPropertyChanged (Update
des Bindings)

ViewModel
Kommunikation 3/3

(SampleViewModel.cs)

> SEARCHTEXTBOX ABSCHLUSS





POINTCHART



André Lanninger
UIDeveloper



Datagraph 11



ChangeStyle



Load

62



Bubble 18
0, 20

Bubble 19
10, 15

Bubble 20
20, **62**

Bubble 21
30, 10

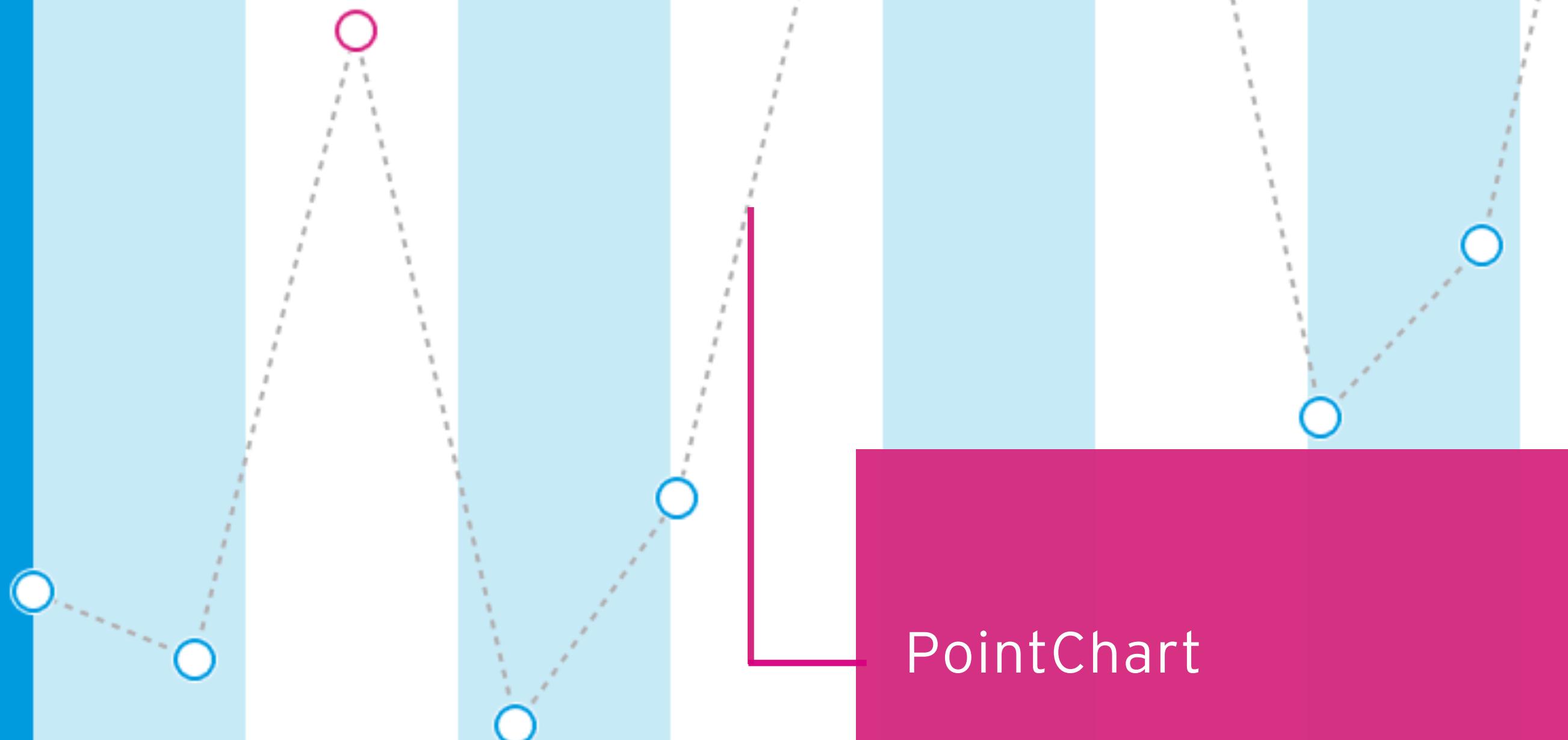
Bubble 22
40, 27

Bubble 23
50, 77

Bubble 24
60, 73

Bubble 25
70, 90

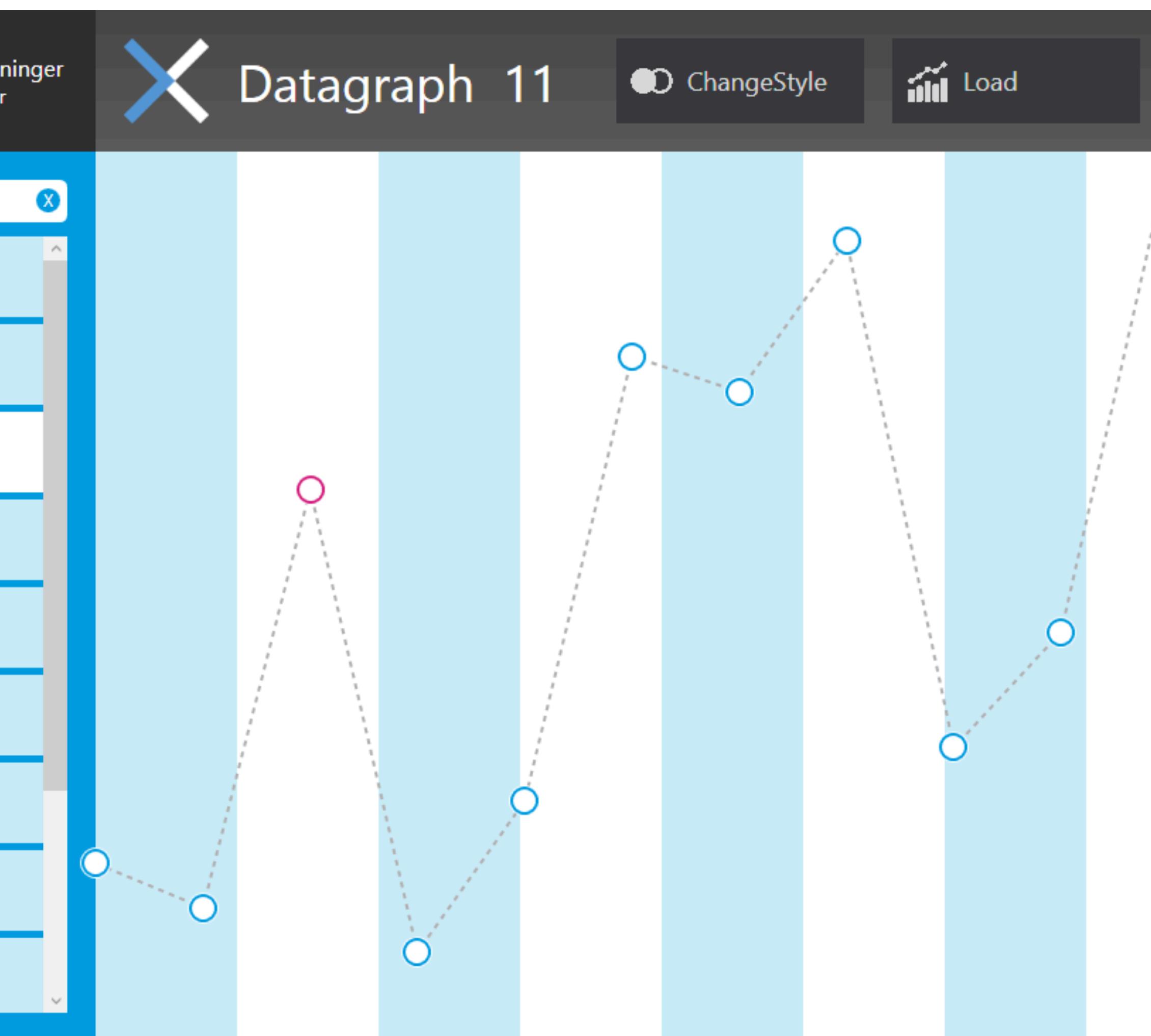
Bubble 26
80, 33

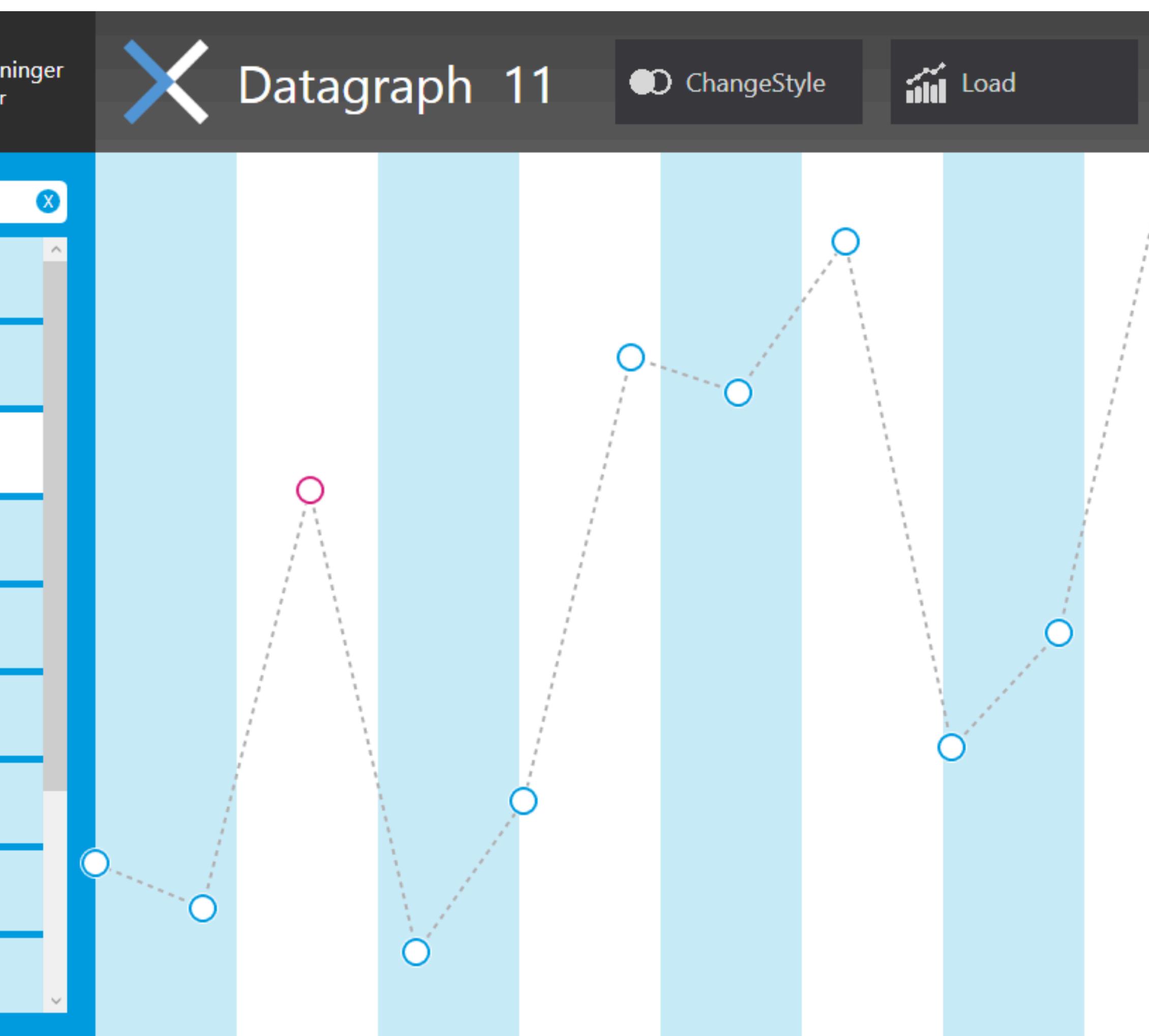


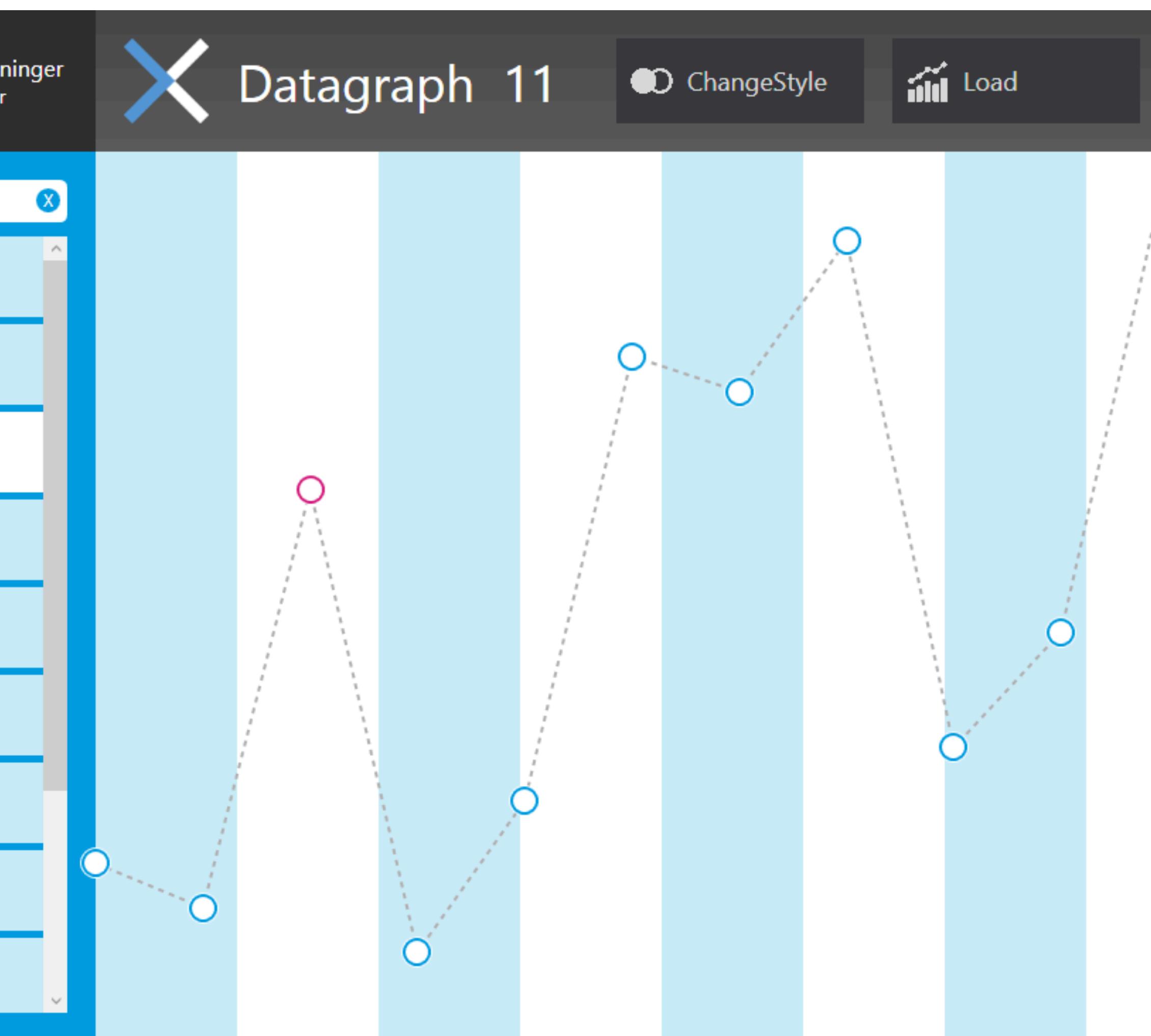
PointChart

ANALYSE

> POINTCHART ANALYSE - ALLGEMEIN

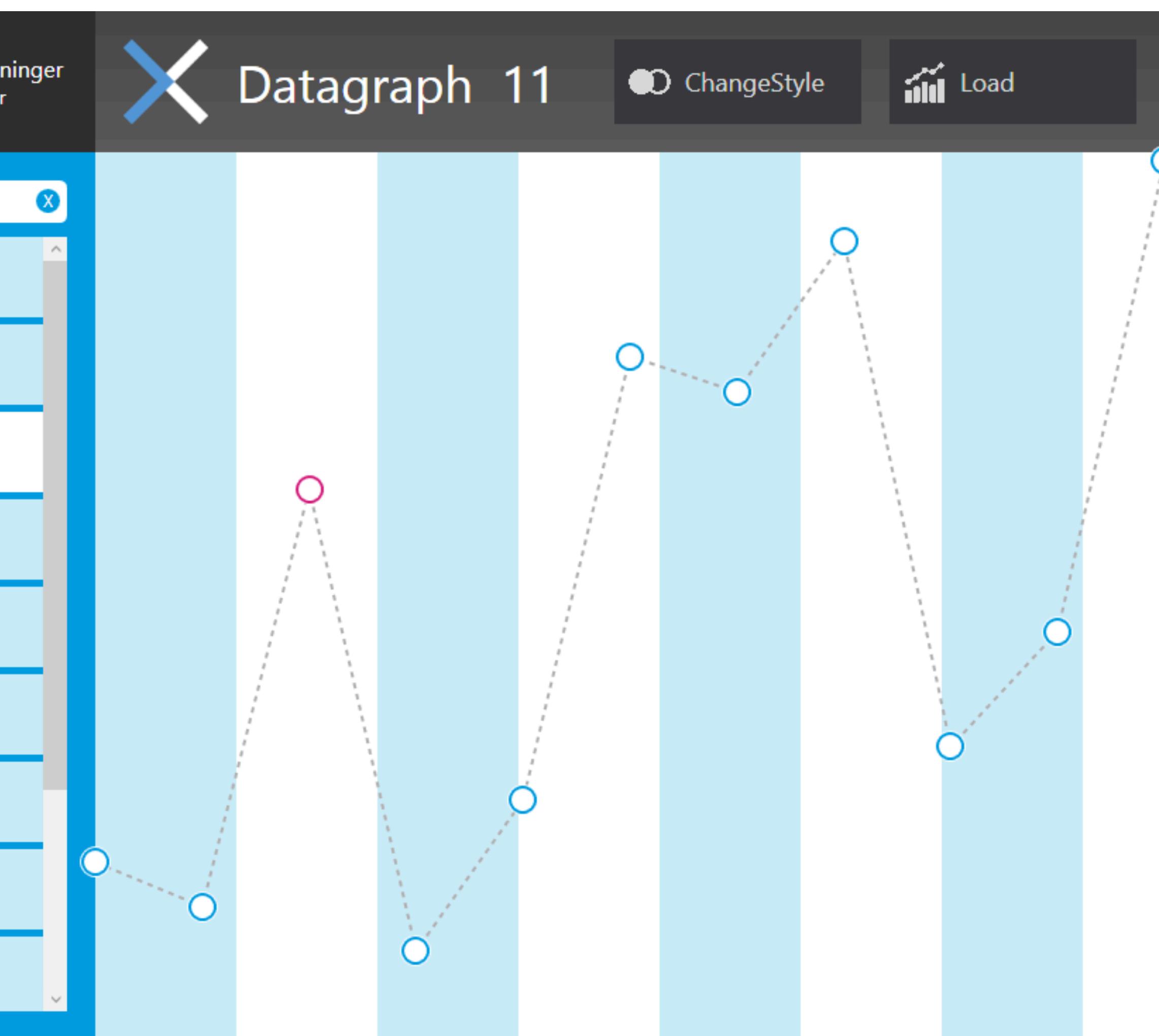




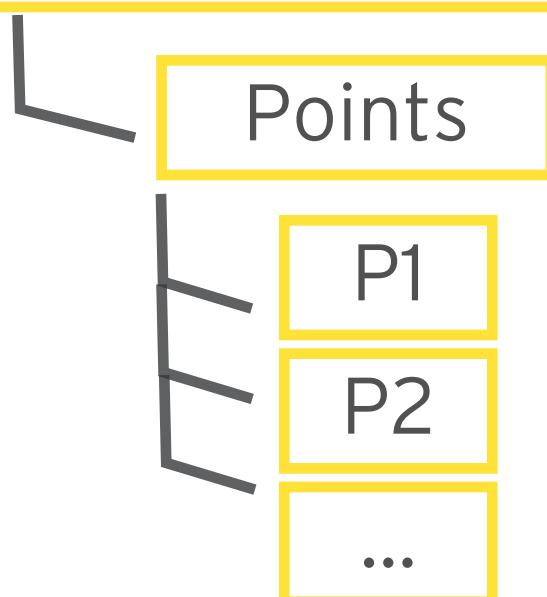


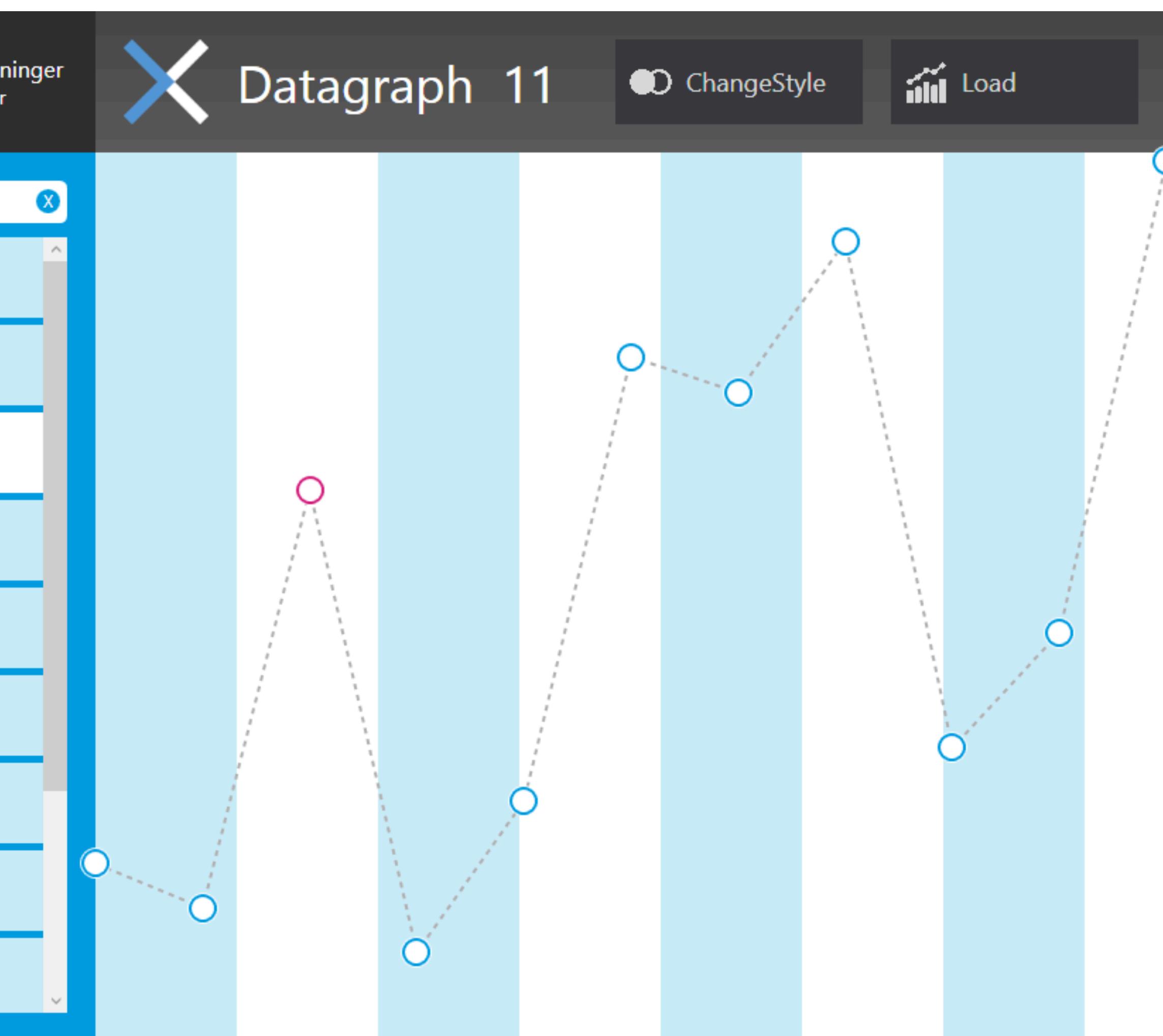
PointChartViewModel

Points

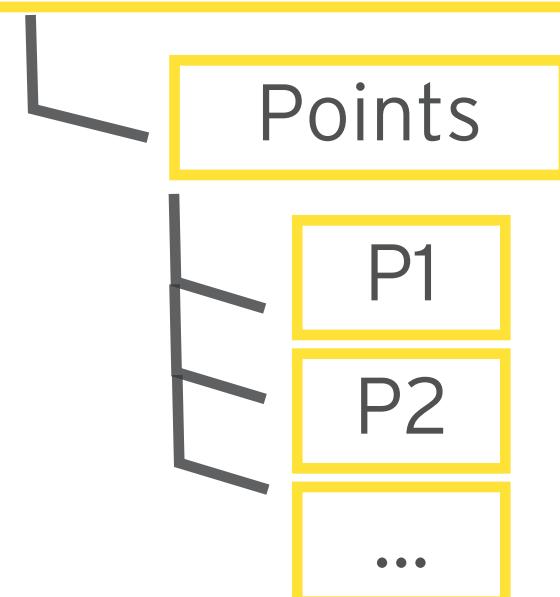


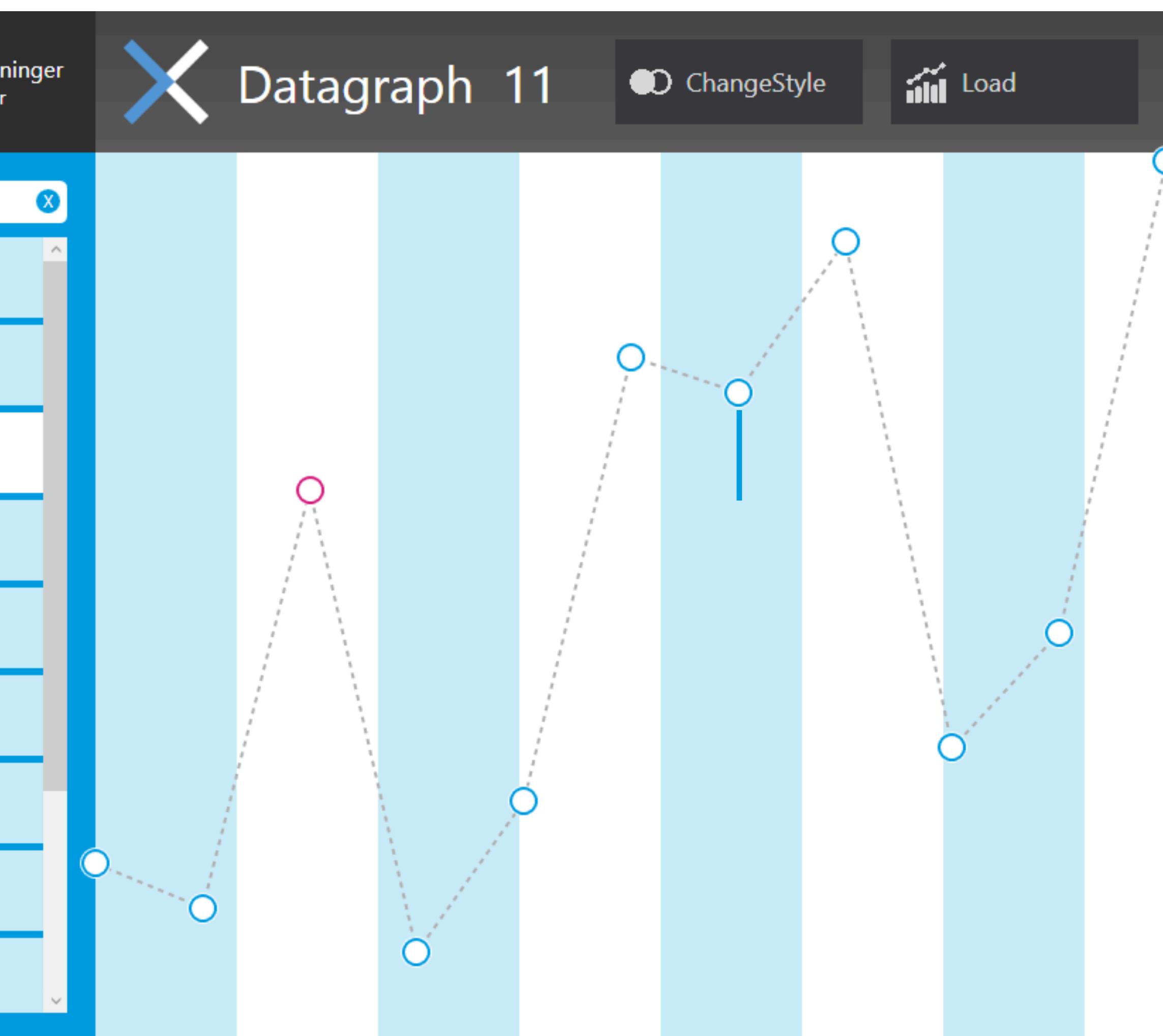
PointChartViewModel



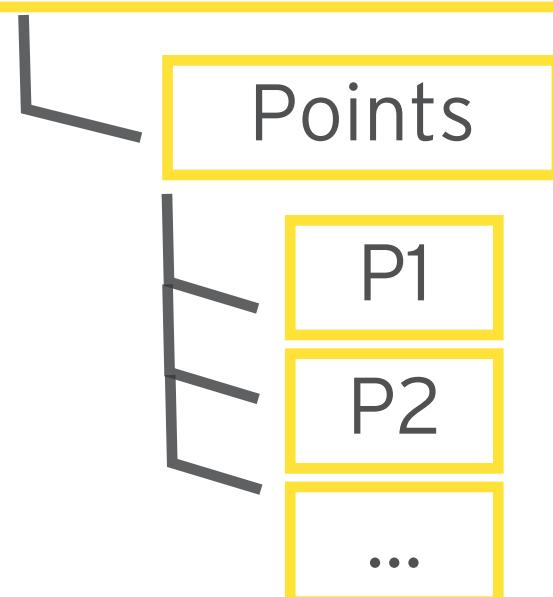


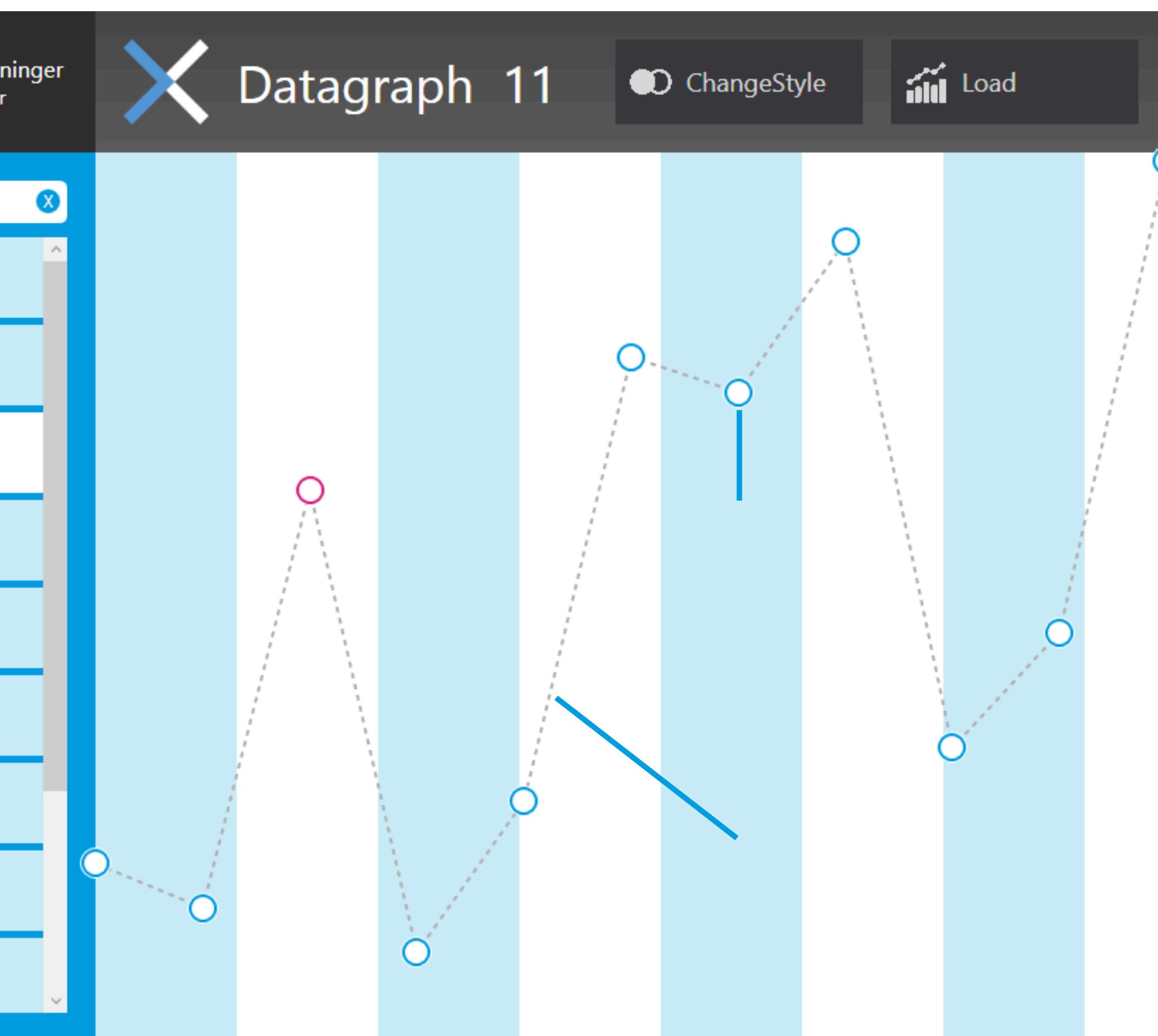
PointChartViewModel



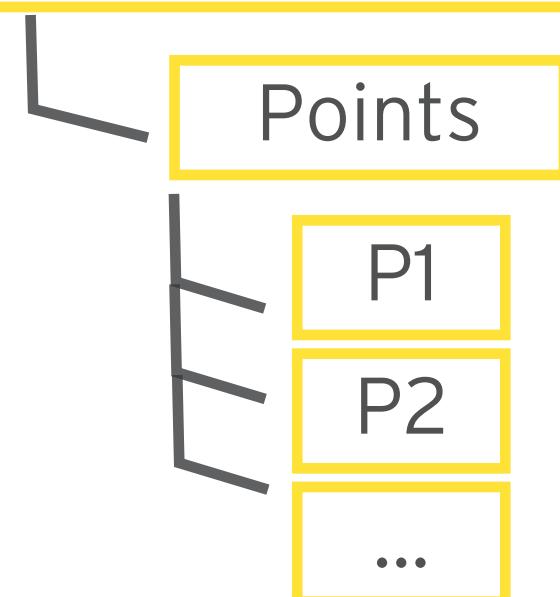


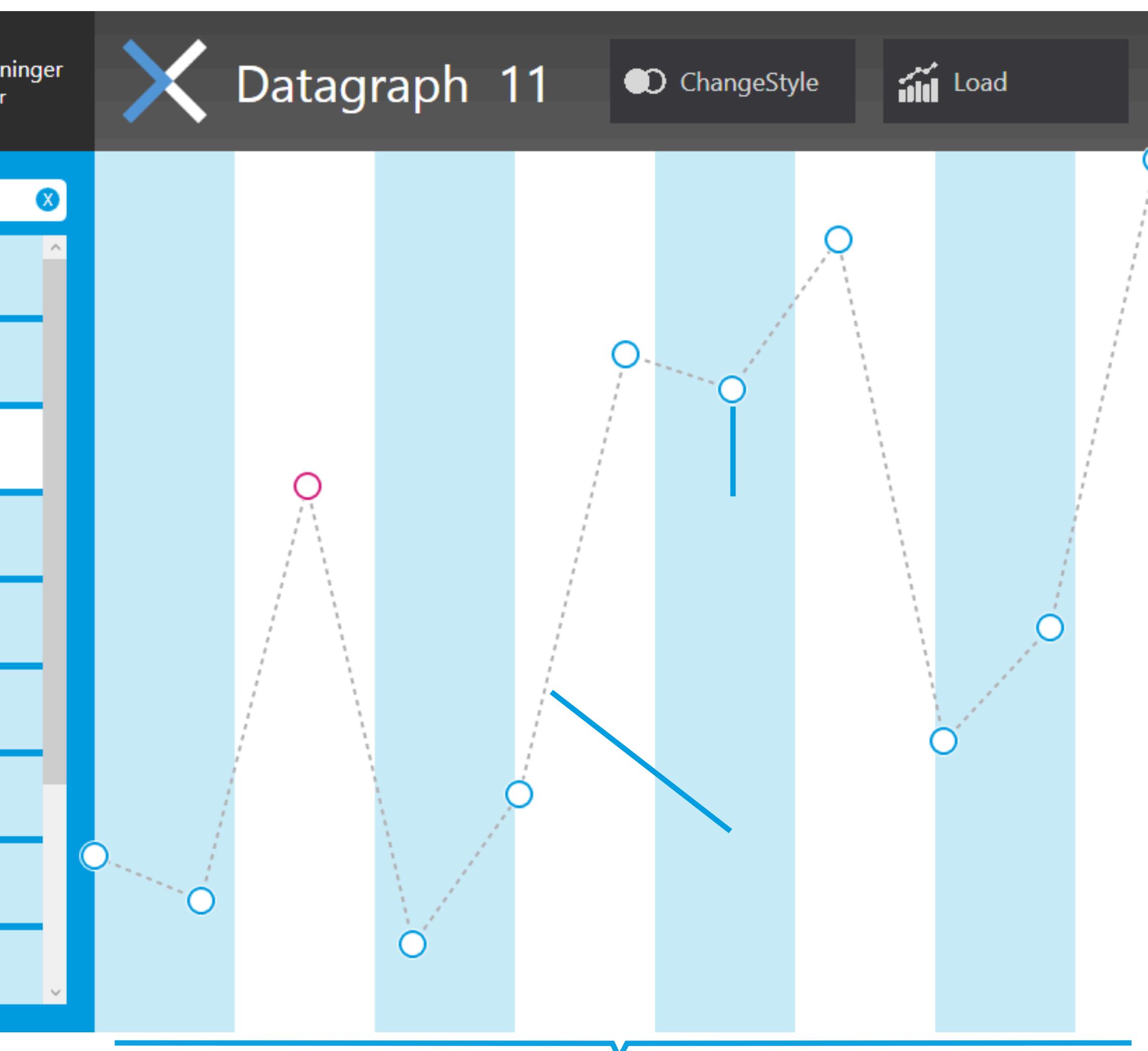
PointChartViewModel



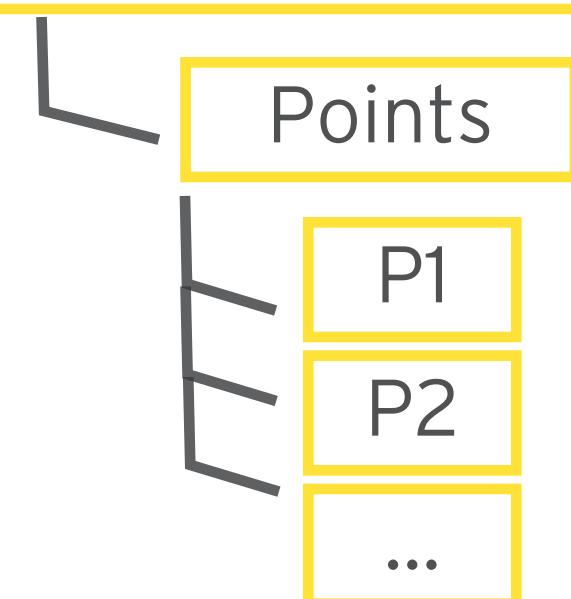


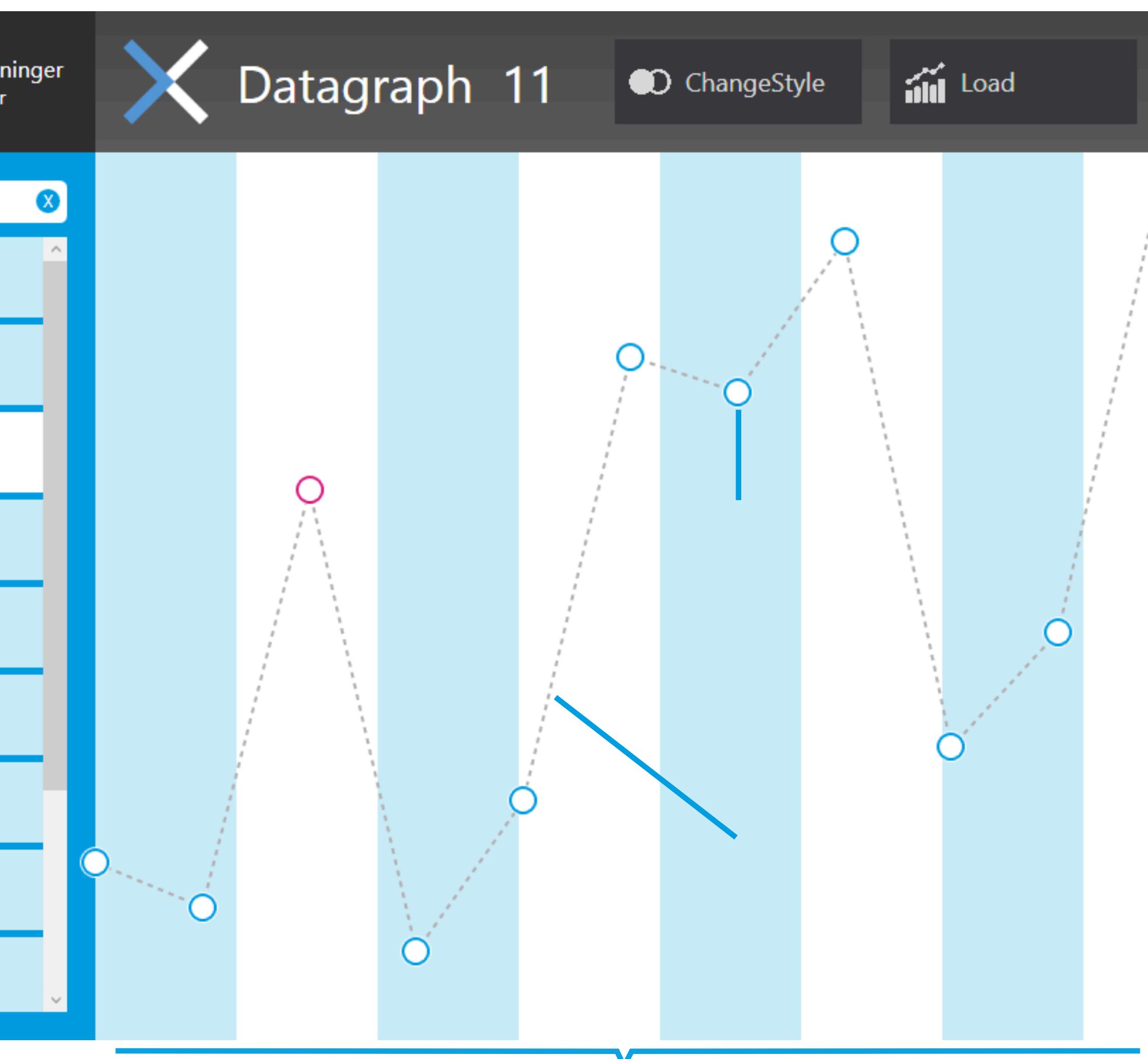
PointChartViewModel



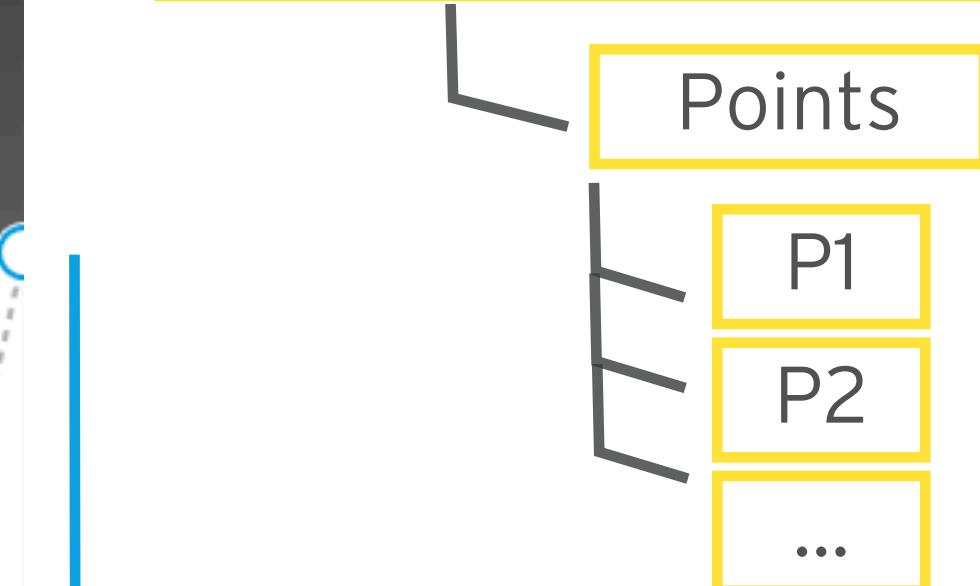


PointChartViewModel

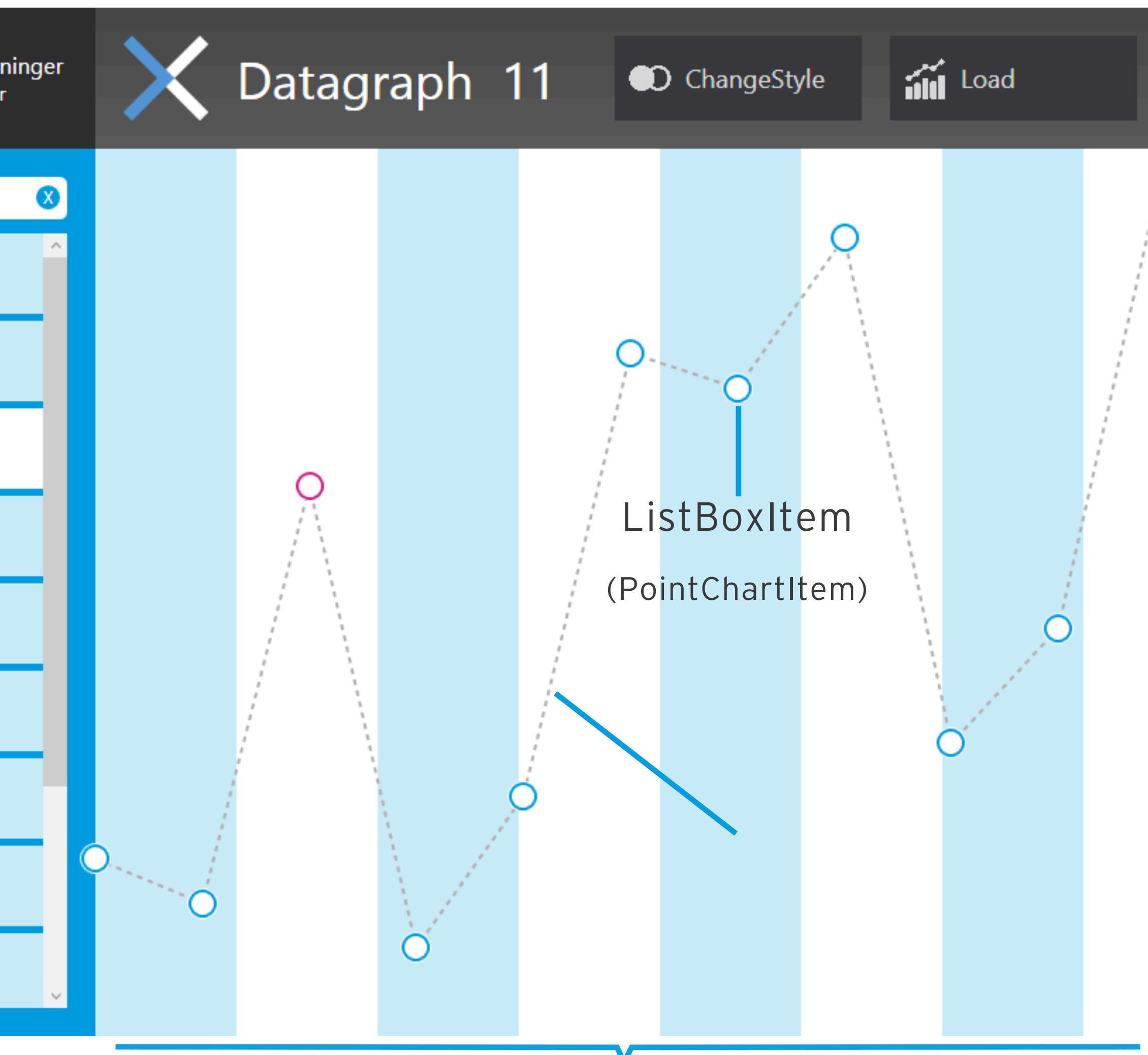




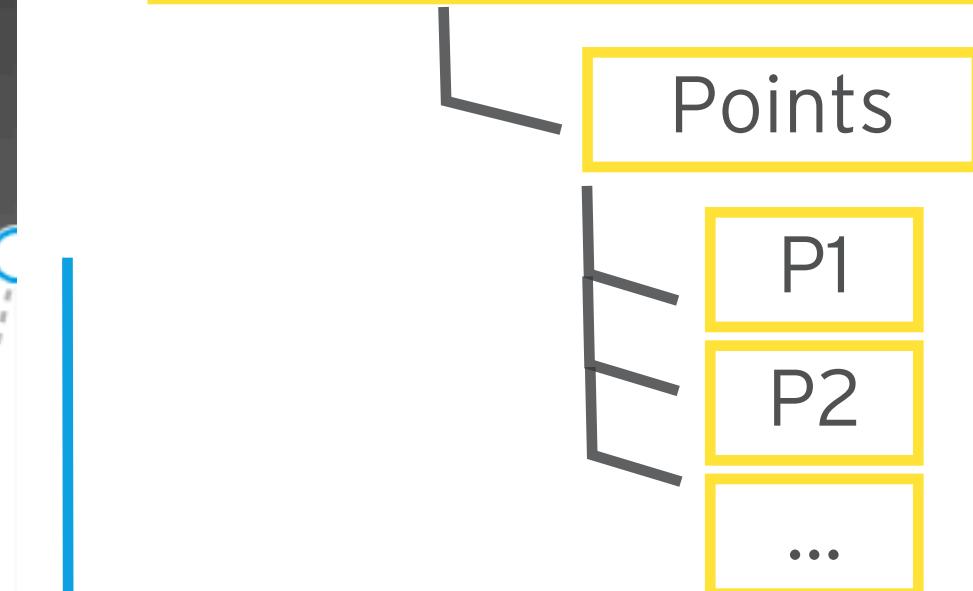
PointChartViewModel

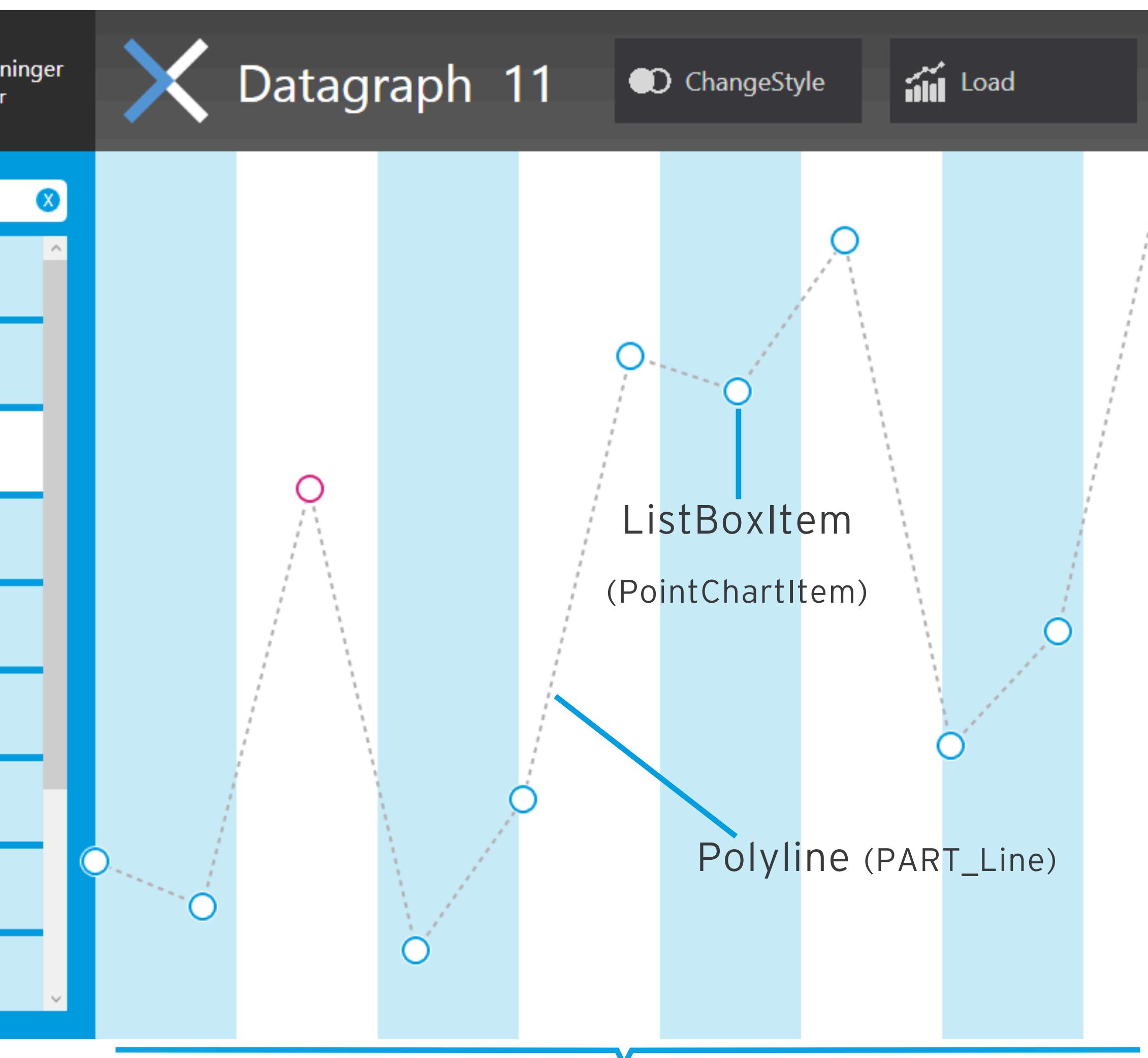


ListBox (PointChart)

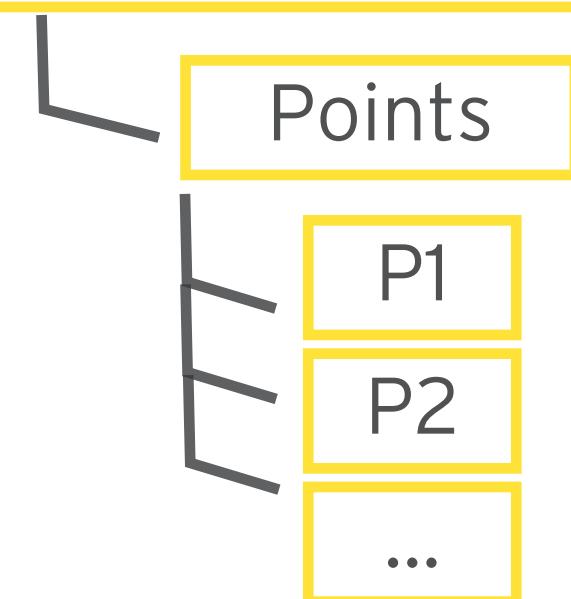


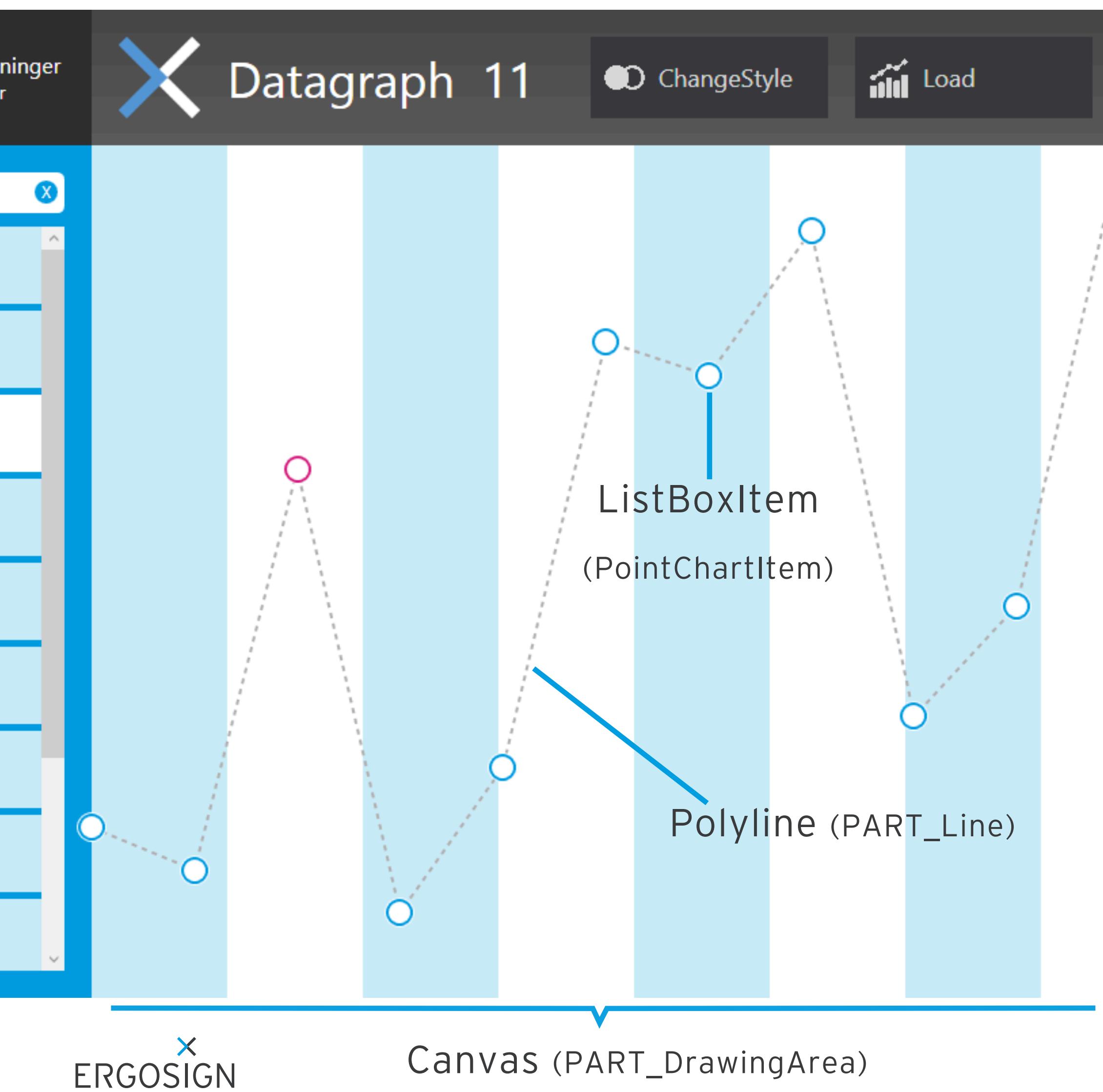
PointChartViewModel



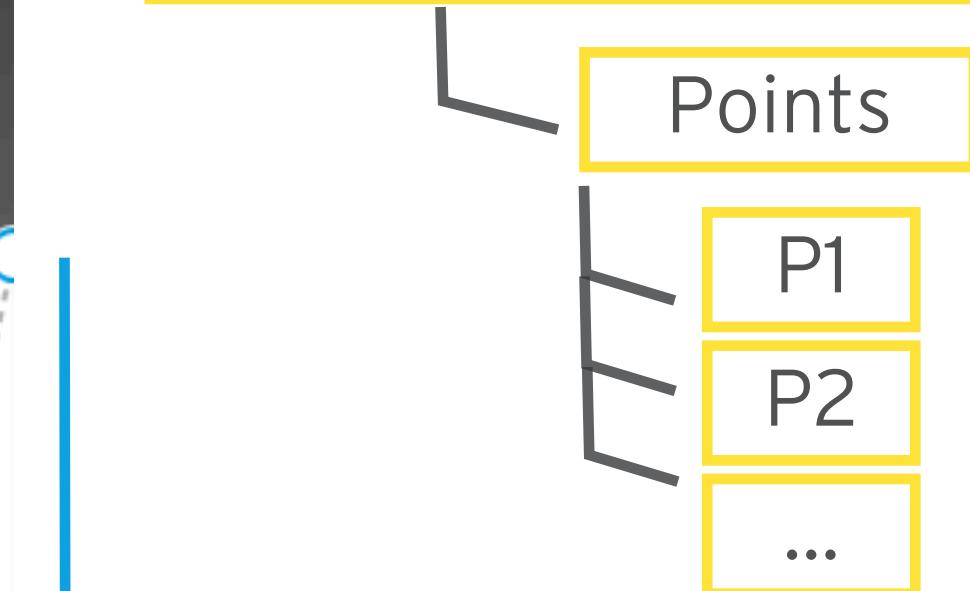


PointChartViewModel

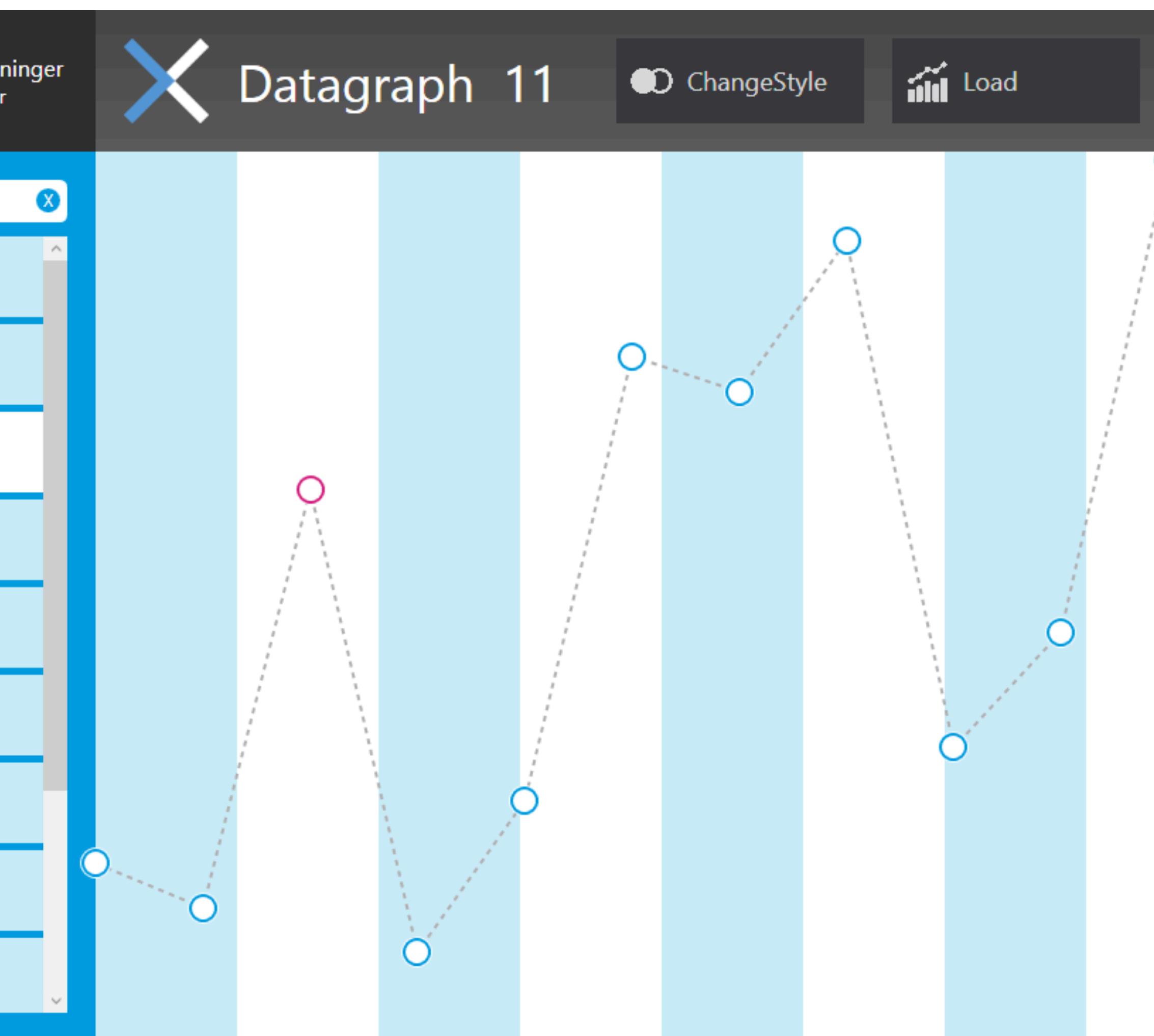




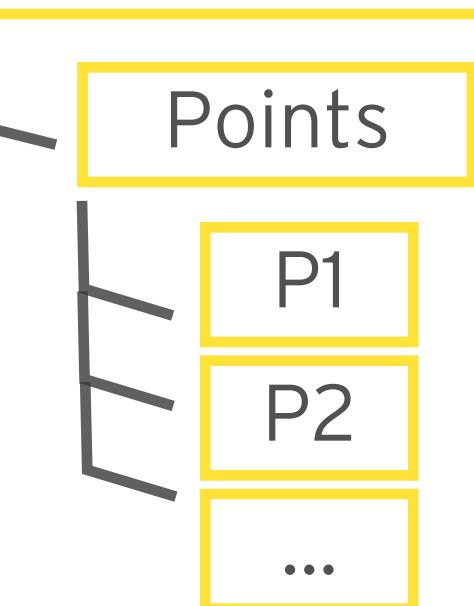
PointChartViewModel



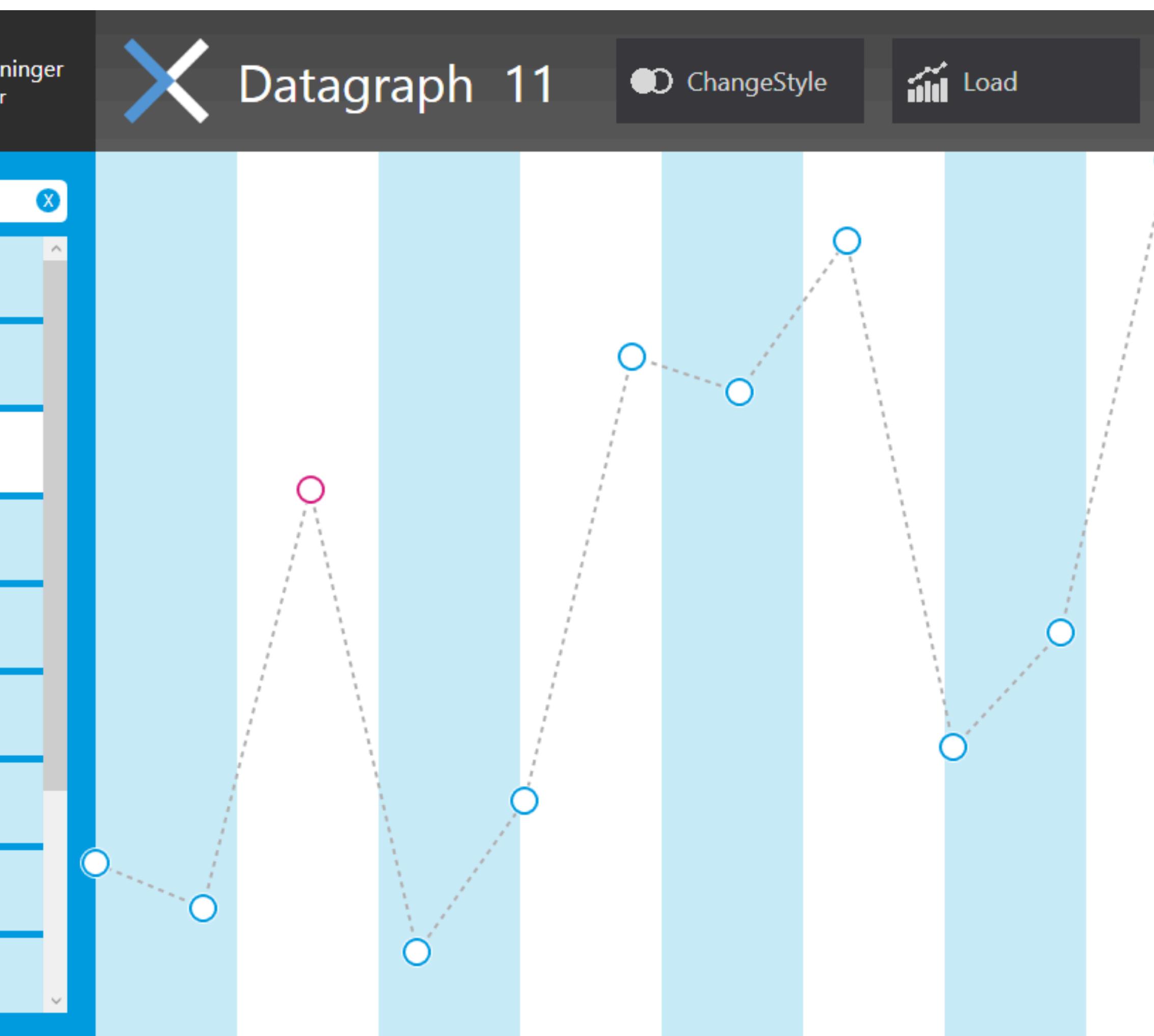
ListBox (PointChart)



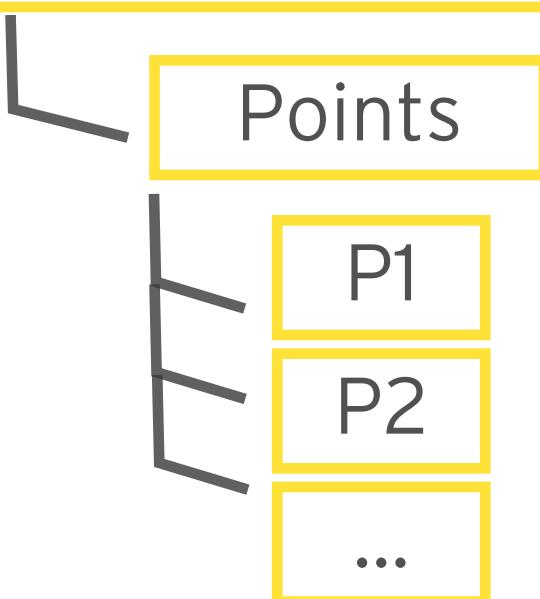
PointChartViewModel



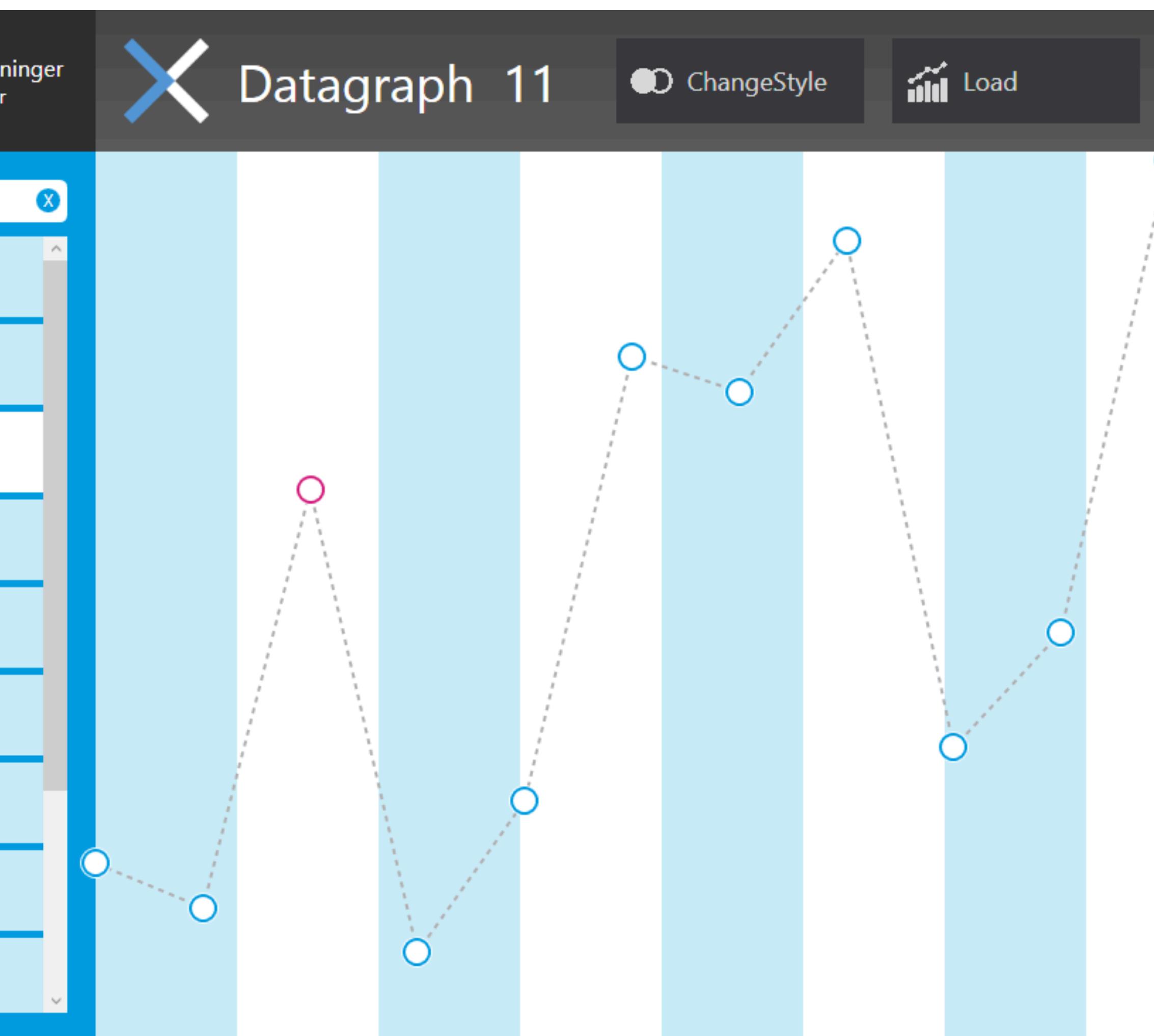
ListBox (PointChart)



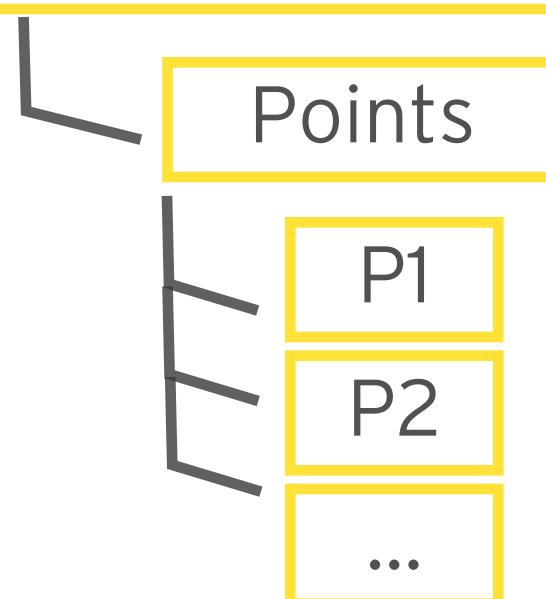
PointChartViewModel



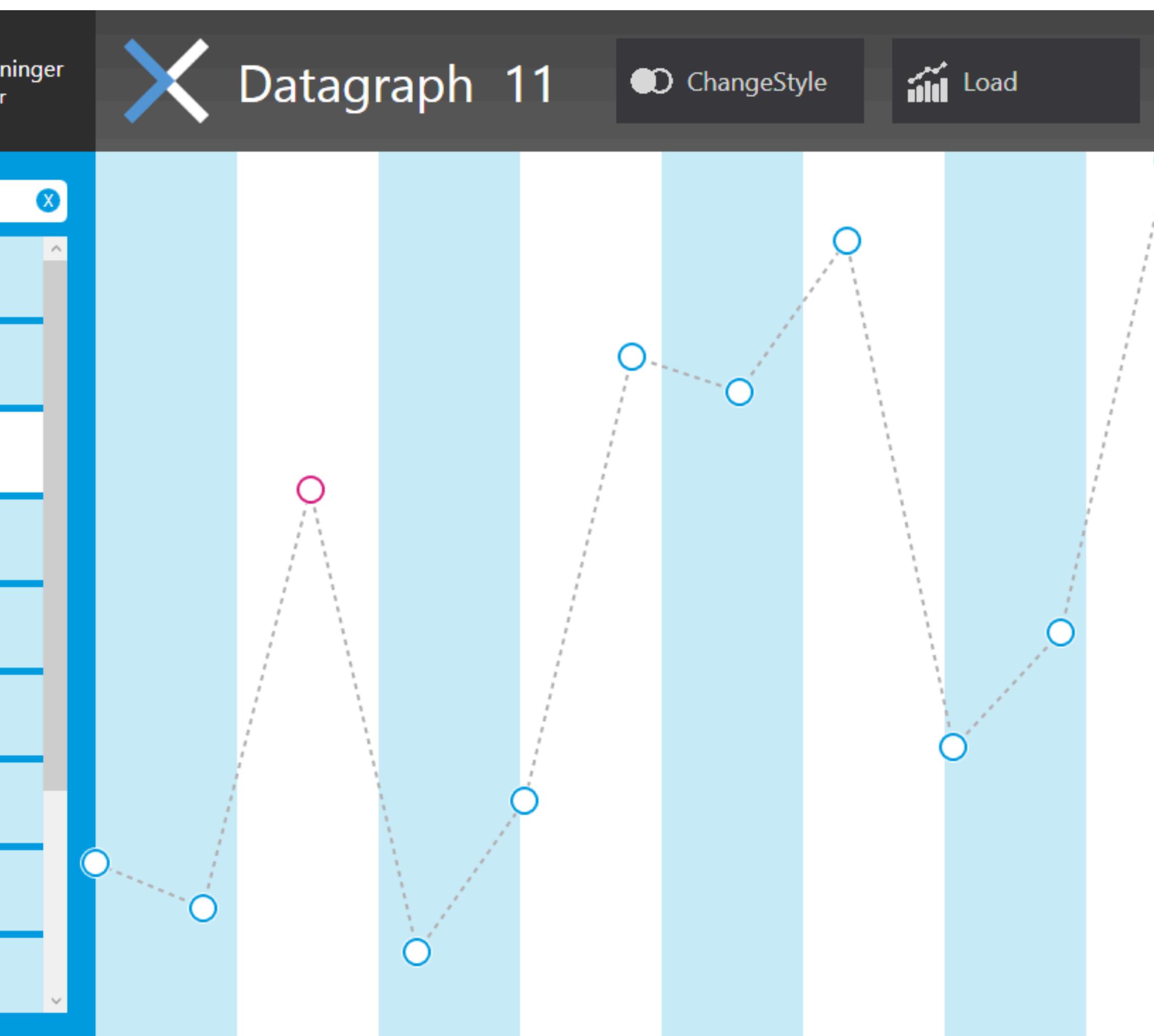
→ ListBox (PointChart)
> X/YMinimum



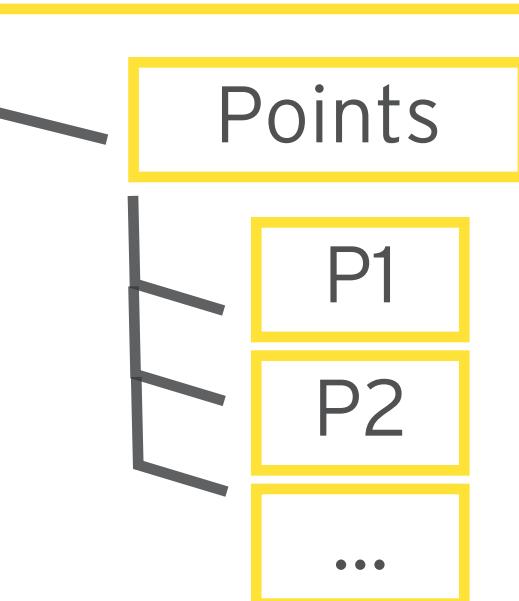
PointChartViewModel



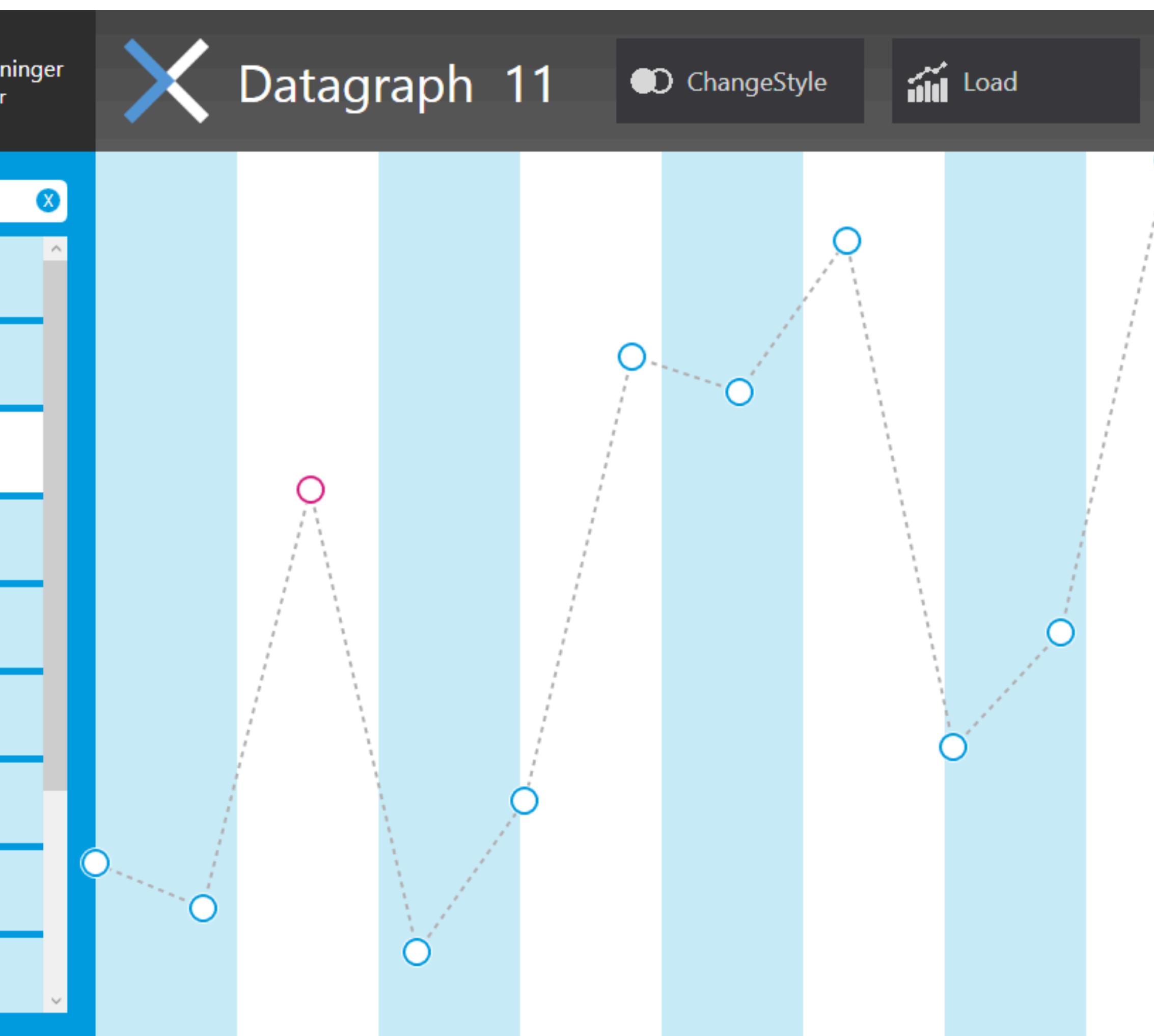
- ListBox (PointChart)
 - > X/YMinimum
 - > X/YMaximum



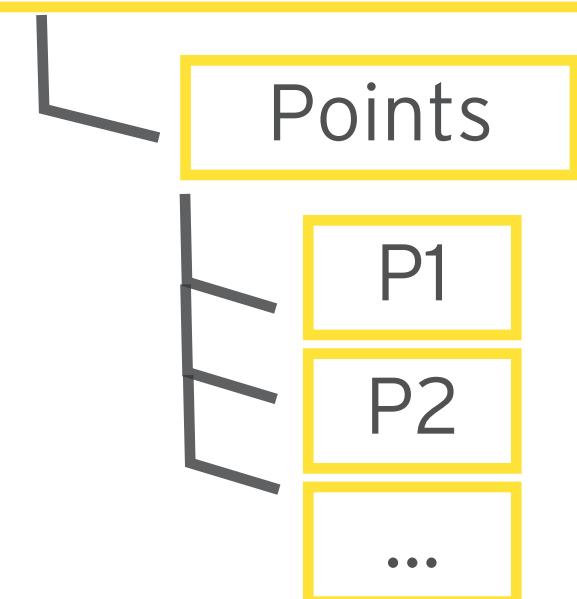
PointChartViewModel



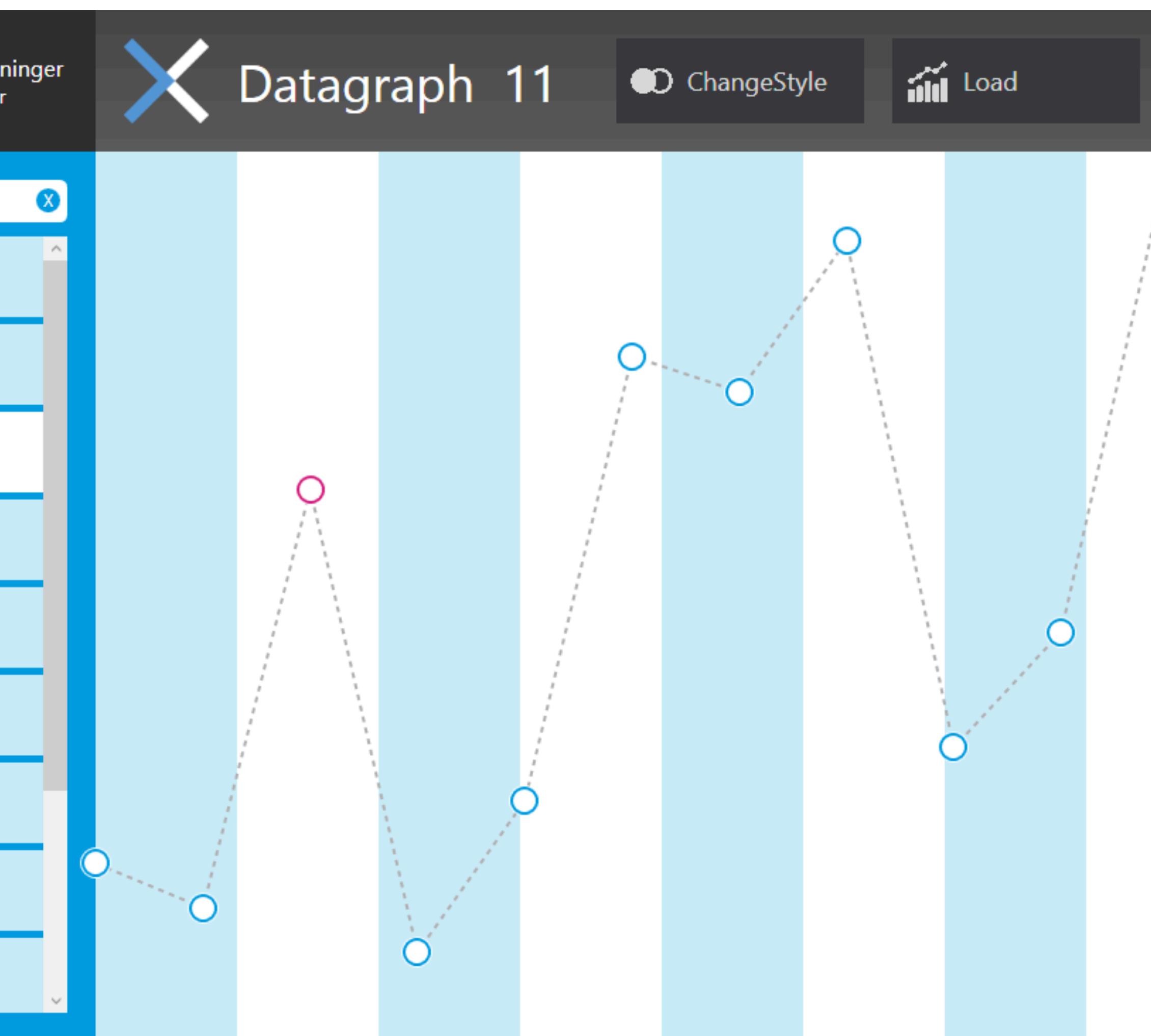
- ListBox (PointChart)
 - > X/YMinimum
 - > X/YMaximum
 - > LineThickness



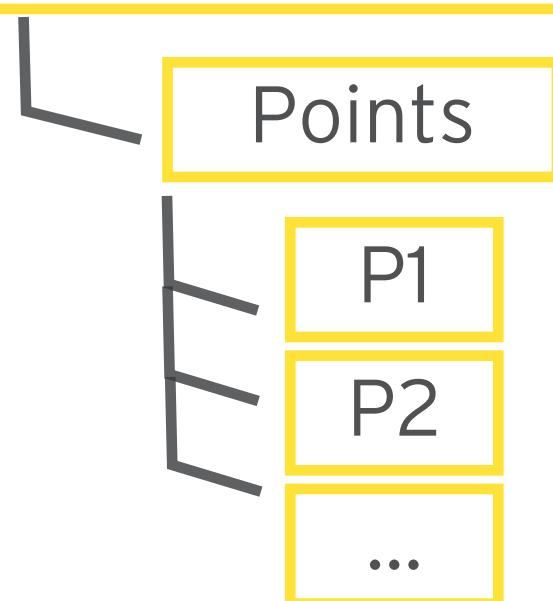
PointChartViewModel



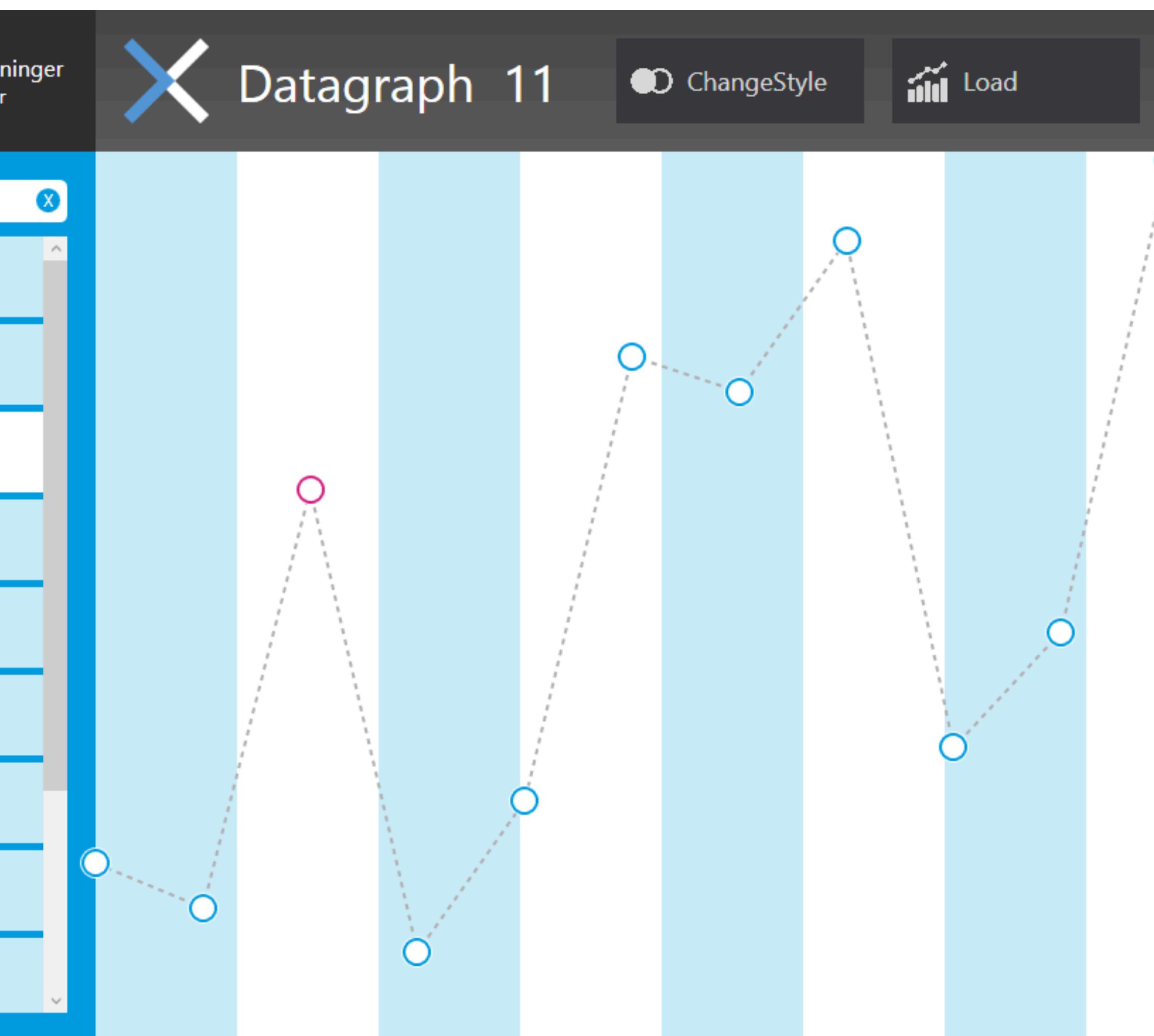
- ListBox (PointChart)
 - > X/YMinimum
 - > X/YMaximum
 - > LineThickness
 - > LineBrush



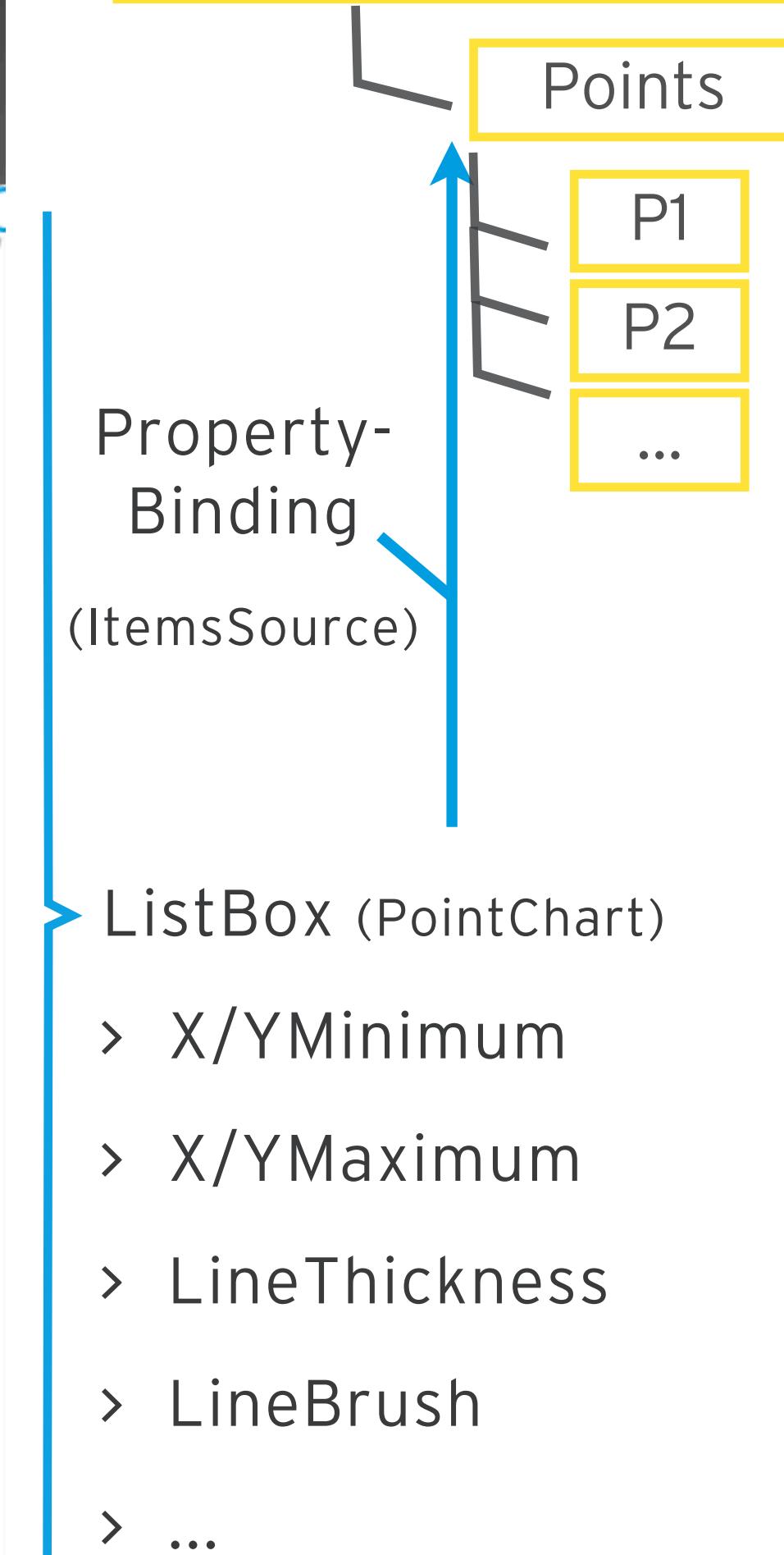
PointChartViewModel

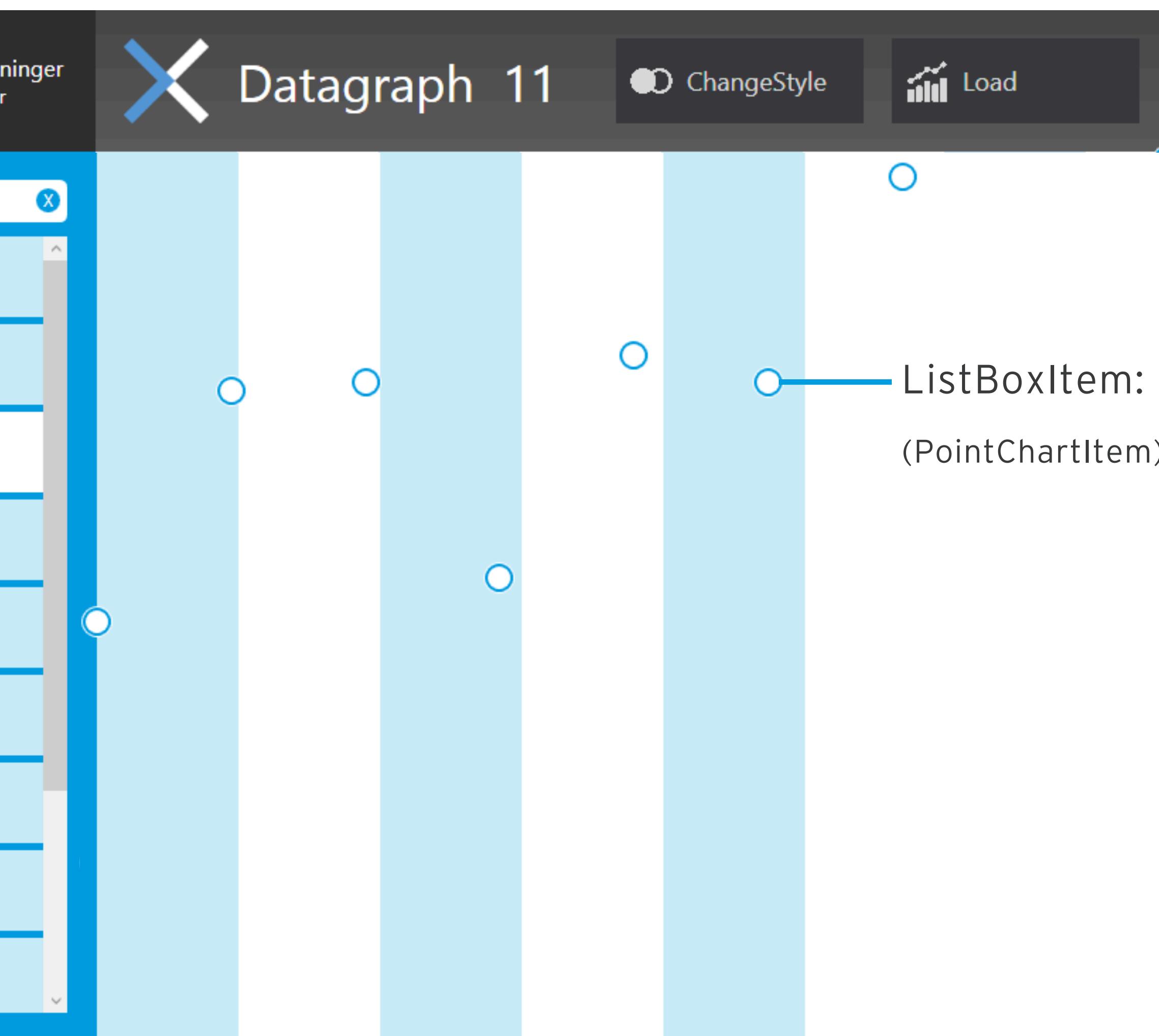


- ListBox (PointChart)
 - > X/YMinimum
 - > X/YMaximum
 - > LineThickness
 - > LineBrush
 - > ...

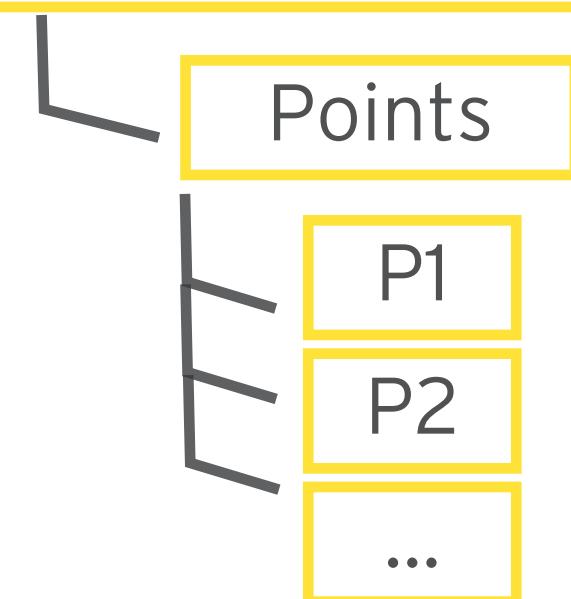


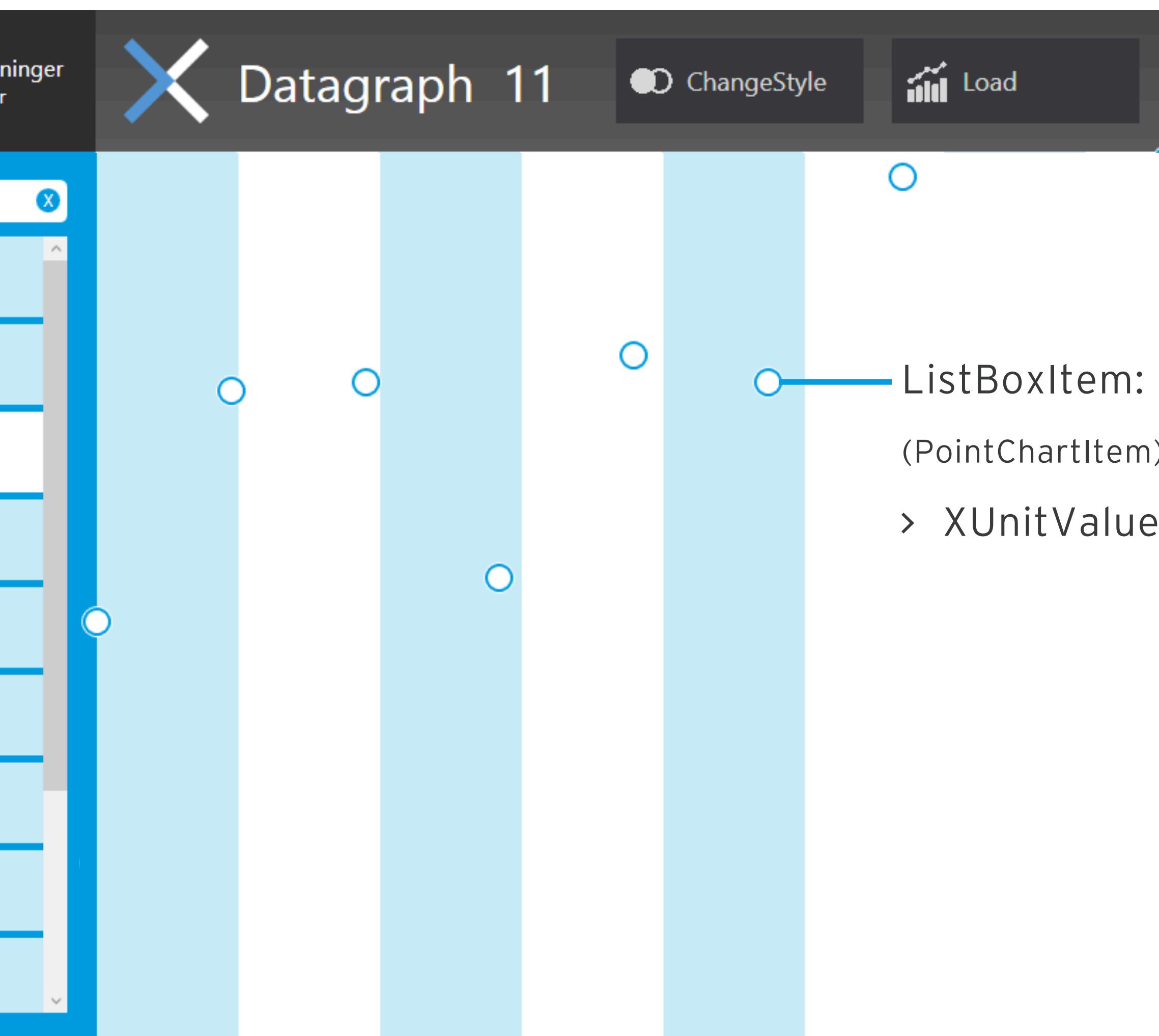
PointChartViewModel





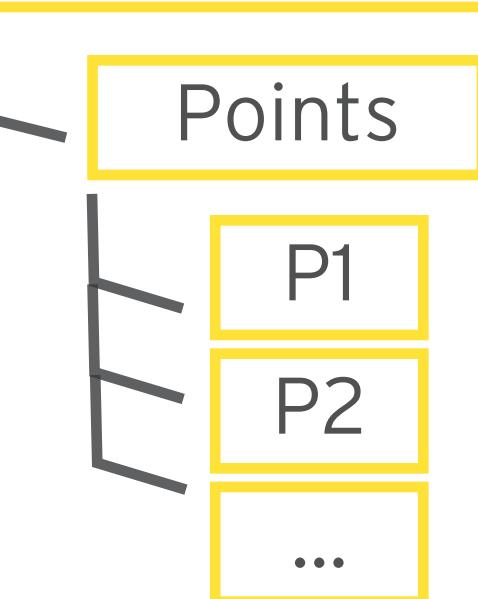
PointChartViewModel

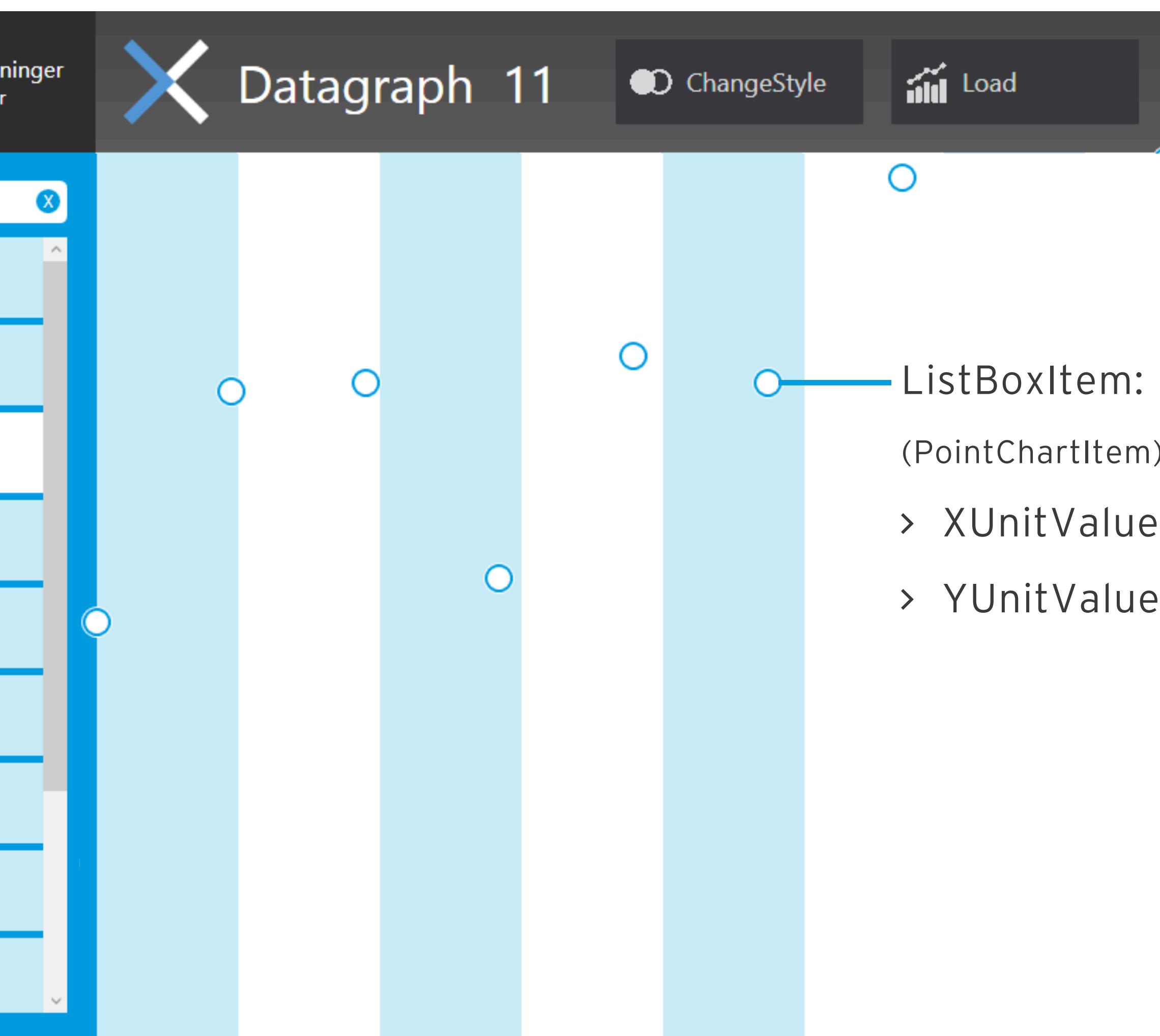




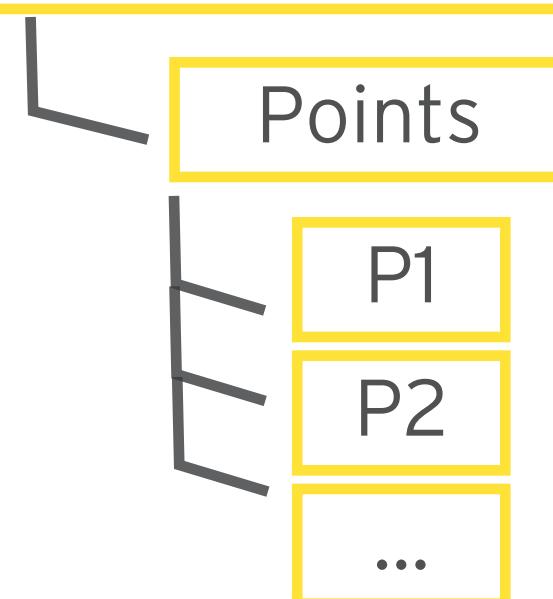
ListBoxItem:
(PointChartItem)
> XUnitValue

PointChartViewModel

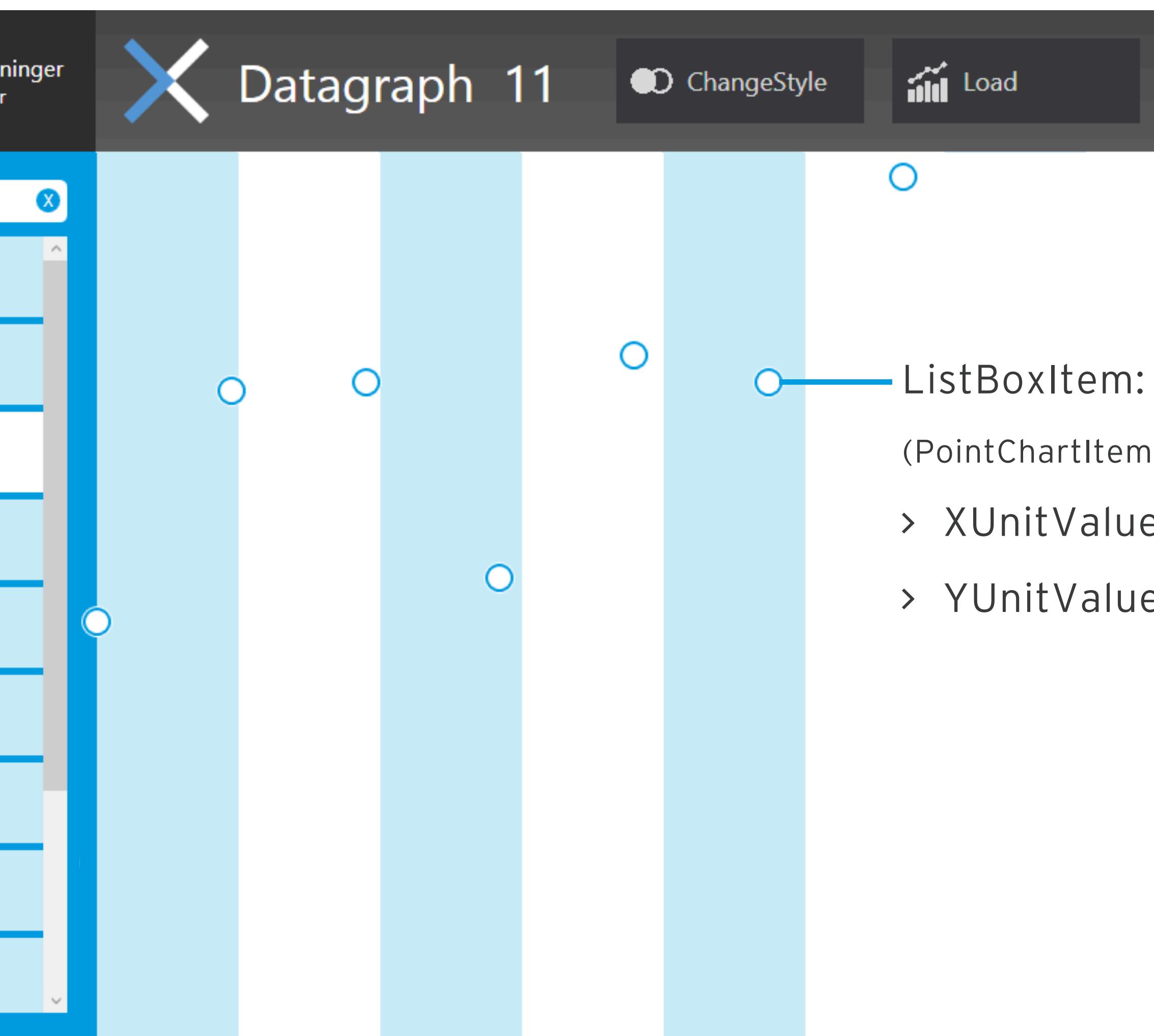




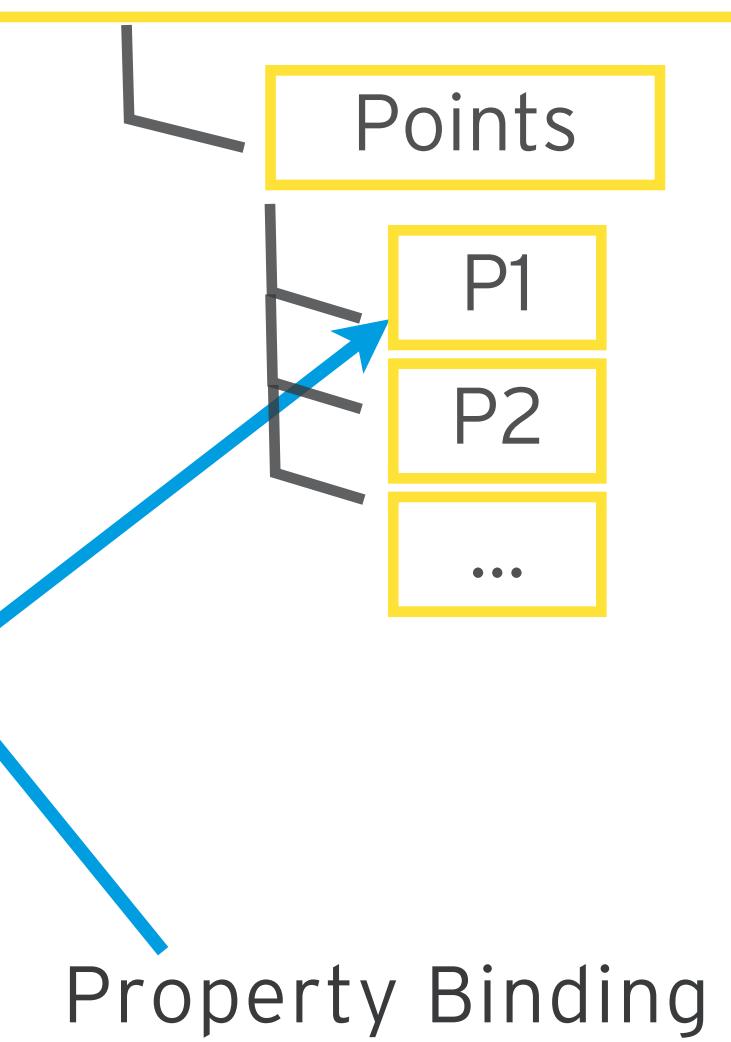
PointChartViewModel

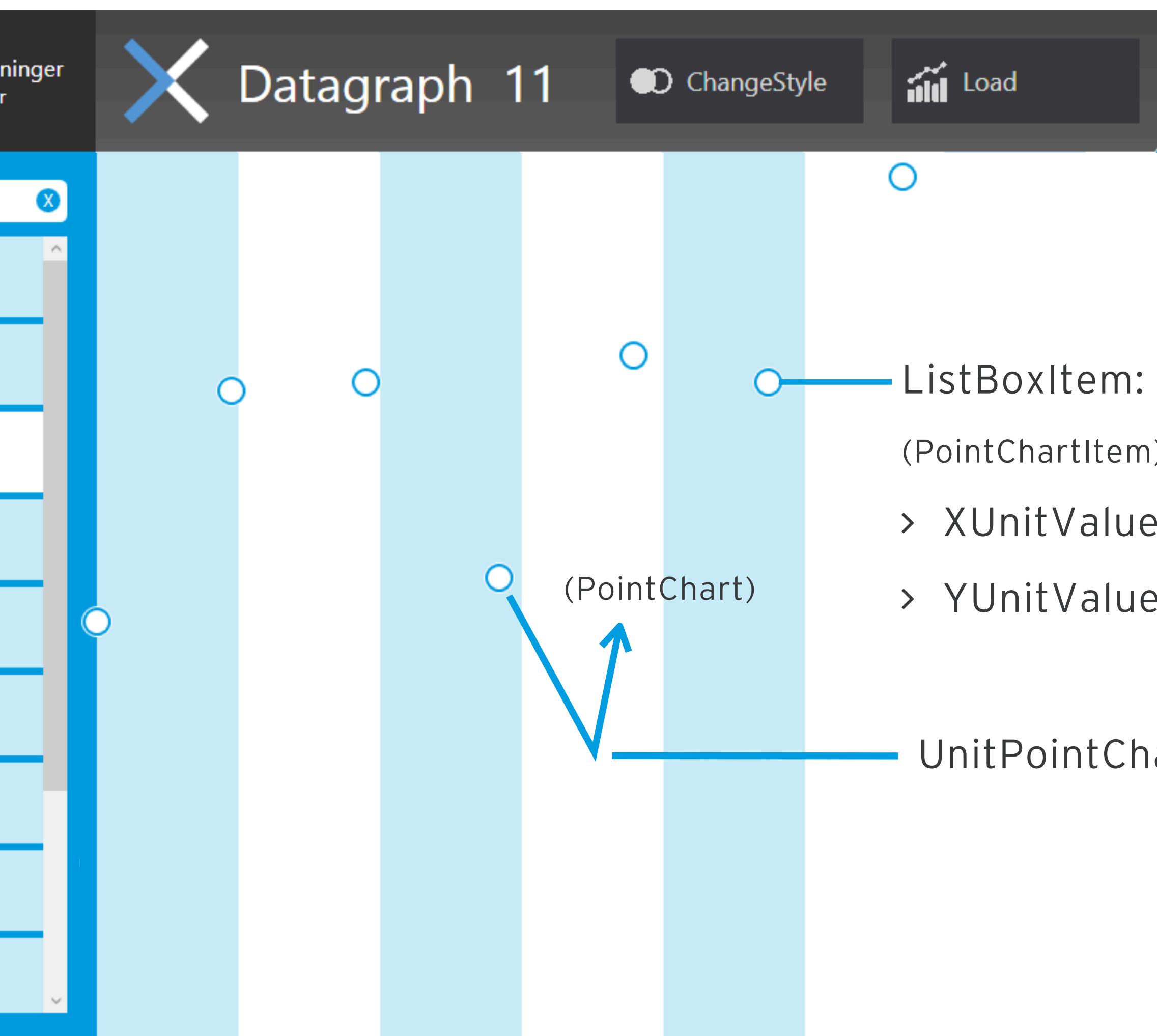


ListBoxItem:
(PointChartItem)
> XUnitValue
> YUnitValue

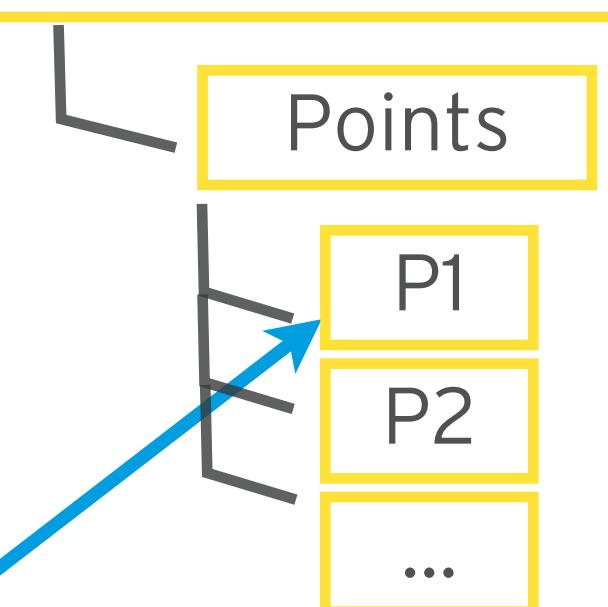


PointChartViewModel

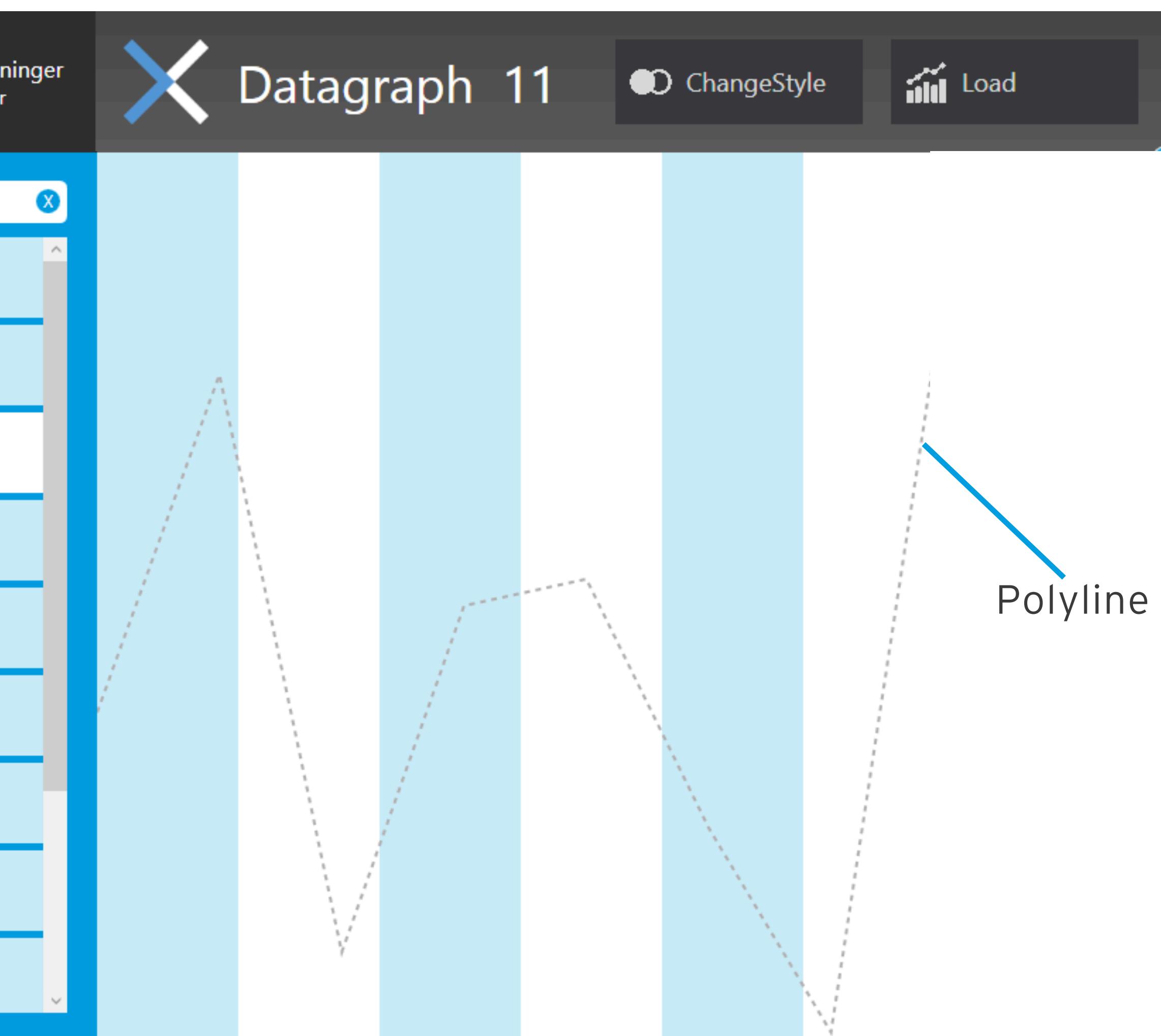




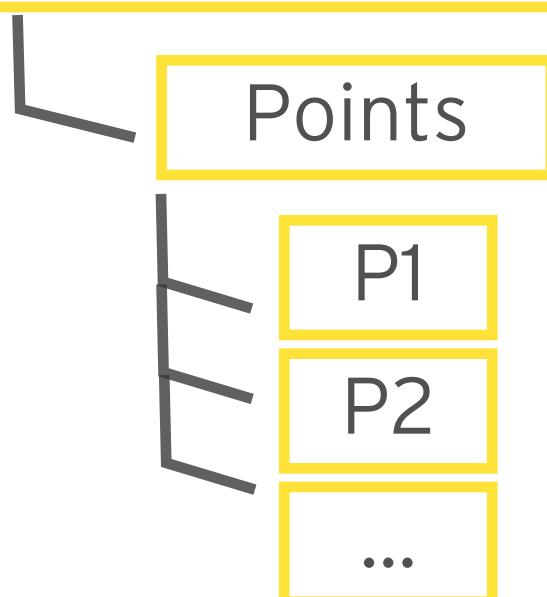
PointChartViewModel



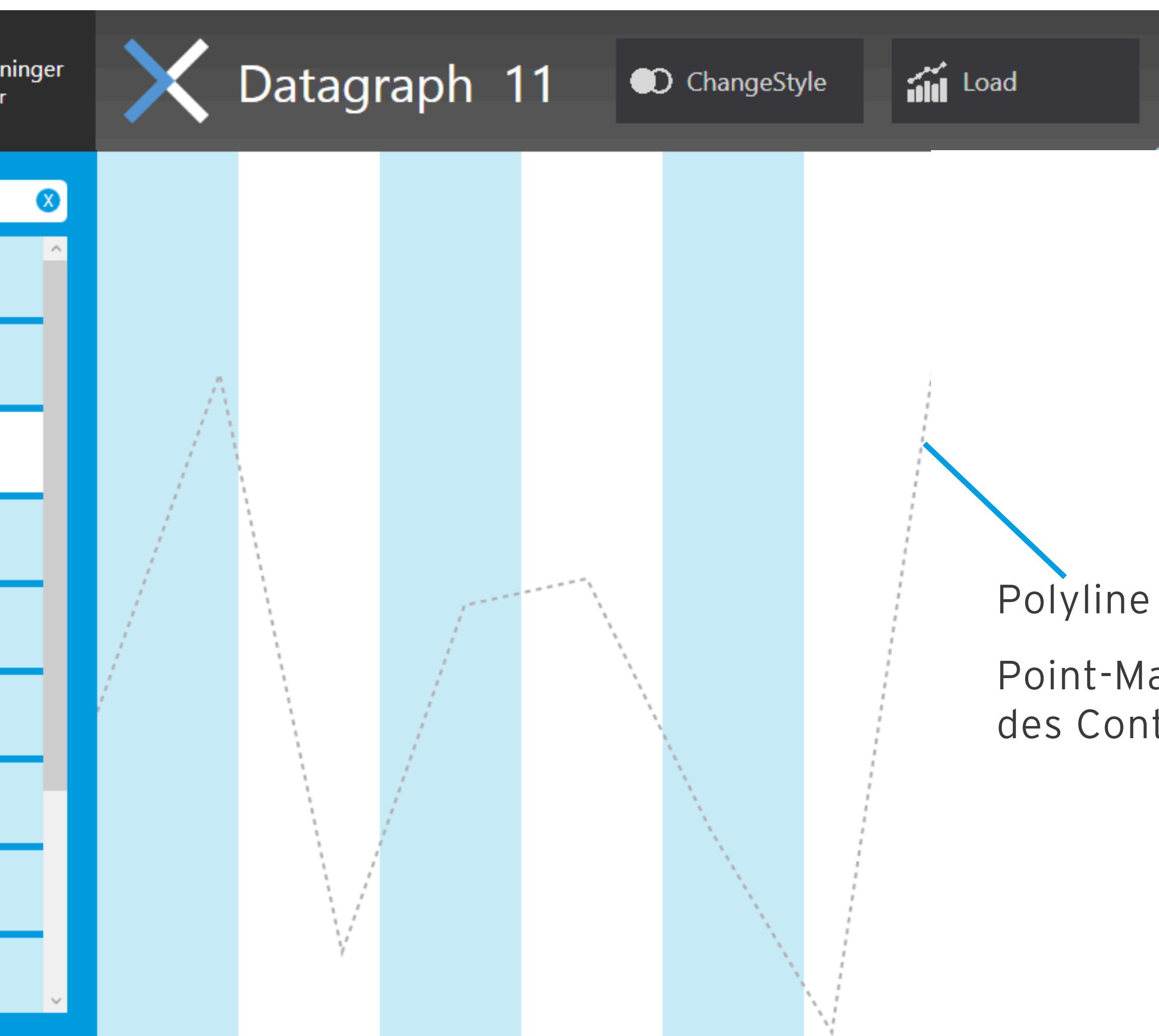
> POINTCHART ANALYSE - POLYLINE



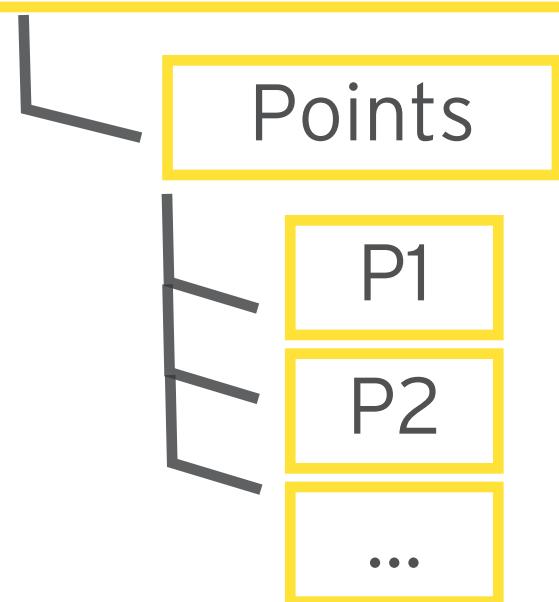
PointChartViewModel



Polyline (PART_Line)

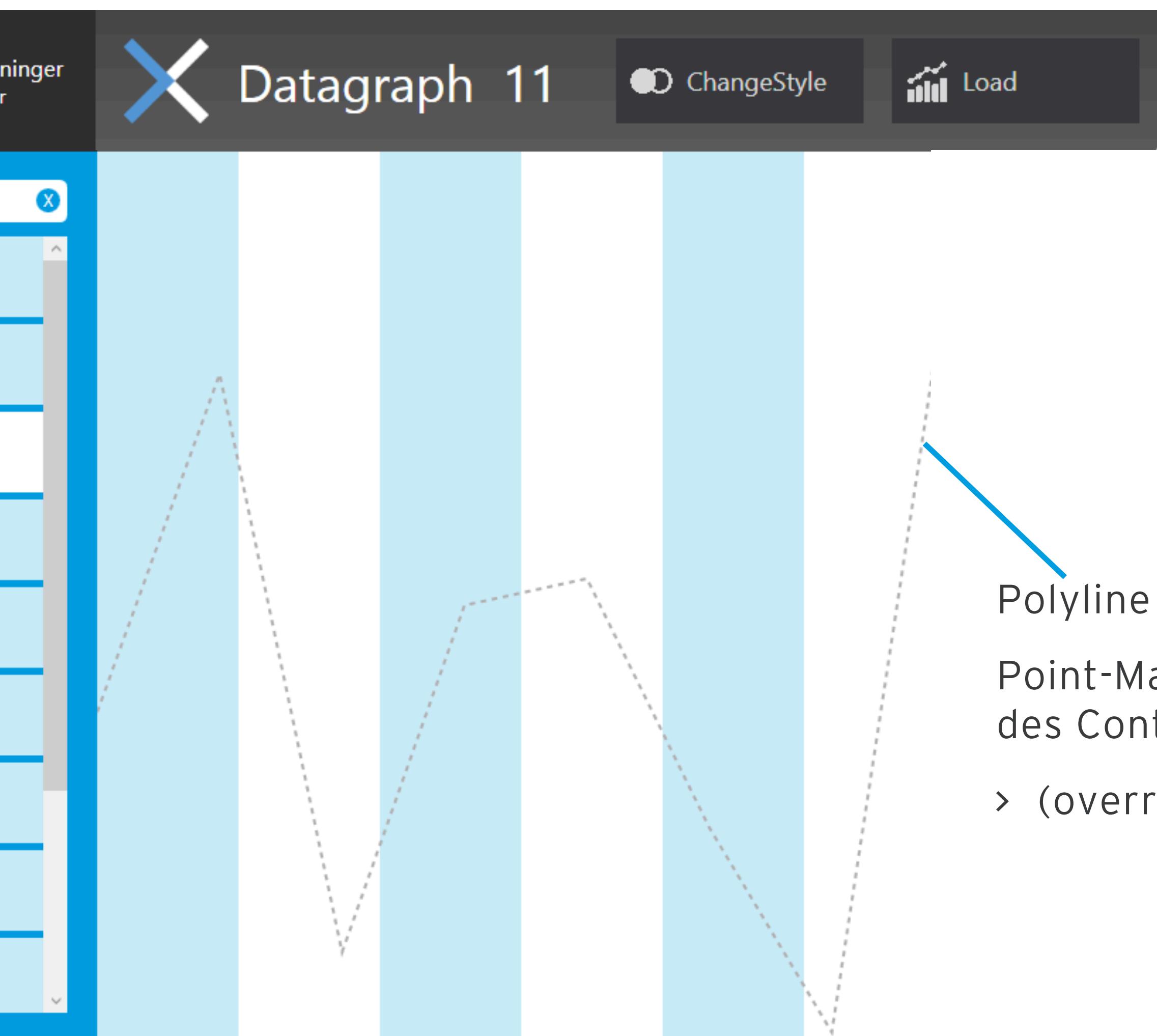


PointChartViewModel

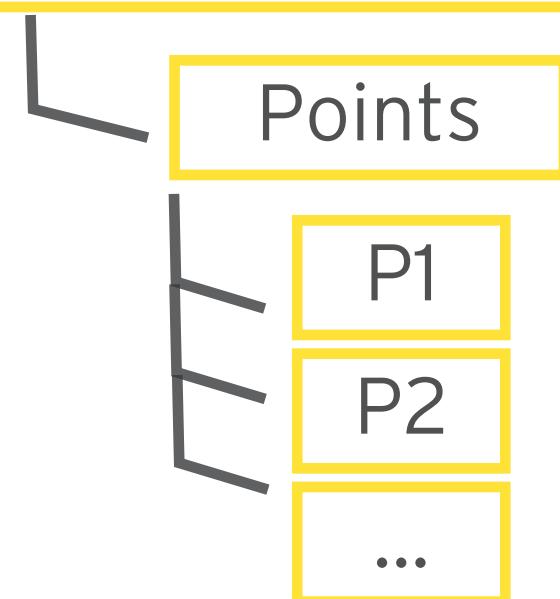


Polyline (PART_Line)

Point-Management innerhalb
des Controls



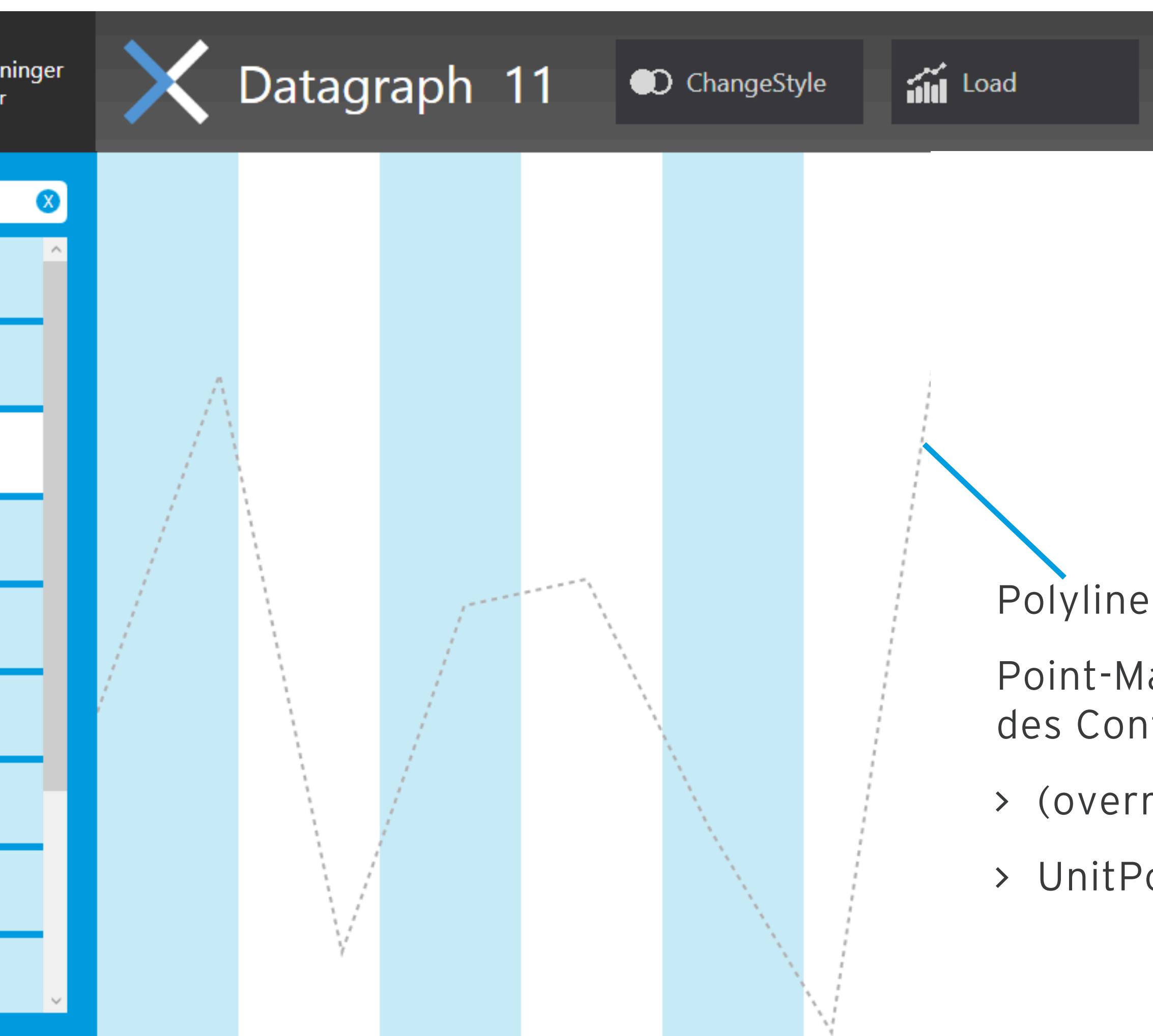
PointChartViewModel



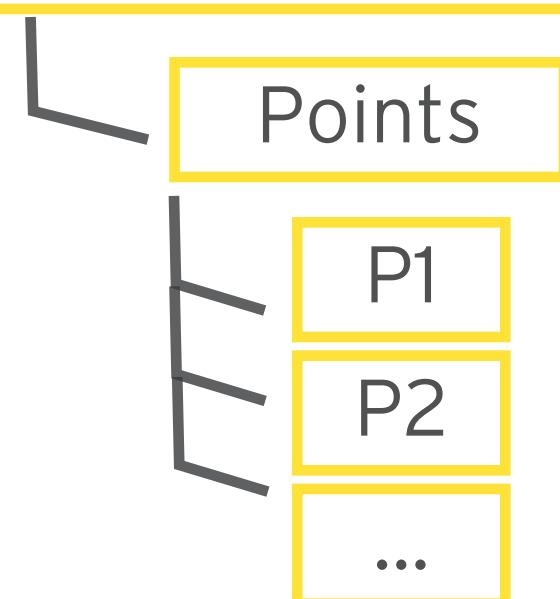
Polyline (PART_Line)

Point-Management innerhalb
des Controls

> (override) ItemsChanged



PointChartViewModel

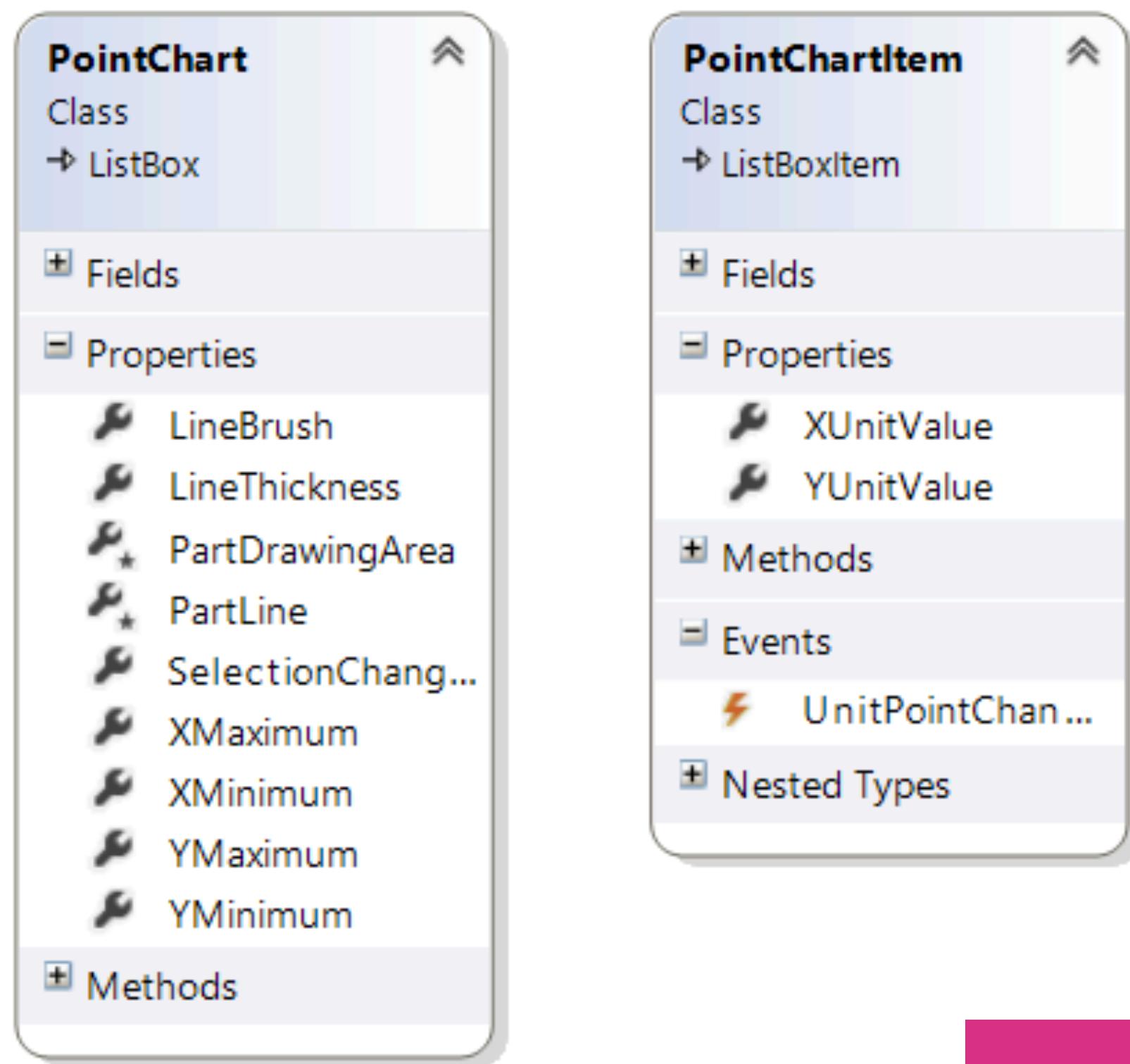


Polyline (PART_Line)

Point-Management innerhalb
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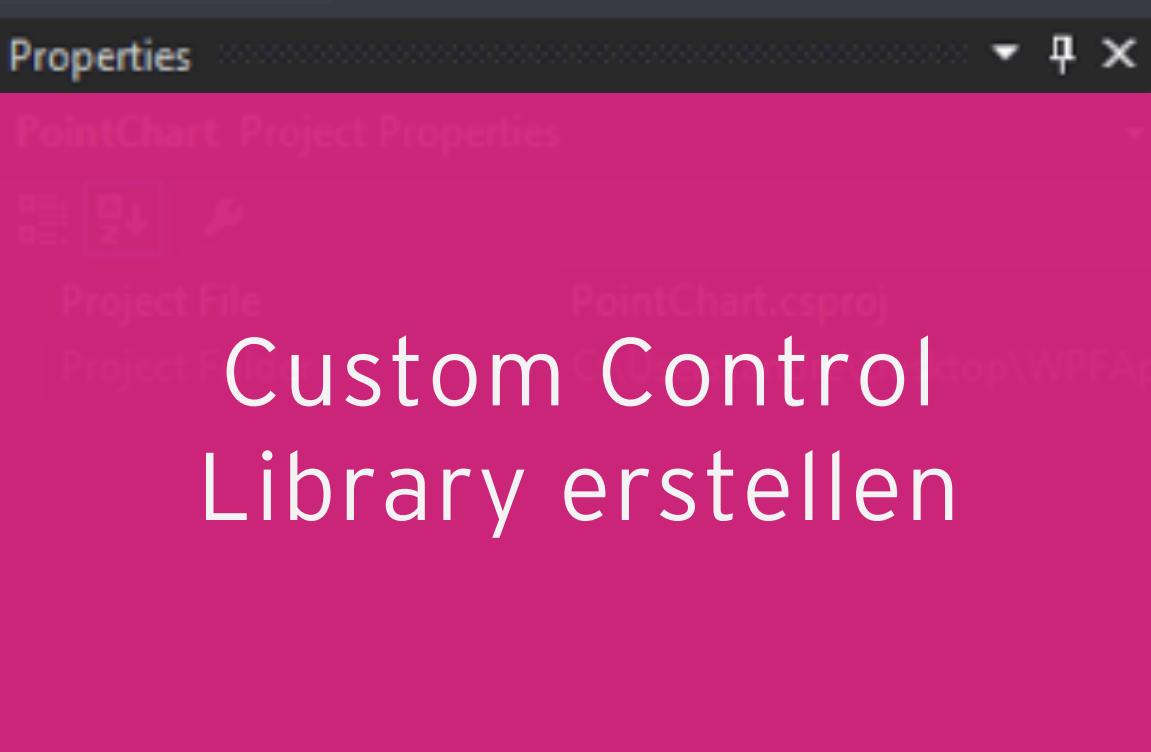
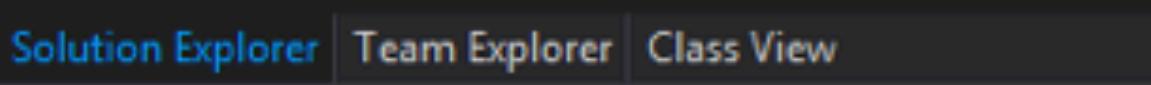
- > (override) ItemsChanged
- > UnitPointChanged

> POINTCHART ANALYSE - KLASSENEDIAGRAMM



That's it ;)

CUSTOM CONTROL LIBRARY



```
public class PointChart : ListBox
{
    Members
    DependencyProperties
    PropertyChangedCallbacks
    Events
    Handlers
    ClassHandlers
    Ctor
    Init/Cleanup
    OverrideMethods
    Methods
    Properties
}
```

Basisklasse
bestimmen

(PointChart.cs)

```
public class PointChartItem : ListBoxItem {  
    Members  
  
DependencyProperties  
  
PropertyChangedCallbacks  
  
Events  
  
Handlers  
  
Ctor  
  
Init/Cleanup  
  
OverrideMethods  
  
Methods  
  
Properties  
}
```

Basisklasse
bestimmen

(PointChartItem.cs)

```
public class PointChartItem : ListBoxItem ...
```

```
public class PointChart : ListBox ...
```

Basisklasse
bestimmen

(PointChart.cs)
(PointChartItem.cs)

Besonderheit ItemsControl

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- > (Override) IsItemItsOwnContainerOverride

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 - > Ist das Item sein eigener Container?

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 - > Ist das Item sein eigener Container?
- > (Override) GetContainerForItemOverride

Besonderheit ItemsControl

- > (Override) IsItemItsOwnContainerOverride
 - > Ist das Item sein eigener Container?
- > (Override) GetContainerForItemOverride
 - > Liefert das Element zum Anzeigen des Items

```
/// <summary> ...  
● protected override bool IsItemItsOwnContainerOverride(object item)  
{  
    return item is PointChartItem;  
}  
  
/// <summary> ...  
● protected override DependencyObject GetContainerForItemOverride()  
{  
    return new PointChartItem();  
}
```

Besonderheit
ItemsControl

(PointChart.cs)

STYLE & TEMPLATE

Style & Template: PointChart (Generic.xaml)

```
<style TargetType="local:PointChart">
    <Setter Property="BorderThickness" Value="1 0 0 1" />
    <Setter Property="BorderBrush" Value="Gray" />
    <Setter Property="LineBrush" Value="Black" />
    <Setter Property="LineThickness" Value="1" />
    <Setter Property="Margin" Value="-10" />
    <Setter Property="Padding" Value="10" />
    <Setter Property="Focusable" Value="False" />
    <Setter Property="LineBrush" Value="Black" />
    <Setter Property="LineThickness" Value="1" />
    <Setter Property="Template">
        <Setter.Value>
            <ControlTemplate TargetType="local:PointChart">
                <Grid ClipToBounds="True">
                    <Border Margin="{TemplateBinding Padding}"
                            Background="{TemplateBinding Background}"
                            BorderBrush="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
                            BorderThickness="{TemplateBinding BorderThickness}">
                        <Grid>
                            <Grid.LayoutTransform>
                                <ScaleTransform ScaleY="-1" />
                            </Grid.LayoutTransform>
                            <Polyline x:Name="PART_Line"
                                      Stroke="{TemplateBinding LineBrush}"
                                      StrokeThickness="{TemplateBinding LineThickness}" />
                            <Canvas x:Name="PART_DrawingArea"
                                    IsItemsHost="True" />
                        </Grid>
                    </Border>
                </Grid>
            </ControlTemplate>
        </Setter.Value>
    </Setter>
</style>
```

Style & Template: PointChartItem

(Generic.xaml)

```
<Style TargetType="local:PointChartItem">
    <Setter Property="Width" Value="20" />
    <Setter Property="Height" Value="20" />
    <Setter Property="Background" Value="Transparent" />
    <Setter Property="BorderBrush" Value="Red" />
    <Setter Property="FocusVisualStyle" Value="{x:Null}" />
    <Setter Property="Template">
        <Setter.Value>
            <ControlTemplate TargetType="local:PointChartItem">
                <Ellipse Fill="{TemplateBinding Background}" Stroke="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}" />
            </ControlTemplate>
        </Setter.Value>
    </Setter>
    <Style.Triggers>
        <Trigger Property="IsMouseOver" Value="True">
            <Setter Property="Background" Value="Black" />
        </Trigger>
        <Trigger Property="isSelected" Value="True">
            <Setter Property="Background" Value="Blue" />
        </Trigger>
    </Style.Triggers>
</Style>
```

ONAPPLYTEMPLATE()

> **POINTCHART** ONAPPLYTEMPLATE()

OnApplyTemplate()

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OnApplyTemplate()

- > Logic (C#, Klasse) und Visualisierung (Xaml, Template) getrennt

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- > Elemente innerhalb Control Template werden nach Konvention mit *PART_...* benannt

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- > Elemente innerhalb Control Template werden nach Konvention mit *PART_...* benannt
- > Element-Referenzierung über *OnApplyTemplate()* Methode *GetTemplateChild()* Methode mit *PART_...* aufrufen

OnApplyTemplate()

- > Logic (C#, Klasse) und Visualisierung (Xaml, Template) getrennt
- > Elemente innerhalb Control Template werden nach Konvention mit *PART_...* benannt
- > Element-Referenzierung über *OnApplyTemplate()* Methode *GetTemplateChild()* Methode mit *PART_...* aufrufen
- > **Achtung:** Element müssen nicht in der Template vorhanden sein

Element-Referenzierung 1/2

(Generic.xaml)

```
<Style TargetType="local:PointChart">
    <Setter Property="BorderThickness" Value="1 0 0 1" />
    <Setter Property="BorderBrush" Value="Gray" />
    <Setter Property="LineBrush" Value="Black" />
    <Setter Property="LineThickness" Value="1" />
    <Setter Property="Margin" Value="-10" />
    <Setter Property="Padding" Value="10" />
    <Setter Property="Focusable" Value="False" />
    <Setter Property="LineBrush" Value="Black" />
    <Setter Property="LineThickness" Value="1" />
    <Setter Property="Template">
        <Setter.Value>
            <ControlTemplate TargetType="local:PointChart">
                <Grid ClipToBounds="True">
                    <Border Margin="{TemplateBinding Padding}"
                           Background="{TemplateBinding Background}"
                           BorderBrush="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
                           BorderThickness="{TemplateBinding BorderThickness}">
                        <Grid>
                            <Grid.LayoutTransform>
                                <ScaleTransform ScaleY="-1" />
                            </Grid.LayoutTransform>
                             <Polyline x:Name="PART_Line"
                                         Stroke="{TemplateBinding LineBrush}"
                                         StrokeThickness="{TemplateBinding LineThickness}" />
                             <Canvas x:Name="PART_DrawingArea"
                                         Width="{Binding ActualWidth,
                                         ElementName=PART_DrawingArea}"
                                         Height="{Binding ActualHeight,
                                         ElementName=PART_DrawingArea}"
                                         IsItemsHost="True" />
                        </Grid>
                    </Border>
                </Grid>
            </ControlTemplate>
        </Setter.Value>
    </Setter>
</Style>
```

› Diese beiden Elemente sollen referenziert werden

Element-Referenzierung 2/2

(PointChart.cs)

```
/// <summary>
/// Get Template PART_-Elements
/// </summary>
public override void OnApplyTemplate()
{
    base.OnApplyTemplate();

    PartDrawingArea = GetTemplateChild("PART_DrawingArea") as FrameworkElement;
    PartLine = GetTemplateChild("PART_Line") as Polyline;
```



}

Init();



> Referenz kann null sein!

OnApplyTemplate() - Tipps 1/2

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- > Nur verwenden wenn Template Binding, RoutedCommands oder RoutedEvents nicht zu dem gewünschten Ergebnis führen

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- > Nur verwenden wenn Template Binding, RoutedCommands oder RoutedEvents nicht zu dem gewünschten Ergebnis führen
- > NullReferenceException vermeiden und defensiv programmieren

OnApplyTemplate() - Tipps 1/2

- > Nur verwenden wenn Template Binding, RoutedCommands oder RoutedEvents nicht zu dem gewünschten Ergebnis führen
- > NullReferenceException vermeiden und defensiv programmieren
- > *OnApplyTemplate()* Methode kann mehrfach aufgerufen werden, mit internen Properties arbeiten (Mehr Kontrolle)

OnApplyTemplate() - Tipps 1/2

- > Nur verwenden wenn Template Binding, RoutedCommands oder RoutedEvents nicht zu dem gewünschten Ergebnis führen
- > NullReferenceException vermeiden und defensiv programmieren
- > *OnApplyTemplate()* Methode kann mehrfach aufgerufen werden, mit internen Properties arbeiten (Mehr Kontrolle)
- > *OnApplyTemplate()* Methode kann manuell aufgerufen werden. Dadurch wird Control Template geladen

Element-Referenzierung Tips

(PointChart.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
protected FrameworkElement PartDrawingArea
{
    get
    {
        return partDrawingArea;
    }

    private set
    {
        if (value == partDrawingArea)
            return;

        ● if(partDrawingArea != null)
            partDrawingArea.SizeChanged -= partDrawingArea_SizeChanged;

        partDrawingArea = value;

        ● if (partDrawingArea != null)
            partDrawingArea.SizeChanged += partDrawingArea_SizeChanged;
    }
}
```

OnApplyTemplate() - Tipps 2/2

OnApplyTemplate() - Tipps 2/2

- > PropertyChangedCallbacks werden noch vor OnApplyTemplate aufgerufen

OnApplyTemplate() - Tipps 2/2

- > PropertyChangedCallbacks werden noch vor OnApplyTemplate aufgerufen
- > Interne Variable *internalIsLoaded* um Update-Logik erst durchzuführen wenn Template angewandt wurde (siehe Dependency Properties - Extended)

Element-Referenzierung Tips

(PointChart.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
public PointChart()
{
    //this.Loaded += PointChartLoaded;

    ● this.Dispatcher.BeginInvoke(new Action(() =>
    {
        if (internalIsLoaded)
            return;

        internalIsLoaded = true;

        Init();
    }), DispatcherPriority.Loaded);
}
```

> Initialisierung ;)

DEPENDENCY PROPERTIES EXTENDED

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty LineBrushProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "LineBrush",
    typeof(Brush),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(Brushes.Black));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty LineThicknessProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "LineThickness",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(1.0));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty XMinimumProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "XMinimum",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(0.0, RangeChanged));
```

> Was ist das?

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty XMaximumProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "XMaximum",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(100.0, RangeChanged));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty YMinimumProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "YMinimum",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(0.0, RangeChanged));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty YMaximumProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "YMaximum",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(100.0, RangeChanged));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty SelectionChangedCommandProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "SelectionChangedCommand",
    typeof(ICommand),
    typeof(PointChart),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(null));
```

Properties anlegen 1/2

(PointChart.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty XUnitValueProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "XUnitValue",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChartItem),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(double.NaN, PointPropertyChanged));
```

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty YUnitValueProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "YUnitValue",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChartItem),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(double.NaN, PointPropertyChanged));
```



> Schon wieder?

Properties anlegen 2/2

(PointChartItem.cs)

Dependency Properties - Extended 1/2

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- > Reagieren auf Änderungen über Changed Callback möglich

Dependency Properties - Extended 1/2

- > Reagieren auf Änderungen über Changed Callback möglich
- > Angabe einer statischen Funktion. Über das Metadatenobjekt innerhalb der Funktion erhält man Zugriff auf die Instanz des Controls sowie Informationen über Änderungen (*ChangedEventArgs*)

Dependency Properties - Extended 1/2

- > Reagieren auf Änderungen über Changed Callback möglich
- > Angabe einer statischen Funktion. Über das Metadatenobjekt innerhalb der Funktion erhält man Zugriff auf die Instanz des Controls sowie Informationen über Änderungen (*ChangedEventArgs*)
- > Statische Methoden möglichst kurz halten und auf der Instanz eine Methode aufrufen

```
/// <summary> ...  
public static readonly DependencyProperty XMinimumProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(  
    "XMinimum",  
    typeof(double),  
    typeof(PointChart),  
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(0.0, RangeChanged));
```

```
/// <summary> ...  
private static void RangeChanged(DependencyObject d, DependencyPropertyChangedEventArgs e)  
{  
    PointChart self = d as PointChart;  
  
    if (!self.internalIsLoaded)  
        return;  
  
    self.UpdateAllPoints();  
}
```

> Angabe Callback

> Callback mit
ChangedEventArgs

Properties Changed
Callback

(PointChart.cs)

Dependency Properties - Extended 2/2

Dependency Properties - Extended 2/2

- > Doch was wenn bereits existierende Properties Elemente beeinflussen?

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Dependency Properties - Extended 2/2

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Dependency Properties - Extended 2/2

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- > Hier:
 - > Width, Height
 - > Items

Dependency Properties - Extended 2/2

- > Doch was wenn bereits existierende Properties Elemente beeinflussen?
- > Hier:
 - > Width, Height
 - > Items
- > **Lösung:** Überschreiben bereits vorhandener Methoden oder Properties

```
/// <summary> ...
protected override void OnItemsChanged(System.Collections.Specialized.NotifyCollectionChangedEventArgs e)
{
    base.OnItemsChanged(e);

    if(PartLine == null)
        return;

    switch (e.Action)
    {
        case NotifyCollectionChangedAction.Remove:
            PartLine.Points.RemoveAt(e.OldStartingIndex);
            break;
        case NotifyCollectionChangedAction.Add:
            PartLine.Points.Insert(e.NewStartingIndex, new Point());
            break;
        case NotifyCollectionChangedAction.Reset:
            PartLine.Points.Clear();
            for (int i = 0; i < Items.Count; i++)
                PartLine.Points.Add(new Point());
            break;
    }
}

/// <summary> ...
protected override void OnRenderSizeChanged(SizeChangedEventArgs sizeInfo)
{
    base.OnRenderSizeChanged(sizeInfo);

    if (!internalIsLoaded)
        return;

    UpdateAllPoints();
}
```

Override Methods

(PointChart.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
static PointChart()
{
    DefaultStyleKeyProperty.OverrideMetadata(
        typeof(PointChart),
        new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(typeof(PointChart)));

    EventManager.RegisterClassHandler(
        typeof(PointChart),
        PointChartItem.UnitPointChangedEvent,
        new RoutedEventHandler(OnItemUnitPointChangedEvent));

    ● WidthProperty.OverrideMetadata(
        typeof(PointChart),
        new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(double.NaN, RangeChanged));
}
```

```
/// <summary> ...
private static void RangeChanged(DependencyObject d, DependencyPropertyChangedEventArgs e)
{
    PointChart self = d as PointChart;

    if (!self.internalIsLoaded)
        return;

    self.UpdateAllPoints();
}
```

Override Properties
(PointChart.cs)

ROUTED EVENTS

RoutedEvents

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- > RoutedEvents können je nach Strategy im visuellen Baum hoch oder hinunter navigieren.

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- > RoutedEvents können je nach Strategy im visuellen Baum hoch oder hinunter navigieren.
- > Somit können Sie mehrere Handler auf verschiedenen Elementen auslösen
- > Strategien:
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 - > Bubbling = Up

RoutedEvents

- > RoutedEvents können je nach Strategy im visuellen Baum hoch oder hinunter navigieren.
- > Somit können Sie mehrere Handler auf verschiedenen Elementen auslösen
- > Strategien:
 - > Tunneling = Down
 - > Bubbling = Up
 - > Direct = Direct (Vergleiche standard .NET Events)

```
●    /// <summary> ...  
●    public static readonly RoutedEvent UnitPointChangedEvent = EventManager.RegisterRoutedEvent(  
    "UnitPointChanged",  
    RoutingStrategy.Bubble,  
    typeof(UnitPointChangedEventHandler),  
    typeof(PointChartItem));  
  
●    /// <summary> ...  
●    public delegate void UnitPointChangedEventHandler(object sender, RoutedEventArgs args);  
  
●    /// <summary> ...  
●    [Description("This event occurs when the x or y unit value has changed.")]  
●    public event UnitPointChangedEventHandler UnitPointChanged...
```



- > Anlegen des Events in der auslösenden Klasse

Routed Events 1/3

(PointChartItem.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
public static readonly DependencyProperty YUnitValueProperty = DependencyProperty.Register(
    "YUnitValue",
    typeof(double),
    typeof(PointChartItem),
    new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(double.NaN, PointPropertyChanged));
```



```
/// <summary> ...
private static void PointPropertyChanged(DependencyObject d, DependencyPropertyChangedEventArgs e)
{
    PointChartItem self = d as PointChartItem;

    if (!self.internalIsLoaded)
        return;

    self.RaiseEvent(new RoutedEventArgs(PointChartItem.UnitPointChangedEvent, self));
}
```



> Aufrufen des angelegten Events

Routed Events 2/3

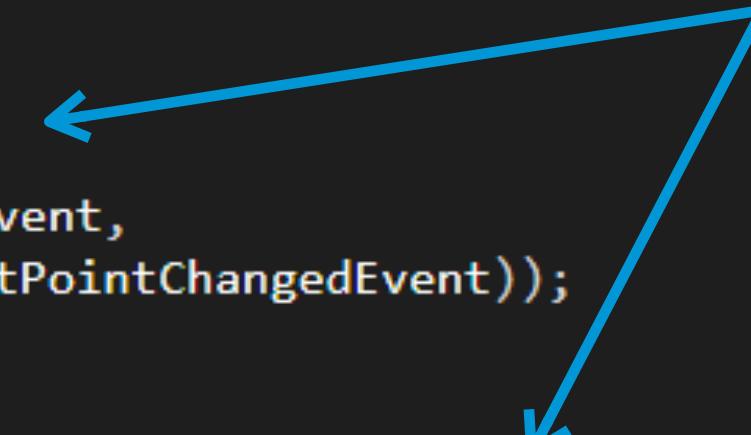
(PointChartItem.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
static PointChart()
{
    DefaultStyleKeyProperty.OverrideMetadata(
        typeof(PointChart),
        new FrameworkPropertyMetadata(typeof(PointChart)));
}

● EventManager.RegisterClassHandler(
    typeof(PointChart),
    PointChartItem.UnitPointChangedEvent,
    new RoutedEventHandler(OnItemUnitPointChangedEvent));
}

/// <summary> ...
private static void OnItemUnitPointChangedEvent(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    PointChart pointChart = sender as PointChart;
    ● PointChartItem pointChartItem = e.OriginalSource as PointChartItem;

    pointChart.UpdatePosition(pointChartItem, pointChart.ItemContainerGenerator.IndexFromContainer(pointChartItem));
}
```



› Event abonnieren und Aktion definieren

Routed Events 3/3

(PointChart.cs)

VIEWMODEL KOMMUNIKATION

ViewModel Kommunikation - Extended

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- > Siehe SearchTextBox :)

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- > SampleViewModel.cs, PointViewModel.cs implementieren
INotifyPropertyChanged

ViewModel Kommunikation - Extended

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- > SampleViewModel.cs, PointViewModel.cs implementieren
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- > Binding der Items an XUnitValue, YUnitValue

ViewModel Kommunikation - Extended

- > Siehe SearchTextBox :)
- > SampleViewModel.cs, PointViewModel.cs implementieren
INotifyPropertyChanged
- > Binding der Items an XUnitValue, YUnitValue
- > Binding der ItemsSource an ObservableCollection Points

> Binding PointChart

> Points

> SelectedItem

```
<PointChart x:Name="MyPointChart"
    Panel.ZIndex="100"
    ItemsSource="{Binding Points}"
    SelectedItem="{Binding SelectedItem}"
    SelectionMode="Extended">
<PointChart.ItemContainerStyle>
    <Style TargetType="PointChartItem" BasedOn="{StaticResource PointChartItemStyle}">
        <Setter Property="XUnitValue" Value="{Binding X}" />
        <Setter Property="YUnitValue" Value="{Binding Y}" />
        <Setter Property="IsSelected" Value="{Binding IsSelected}" />
        <Setter Property="attachedProperties:AttachedProperties.Is SearchResult" Value="{Binding Is SearchResult}" />
    </Style>
</PointChart.ItemContainerStyle>
</PointChart>
```

> Binding PointChartItem

> XUnitValue

> YUnitValue

> IsSelected

> ...

ViewModel
Kommunikation 1/3

(MainView.xaml)

```

/// <summary>
/// PointsProperty gets or sets the Points.
/// </summary>
public ObservableCollection<PointViewModel> Points
{
    get
    {
        return pointsSource;
    }

    set
    {
        if (value != this.pointsSource)
        {
            this.pointsSource = value;
            OnPropertyChanged("Points");
        }
    }
}

```

```

/// <summary>
/// SelectedItemProperty gets or sets the SelectedItem.
/// </summary>
public object SelectedItem
{
    get
    {
        return selectedItem;
    }

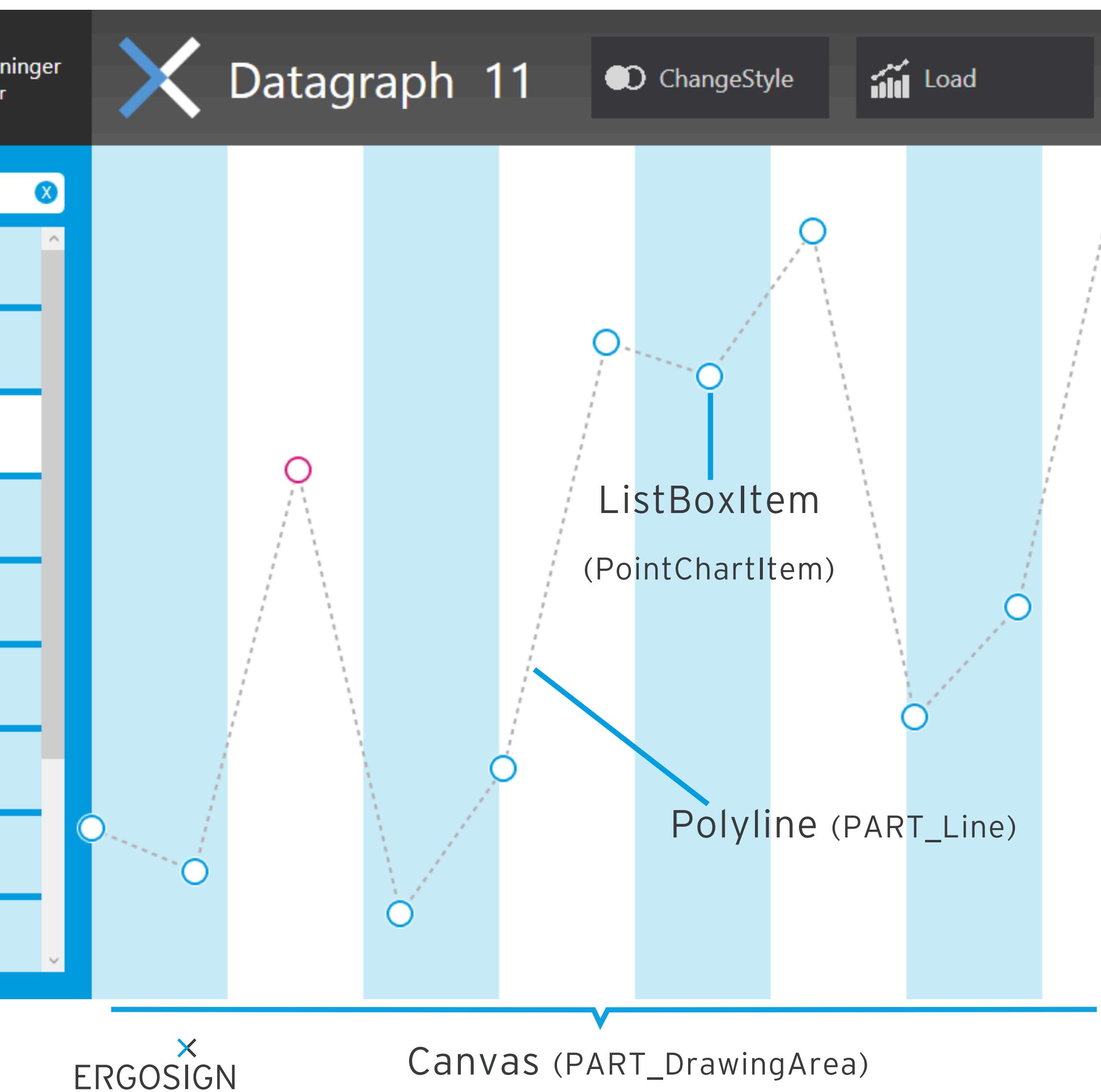
    set
    {
        if (value != this.selectedItem)
        {
            this.selectedItem = value;
            Debug.WriteLine("SelectedItem " + SelectedItem);
            OnPropertyChanged("SelectedItem");
        }
    }
}

```

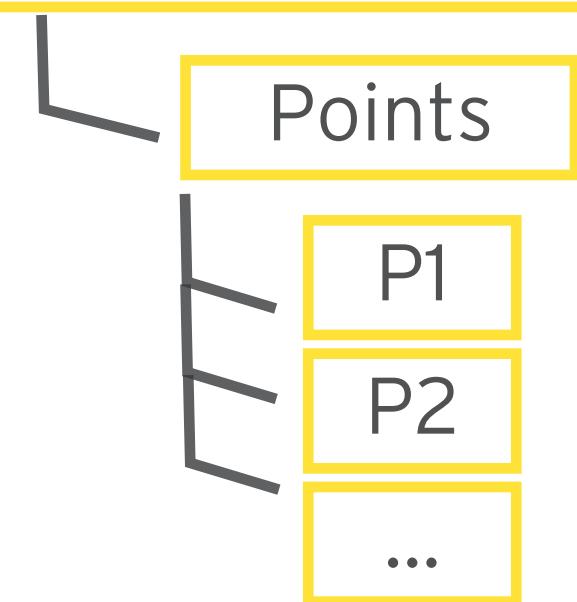
> Aufrufen von
OnPropertyChanged (Update
des Bindings)

> Aufruf der
Update Logik

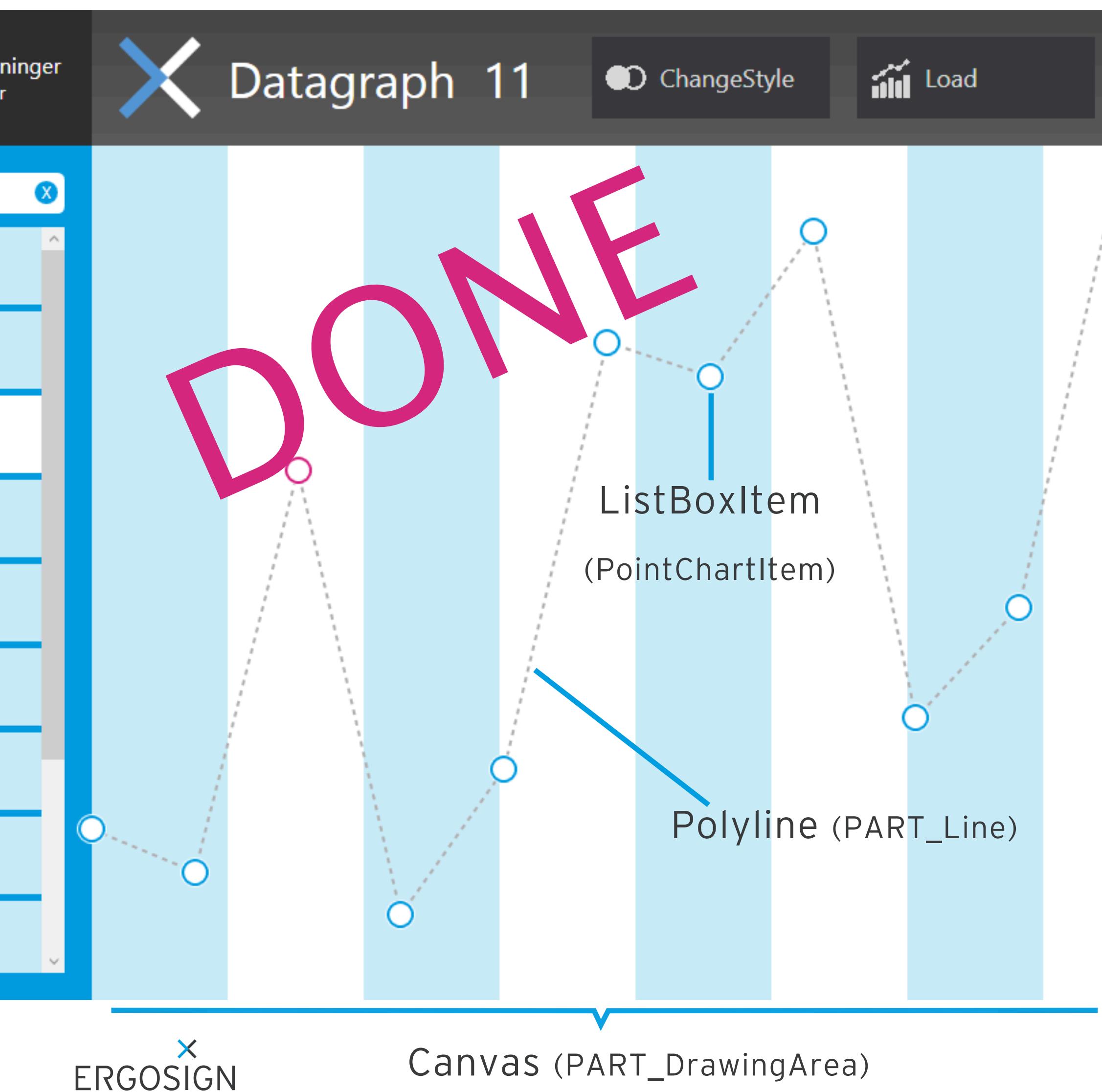
ViewModel
Kommunikation 2/3
(SampleViewModel.cs)



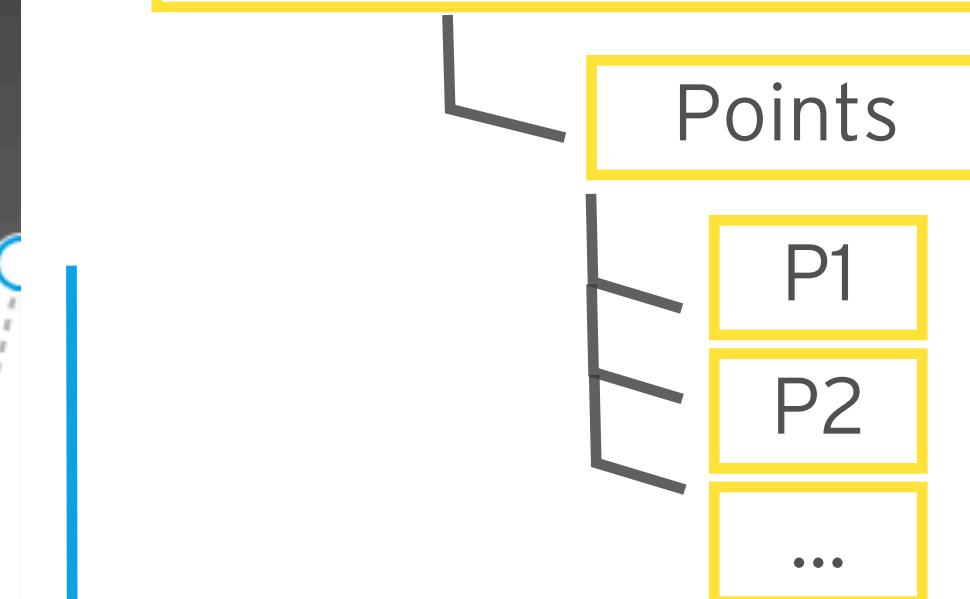
PointChartViewModel



→ **ListBox (PointChart)**



PointChartViewModel



→ ListBox (PointChart)

BLENDABILITY

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- > Xaml friendly und Blend kompatibel

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- > Mode Properties für Trigger

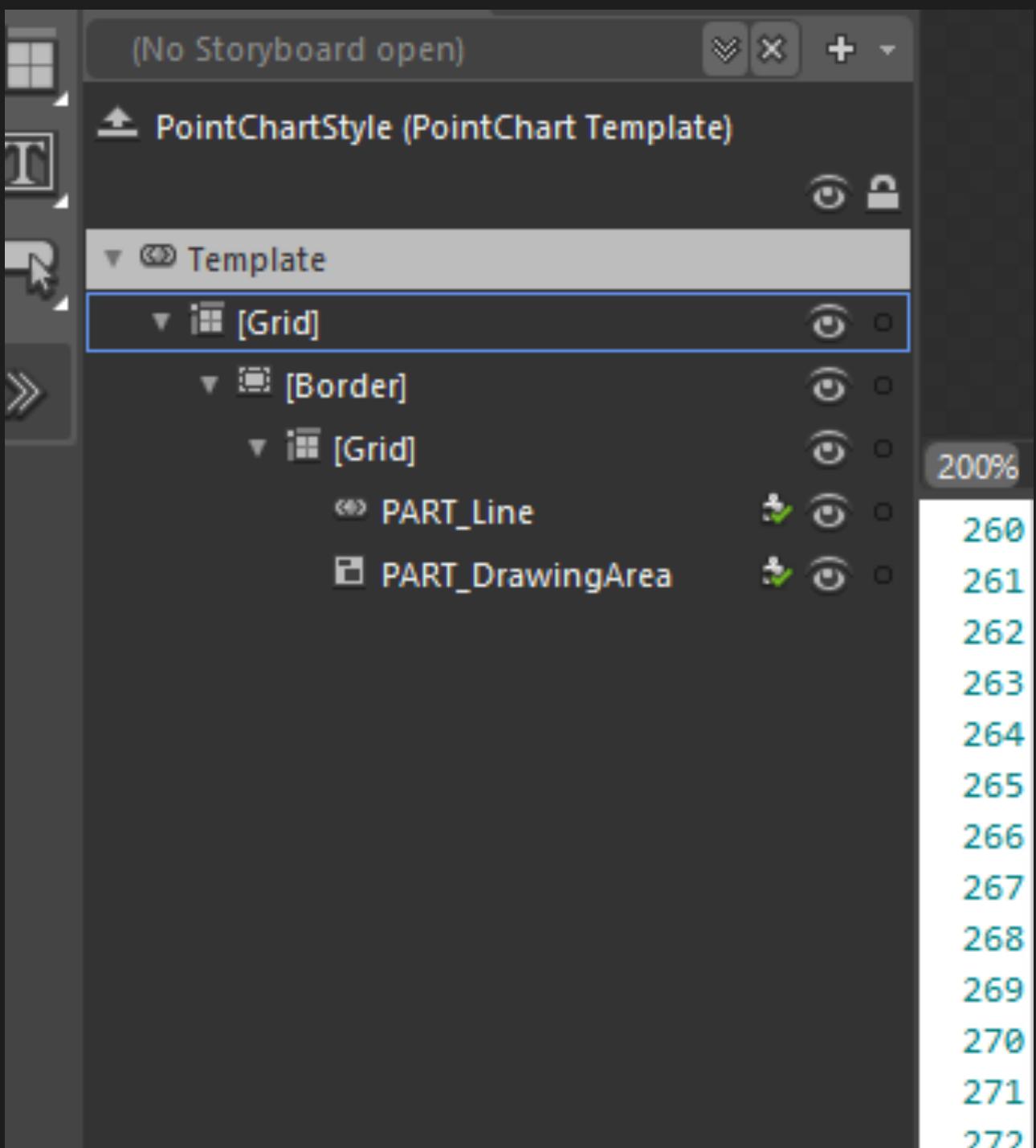
Blendability

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- > Mode Properties für Trigger
- > Design Time Features verwenden

Blendability

- > Xaml friendly und Blend kompatibel
- > Default Property Values, Styles und Templates
- > Zusätzliche Ressourcen als Properties
- > Keine tiefe Verschachtelung der Templates
- > Mode Properties für Trigger
- > Design Time Features verwenden
- > ...

```
/// <summary> ...  
[TemplatePart(Name = "PART_DrawingArea", Type = typeof(FrameworkElement))]  
[TemplatePart(Name = "PART_Line", Type = typeof(Polyline))]  
public class PointChart : ListBox...
```



TemplatePart
Attribute
(PointChart.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...  
[ContentPropertyAttribute("MyDefaultContentProperty")]  
[Description("The class SearchTextBox represents a textbox with watermark and clear text command")]  
public class SearchTextBox : TextBox
```

```
{
```

[Members](#)

[DependencyProperties](#)

[PropertyChangedCallbacks](#)

[Events](#)

[Commands](#)

[Handlers](#)

[ctor](#)

[Init/Cleanup](#)

[OverrideMethods](#)

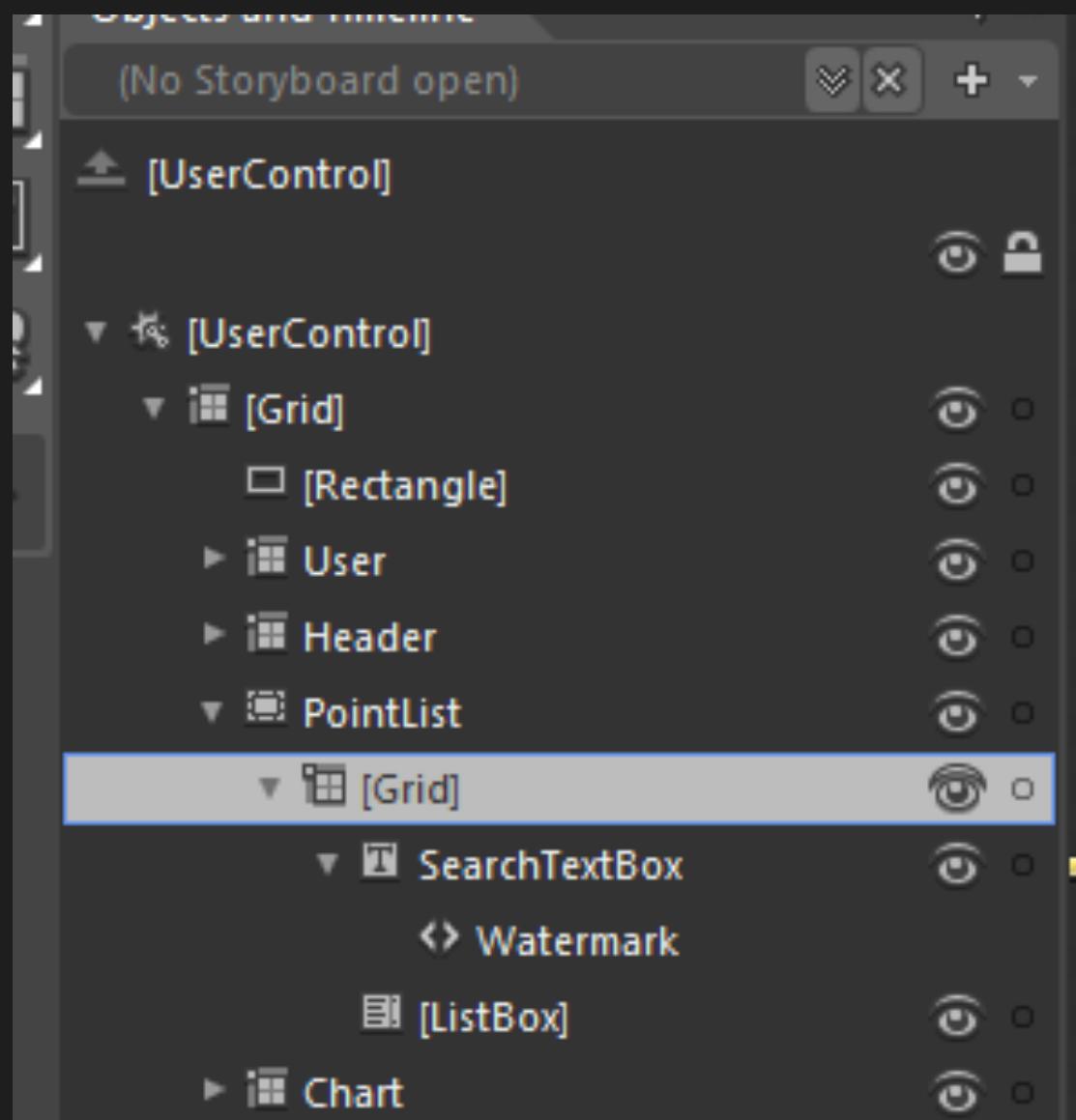
[Methods](#)

[Properties](#)

ContentProperty Attribute

(SearchTextBox.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...  
[Description("Gets or sets the watermark."), Category(PROPERTY_CATEGORY)]  
[AlternateContentProperty]  
public string Watermark  
{  
    get { return (string)GetValue(WatermarkProperty); }  
    set { SetValue(WatermarkProperty, value); }  
}
```



AlternateContent-
Property Attribute
(SearchTextBox.cs)

Description Attribute 1/2

(SearchTextBox.cs)

```
/// <summary> ...
[ContentPropertyAttribute("MyDefaultContentProperty")]
[Description("The class SearchTextBox represents a textbox with watermark and clear text command")]
public class SearchTextBox : TextBox
{
```

Members

DependencyProperties

PropertyChangedCallbacks

Events

Commands

Handlers

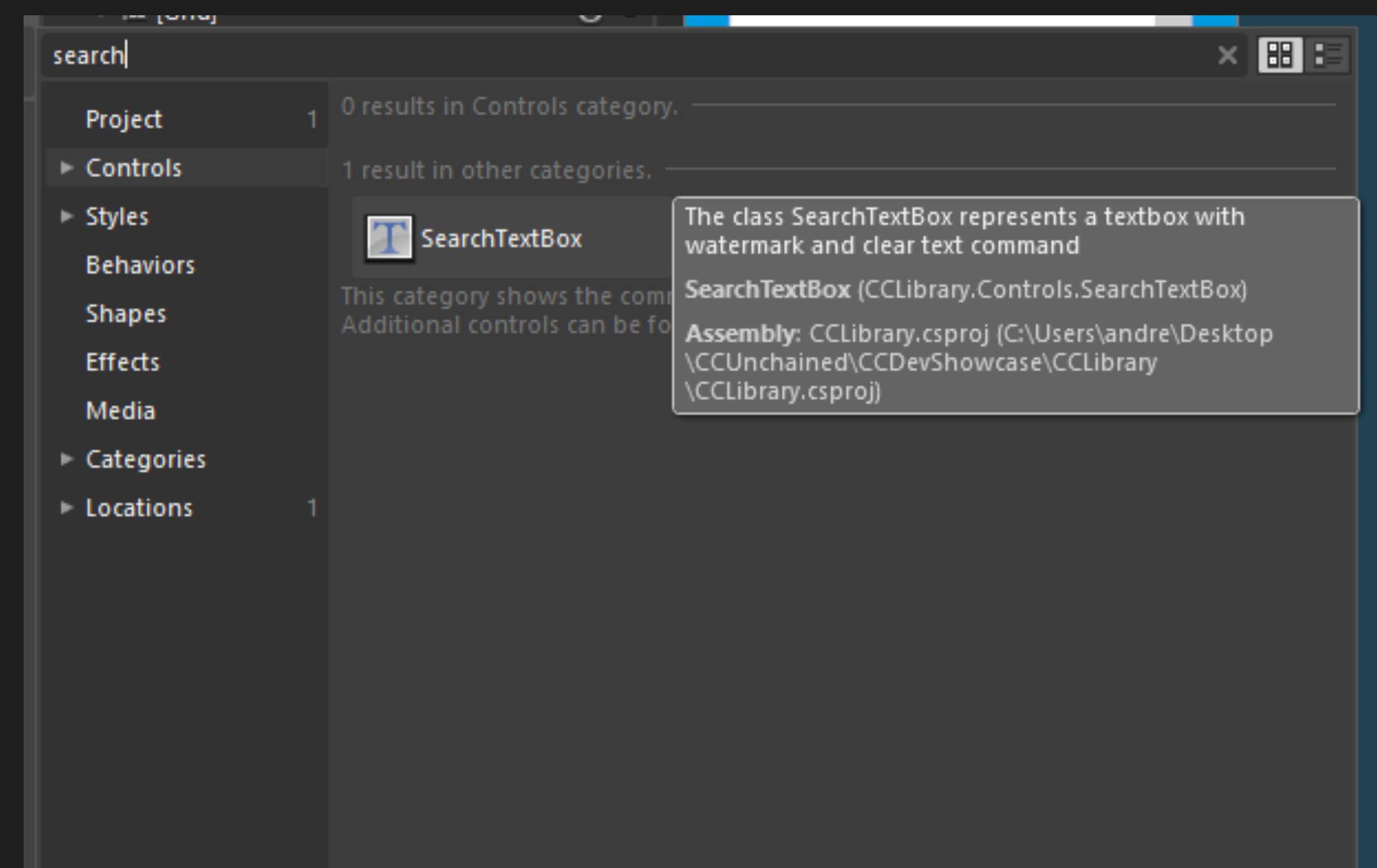
Ctor

Init/Cleanup

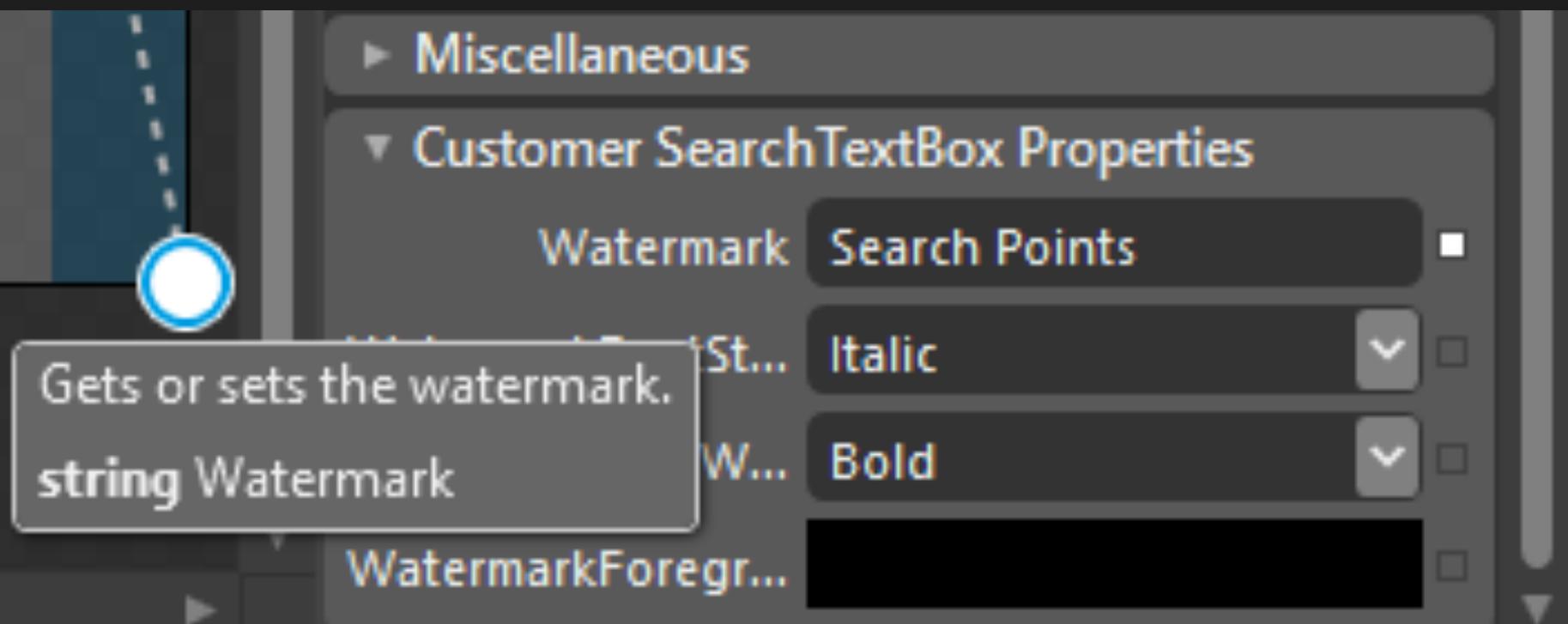
OverrideMethods

Methods

Properties



```
/// <summary> ...  
[Description("Gets or sets the watermark."), Category(PROPERTY_CATEGORY)]  
[AlternateContentProperty]  
public string Watermark  
{  
    get { return (string)GetValue(WatermarkProperty); }  
    set { SetValue(WatermarkProperty, value); }  
}
```



Description Attribute
2/2

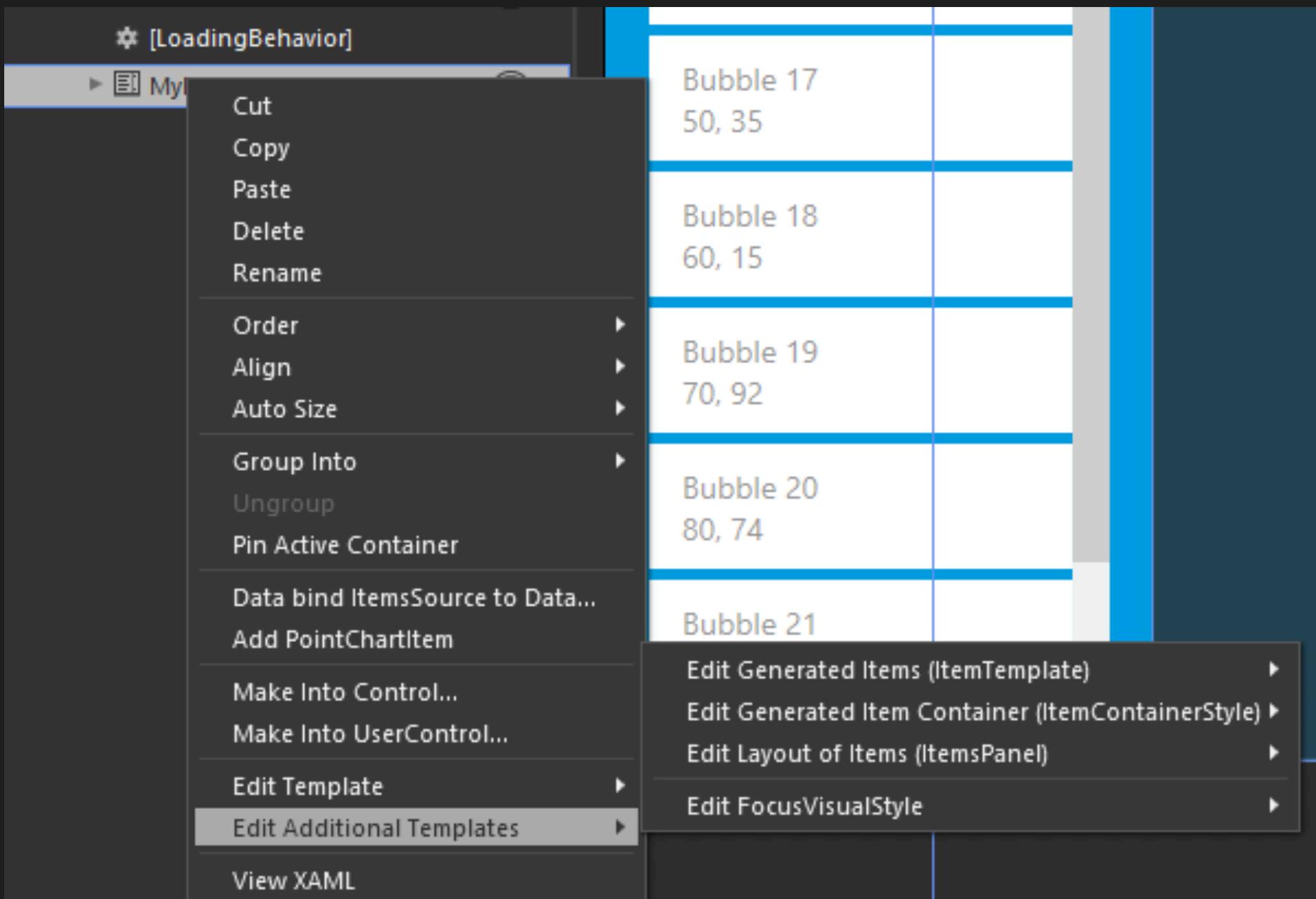
(SearchTextBox.cs)

```
[TemplatePart(Name = "PART_DrawingArea", Type = typeof(FrameworkElement))]
[TemplatePart(Name = "PART_Line", Type = typeof(Polyline))]
[StyleTypedProperty(Property = "ItemContainerStyle", StyleTargetType = typeof(PointChartItem))]
[Description("The class PointChart represents a selectable point chart")]
public class PointChart : ListBox
{
```

Members

DependencyProperties

PropertyChangedCallbacks



StyledTypedProperty Attribute

(PointChart.cs)

```
[assembly: XmlnsDefinition("http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation", "CCLibrary.Controls.PointChart")]
[assembly: XmlnsDefinition("http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation", "CCLibrary.Controls.HighlightableTextBlock")]
[assembly: XmlnsDefinition("http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation", "CCLibrary.Controls.SearchTextBox")]
[assembly: XmlnsDefinition("http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation", "CCLibrary.Controls.CircularProgressBar")]
[assembly: XmlnsDefinition("http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation", "CCLibrary.Controls.NumericUpDown")]
[assembly: XmlnsDefinition("http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation", "CCLibrary.Behaviors")]
```

```
<serachTextBox:SearchTextBox x:Name="SearchTextBox"
    Margin="0 0 0 10"
    Text="{Binding SearchString,
        UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}"
    Watermark="Search Points" />
```

```
<SearchTextBox x:Name="SearchTextBoxWithDefaultMerge"
    Margin="0 0 0 10"
    Text="{Binding SearchString,
        UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}"
    Watermark="Search Points" />
```

Namespace Merge
(AssemblyInfo.cs)

```
if (!DesignerProperties.GetIsInDesignMode(this))  
    return;
```

DesignTime
(AssemblyInfo.cs)

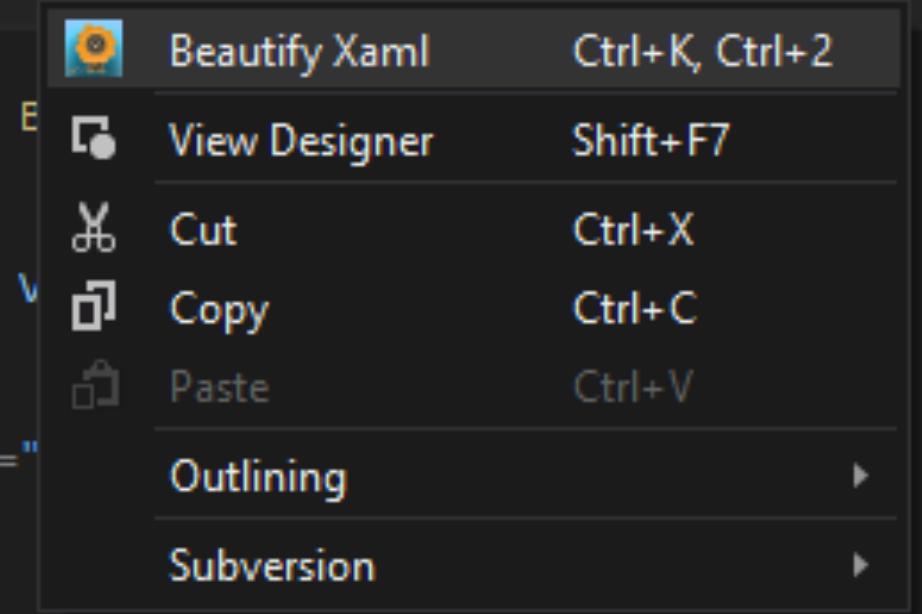
TOOLS :)

1

```
<Grid Width="{TemplateBinding MinWidth}" Height="{TemplateBinding MinHeight}">
    <Ellipse Margin="-1" Fill="{StaticResource WhiteBrush}"
        StrokeThickness="2" />
    <Ellipse Fill="{TemplateBinding Background}"
        Stroke="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
        StrokeThickness="2" /></Grid>
<Grid x:Name="HoverBorder"
```

2

```
-->
<Grid Width="{TemplateBinding MinWidth}" Height="{TemplateBinding MinHeight}">
    <Ellipse Margin="-1" Fill="{StaticResource WhiteBrush}"
        StrokeThickness="2" />
    <Ellipse Fill="{TemplateBinding Background}"
        Stroke="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
        StrokeThickness="2" /></Grid>
<Grid x:Name="HoverBorder"
    Margin="0 0 0 30" HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Bottom"
    Opacity="0">
    <Grid.Effect>
        <DropShadowEffect PresentationOptions:Freeze="True" />
    </Grid.Effect>
    <Grid.RowDefinitions>
        <RowDefinition Height="auto" />
        <RowDefinition Height="10" />
```



3

```
<Grid>
    <Grid Width="{TemplateBinding MinWidth}" Height="{TemplateBinding MinHeight}">
        <Ellipse Margin="-1"
            Fill="{StaticResource WhiteBrush}"
            StrokeThickness="2" />
        <Ellipse Fill="{TemplateBinding Background}"
            Stroke="{TemplateBinding BorderBrush}"
            StrokeThickness="2" />
    </Grid>
    <Grid x:Name="HoverBorder"
```

Xaml Stylers

> Element & Speicher Analyse

Xaml Spy

(Alternative WPF Inspector)

The screenshot shows the XAML Spy application interface. On the left, a WPF window titled "Graph" is displayed with several controls: a "ChangeStyle" button (highlighted with a red dashed border), a "Load" button, and a chart area. A blue dashed rectangle highlights a specific area of the chart. On the right, the XAML Spy interface shows the window's structure and properties.

Window Title: Graph

Toolbar: Window, SETTINGS | HELP, search

Header: apps explore analyze (1), PACKAGE, STORAGE, AUTOMATION, USER INTERFACE, EVALUATION COPY Thank you for evaluating XAML Spy. View license settings

Properties Grid:

PROPERTY	VALUE
MaxHeight	Infinity
MaxWidth	Infinity
MinHeight	0
MinWidth	0
Padding	10, 0, 10, 0
RenderSize	175, 60
SnapsToDevicePixels	True
VerticalAlignment	Stretch
VerticalContentAlignment	Center
Width	Nan
AllowDrop	False
BindingGroup	
CacheMode	
CommandBindings	CommandBindingCollection
ContextMenu	
Cursor	
Effect	
Focused	True
FocusVisualStyle	
ForceCursor	False
HasAnimatedProperties	False
HasContent	True
InputScope	
IsArrangeValid	True
IsEnabled	True
IsHitTestVisible	True
IsInitialized	True

> Element & Speicher Analyse

Xaml Spy

(Alternative WPF Inspector)

The screenshot shows the XAML Spy application interface. On the left, a WPF window is displayed with several UI elements: a 'ChangeStyle' button (highlighted with a red dashed border), a 'Load' button, and a central area containing a grid and some text. A blue dashed line highlights a specific element in the central area. On the right, the application's main pane shows the following details:

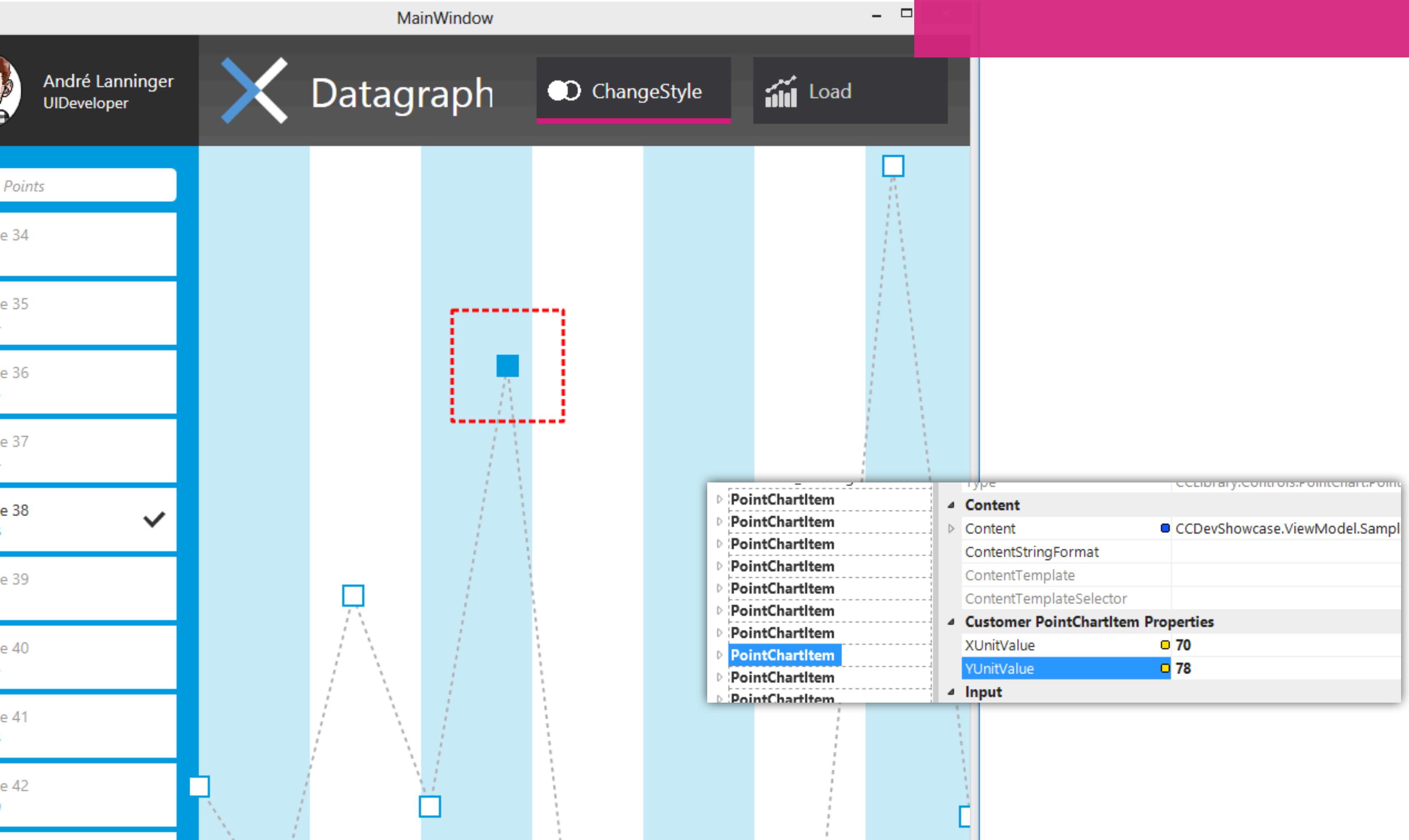
- Navigation:** apps explore analyze (1) | PACKAGE | STORAGE | AUTOMATION | USER INTERFACE | EVALUATION COPY Thank you for evaluating XAML Spy. View license settings
- Properties:** PROPERTIES XAML STATISTICS EVENTS
- Object Tree:**
 - revShowcase.vshost [WPF]
 - MainWindow
 - Border
 - AdornerDecorator
 - ContentPresenter
 - Grid
 - ContentPresenter
 - MainView
 - Border
 - ContentPresenter
 - Grid
 - Rectangle
 - Grid User
 - Grid Header
 - StackPanel
 - UniformGrid
 - ToggleButton SetPointChartItemStyleB
 - ToggleButton IsLoadingToggleButton
 - Border PointList
 - Grid Chart
 - Border
 - AdornerLayer
- Properties Table:**

MaxHeight	Infinity
MaxWidth	Infinity
MinHeight	0
MinWidth	0
Padding	10, 0, 10, 0
RenderSize	175, 60
SnapsToDevicePixels	True
VerticalAlignment	Stretch
VerticalContentAlignment	Center
Width	NaN
Other	
AllowDrop	False
BindingGroup	
CacheMode	
CommandBindings	CommandBindingCollection
ContextMenu	
Cursor	
Effect	
Focused	True
FocusVisualStyle	
ForceCursor	False
HasAnimatedProperties	False
HasContent	True
InputScope	
IsArrangeValid	True
IsEnabled	False
IsHitTestVisible	True
IsInitialized	True

> Live Property Editing

Xaml Spy

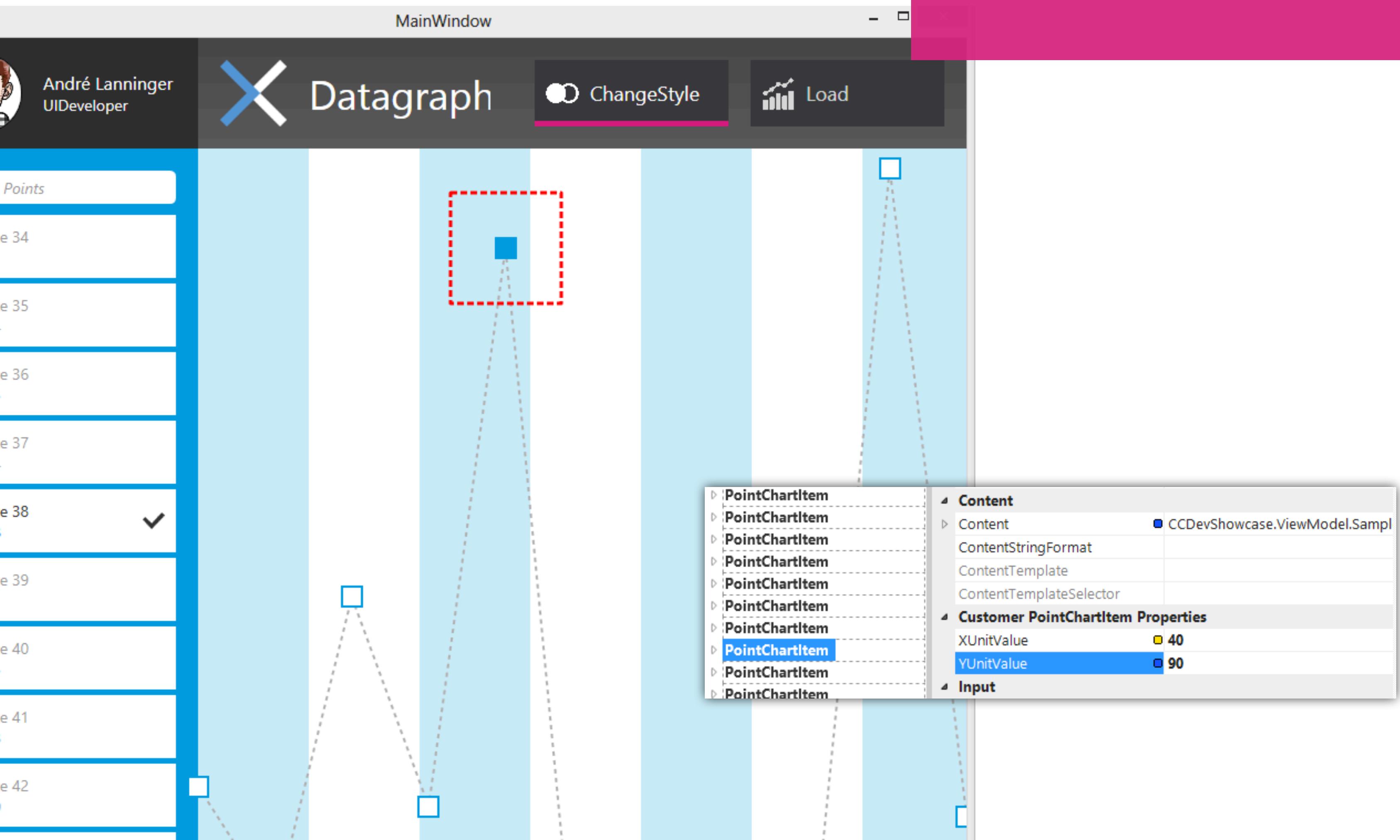
(Alternative WPF Inspector)



> Live Property Editing

Xaml Spy

(Alternative WPF Inspector)



FAZIT

FAZIT

- > WPF bietet die optimale Basis für Custom Control Development
- > Custom Controls sinnvoll einsetzen
- > Sorgen für mehr Konsistenz (Bausteine)
- > Erhöhen die Produktivität (Implementierung, Blendability)

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The logo is identical to the one at the top of the page, featuring the word "ERGOSIGN" and a blue "X" above it.

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